Thrombophilia testing: a British Society for Haematology guideline.

Guideline ID: 3055 Published: 2022 Aug

British Society for Haematology (BSH)

Arachchillage DJ, Mackillop L, Chandratheva A, et al. Thrombophilia testing: a British Society for Haematology guideline. Br J Haematol. 2022 Aug;198(3):443-458. [176 references] *PubMed*

View Original Guideline

Overview

Guideline Objective

To provide recommendations on testing for thrombophilia

Note: These guidelines focus only on the factors that are identified from laboratory testing and therefore exclude disorders such as cancer, inflammatory conditions and obesity that are associated with thrombosis through multiple mechanisms.

Patient Population

Patients with thrombophilia

Note: These guidelines include both heritable and acquired thrombophilia.

Recommendations

Recommendation Statements

Major interventions covered in this guideline include:

- Guidance on routine testing of coagulation factors and thrombosis risk
- Guidance on genetic testing and testing in unusual sites
- Screening and testing for acquired non-genetic traits, arterial thrombosis, and ischemic stroke
- Considerations for pediatric thrombosis, neonatal thrombosis, purpura fulminans, and stroke in children
- Considerations for pregnancy

Note: Full recommendation statements have not been provided because this guideline does not meet EGT's systematic review of the evidence criteria. Refer to the original guideline for more information.

Evidence Rating Scheme

Refer to the original guideline documentation for more information.

Recommendation Rating Scheme

Refer to the original guideline documentation for more information.

Related Content

Supporting Documents

- Appendix.
- British Society for Haematology Guidelines Committee Guidelines Process 2018; 2018 Nov 19.

Implementation Tools

No implementation tools available.

Patient Education

No patient education materials available.

Disclaimer

If you desire to use content from the original clinical practice guideline cited herein, you must contact the guideline developer directly to obtain permission rights.

ECRI's Guideline Profiles are designed to provide information and assist decision-making. Variations in practice will inevitably, and appropriately, occur when clinicians take into account the needs and preferences of individual patients, available resources, and limitations unique to an institution or type of practice. Every healthcare professional using these Guideline Profiles is responsible for evaluating the appropriateness of applying them in a clinical setting.

Copyright © 2025 ECRI