

ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Hong Kong Branch
2022 Interim Financial Disclosure Statements

The information in the Disclosure Statement is not audited and does not constitute statutory accounts.

The information is available at the registered offices of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Hong Kong Branch and the Public Registry of HKMA. The statement can also be found on ABN AMRO Bank's website at <https://www.abnamro.com/en/investor-relations/financial-disclosures/index.html>

SECTION A – BRANCH INFORMATION (HONG KONG OFFICE ONLY)

Profit and loss information (HKD'000)	For the six months ended	
	30-Jun-22	30-Jun-21
Interest income	8,834	41,048
Interest expenses	9,565	16,165
Net interest income	<u>(731)</u>	<u>24,883</u>
Other operating income		
– Gains less losses arising from foreign exchange operations	1,171	7,166
– Gains less losses from other dealing activities	–	–
– Income from investment held for trading purposes	–	–
– Net fees and commission income	352	8,163
– <i>fees and commission income</i>	908	42,945
– <i>fees and commission expenses</i>	556	34,782
– Other	5,408	8,685
	<u>6,931</u>	<u>24,014</u>
Operating income	6,200	48,897
Operating expenses	34,476	54,384
of which		
– <i>staff expenses</i>	30,352	41,230
– <i>rental expenses</i>	1,140	1,215
– <i>other expenses</i>	2,984	11,939
Net charge/(credit) for loan impairments	21,982	(36,268)
Net credit for other provisions	–	–
Gains less losses from disposal of tangible fixed assets	–	–
(Loss)/Profit before taxation	<u>(50,258)</u>	<u>30,781</u>
Taxation charge	–	–
Extraordinary loss (net of tax)	<i>Note 1</i> (13,370)	(21,135)
(Loss)/Profit for the period	<u>(63,628)</u>	<u>9,646</u>

Note 1 – Staff restructuring costs and other expenses arising from the closure of Hong Kong Branch.

Balance sheet (HKD'000)	30-Jun-22	31-Dec-21
Assets		
Cash and balances with banks <i>(except those included in amount due from overseas offices of the institution)</i>	131,981	783,468
Due from Exchange Fund	759,989	6,478
Amount due from overseas offices of the Institution	–	6,300,989
Trade bills	–	–
Available-for-sale securities	–	1,499,694
Advances and other accounts	–	256,645
– advances to customers	–	261,896
– accrued interest receivable	–	254
– impairment allowances for impaired loans and other receivables	–	(5,505)
– <i>collective impairment allowances</i>	–	(366)
– <i>individual impairment allowances</i>	–	(5,139)
Other accounts	9,321	16,289
– unrealized gains on derivative instruments	–	3,273
– other accounts	9,321	13,016
Tangible fixed assets	5,296	7,895
Total assets	906,587	8,871,458
Liabilities		
Deposits and balances of banks and other financial institutions <i>(except those included in amount due to overseas offices of the institution)</i>	–	–
Deposits from customers	9,522	17,688
– demand deposits and current accounts	9,522	16,424
– savings deposits	–	1,264
– time, call and notice deposits	–	–
Amount due to overseas offices of the Institution	700,000	8,732,630
Accrued interest payable	934	34
Other accounts	196,131	121,106
– unrealized losses on derivative instruments	–	4,767
– provisions and others	196,131	116,339
Total liabilities	906,587	8,871,458

Balance Sheet (HKD'000) (continued)
Analysis of impaired loans

As at 30 June 2022, there was no loan and advance to bank customers and therefore no impaired loan to bank customers.

The analysis of impaired loans to non-bank customers are as follows:

The impaired loans* to customers by geographical area are as follows:	30-Jun-22			31-Dec-21		
	Gross impaired loans	Individual impairment allowances	Current market value of collateral	Gross impaired loans	Individual impairment allowances	Current market value of collateral
- United Arab Emirates	-	-	-	5,139	5,139	-
	-	-	-	5,139	5,139	-
Percentage of impaired loans to customers to total advances to customers	0.00%			1.96%		

* Impaired loans are advances to banks and customers that have been classified as "substandard", "doubtful" and "loss" in accordance with the HKMA Return of Loans and Advances and Provisions (Form MA(BS)2A) completion instructions.

Analysis of overdue advances to customers
30-Jun-22

The gross value of advances to customers by geographical area that have been overdue for:	30-Jun-22					Individual impairment allowances	Current market value of collateral
	Less than one month	More than one month and up to three months	more than three months and up to six months	more than six months and up to one year	over one year		
- United Arab Emirates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percentage of overdue loans to customers to total advances to customers	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

Balance Sheet (HKD'000) (continued)

31-Dec-21

The gross value of advances to customers by geographical area that have been overdue for:	Less than one month	More than one month	more than three months	more than six months	over one year	Total	Individual impairment allowances	Current market value of collateral
		and up to three months	and up to six months	and up to one year				
- United Arab Emirates	-	-	5,139	-	-	5,139	5,139	-
	-	-	5,139	-	-	5,139	5,139	-
Percentage of overdue loans to customers to total advances to customers	0.00%	0.00%	1.96%	0.00%	0.00%	1.96%		

30-Jun-22
31-Dec-21

Value of collateral held against overdue advances to customers

- Current market value of collateral held against overdue loans and advances	-	-
- Covered portion of overdue loans and advances	-	-
- Uncovered portion of overdue loans and advances	-	5,139

30-Jun-22
31-Dec-21

The gross amount of advances to banks which have been overdue for:

- three months or less but over one month;	-	-
- six months or less but over three months;	-	-
- one year or less but over six months; and	-	-
- over one year.	-	-
	-	-

Value of collateral held against for overdue advances to banks

- Current market value of collateral held	-	-
- Covered portion of overdue loans and advances	-	-
- Uncovered portion of overdue loans and advances	-	-

Percentage of overdue loans to banks to total balances and placements with banks (overseas offices are excluded)

0.00%

0.00%

Balance Sheet (HKD'000) (continued)

As at 30 June 2022, ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Hong Kong Branch does not have balances in the following:

1. re-scheduled loans	–	–
2. impairment allowances for loans and advances or other exposures which are maintained at overseas head office	–	–
3. trade bills and debt securities which have been overdue for over three months	–	–
4. repossessed assets	–	–

Non-bank mainland exposures (HKD'000)

The following Mainland exposures to non-bank counterparties are prepared in accordance with HKMA Return of Mainland Activities (Form MA(BS)20) completion instructions.

As at 30 June 2022	On-balance sheet exposures	Off-balance sheet exposures	Total
Types of Counterparties			
1. Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	–	–	–
2. Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	–	–	–
3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	–	–	–
4. Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	–	–	–
5. Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	–	–	–
6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	–	–	–
7. Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China	–	–	–
Total	–	–	–

Total assets after provision	906,587
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	0.00%

Non-bank mainland exposures (HKD'000) (continued)

As at 31 December 2021	On-balance sheet exposures	Off-balance sheet exposures	Total
Types of Counterparties			
1. Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	-	-	-
2. Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	-	-	-
3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	-	-	-
4. Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	-	-	-
5. Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	-	-	-
6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	-	-	-
7. Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-
Total assets after provision	8,871,458		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	0.00%		

Off-balance sheet exposures (HKD'000)	30-Jun-22	31-Dec-21
(a) Contingent liabilities and commitments		
– Direct credit substitutes	–	–
– Transaction-related contingencies	–	–
– Trade-related contingencies	–	–
– Forward asset purchases	–	–
– Forward forward deposits taken	–	–
– Forward forward deposits placed	–	–
– Other commitments	–	39,584
	<u>–</u>	<u>39,584</u>
	<u>–</u>	<u>39,584</u>

Direct credit substitutes are mainly financial guarantees contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss incurred because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Transaction-related contingencies are performance guarantees. Trade-related contingencies are mainly issue of letters of credit and confirmed letters of credit. Other commitments represent the amounts at risk should contracts be fully drawn upon and clients default.

(b) Derivatives (Notional amounts)		
– Exchange rate contracts	–	9,048,741
	<u>–</u>	<u>9,048,741</u>
	<u>–</u>	<u>9,048,741</u>

Derivative contracts were mainly entered into on a back-to-back basis to facilitate clients. The transactions carried out for the account of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Hong Kong Branch are primarily to manage exchange rate risk.

(c) Total fair value of derivatives		
– Exchange rate contracts	–	(1,494)
	<u>–</u>	<u>(1,494)</u>
(No bilateral netting arrangements)	<u>–</u>	<u>(1,494)</u>

As at 30 June 2022, there are no note issuance and revolving underwriting facilities.

Segmental information (HKD'000)	30-Jun-22 Gross loans and advances	30-Jun-22 Current market value of collateral	31-Dec-21 Gross loans and advances	31-Dec-21 Current market value of collateral
(a) Total advances to customers by industry sectors				
Advances for use in Hong Kong Industrial, commercial and financial:				
– Financial concerns	–	–	–	–
– Wholesale and retail trade	–	–	21,055	4,880
– Manufacturing	–	–	–	–
– Transport and transport equipment	–	–	–	–
– Others	–	–	–	–
Trade finance	–	–	235,702	54,630
Advances for use outside Hong Kong				
– Kong	–	–	5,139	–
Total advances to customers	–	–	261,896	59,510
Percentage of value of collateral to total advances to customers		0.00%		22.72%
Total advances to customers by geographical area of which exposures to (HKD'000):			30-Jun-22	31-Dec-21
– Hong Kong			–	256,757

Advances to customers by geographical area are reported where it constitutes 10% or more of the total advances to customers and classified according to the location of the counterparties. Impaired loans and advances to customers occurred at the year ended 30 June 2022 were already disclosed under the analysis of impaired loans. There was no loan and advance to bank customers at the year ended 30 June 2022.

Segmental information *(continued)*
(b) International claims (HKD millions)

The following illustrates the major country or geographical segment breakdown of international claims by types of counterparties. A major country or geographical segment is disclosed if international claims attributable to the country or segment (including Hong Kong) constitute not less than 10% of total international claims after taking into account any recognized risk transfer.

		Non-bank private sector				
			Non-bank	Non-		
	Banks	Official	financial	financial	Others	Total
		Sector	institutions	private		
				sector		
As at 30 June 2022						
1. Developed Countries						
<i>of which Netherlands</i>	64	–	–	–	–	64
<i>of which USA</i>	118	–	–	–	–	118
2. Offshore centres						
<i>of which Hong Kong SAR</i>	–	–	1	1	–	2

		Non-bank private sector				
			Non-bank	Non-		
	Banks	Official	financial	financial	Others	Total
		Sector	institutions	private		
				sector		
As at 31 December 2021						
1. Developed Countries						
<i>of which Netherlands</i>	6,922	–	–	–	–	6,922
<i>of which USA</i>	7	–	–	–	–	7
2. Offshore centres						
<i>of which Hong Kong SAR</i>	–	–	–	257	–	257

Currency risk (HKD'000)

The following foreign currency exposures are prepared in accordance with the HKMA Return of Foreign Currency Position (Form MA(BS)6) completion instructions. Foreign currency exposures arising from trading and structural positions with net position (in absolute terms) which constitutes 10% or more of the total net position in all foreign currencies are disclosed.

30-Jun-22

	USD	EUR	CNY	SGD	OTH
Spot assets	125,274	14	15	-	16
Spot liabilities	178,547	44	100	728	-
Forward purchases	-	-	-	-	-
Forward sales	-	-	-	-	-
Net long position	(53,273)	(30)	(85)	(728)	16

31-Dec-21

	USD	EUR	CNY	SGD	OTH
Spot assets	6,663,632	5,933	490,349	1,296	5,304
Spot liabilities	8,689,161	897	99	743	5,521
Forward purchases	5,634,581	-	736,727	-	-
Forward sales	3,412,194	-	1,229,105	-	-
Net short position	196,858	5,036	(2,128)	553	(217)

As at 30 June 2022, there was no foreign currency exposures arising from structural positions.

Liquidity

Principles of Liquidity Risk Management

ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Hong Kong Branch (ABN AMRO HK) acts as a branch and funding centre for Asia Pacific and is within the core perimeter of the ABN AMRO Group N.V. (ABN AMRO Group) Liquidity Risk Management structure. ABN AMRO HK's liquidity management is subject to the governance and principles outlined in the ABN AMRO Group Liquidity Policy.

These are based on and in accordance with the principles set by De Nederlandsche Bank (DNB, the Dutch Central Bank) defining the Internal Liquidity Adequacy Assessment Process (ILAAP). ABN AMRO Group sets its liquidity management in compliance with the standards of the BASEL Committee, including but not limited to full compliance with the Liquidity Coverage Ratio, the Net Stable Funds Ratio and the Leverage Ratio.

Certain elements in the ABN AMRO Group Liquidity Policy are primarily executed centrally, and apply to the local situation only indirectly, or in a global governance context. To align the local Asset and Liability Management and Treasury (ALM/T) operating model with respect to liquidity management, international governance principles have been created in line with ABN AMRO Group liquidity principles.

Liquidity *(continued)*

Assets and Liabilities Committee (ALCO)

The Hong Kong Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO) defines ABN AMRO HK's Risk Appetite that aligns with the overall moderate risk profile of ABN AMRO Group. Limits and checkpoints are set relative to ABN AMRO HK's regulatory and internal ratios, intercompany funding limits and counter balancing capacity, and are used to measure, monitor and manage ABN AMRO HK's liquidity risk. ALCO holds a meeting on a monthly basis (and on an ad-hoc basis, when required), to discuss and monitor funding and liquidity topics.

Assets and Liabilities Management and Treasury (ALM/T)

ABN AMRO HK Asset and Liability Management and Treasury (ALM/T) responsibilities centre on identifying, monitoring and managing balance sheet risks within internal and external requirements. ALM/T is responsible for setting up the local liquidity risk framework and the local liquidity management strategy. The framework and strategy have to be aligned with the annual Local Risk Appetite Statement process and updated accordingly by HK ALM/T. Any adjustment to the framework have to be approved by HK ALCO and relevant global business risk committees.

Liquidity Risk Monitoring and Reporting

Reporting to HK ALCO and Group ALM on liquidity indicators is performed according to the requirements formulated by Hong Kong ALCO and Group ALM. Liquidity indicators, reports and dashboards are used to monitor the liquidity position. Internal reporting is performed on the liquidity risk appetite indicators, early warning indicators, liquidity buffer and overall liquidity profile of ABN AMRO HK. The liquidity reports aim to provide adequate insight in the overall funding position. The checkpoints and early warning indicators act as a trigger, to ensure mitigation actions are taken before they exceed the defined limit or appetite.

Diversification in funding sources and tenors of funding

ABN AMRO HK maintains a diversified funding profile and sustains its proven market access. ABN AMRO HK relies on ABN AMRO Group's central funding strategy and market access to adhere to the regulatory liquidity management principle of effective diversification in sources and tenor of funding, and also maintain an ongoing presence in its chosen funding markets, to retain strong relationships with liquidity providers in order to promote effective diversification of funding sources.

All positions over 12 months are matched funded with Head Office. ABN AMRO HK manages short term liquidity up to 12 months. The maximum liquidity mismatch (contractual gap) is monitored and reported to the Group ALCO and HK ALCO via the HK ALCO Dashboard. ABN AMRO HK also manages its intraday liquidity positions and risks, meeting payment and settlement obligation when under both normal and stressed conditions. As part of its own liquidity management strategy, ABN AMRO HK holds a liquidity buffer to withstand a period of limited funding access. A contingency funding plan is in place to guide on governance in a liquidity stress situation.

Liquidity *(continued)*

Liquidity Buffer

In accordance with the central funding and liquidity model of ABN AMRO Group, ABN AMRO HK maintains a regulatory portfolio/liquidity buffer. ABN AMRO HK's mandated regulatory liquid assets comprise of Hong Kong Monetary Authority's Exchange Fund Bills and debt securities issued by a sovereign or central bank with an assigned credit rating of at least AA-S&P, Fitch or Aa3 Moody's.

Fund Transfer Pricing

ABN AMRO HK recognizes and applies the cost of funding based on the principle of matched opportunity rate. Interest rate risk and liquidity risk is transferred out of the business segments to the Asset and Liability Management (ALM) segment by applying the Global Funds Transfer Pricing (FTP) principles.

Liquidity Stress Testing

Liquidity stress testing plays an important part in obtaining a comprehensive view of ABN AMRO HK's liquidity risk profile. Stress tests for ABN AMRO HK are well designed and implemented, stress outcomes provide valuable information on ABN AMRO HK's liquidity profile that cannot be generated from a limited set of standardized liquidity metrics alone.

Stress Testing is used to predict and illustrate the current and prospective (potential) liquidity risk impact of ABN AMRO HK of local and/or global events and development. Stress tests and scenario analyses are run regularly to understand the impact of liquidity stress on cash flows. The results are used to assess and determine ABN AMRO HK's:

- Risk Appetite
- Contingency Funding Plan
- Liquidity Management Policy
- Required size of counter balancing capacity (comprising of Head Office funding and the liquidity buffer)

Liquidity *(continued)*
Contingency Funding Plan (CFP)

ABN AMRO HK defines a CFP to respond efficiently and effectively to severe disruption to ABN AMRO HK's ability to fund its activities. The CFP ensures quick identification of a (potential) liquidity crisis and necessary action taking. The CFP clearly sets out the strategies for addressing possible liquidity shortfalls in emergency situations, to ensure quick identification and action taking. The CFP outlines policies to manage a range of stress events, establish clear lines of responsibility and communication, stipulates clear stages of CFP invocation and escalation procedures, proposes mitigation actions, and is regularly tested and updated to ensure that it is operationally fit for purpose.

	2022	2021
	Apr – Jun	Apr – Jun
Average liquidity maintenance ratio (LMR)	352.66%	64.74%

The LMR is calculated in accordance with the Banking (Liquidity) Rules. The average for the quarter is calculated on the simple average LMR for each calendar month in the quarter.

Liquidity Buffer (HKD'000)	30-Jun-22	31-Dec-21
US Treasury Bills	–	–
The HKSAR Exchange Fund Bills	–	1,499,649
	–	1,499,649

Contractual maturity of assets and liabilities (HKD'000)
As at 30 June 2022

	On demand	Up to one month	Between one and three months	Between three and six months	Between six and twelve months	Between one and two years	Between two and three years	Between three and five years	Maturity not applicable	Total
Assets:										
Cash and balances with banks (except those included in amount due from overseas offices of the institution)	131,981	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131,981
Due from Exchange Fund	759,989	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	759,989
Amount due from overseas offices of the institution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Bills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Available-for-sale securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances to customers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	2,439	-	-	25	-	-	-	6,857	9,321
Impairment allowances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,296	5,296
Total assets	891,970	2,439	-	-	25	-	-	-	12,153	906,587
Liabilities:										
Deposits and balances of bank and other financial institutions (except those included in amount due to overseas offices of the institution)	-	-	700,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	700,000
Deposit from customers	9,522	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,522
Amount due to overseas offices of the institution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrealized losses on derivative instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provisions and other	-	1,675	3,535	-	-	-	-	-	191,855	197,065
Total liabilities	9,522	1,675	703,535	-	-	-	-	-	191,855	906,587
Off-balance sheet exposures - claims										
Forward forward deposits taken	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Off-balance sheet exposures claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet exposures - obligations										
Direct credit substitutes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transaction-related contingencies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade-related contingencies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward asset purchases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward forward deposits placed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Off-balance sheet exposures - obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Liquidity Gap	882,448	764	(703,535)	-	25	-	-	-	(179,702)	-

Contractual maturity of assets and liabilities (HKD'000)
As at 31 December 2021

	On demand	Up to one month	Between one and three months	Between three and six months	Between six and twelve months	Between one and two years	Between two and three years	Between three and five years	Maturity not applicable	Total
Assets:										
Cash and balances with banks (except those included in amount due from overseas offices of the institution)	296,001	487,467	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	783,468
Due from Exchange Fund	6,478	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,478
Amount due from overseas offices of the institution	3	6,300,986	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,300,989
Trade Bills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Available-for-sale-securities	1,499,694	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,499,694
Advances to customers	-	256,757	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,139	261,896
Accrued interest receivable	-	254	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	254
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments	-	3,273	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,273
Others	-	1,705	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,311	13,016
Impairment allowances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,505)	(5,505)
Fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,895	7,895
Total assets	1,802,176	7,050,442	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,840	8,871,458
Liabilities:										
Deposits and balances of bank and other financial institutions (except those included in amount due to overseas offices of the institution)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposit from customers	17,688	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,688
Amount due to overseas offices of the institution	-	8,732,630	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,732,630
Accrued interest payable	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34
Unrealized losses on derivative instruments	-	4,767	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,767
Provisions and other	9,513	81,632	2,323	7,789	-	-	-	-	15,082	116,339
Total liabilities	27,201	8,819,063	2,323	7,789	-	-	-	-	15,082	8,871,458
Off-balance sheet exposures - claims										
Forward forward deposits taken	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Off-balance sheet exposures claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet exposures - obligations										
Direct credit substitutes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transaction-related contingencies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade-related contingencies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward asset purchases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward forward deposits placed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other commitments	39,584	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,584
Other obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Off-balance sheet exposures - obligations	39,584	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,584
Net Liquidity Gap	1,735,951	(1,768,621)	(2,323)	(7,789)	-	-	-	-	3,758	(39,584)

Disclosure on Remuneration

Pursuant to section 3 of Supervisory Policy Manual (CG-5) Guideline on a Sound Remuneration System issued by the HKMA, ABN AMRO Bank N.V. HK complies with the requirements and has adopted the remuneration systems of ABN AMRO Group.

ABN AMRO Group N.V.

Section B - Consolidated bank information (Euro million)

	30-Jun-22	31-Dec-21
Capital and capital adequacy		
Total Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital	19,628	19,206
Total Tier 1 capital	21,610	21,188
Total regulatory capital	26,862	26,324
CET1 ratio	15.50%	16.30%
CET1 (Basel IV) ratio	16.00%	16.00%
Tier 1 ratio	17.10%	18.00%
Total capital ratio	21.20%	22.40%
Shareholders' fund	30-Jun-22	31-Dec-21
Total Shareholders' fund	22,528	21,999
Other financial information	30-Jun-22	31-Dec-21
Total assets	421,504	399,113
of which total advance to customers	259,641	258,251
Total liabilities	398,977	377,114
of which total customers deposits	265,191	251,218
Total risk-weighted assets (risk exposure amount)	126,676	117,693
	For the six months ended	
	30-Jun-22	30-Jun-21
Profit before taxation	989	664

This is to confirm that the information in these disclosure statements for the period ended 30 June 2022 complies with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules and the additional guidance that aims to assist Authorised Institutions with their preparation of the financial disclosures in accordance with the requirements of the Rules and is not false or misleading in any material respect.

Hong Kong, 28 September 2022

Eugene Ganchev

Chief Executive,
ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Hong Kong Branch

Cheryl Ho

Head of Finance,
ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Hong Kong Branch