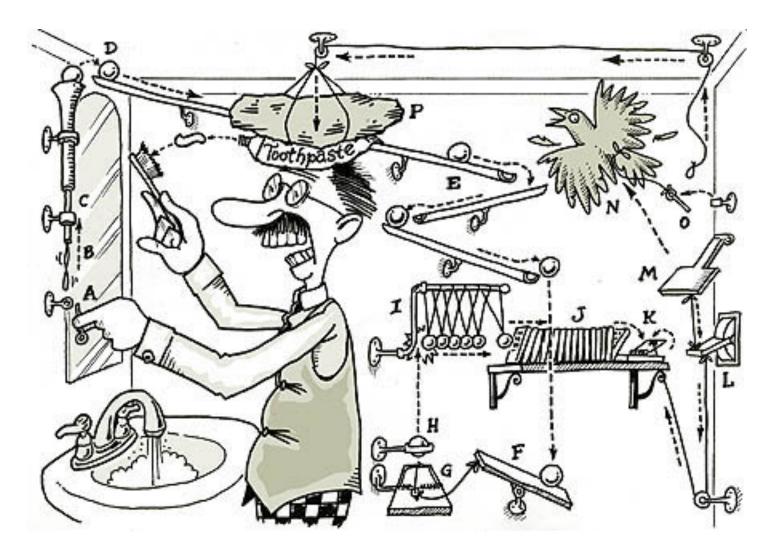
Planning (Chapter 10)



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rube_Goldberg_machine

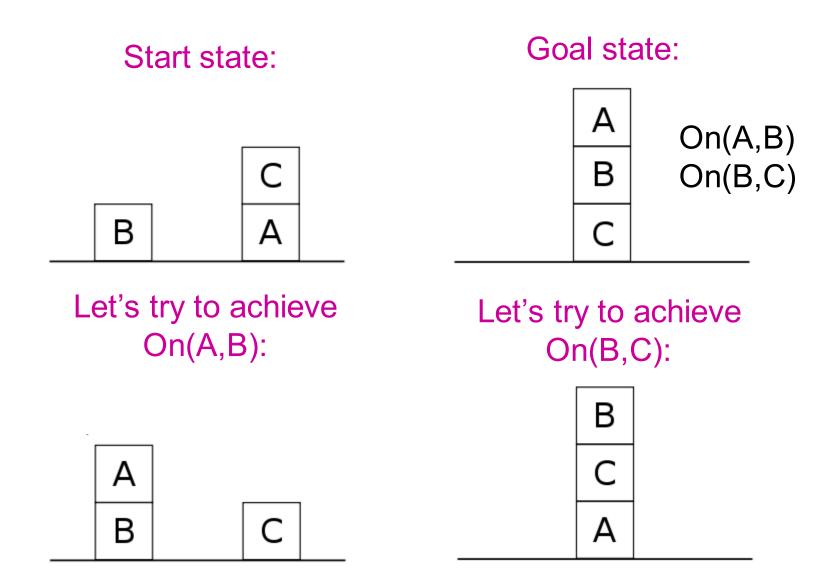
Planning

- Example problem: I'm at home and I need milk, bananas, and a drill. What do I do?
- How is planning different from regular search?
 - States and action sequences typically have complex internal structure
 - State space and branching factor are huge
 - Multiple subgoals at multiple levels of resolution
- Examples of planning applications
 - Scheduling of tasks in space missions
 - Logistics planning for the army
 - Assembly lines, industrial processes
 - Robotics
 - Games, storytelling

A representation for planning

- <u>STRIPS</u> (Stanford Research Institute Problem Solver): classical planning framework from the 1970s
- States are specified as conjunctions of predicates
 - Start state: At(Home) ^ Sells(SM, Milk) ^ Sells(SM, Bananas) ^ Sells(HW, Drill)
 - Goal state: At(Home) ^ Have(Milk) ^ Have(Banana) ^ Have(Drill)
- Actions are described in terms of preconditions and effects:
 - Go(x, y)
 - Precond: At(x)
 - Effect: ¬At(x) ^ At(y)
 - Buy(x, store)
 - **Precond:** At(store) ^ Sells(store, x)
 - Effect: Have(x)
- Planning is "just" a search problem

Challenges of planning: "Sussman anomaly"



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sussman_Anomaly

Challenges of planning: "Sussman anomaly"

- Shows the limitations of *non-interleaved* planners that consider subgoals in sequence and try to satisfy them one at a time
 - If you try to satisfy subgoal X and then subgoal
 Y, X might undo some preconditions for Y, or Y
 might undo some effects of X
- More powerful planning approaches must interleave the steps towards achieving multiple subgoals

Algorithms for planning

- Forward (progression) state-space search: starting with the start state, find all applicable actions (actions for which preconditions are satisfied), compute the successor state based on the effects, keep searching until goals are met
 - Can work well with good heuristics



Algorithms for planning

- Forward (progression) state-space search: starting with the start state, find all applicable actions (actions for which preconditions are satisfied), compute the successor state based on the effects, keep searching until goals are met
 - Can work well with good heuristics
- Backward (regression) relevant-states search: to achieve a goal, what must have been true in the previous state?

Situation space planning vs. plan space planning

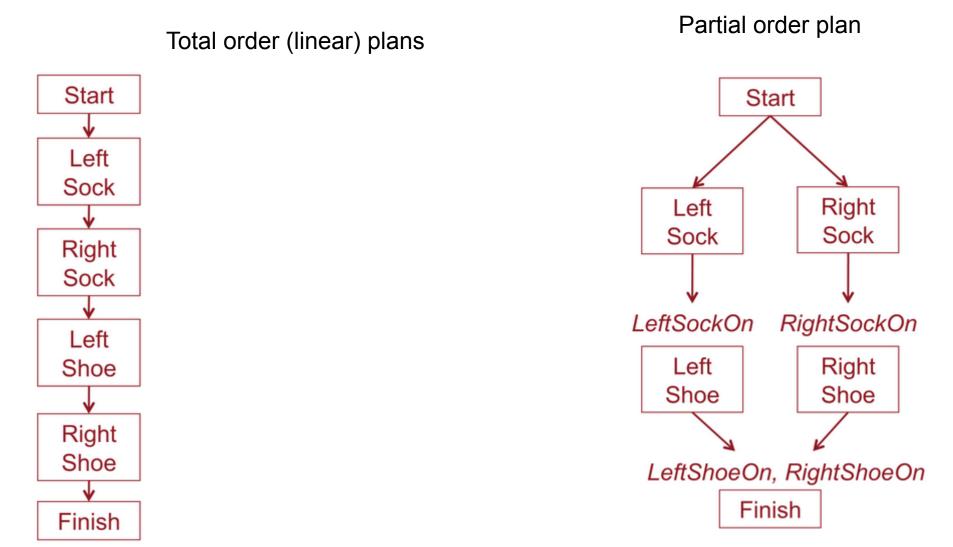
- Situation space planners: each node in the search space represents a world state, arcs are actions in the world
 - Plans are sequences of actions from start to finish

– Must be totally ordered

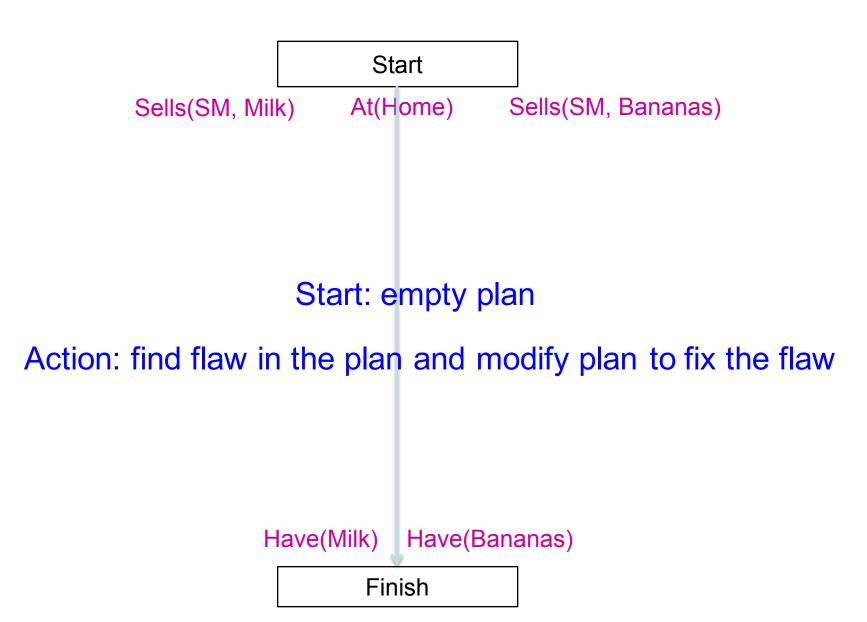
- Plan space planners: nodes are (incomplete) plans, arcs are transformations between plans
 - Actions in the plan may be partially ordered
 - Principle of least commitment: avoid ordering plan steps unless absolutely necessary

Partial order planning

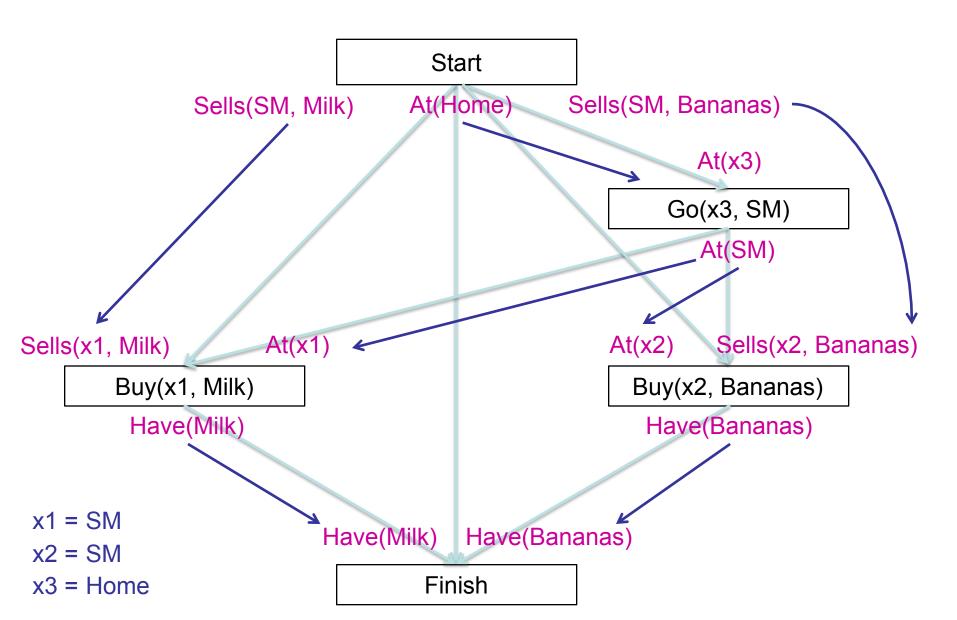
Task: put on socks and shoes



Partial Order Planning Example



Partial Order Planning Example



Application of planning: Automated storytelling



Home

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Application of planning: Automated storytelling

- Applications
 - Personalized experience in games
 - Automatically generating training scenarios (e.g., for the army)
 - Therapy for kids with autism
 - Computational study of creativity

Challenges of real-world planning

- Actions at different levels of granularity: hierarchical planning
- Resource constraints (semi-dynamic environments)
- Dynamic environments
- Stochastic or partially observable environments
- Multi-agent environments
- Example: path planning with moving obstacles

Attribution

Slides developed by Svetlana Lazebnik based on content from Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, <u>Artificial Intelligence: A</u> <u>Modern Approach</u>, 3rd edition