

Contents



ALTIA

We are the leading Nordic alcoholic beverage brand house on the wine and spirits markets

WE OPERATE ON THE STABLE AND PROFITABLE NORDIC MARKET

Key figures 2018

Net sales

Comparable EBITDA margin

357.3

11.2%

EUR million

ALTIA

drinks business
GREEN
AWARDS
2018



Head office

Production

Distillery



We are the Nordic iconic brands

BRAND FOCUSED BUSINESS THROUGH OWN AND PARTNER BRANDS











































Codorníu





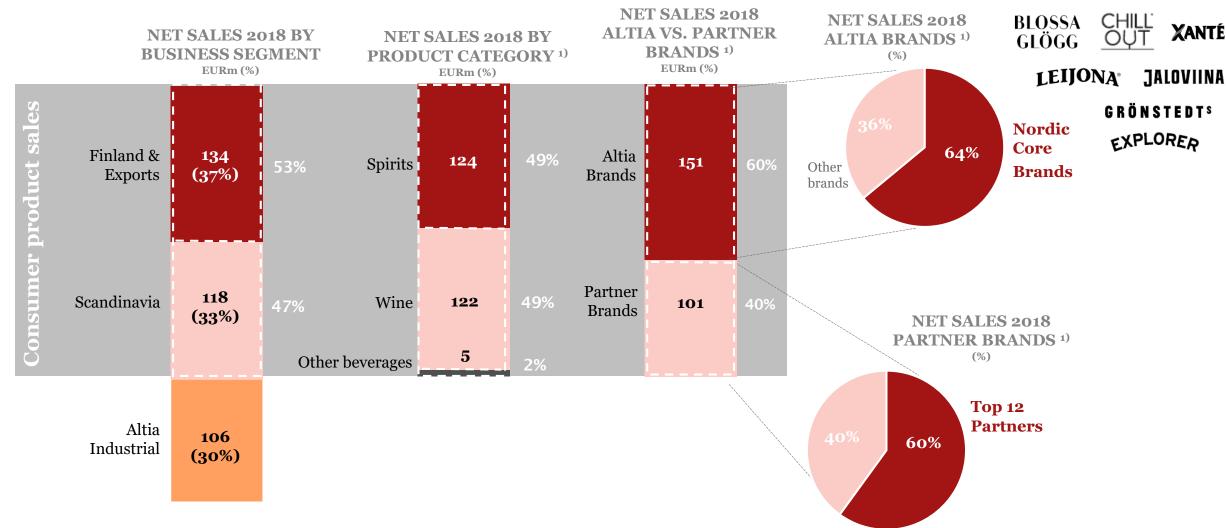
Wide assortment of many other own and partner brands from around 150 partners

Our business is well balanced

KOSKENKORVA







Our operations are divided into three segments

ALTIA INDUSTRIAL PROVIDES INDUSTRIAL PARTNERS WITH HIGH-QUALITY SOLUTIONS AND SERVICES



Finland & Exports

 Consumer product sales in Finland, the Baltics, travel retail and exports

Net sales

Comparable EBITDA margin

134
EUR million

14.3%



Scandinavia

 Consumer product sales in Sweden, Norway and Denmark

Net sales

Comparable EBITDA margin

118
EUR million

8.6%



Altia Industrial

- Industrial products
- Industrial services
- Supply chain

Net sales

Comparable EBITDA margin

106
EUR million

10.3%

Let's drink better

Altia wants to support the development of a modern and responsible Nordic drinking culture

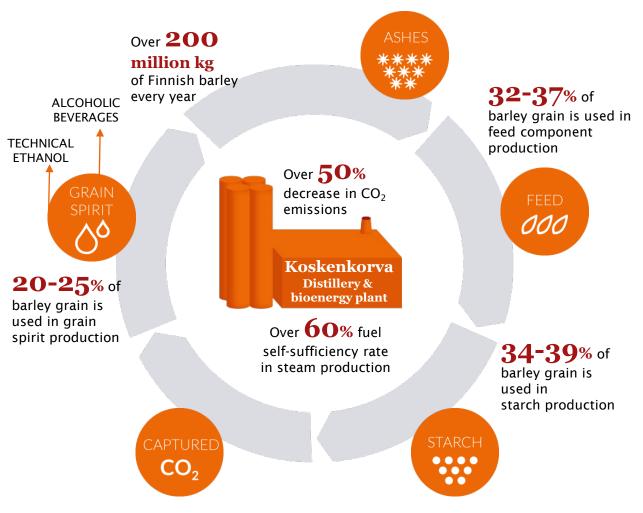
drinks business GREEN AWARDS 2018 Altia awarded as the Green Company of the Year

"Altia was selected as the winner due to the bio and circular economy achieved at its Koskenkorva distillery in Finland."



Sustainability and high quality raw materials are key elements of our brands

Finnish farmers and circular economy of barley – high material efficiency

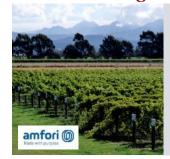


Spring water



- Natural, unfiltered spring water
- Protected water abstraction areas
- The same source of water has been used since operations were first established in Rajamäki in 1888

Bulk wine & Cognac producers



- Dedicated Wine Sourcing team operates around the world in all wine regions
- Altia is committed to sustainable wine sourcing
- Audits at raw material suppliers
- The production of Renault and Larsen Cognac is handled locally

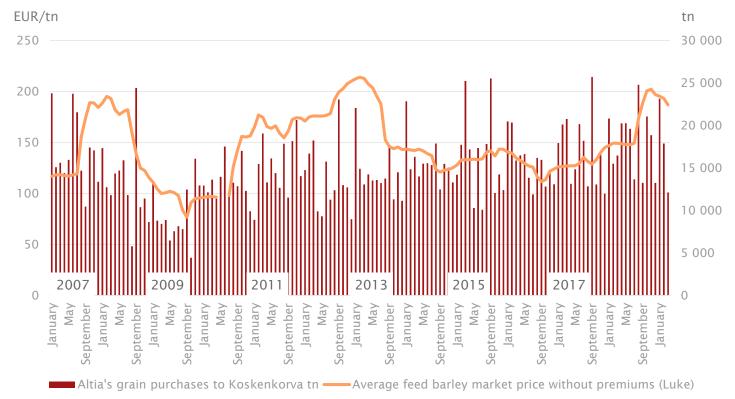
Packaging



- In packaging Altia considers the environmental attributes and recyclability of the materials used
- Forerunner in innovative, ecological and smart packaging such as PET bottles and bag-in-boxes
- PET bottles and bag-in-boxes have lower CO₂ emissions than glass bottles
- High recycling rates in the Nordics up to 90% of PET bottles

Barley sourcing

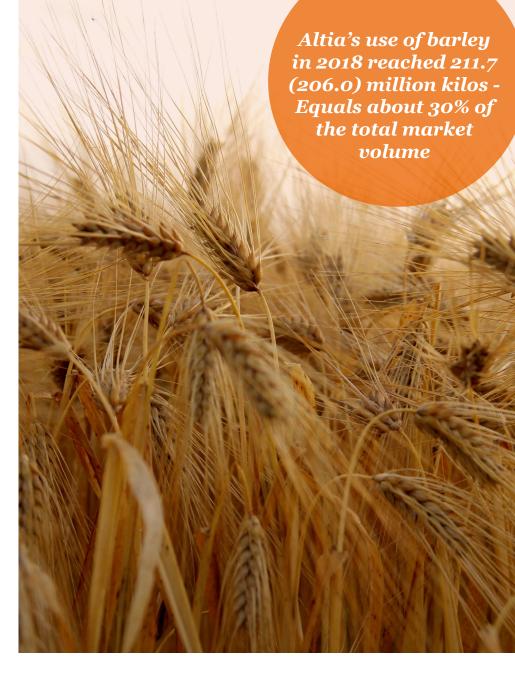
Barley price development and Altia's monthly volumes 2007-2019 (Jan-Mar)



Key principles for barley sourcing:

- Purchased at spot prices; No hedging tools available for barley
- About 1 month inventory; Volumes and purchase prices are fixed a couple of months ahead

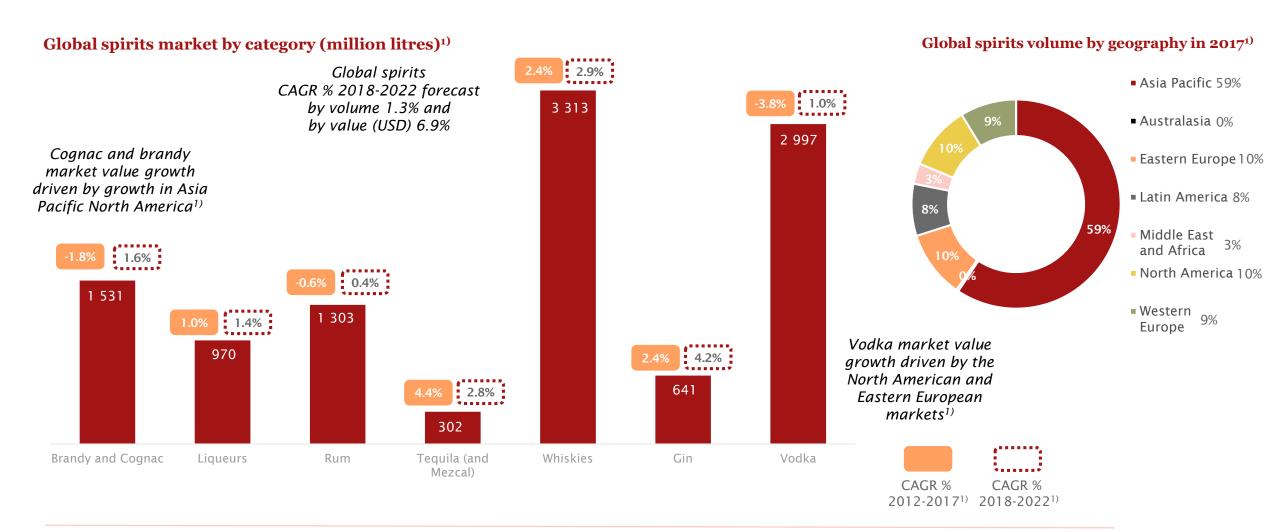
Average monthly sourcing volume 17000-18000 tn



· New harvest in August-September



Globally, premiumisation is driving growth in all large spirits categories



¹⁾ Source: Volume based, million litres; Source: Euromonitor International Ltd. Alcoholic Drinks data 2018 edition (May 2018). All historical CAGR % for 2012-2017, all forecast CAGR % for 2018-2022.



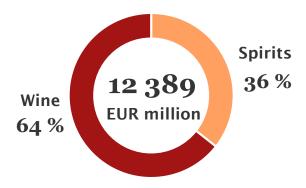
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We operate in the large and non-cyclical Nordic wine and spirits market

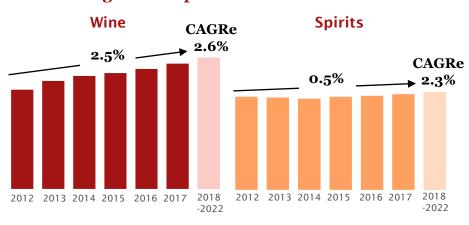
Two thirds of Altia's consumer product sales from state retail monopolies



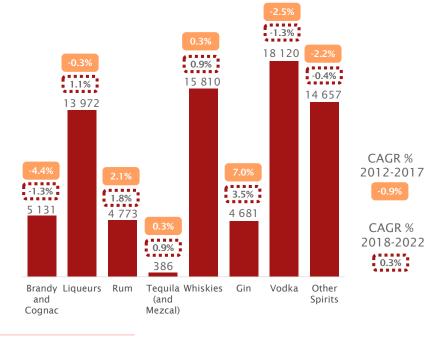
The large Nordic wine and spirits market¹⁾



Stable value growth expected to continue¹⁾



Total volume development on the Nordic spirits market expected to remain flat²⁾

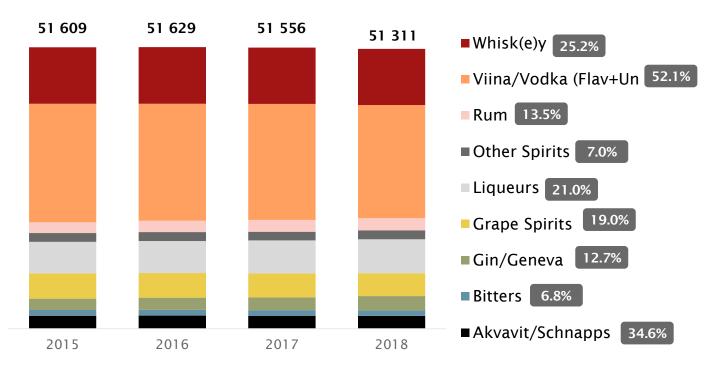


¹⁾ Source: Euromonitor International Ltd. Alcoholic Drinks data 2018 edition (May 2018). All Euromonitor value data calculated in EUR with fixed exchange rates and current prices. All growth rates are CAGR; historical CAGR % for 2012-2017, forecast CAGR % for 2018-2022. Nordic incl. Finland, Sweden, Norway, Denmark.

Source: Euromonitor International Ltd. Alcoholic Drinks data 2018 edition (May 2018). Volume data by thousand litres. Growth rates are CAGR; historical CAGR % for 2012-2017, forecast CAGR % for 2018-2022. Nordic incl. Finland, Sweden, Norway, Denmark.

Stable volume development in the Nordic spirits monopolies

Spirits sales volumes in the three Nordic monopoly markets and Altia's market shares at the end of 2018¹





¹⁾ Source: Alko, Systembolget, Vinmonopolet sales data by volume, thousand litres

We have extensive experience in operating with monopolies and in the regulated markets

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE NORDIC MARKET

State retail

Norway

· Finland, Sweden,

monopolies

- 90% share of offtrade market
- Stable and predictable sales
- About two thirds of Altia's consumer products sales through monopolies

Route-toassortment

- Tender process
- Base assortment
- Order assortment
- Online shops
- Ranking

Pricing & taxation

- Transparent pricing
- Fixed and predetermined gross margins and pricing coefficients at monopolies
- Regular price revisions
- High excise duty rates on especially spirits

Alcoholic beverages in grocery trade

- · Finland: all below 5.5%
- Sweden: below 2.25%, beers max 3.5% (folköl)
- Norway: all below 4.7%

Advertising

- Level of restrictions vary across countries
- FI: Under 22% ABV brands allowed with certain restrictions
- SE: In general allowed, however certain restrictions apply
- · NO: All marketing prohibited









Denmark and the Baltics are open markets with no state monopolies and certain restrictions on marketing

Our market and consumer knowledge give us competitive advantage in the Nordics

Agility in sourcing, production and distribution

 Altia's wide and deep assortment, combined with ability to adjust production and work with the producers to make local solutions, enables Altia to respond better to the tender requirements Knowledge to succeed in tenders

- Knowledge of the monopolies' preferences in terms of assortment
- Altia has mastered serving monopolies and this knowledge is hard for international competitors to obtain

Local consumer knowledge

 Local consumer knowledge and understanding of market trends are important success factors (e.g. low tannin wines, and organic wines, etc.) Marketing and promotions

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- Altia has vast experience in operating in an environment with strict marketing restrictions
- Furthermore, Altia can leverage its scale and expertise in promotional activity























Innovation is facing a new consumer landscape that will have a major impact to the business in the coming years

- The strongest global narratives for drinks industry in 2018 are transparency, sustainability and health.
- If you create something that benefits the environment as well as people, people will be more likely to change their behaviour.
- Brands must embrace their role as educators and address both consumers' needs and the needs of our planet.
- Globally, alcohol consumption is declining. Global spirits consumption is on the rise, thanks to growth in the gin, tequila and whiskey markets.
- As the spirits market becomes incresingly crowded, new launches are challenging convention, borrowing for example from the world of wine by focusing on both ingredients and the terroir in which they are produced. Experiences become even bigger consumer needs.

As consumers demand more transparency across sectors, the food and drink industry cannot just pay lip service through clever marketing

Martin Raymond, Co-founder The Future Laboratory

Our brand portfolio is well positioned to capture the growth pockets created by key market trends



SCARCITY IS LUXURY

PREMIUM EXPERIENCES

CLEAN CULTURE

FRESHNESS AND

NATURAL INGREDIENTS

MOVEMENT

SIMPLICITY

LOCALITY, PROVENANCE

AND HERITAGE

CRAFTSMANSHIP

FAIRLY TRADED

RESPONSIBILITY

TRANSPARENCY

ENVIRONMENTAL

EASY ACCESS

CONVENIENT PACKAGING



The core of our strategy is to deliver profitable growth



Commercial battles

1 Grow Nordic Core Brands

- Expand into new geographical markets
- Innovate into new occasions and consumer segments

2 Execute a step change in wines

- Grow wine segment with innovations and higher level of co-operation with partners
- Focus on Sweden and Finland monopoly channel
- **3** Strengthen strategic partnerships
- Expand and develop new business and cooperation models
- Growth through innovations and cooperation models
- **Channel expansion and development**
- Grocery trade
- E-commerce and other digital platforms

Active brand portfolio management

Altia continues to focus on active brand portfolio management, potential selective acquisitions and/or divestments

- Fund and enable growth continuous improvement of overall efficiency
 - Efficiencies and new capabilities in the supply chain
 - · Organisational ways of working through simplification and digitalisation
 - · Product portfolio optimisation
 - · Continuous development of co-operation and industrial products offering

Strengthening the strategy execution

FURTHER INITIATIVES IDENTIFIED TO REACH LONG-TERM NET SALES AND PROFITABILITY TARGETS

Based on our strategy to create profitable growth, we have identified further specific initiatives to reach the earlier communicated long-term net sales and profitability targets.*

Growth

Initiatives within:

- Revenue management
- Expansion in growing categories in Sweden and Norway
- Exports of Nordic core brands
- Grocery trade and RTD category

Efficiencies

Initiatives within:

- Procurement savings
- Supply chain efficiencies
- Product portfolio management
- Overall organisational efficiencies

International expansion provides upside potential

HIGH-QUALITY DISTRIBUTION AGREEMENTS HAVE BEEN SIGNIFICANT MILESTONES FOR OUR EXPORT AMBITIONS

Key export contracts



- The U.S is the second largest vodka market in the world
- The value of the North American vodka market is expected grow at around 3.1% CAGR over 2018-2022¹⁾
- The growing gin trend in Europe has increased interest in other spiced spirits such as aquavit, which is expected to benefit from authenticity and heritage movements²⁾
- China is the second largest cognac market in the world and important especially in high end qualities
- The value of brandy and cognac market in Asia Pacific is expected to grow at around 7.0% CAGR over 2018-2022¹⁾

- Exports
 possess significant
 additional sales potential
 as the current global
 consumer trends
 fit well into
 Altia's Nordic core
 brand portfolio
- Cost-efficient and low risk exports strategy through distribution partnerships
 - Strengthened innovation platform further supports export growth

ALTIA

17.5.2019

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¹⁾ Source: Euromonitor International Ltd. Alcoholic Drinks data 2018 edition (May 2018)

²⁾ Source: Management Consultant Analysis







Cognac is the key imported spirits in China

- China is the second largest cognac market in the world in volume and important especially in premium quality segments (VSOP, XO and above)
- Increased disposable incomes are driving growth in private consumption
- After the anti-corruption crackdown in 2012-2013, corporate gifting and entertaining is slowly returning, however still in smaller scale
- Cognac is consumed mostly in South East China

Altia

- Main products are Larsen VSOP 100 & 70 cl and XO 100 & 70 cl, and Louis Chevallier 70 cl (French brandy)
- Larsen is priced at a premium level,
 Louis Chevallier priced premium in brandy category
- For Larsen we have a dedicated darker blend, with a fruity and elegant taste, and own bottle design for the Chinese market
- Distribution contract with AsiaEuro since November 2017
- We focus on domestic, duty-free and border trade in Hong Kong, Shenzhen and Shunde (Guangdong)
 - Channel split roughly 50-50 between duty-free/border trade and domestic ontrade (hotel venues) and off-trade (wholesales, supermarkets)





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Our financial targets aim towards stable shareholder returns

| Net sales growth | +2 % CAGR | Altia's target is to achieve an annual net sales growth of 2 per cent over time (CAGR) |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Comparable EBITDA margin | 15 % | Comparable EBITDA margin target to reach 15 per cent in the long-term |
| Net debt / comparable EBITDA | < 2.5 x | Altia's target is to keep reported net debt in relation to comparable EBITDA below 2.5x in the long-term |
| Dividend policy | ≥60 % of the result for the period | Altia aims to pursue an active dividend policy, and the result for the period not considered necessary to grow and develop the company will be distributed to the shareholders |



Our operations are based on profitable growth

Net sales (EURm)



Stable and diversified revenue streams underpinned by non-cyclical underlying consumption of wine and spirits

Seasonality

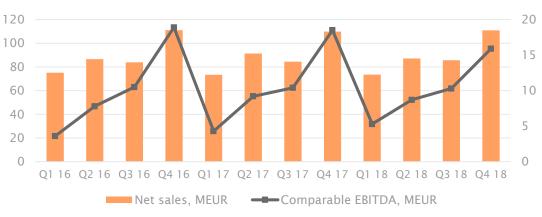
- Altia's business is characterised by substantial seasonality.
- Revenues typically lower in Q1, a large amount of revenue and cash flow generated in Q4.
- · Significant fluctuations also in net working capital.

Comparable EBITDA (EURm) and comparable EBITDA margin %



Clear strategic initiatives to improve profitability

Quarterly net sales and comparable EBITDA (EURm)





Free cash flow in 2018 impacted by working capital development

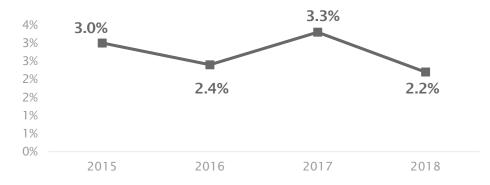
Free cash flow*, EURm



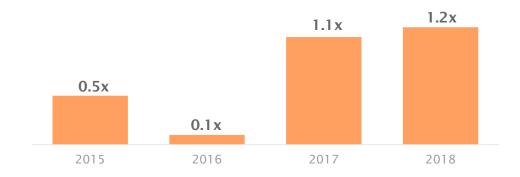
Net working capital / Net sales, %



Gross capex / Net sales, %



Net debt / Comparable EBITDA, ratio



^{*)} Free cash flow = Comparable EBITDA – Change in working capital – Gross capex



Net working capital

Net working capital

| EUR million | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Inventories | 101.2 | 96.3 | 94.5 | 99.6 |
| Contract assets, trade and other receivables | 59.1 | 63.8 | 53.9 | 61.2 |
| Contract liabilities, trade and other payables | (143.5) | (142.7) | (137.4) | (131.9) |
| Trade working capital | 16.8 | 17.5 | 11.0 | 28.9 |
| % of net sales | 4.4% | 4.9% | 3.1% | 8.1% |
| Non-Current provisions | (1.3) | - | - | - |
| Current Provisions | (2.1) | (1.3) | - | (0.5) |
| Net working capital | 13.4 | 16.1 | 11.0 | 28.4 |
| % of net sales | 3.5% | 4.5% | 3.1% | 8.0% |

Comments

- · Receivables from the state retail monopolies partly sold
- Cognac constitutes notable part of inventory
- The seasonal swings of the business are also visible in net working capital development within the financial year. Net working capital requirements being at its highest in the lead up to Christmas, Easter and Midsummer
- Fast swings also around year-ends due to sold receivables (before year-end) and excise taxes and VAT to be paid for December sales (after year-end)

Our cash flow enables an attractive dividend capacity

Free cash flow

| EUR million | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| Comparable EBITDA | 38.0 | 40.8 | 42.4 | 40.0 |
| Change in working capital ¹⁾ | 3.9 | (1.6) | 6.7 | (17.2) |
| Acquisition of PPE and intangible assets | (11.3) | (8.7) | (11.9) | (7.7) |
| Free cash flow ³⁾ | 30.6 | 30.6 | 37.1 | 15.1 |
| Cash conversion ²⁾ | 80% | 75% | 88% | 38% |

Summary of consolidated statement of cash flows

| EUR million | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| Net cash flow from operating activities before financial items and taxes | 41.4 | 34.3 | 45.9 | 17.1 |
| Financial items and taxes | (6.5) | (4.8) | (8.2) | (10.6) |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | 34.8 | 29.4 | 37.6 | 6.5 |
| Acquisitions of PPE and intangible assets | (11.3) | (8.7) | (11.9) | (7.7) |
| Sale of PPE and intangible assets | 1.0 | 4.5 | 2.6 | 0.6 |
| Other | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.9 |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | (7.4) | (3.1) | (7.8) | (5.2) |
| Net cash flow after capital expenditure | 27.4 | 26.3 | 29.8 | 1.3 |

Comments

- Low operational capex need enables solid and stable cash flow
- In 2018, capital expenditure was primarily related to investments at the Rajamäki plant and the further development of information technology and digital capabilities
 - In 2017, capital expenditure was mostly related to continuation of efficiency improvement in Rajamäki plant and development of IT systems
 - In 2016, capital expenditure was primary related to the renewal of the Rajamäki plant and digitalisation
- In 2017, Altia sold assets (building and land) related to the closure of Svendborg site – no further proceeds from Svendborg is expected in the future
- In 2016, Altia divested the feed processing related fixed assets in Koskenkorva to Oy Feedmix Ab and the steam distribution network in Rajamäki to Adven
- The capital expenditure in 2015 was primarily related to the modernisation of the old power plant at the Koskenkorva plant as well as the improvement in operating efficiency at the Rajamäki plant

¹⁾ Change in Working capital as presented in consolidated statement of cash flows

²⁾ Calculated as Free cash flow divided by Comparable EBITDA. Comparable EBITDA = EBITDA excluding items affecting comparability. Please see Appendix 3 for further details on items affecting comparability



Highlights from Q1 2019

- Stable net sales development 73.8 (73.5) million
 - Fx headwind from weak SEK net sales grew by 1.3% in constant currencies
 - Good net sales development in Altia Industrial
- Timing of Easter outside Q1 impacted net sales and profitability due to lower sales volumes and sales mix
- In Jan-Apr, the Group net sales have developed well and are above last year's level, and also beverage sales have reached last year's level
- High raw material costs due to poor barley harvest last year impacted profitability
- Comparable EBITDA declined to EUR 4.3 (5.2) million, 5.8% (7.0%) of net sales, excluding the IFRS 16 impact, comparable EBITDA was EUR 3.2 million, 4.4% of net sales
- Price increases in all monopoly markets implemented full impact not visible in Q1
- Denmark domestic business transferred to Conaxess Trade Beverages in May



Market development

APPROXIMATELY TWO THIRDS OF CONSUMER PRODUCT SALES COME FROM STATE RETAIL MONOPOLIES

Combined spirits and wine sales volume development in the state retail monopolies

| Change compared to previous year, % | Q1 19 | Q1 18 | Q1 17 | 2018 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Finland, total sales | -8.0 | 1.7 | -3.0 | -3.3 |
| Spirits | -5.3 | 0.4 | -2.1 | -3.6 |
| Wine | -9.1 | 2.2 | -3.4 | -3.2 |
| Sweden, total sales | -4.2 | 5.3 | -3.4 | +2.1 |
| Spirits | -3.6 | 8.8 | -4.6 | +2.7 |
| Wine | -4.3 | 5.0 | -3.3 | +2.0 |
| Norway, total sales | -7.9 | 9.2 | -7.1 | +1.5 |
| Spirits | -7.6 | 8.6 | -6.1 | +0.1 |
| Wine | -8.0 | 9.3 | -7.3 | +1.7 |

Easter in 2019 in Q2 (April), Easter in 2018 in Q1 (March)

Source: Based on sales volumes by litre published by the state retail monopolies (Alko, Systembolaget, and Vinmonopolet).

- Nordic spirits and wine market in total volumes in the three retail monopolies down by -5.8%
 - Spirits volumes -5.1%
 - Wine volumes -5.9%
- The timing of Easter this year in April impacts the overall sales of wine and spirits - volumes are not comparable

Finland

- Changes in excise duties in January 2019
- Growing spirits categories were gin and whiskies; vodka and cognac declined
- Sparkling wine grew; other wines declined

Sweden

- Growing spirits categories were gin and rums; aquavit, whisky, vodka, grape spirits and liqueurs declined
- Sparkling and rosé wines grew, red and white wines declined

Norway

- All spirits categories declinded
- Red wines continued to decline

Net sales highlights

TIMING OF EASTER IMPACTS Q1 AND COMPARABILITY

- In constant currencies 1.3% above last year's level
- Reported net sales were EUR 73.8 (73.5) million
- Altia Industrial's growth driven by price increases and good volumes in industrial products, and phasing in contract manufacturing
- Due to Easter, Finland & Exports is down from last year and Scandinavia in constant currencies is at last year's level
- In January-April, the Group net sales were above last year's level, beverage sales were on last year's level

- Net sales of beverages in constant currencies declined by -4.4%
- Timing of Easter impacts sales volumes and sales mix of consumer beverage products
- Spirits impacted negatively mainly by Easter timing
- New wine partner in mid last year has offset negative Easter impact
- Other beverages impacted by partner portfolio changes in 2018

| EUR million | Q1 19 | Q1 18 | Reported growth, % | Adjusted growth, %* | 2018 |
|-------------------|-------|-------|--------------------|------------------------|-------|
| Altia Group | 73.8 | 73.5 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 357.3 |
| Finland & Exports | 25.0 | 27.1 | -7.7 | -7.7 | 133.8 |
| Scandinavia | 21.7 | 22.5 | -3.4 | -0.5 | 117.7 |
| Altia Industrial | 27.1 | 24.0 | 13.1 | 13.1 | 105.8 |

| EUR million | Q1 19 | Q1 18 | Change, % | 2018 |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|
| Spirits | 24.8 | 26.3 | -5.9 | 124.0 |
| Wine | 21.3 | 21.4 | -0.4 | 122.2 |
| Other beverages | 0.6 | 1.9 | -68.3 | 5.3 |

^{*)} Growth in constant currencies

Barley cost and Easter impacted profitability in Q1

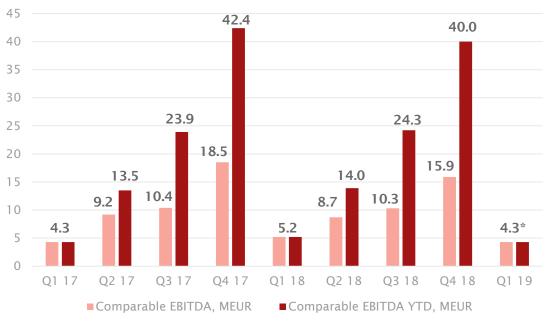
SEASONALITY AFFECTS NET SALES AND PROFITABILITY

- Comparable EBITDA was EUR 4.3 (5.2) million, and without IFRS 16 impact EUR 3.2 million
- Comparable EBITDA margin was 5.8% (7.0%)
- Items affecting comparability amounted to EUR 0.0 (-4.1)

Quarterly net sales and comparable EBITDA, EUR million



Quarterly and cumulative comparable EBITDA, EUR million



^{*)} includes IFRS 16 impact

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Cash flow and balance sheet

AS AT 31 MARCH

| | Net cash flow from operating activities | EUR -28.7 (-27.0) million |
|---|---|---|
| | Receivables sold | EUR 39.0 (52.9) million |
| | Net debt | EUR 86.8 (75.9) million |
| | Gearing | 58.1% (56.9%) |
| 1 | Equity ratio | 39.4% (34.9%) |
| | Reported net debt to comparable EBITDA ratio, rolling 12m | 2.2 (1.8) |
| | In use from revolving credit facility | EUR 0.0 (20.0) million million |
| | Nominal value of commercial papers issued | EUR 10.0 (0.0) million |
| - | | |

Guidance 2019

- The comparable EBITDA is expected to improve from the 2018 level.
 - The positive trend of Altia's Nordic core brand portfolio is expected to continue.
 - Market development in Finland is expected to flatten out in comparison to 2018 and the markets in Sweden and Norway are expected to grow.
 - The negative impact of the increased barley cost will be reflected in high raw material costs, especially in the first quarters of the year.
 - The guidance assumes a normal harvest in 2019.
- In addition, the impact from the implementation of the new IFRS 16 standard is expected to improve comparable EBITDA by EUR 3-4 million.



Appendices



www.altiagroup.com

Investor Relations: <u>tua.stenius-ornhjelm@altiacorporation.com</u>

New accounting standards: IFRS 16 Leases

NOT SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ON ALTIA

- The reporting period 1 January to 31 March 2019 includes the adoption of the IFRS 16 standard as of 1 January 2019.
- Altia applies the simplified approach, according to which the comparison information is not adjusted.
- The IFRS 16 standard had a positive effect of EUR 1.0 million on the comparable EBITDA, a negative effect of EUR 1.0 million on depreciation, and a negative effect of EUR 0.0 million on financial expenses.
- On the consolidated balance sheet on 31 March 2019, the amount of asset items based on rights of use is EUR 9.7 million, the amount of long-term lease liabilities is EUR 6.6 million and the amount of shortterm lease liabilities is EUR 3.2 million.
- In the cash flow statement, cash payments for the capital portion of the lease liability are presented under financing activities, and the interest portion of the lease liability is presented in cash flows from operating activities. Previously, all operating lease payments were presented in cash flows from operating activities. This had a positive effect of EUR 1.0 million on the Group's cash flows from operating activities and a negative effect of EUR 1.0 million on its cash flows from financing activities in the first quarter of 2019.

| | Q1 19 |
|---|-------|
| Comparable EBITDA, EUR million | 4.3 |
| Net debt, EUR million | 86.8 |
| Equity ratio, % | 39.4 |
| Gearing, % | 58.1 |
| | |
| Comparable EBITDA without IFRS 16 impact, EUR million | 3.2 |
| Net debt without IFRS 16 impact, EUR million | 77.0 |
| Equity ratio without IFRS 16 impact, % | 40.5 |
| Gearing without IFRS 16 impact, % | 51.6 |

Key ratios

| EUR million | Q1 19 | Q1 18 | Q2 18 | Q3 18 | Q4 18 | 2018 | Q1 17 | Q2 17 | Q3 17 | Q4 17 | 2017 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Net sales, EUR million | 73.8 | 73.5 | 87.1 | 85.7 | 110.9 | 357.3 | 73.4 | 91.3 | 84.5 | 109.8 | 359.0 |
| Comparable EBITDA, EUR million | 4.3 | 5.2 | 8.7 | 10.3 | 15.9 | 40.0 | 4.3 | 9.2 | 10.4 | 18.5 | 42.4 |
| % of net sales | 5.8 | 7.0 | 9.9 | 12.0 | 14.3 | 11.2 | 5.8 | 10.0 | 12.3 | 16.9 | 11.8 |
| EBITDA, EUR million | 4.3 | 1.1 | 8.3 | 10.3 | 14.4 | 34.0 | 3.8 | 9.0 | 11.1 | 16.3 | 40.3 |
| Comparable operating result, EUR million | -0.3 | 1.6 | 5.2 | 6.6 | 12.2 | 25.6 | 0.7 | 5.6 | 6.9 | 15.0 | 28.2 |
| % of net sales | -0.4 | 2.2 | 5.9 | 7.7 | 11.0 | 7.2 | 1.0 | 6.1 | 8.1 | 13.6 | 7.8 |
| Operating result, EUR million | -0.3 | -2.5 | 4.8 | 6.6 | 10.7 | 19.7 | 0.3 | 5.4 | 7.6 | 12.7 | 26.1 |
| Result for the period, EUR million | 0.3 | -1.8 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 8.6 | 15.1 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 5.6 | 8.0 | 18.3 |
| Earnings per share, EUR | 0.01 | -0.05 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.24 | 0.42 | 0.02 | 0.11 | 0.16 | 0.22 | 0.51 |
| Net debt / comparable EBITDA, rolling 12m | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Average number of personnel | 698 | 705 | 742 | 725 | 701 | 718 | 785 | 783 | 763 | 718 | 762 |
| Comparable EBITDA without IFRS 16 impact, EUR million | 3.2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net debt/comparable EBITDA, rolling 12 months without IFRS 16 impact | 2.0 | | | | | | | | | | |

| EUR million | Q1 19 | Q1 18 | Q2 18 | Q3 18 | Q4 18 | 2018 | Q1 17 | Q2 17 | Q3 17 | Q4 17 | 2017 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| Reported net debt / comparable EBITDA | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Borrowings, EUR million | * | * | 103.1 | * | 89.4 | 89.4 | * | 72.7 | * | 100.1 | 100.1 |
| Net debt, EUR million | 86.8 | * | 77.4 | 82.9 | 47.4 | 47.4 | * | 27.7 | 36.5 | 47.7 | 47.7 |
| Equity ratio, % | 39.4 | 34.9 | 35.2 | 38.2 | 38.4 | 38.4 | 47.7 | 45.5 | 47.1 | 34.3 | 34.3 |
| Gearing, % | 58.1 | 56.9 | 56.7 | 58.4 | 31.6 | 31.6 | 14.3 | 15.0 | 19.2 | 34.9 | 34.9 |
| Capital expenditure, EUR million | * | * | -4.7** | * | * | -7.7 | * | -5.8** | * | * | -11.9 |
| Total assets, EUR million | * | * | 388.0 | * | 390.4 | 390.4 | * | 404.2 | * | 398.4 | 398.4 |

ALTIA

^{*)} Not reported
**) Capital expendture for H1 2018 and 2017 respectively

Quarterly net sales and comparable EBITDA by segment

Net sales by segment

| EUR million | Q1 19 | Q4 18 | Q3 18 | Q2 18 | Q1 18 | Q4 17 | Q3 17 | Q2 17 | Q1 17 | Q4 16 | Q3 16 | Q2 16 | Q1 16 |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Finland & Exports | 25.0 | 39.5 | 31.8 | 35.4 | 27.1 | 40.7 | 31.4 | 35.7 | 26.0 | 41.1 | 31.6 | 33.9 | 27.3 |
| Scandinavia | 21.7 | 42.8 | 25.0 | 27.4 | 22.5 | 44.4 | 26.5 | 29.7 | 23.2 | 45.9 | 26.7 | 30.0 | 25.0 |
| Altia Industrial | 27.1 | 28.6 | 28.9 | 24.2 | 24.0 | 24.7 | 26.5 | 25.9 | 24.2 | 24.0 | 25.6 | 22.7 | 22.9 |
| Total | 73.8 | 110.9 | 85.7 | 87.1 | 73.5 | 109.8 | 84.5 | 91.3 | 73.4 | 111.0 | 83.9 | 86.6 | 75.1 |

Comparable EBITDA by segment

| EUR million | Q1 19 | Q4 18 | Q3 18 | Q2 18 | Q1 18 | Q4 17 | Q3 17 | Q2 17 | Q1 17 | Q4 16 | Q3 16 | Q2 16 | Q1 16 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Finland & Exports | 3.0 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 7.2 | 4.0 | 5.2 | 3.1 | 7.7 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 3.6 |
| Scandinavia | -0.3 | 8.0 | 0.8 | 1.5 | -0.1 | 8.9 | 1.0 | 2.1 | -0.5 | 9.0 | 1.0 | 0.7 | -0.3 |
| Altia Industrial | 1.0 | 2.2 | 4.8 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 2.6 | -0.2 |
| Other | 0.6 | -0.6 | -0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 | -1.3 | 0.9 | -0.8 | 0.1 | -0.5 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| TOTAL comparable EBITDA | 4.3 | 15.9 | 10.3 | 8.7 | 5.2 | 18.5 | 10.4 | 9.2 | 4.3 | 18.9 | 10.5 | 7.8 | 3.6 |
| Items affecting comparability | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.4 | -4.1 | -2.2 | 0.7 | -0.2 | -0.5 | 15.7 | 1.6 | 2.8 | -0.1 |
| EBITDA | 4.3 | 15.9 | 10.3 | 8.3 | 1.1 | 16.3 | 11.1 | 9.0 | 3.8 | 34.6 | 12.1 | 10.6 | 3.6 |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment | -4.5 | -3.6 | -3.6 | -3.5 | -3.5 | -3.6 | -3.6 | -3.5 | -3.5 | -3.7 | -3.6 | -3.6 | -3.6 |
| Operating result | -0.3 | 12.3 | 6.6 | 4.8 | -2.5 | 12.7 | 7.6 | 5.4 | 0.3 | 30.9 | 8.5 | 7.0 | -0.0 |

ALTIA

Consolidated income statement

| EUR million | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|--------|--------|
| NET SALES | 357.3 | 359.0 |
| Other operating income | 7.4 | 8.3 |
| Materials and services | -206.8 | -202.0 |
| Employee benefit expenses | -49.9 | -52.0 |
| Other operating expenses | -73.9 | -72.9 |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment | -14.4 | -14.2 |
| OPERATING RESULT | 19.7 | 26.1 |
| Finance income | 3.5 | 4.5 |
| Finance expenses | -5.8 | -6.4 |
| Share of profit in associates and income from interests in joint operations | 1.2 | 0.9 |
| RESULT BEFORE TAXES | 18.6 | 25.0 |
| Income tax expense | -3.6 | -6.7 |
| RESULT FOR THE PERIOD | 15.1 | 18.3 |
| Result for the period attributable to: | | |
| Owners of the parent | 15.1 | 18.3 |
| Earnings per share for the result attributable to owners of the parent, EUR | | |
| Basic and diluted | 0.42 | 0.51 |

Consolidated balance sheet

| EUR million | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|-------|-------|
| ASSETS | | |
| | | |
| Non-current assets | | |
| Goodwill | 80.7 | 82.1 |
| Other intangible assets | 29.6 | 34.4 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 64.6 | 67.4 |
| Investments in associates and interests in joint operations | 7.9 | 7.6 |
| Available-for-sale financial assets | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Other receivables | - | 1.0 |
| Deferred tax assets | - | 1.0 |
| Total non-current assets | 0.8 | 194.8 |
| | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Inventories | 99.6 | 94.5 |
| Contract assets | 0.2 | - |
| Trade and other receivables | 60.9 | 53.9 |
| Current tax assets | 2.5 | 2.8 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 42.0 | 52.4 |
| Total current assets | 205.3 | 203.6 |
| | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 390.4 | 398.4 |

| EUR million | | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|-----------|-------|---------------------|
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent | | | |
| Share capital | | 60.5 | 60.5 |
| Invested unrestricted equity fund | | 1.2 | - |
| Fair value reserve | | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Hedge reserve | | 0.0 | -0.3 |
| Translation differences | | -19.6 | -16.0 |
| Retained earnings | | 107.3 | 92.0 |
| Total equity | | 150.1 | 136.8 |
| , | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | 16.8 | 17.7 |
| Borrowings | | 82.7 | 89.1 |
| Employee benefit obligations | | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 100.8 | 108.2 |
| | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | | 6.7 | 11.0 |
| Provisions | | 0.5 | - |
| To do and other consists | | | 127.4 |
| Trade and other payables | | 131.4 | 137.4 |
| Contract liabilities | | 0.6 | |
| Current tax liabilities | | 0.4 | 5.0 |
| Total current liabilities | | 139.5 | 153.4 |
| | | | |
| Total liabilities | | 240.3 | 261.6 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 17.5.2019 | | 398. ₄ 1 |

Cash flow from operations

| Result before taxes Adjustments Depreciation, amortisation and impairment Share of profit in associates and income from investments in joint operations Net gain on sale of non-current assets Finance income and costs Other adjustments Other adjust | EUR million | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|---|--------|------|
| Adjustments Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 14.4 14.2 Share of profit in associates and income from investments in joint operations Net gain on sale of non-current assets Finance income and costs Other adjustments 0.8 0.5 Change in working capital Change in inventories, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract assets, trade and other receivables, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in provisions, increase (+) / decrease (+) Change in working capital Change in working capital Change in contract liabilities, trade and other payables, increase (-) / decrease (-) Change in working capital Change in working capital Change in working capital Change in working capital -1.2 Change in working capital -1.4 -1.7 Interest paid -1.4 -1.7 Interest received O.1 Other finance income and expenses paid -1.4 -2.2 Income taxes paid -1.4 -2.2 Income taxes paid -1.6 -8.0 -8.2 | CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment Share of profit in associates and income from investments in joint operations Net gain on sale of non-current assets Finance income and costs Other adjustments Other payables, increase (-) / decrease (-) Other adjustments Other payables, increase (+) / decrease (-) Other adjustments Other payables, increase (+) / decrease (-) Other adjustments Other payables, increase (+) / decrease (-) Other payables, increase (-) / d | Result before taxes | 18.6 | 25.0 |
| Share of profit in associates and income from investments in joint operations Net gain on sale of non-current assets Finance income and costs Other adjustments Other ecsevel (+) / decrease (| Adjustments | | |
| Net gain on sale of non-current assets Finance income and costs Other adjustments 0.8 0.5 Change in working capital Change in inventories, increase (·) / decrease (+) Change in contract assets, trade and other receivables, increase (·) / decrease (+) Change in provisions, increase (+) / decrease (+) Change in working capital Change in working capital Change in working capital Change in contract liabilities, trade and other payables, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in working capital Change in contract liabilities, trade and other receivables, increase (-) / decrease (-) Change in contract liabilities, trade and other payables, increase (-) / decrease (-) Change in working capital Change in work | Depreciation, amortisation and impairment | 14.4 | 14.2 |
| Finance income and costs Other adjustments 0.8 0.5 Change in working capital Change in inventories, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract assets, trade and other receivables, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract liabilities, trade and other payables, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in provisions, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in working capital Change in working capital Interest paid Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes | Share of profit in associates and income from investments in joint operations | -1.2 | -0.9 |
| Other adjustments 0.8 0.5 15.7 14.1 Change in working capital Change in inventories, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract assets, trade and other receivables, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract liabilities, trade and other payables, increase (-) / decrease (-) Change in provisions, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in working capital Change in working capital Interest paid Interest received Onl Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes O.8 0.5 1.2 1.2 1.2 2.5 2.6 2.6 3.7 3.7 4.7 4.7 5.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8 | Net gain on sale of non-current assets | -0.5 | -1.6 |
| Change in working capital Change in inventories, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract assets, trade and other receivables, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract liabilities, trade and other payables, increase (-) / decrease (-) Change in provisions, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in working capital Change in working capital 1.2 6.7 Interest paid 1.4 1.7 Interest received Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes 10.6 15.7 14.1 1.7 1.2 6.7 1.3 1.4 1.7 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 | Finance income and costs | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Change in working capital Change in inventories, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract assets, trade and other receivables, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract liabilities, trade and other payables, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in provisions, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in working capital Change in working capital Interest paid Interest received Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes Income taxes and taxes | Other adjustments | 0.8 | 0.5 |
| Change in inventories, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract assets, trade and other receivables, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract liabilities, trade and other payables, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in provisions, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in working capital Change in working capital -1.4 Interest paid Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes -1.6 -5.5 1.2 -7.4 9.4 9.4 -1.3 -1.3 -1.3 -1.7 | | 15.7 | 14.1 |
| Change in contract assets, trade and other receivables, increase (-) / decrease (+) Change in contract liabilities, trade and other payables, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in provisions, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in working capital -1.4 Interest paid Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes -8.0 -8.2 | Change in working capital | | |
| Change in contract liabilities, trade and other payables, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in provisions, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in working capital -1.2 Interest paid Interest received Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes -2.6 -4.3 -2.6 -1.3 -1.4 -1.7 -1.7 -1.7 -1.4 -1.7 -1.7 -1.4 -2.2 -1.4 -2.2 -1.6 -8.0 -4.6 -8.0 -8.2 | Change in inventories, increase (-) / decrease (+) | -5.5 | 1.2 |
| Change in provisions, increase (+) / decrease (-) Change in working capital -1.2 Interest paid Interest received Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes -1.6 -1.7 | Change in contract assets, trade and other receivables, increase (-) / decrease (+) | -7.4 | 9.4 |
| Change in working capital Interest paid Interest received Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes -10.0 -17.2 6.7 -1.4 -1.7 0.3 -1.4 -2.2 -1.4 -2.2 -1.6 -8.0 -8.0 -8.2 | Change in contract liabilities, trade and other payables, increase (+) / decrease (-) | -4.3 | -2.6 |
| Interest paid Interest received Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes -1.4 -1.7 0.3 -1.4 -2.2 -1.4 -2.2 -1.6 -8.0 -4.6 -8.2 | Change in provisions, increase (+) / decrease (-) | | -1.3 |
| Interest received Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes On 1 On 2 -1.4 -2.2 -8.0 -8.0 -8.2 | Change in working capital | (-17.2 | 6.7 |
| Interest received Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes On 1 On 2 -1.4 -2.2 -8.0 -8.0 -8.2 | | | |
| Other finance income and expenses paid Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes -1.4 -2.2 -8.0 -1.6 -8.2 | Interest paid | -1.4 | -1.7 |
| Income taxes paid Financial items and taxes -10.0 -8.0 -8.0 -8.2 | Interest received | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| Financial items and taxes -10.6 -8.2 | Other finance income and expenses paid | -1.4 | -2.2 |
| | Income taxes paid | (-8.0 | -4.6 |
| NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 6.5 37.6 | Financial items and taxes | -10.6 | -8.2 |
| NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 6.5 37.6 | | | |
| | NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 6.5 | 37.6 |

Items affecting comparability (MEUR 6) and barley impacts negatively cash generation.

Working capital level driven by barley and the export and grocery trade expansion.

Too high tax estimate for the year.



42

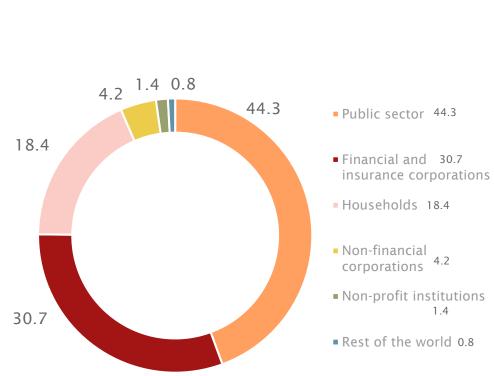
Reconciliation of alternative performance measures (APM) and items affecting comparability (IAC)

| EUR million | Q1 19 | Q1 18 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-------|-------|------|------|
| Items affecting comparability | | | | |
| Net gains or losses from business and assets disposals | - | - | 0.4 | 1.3 |
| Cost for closure of business operations and restructurings | - | -0.2 | -1.1 | -1.1 |
| Major corporate projects | | | | |
| Costs related to the closed voluntary pension scheme | | | -0.7 | - |
| Costs related to stock exchange listing | - | -3.9 | -4.6 | -2.4 |
| Total items affecting comparability | - | -4.1 | -6.0 | -2.1 |
| Comparable EBITDA | | | | |
| Operating result | -0.3 | -2.5 | 19.7 | 26.1 |
| Less: | | | | |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment | 4.5 | 3.5 | 14.4 | 14.2 |
| Total items affecting comparability | - | 4.1 | 6.0 | 2.1 |
| Comparable EBITDA | 4.3 | 5.2 | 40.0 | 42.4 |
| % of net sales | 5.8 | 7.0 | 11.2 | 11.8 |
| Comparable EBITDA without IFRS 16 impact | | | | |
| Comparable EBITDA | 4.3 | - | - | - |
| Less | | | | |
| IFRS 16 impact to EBITDA | 1.0 | - | - | _ |
| Comparable EBITDA without IFRS 16 impact | 3.2 | _ | - | - |
| Comparable EBIT | | | | |
| Operating result | -0.3 | -2.5 | 19.7 | 26.1 |
| Less: | | | | |
| Total items affecting comparability | - | 4.1 | 6.0 | 2.1 |
| Comparable EBIT | -0.3 | 1.6 | 25.6 | 28.2 |
| % of net sales | -0.4 | 2.2 | 7.2 | 7.8 |



Shareholder structure

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019



| | Shareholders | Number of shares | % of shares |
|----|--|---------------------|-------------|
| 1 | Valtion Kehitysyhtiö Vake Oy | 13 097 481 | 36.2 |
| 2 | Varma Mutual Pension Insurance Company | 1 550 000 | 4.3 |
| 3 | Ilmarinen Mutual Pension Insurance Company | 973 300 | 2.7 |
| 4 | OP-Finland Small Firms Fund | 559 516 | 1.5 |
| 5 | Veritas Pension Insurance Company Ltd. | 420 000 | 1.2 |
| 6 | Säästöpankki Pienyhtiöt | 235 617 | 0.7 |
| 7 | Mandatum Life Insurance Company Limited | 179 028 | 0.5 |
| 8 | Säästöpankki Kotimaa | 150 000 | 0.4 |
| 9 | FIM Fenno Sijoitusrahasto | 130 931 | 0.4 |
| 10 | Takanen Jorma | 122 617 | 0.3 |
| | Top 10 total | 17 418 490 | 48.2 |
| | Nominee-registered shares | 10 087 392 | 27.9 |

Finland & Exports

The Finland & Exports segment comprises the import, sale and marketing of wine and spirits, and other beverages in Finland and the Baltics, as well as exports and travel retail.



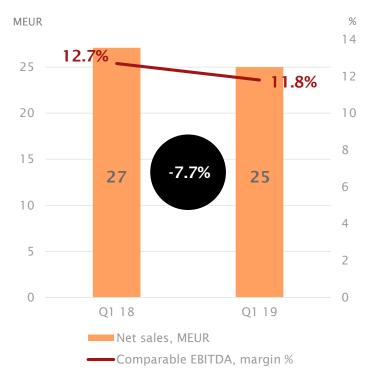
Highlights

- Net sales were 25.0 (27.1) million
- Exports sales at last year's level seasonality of consumption
- In grocery trade preparations for summer season
- Price increases in monopoly in January
- Comparable EBITDA was 3.0 (3.4)
 million Easter impact reflected in lower volumes and sales mix
- Comparable EBITDA without IFRS 16 impact EUR 2.9 million

Product launches & events



Key financials



Scandinavia

The Scandinavia segment comprises the import, sale and marketing of wine and spirits, and other beverages in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.



Highlights

- Reported net sales were EUR 21.7 (22.5) million – in constant currencies, net sales at last year's level
- New wine partner in Sweden last year offsets the timing of Easter and partner portfolio changes in Sweden last year
- In Norway good development of market share in spirits
- Price increases in Sweden in March and Noway in January - not full impact in Q1
- Comparable EBITDA was EUR -0.3 (-0.1) million - Easter impact reflected in lower volumes and sales mix
- Comparable EBITDA without IFRS 16 impact EUR -0.5 million

Product launches & events

 New partnership with Conaxess Trade Beverages in Denmark



Key financials



Altia Industrial

The Altia Industrial segment comprises Koskenkorva plant operations, starch, feed component and technical ethanol businesses, as well as contract manufacturing services at Rajamäki. It also includes supply chain operations, i.e. production operations in different countries, customer service and logistics.



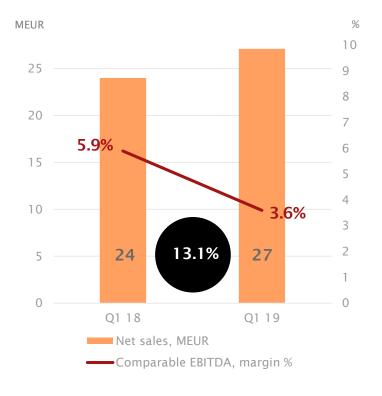
Highlights

- Net sales were 27.1 (24.0) million
- The growth in net sales is driven mainly by price increases following the high barley price, slightly higher volumes in industrial products compared to last year and phasing of contract manufacturing volumes in the first quarter
- Comparable EBITDA was 1.0 (1.4) million
- Profitability negatively impacted by high barley cost and Group internal organisational transfers
- Comparable EBITDA without IFRS 16 impact EUR 0.5 million

Production

 The Koskenkorva plant has been running at full capacity during the first quarter and the plant's volumes were at last year's level

Key financials



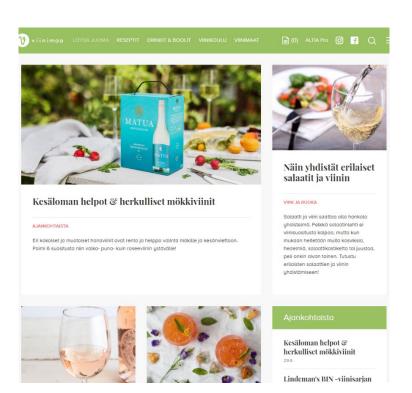
Retail offering



Altia's digital platforms

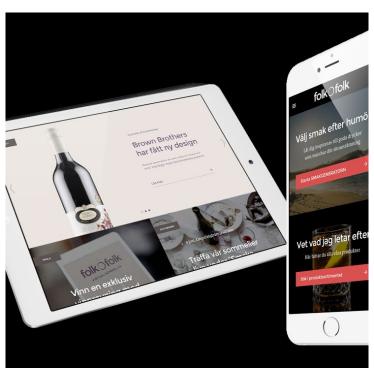
Finland: www.viinimaa.fi

- A leading consumer channel for alcoholic beverages in Finland
- · Website, newsletter and social media channels
- Reliable source of information, entertaining and inspirational



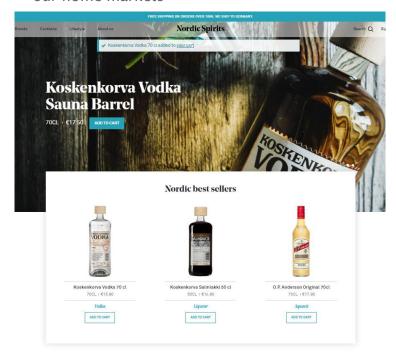
Sweden: www.folkofolk.se

- A unique and unrivaled position in the market for alcoholic beverages
- Website, newsletter, press room and social media channels
- The aim is to inspire, inform and educate the consumer



Germany: www.nordicspirits.com

- Nordic alcohol brand store in Germany since 5/18
- Incudes Altia's most popular beverage brands
- · Complements traditional exports channels
- Enables us to gather insights about digital consumer sales and online alcohol retail - which we can't do in our home markets



Finland & Exports

Consumer product sales in Finland, the Baltics, travel retail and export

KOSKENKORVA LARSEN



RENAULT

GLÖGG

Scandinavia

Consumer product sales in Sweden, Norway and Denmark

GRÖNSTEDTS



Altia Industrial

Industrial products and services businesses, supply chain, customer service and logistics.



Industrial products: Finnish barley is the focus of our operations and the products include barley starch, grain sprits, technical EXPLORED BLOSSA LARSEN ethanols and feed components.

> **Industrial services:** Contract manufacturing and logistics services for leading wine and spirits companies and for producers and retailers of technical ethanol and solvent products.







Key focus areas:

Key brands:

LEIJONA®

Developing ways of working with the state retail monopoly to continue as an important partner

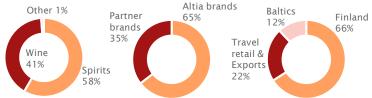
JALOVIINA

- Growing exports of key brands Koskenkorva, Larsen and O.P. Anderson in the key markets of Russia, Asia and the US, and capturing new markets
- Continuing to develop and grow grocery trade in Finland through innovation and novelties
- Continuing to develop Altia's digital reach via viinimaa.fi and nordicspirits.com to consumers and customers
- Continuous evaluation of product portfolio and ongoing revenue management

Key figures 2018:

- Net sales EUR 134 million
- Comparable EBITDA margin 14.3%
- Personnel at vear-end 92

Net sales split 20181:



Key brands:





KOSKENKORVA



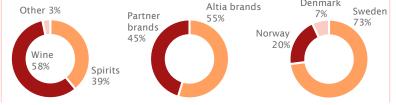
Key focus areas:

- Developing and growing the Nordic core brands through innovations in new occasions and categories as well as with line extensions
- Strengthening strategic wine and spirits partnerships and cooperation throughout the value chain
- · Continuing to develop Altia's digital reach to consumers and customers via folkofolk se
- · Continuous evaluation of product portfolio and ongoing revenue management

Key figures 2018:

- Net sales EUR 118 million
- Comparable EBITDA margin 8.6%
- Personnel at vear-end 83

Net sales split 2018¹:



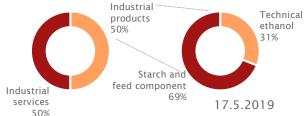
Key focus areas:

- · Growing sales and developing marketing of industrial products. Continuously developing technology and automation to improve efficiency, use of energy and water.
- Deepening the co-operation and relationships with contract service partners
- · Continuously improving the supply chain efficiency focusing on work safety, quality, automation and digitalisation. Expanding supply chain capabilities focusing on agility. flexibility, wine packaging and low alcohol production.

Key figures 2018:

- Net sales EUR 106 million
- Comparable EBITDA margin 10.3%
- Personnel at year-end 395

Net sales split 20181:



Our responsibility work is driven by key megatrends: health & wellbeing, circular economy and climate change

ALTIA CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY CORNERSTONES AND MATERIALITY









DRIVEN BY THE MEGATRENDS HEALTH & WELLBEING, CIRCULAR ECONOMY AND CLIMATE CHANGE

Altia & customers

- Quality and safety of Altia's products
- Responsibly produced and traceable raw materials
- Balanced product portfolio aligned with responsible consumption trends

Altia & society

- Responsible marketing
- Responsibility in supply chain
- Transparency and good governance

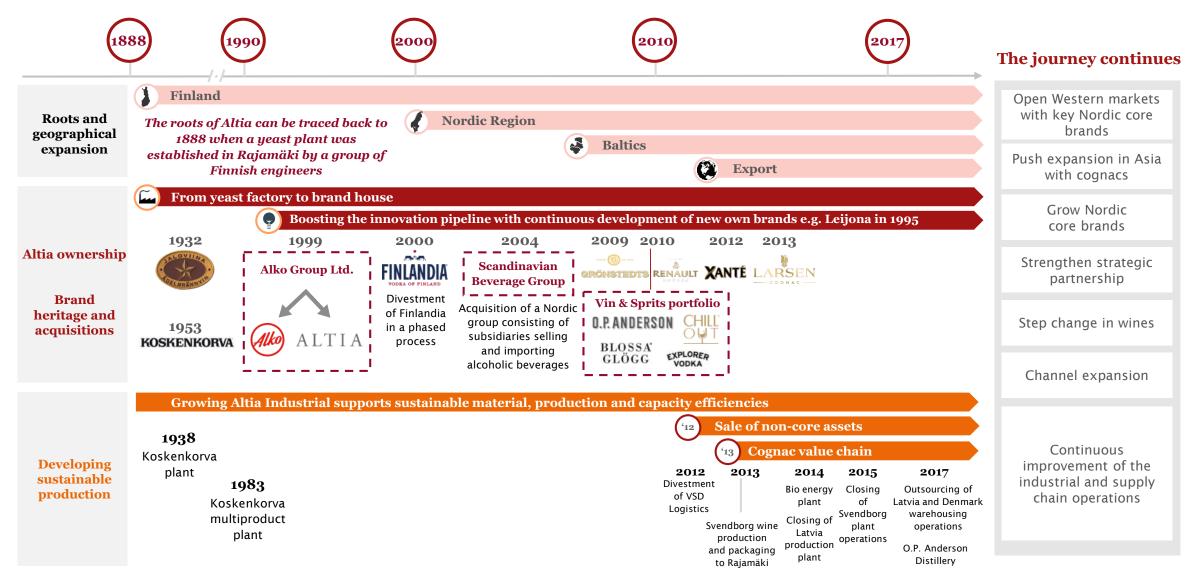
Altia & environment

- Energy consumption and CO2 emissions
- Sustainable and resilient agriculture
- Conserving groundwater
- Sustainable packaging

Altia & employees

- Wellbeing of employees
- Employee development& good leadership
- Occupational health & safety

Our journey to being the Nordic powerhouse and market leader

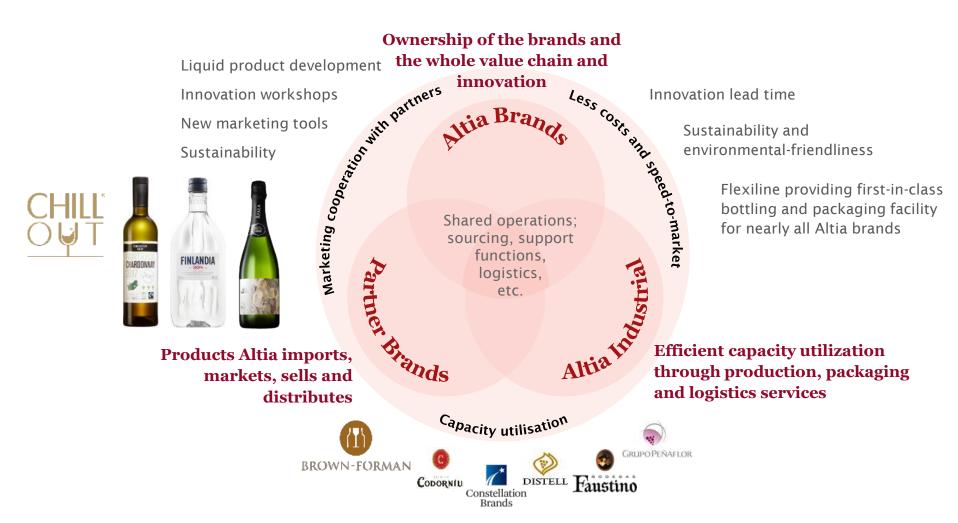


ALTIA

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Our integrated operating model creates synergies and economies of scale

ONE SHARED PLATFROM FOR OUR OWN BRANDS, PARTNER BRANDS AND INDUSTIRAL SERVICES



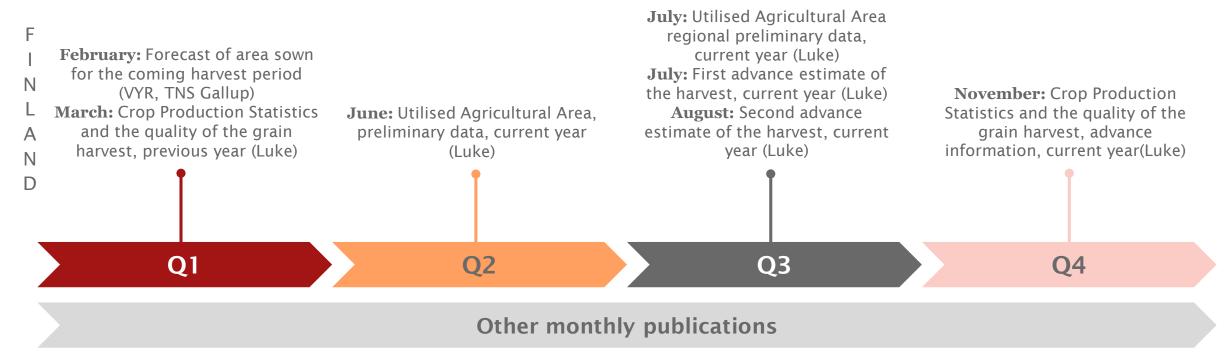
Summary of key benefits of the integrated operating model

Full capacity utilisation

Deeper cooperation with partners

Agility and capability for local solutions

Barley reports and publications



- Grain market report (International Grain council, IGC)
- World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates (WASDE) (USDA)
- MARS bulletins crop monitoring in Europe (European Comission)

Our sales channels provide stable and predictable sales

APPROXIMATELY TWO THIRDS OF OUR CONSUMER PRODUCT SALES COME FROM RETAIL MONOPOLIES

| | Consumer sales ¹⁾ | Examples | Description | How Altia operates in the channel |
|------|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| 68% | Monopoly | SYSTEM WINMONOPOLET | State retail monopolies in Finland, Sweden and Norway are the largest channels and constitute together approximately two thirds of the Company's consumer product sales Retail monopolies have extensive geographic presence and wide assortment supported by pick-and-collect online services | Several years of experience in operating in the highly regulated Nordic monopoly market Understanding of Nordic consumer habits and trends provides strong position in the tender processes |
| 10% | Grocery trade | MAXIMA Dagrofa KMarket NorgesGruppen Dansk Supermarked MARKET COOP | Grocery stores, supermarkets and kiosks especially in Denmark and the Baltics Low/non-alcoholic beverages in monopoly markets | With the change in the Finnish Alcohol Act in January 2018, the grocery trade opened up for ethanol- based beverages of up to 5.5% ABV |
| 9% | Wholesale & HoReCa | Heino K Scandic F 12 NOHO | Hotels, restaurants and cafés Plays important role in brand building and in trend-setting | Access to HoReCa goes usually through wholesale customers Important marketing channel |
| 13% | Travel retail & Exports | TALLINK VIKING LINE ASIAEURO TALLINK FINNAIR MINITARIA SPIRITS | Exports consists of consumer product sale outside Altia's home market Price differences between countries drive border trade and travel retail | Exports through distribution partnerships Key export countries are Russia, China and the US |

¹⁾ Consumer sales by customer segment in 2018. Consumer sales is defined as the total of net sales of Finland & Exports and Scandinavia segments. The consumer sales breakdown is based on unaudited internal sales reporting.

ALTIA

Two thirds of Altia's consumer product sales from monopolies



Transparent pricing - fixed and predetermined gross margins for monopoly

| | Annual wind | lows for price | Price lock-up period after a | | |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | I | II | III | initial listing | |
| Alko | 1 Feb | 1 Jun | 1 Oct | 8 months | |
| SYSTEM BOLAGET | 1 Mar | 1 Sep | - | 9 months | |
| ₩ VINMONOPOLET | 1 Jan | 1 May | 1 Sep | 6 months | |

Monopoly facts⁶⁾

| | | Off- | Share of consumption | Sale outlets | | Extent of assortment ⁴⁾ | | Monopoly | Share | Marketing | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|------|----------------------|--------------|---------|------------------------------------|------|----------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|
| | volumes 2017 ¹⁾ | | | Monopoly | Pick-up | Grocery trade | Base | Order | support ⁵⁾ | of wine in BIB | restrictions |
| Alko | 85 | 90% | 40% | 355 | 60 | 4948 ≤5.5% | 3642 | 3535 | 60% | 41% | Under 22% ABV brands allowed with certain restrictions |
| SYSTEM BOLAGET | 241 | 90% | 80.3% | 440 | 457 | 6587 ≤2.25% (≤3.5% beer) | 2521 | 13520 | 77.8% | 62% | Alcohol marketing is in general allowed, however certain restrictions apply |
| VINMONOPOLET | 78 | 90% | 48% | 327 | 0 | 4257 ≤4.7% | 1652 | 16335 | 55% | na | All marketing of alcoholic beverages prohibited |



²⁾Aggregatde volume data for spirits and wine in 2016 (Euromonitor 2017) 3)Share of recorded alcohol consumption calculated in litres of 100% alcohol

⁴⁾Number of beverage brands

⁵⁾ Based on surveys in 2017, results are not comparable

⁶⁾ Unless otherwise stated, source: Information on the Nordic Alcohol Market 2018 (Alko)

⁷⁾ Price revisions informed to monopolies about 2-3 months ahead

HISTORICAL YEAR IN VALUE AND IN VOLUME



MILLION BOTTLES +10.2%

TO MORE THAN 158 COUNTRIES

Global cognac market value grew by 14.4% to EUR 3.15 billion

Volume growth 10.2% to 197.4 million bottles

Highest volume growth in the US (+11.5%) and China (+31.5%)

VS quality is the biggest category (50%)

*IN MILLION BOTTLES

The US accounts for 42% of global volume, mostly VS quality

China (incl. Singapore) accounts for 25% of global volume, mostly VSOP/XO qualities

TOP 10 DIRECT SHIPMENTS IN MILLION BOTTLES

1- UNITED STATES

82.6

2- CHINA

3- SINGAPORE

6- FRANCE 4.3

8- HONG KONG 3.5

7- LETTONIA 3.7

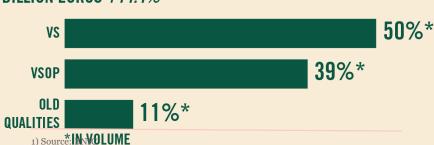
9- NETHERLANDS 2.9

10- SOUTH AFRICA

2.6

TURNOVER 3.15

BILLION EUROS +14.4%



86.1* NAFTA



OTHER MARKETS* : +13.2%

(* 6.5% OF THE GLOBAL VOLUMES SHIPPED, EQUAL TO 12.8 MILLION BOTTLES)



BNIC

CANADA. THE UNITED STATES AND MEXICO. • FAR EAST: SOUTH KOREA, HONG KONG, MALAYSIA, SINGAPORE,





Our Executive Management Team

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CFO

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D Kari Kilpinen SVP, FINLAND & EXPORTS

E Hannu Tuominen SVP, ALTIA INDUSTRIAL

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