# **Rehoming Dogs with Separation Anxiety**

Common signs of separation anxiety/separation-related behavior (SA/SRB)—a common problem that can make it difficult to rehome dogs-include destructive behaviors, vocalization of various types, and inappropriate elimination.

This study investigated the use of written advice provided to owners for preventing SRB in newly rehomed dogs. Dog owners (n = 306) were randomly assigned to either a treatment (ie, written advice about reducing SA/SRB) or untreated control group (ie, written advice about general wellness only). After 12 weeks, efficacy was evaluated via an owner questionnaire.

Of 306 participants, 176 follow-up questionnaires were suitable for data analysis. SRB was noted in 30% of dogs (38% from the control group, 22% from the treatment group). Younger dogs were more likely and spayed dogs were less likely to display signs of SA/SRB, particularly signs associated with destructive behaviors. Owner compliance varied with each recommendation; those requiring work or lifestyle changes had poor compliance.

The authors concluded that written advice provided to owners appears effective in reducing SRB following rehoming.

# Commentary

This study found that simple owner handouts were effective in reducing development of SA/SRB. Despite potential drawbacks, the investment is minimal. Additionally, the advice can help set adopters up for successful relationships with their new dogs, even those that would not have developed SA/SRB.

Many shelters only counsel adopters about SA/SRB if the dog has a history. This strategy may miss opportunities for education when rehoming stray dogs that, unknown to the shelter staff, have SRB. Given the potential for decreasing the number of dogs returned for problem behaviors, rehoming centers should consider implementing this low-cost strategy for all adopted dogs.—Erica Schumacher, DVM, Dane County Humane Society, Wisconsin

## Source

Blackwell EJ, Casey RA, Bradshaw JWS. Efficacy of written behavioral advice for separation-related behavior problems in dogs newly adopted from a rehoming center. J Vet Behav. 2016;12:13-19.



CAUTION: Federal (USA) law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Description:

NexGard\* (afroxlaner) is available in four sizes of beef-flavored, soft chewables for oral administration to dogs and pup according to their weight. Each chewable is formulated to provide a minimum afroxlaner dosage of 1.14 mg/lb (2.5 mg/kg). Afoxolaner has the chemical composition 1-Naphthalenecarboxamide, 4-[5-[3-chloro-5-ttrifluoromethyl]-phenyl]-4, 5-ditydro-5-ttrifluoromethyl]-3-isoxazolyl]-N-[2-oxo-2-[(2.2,2-trifluoroethyl]amino]ethyl.

NexGard kills adult fleas and is indicated for the treatment and prevention of flea infestations (Ctenocephalides felis), and rescutant initial and initial Black-legistic for the instance and pelvention on their interactions preferred and some first the treatment and control of Black-legistic fixed instances and initial sources and provided the readment and control of Black-legistic fixed scapularity. American Dog tick (Demacentor variabilis), Lone Start tick (Amblyomma americanum), and Brown dog tick (Rhipicephalus sanguineus) infestations in dogs and puppies 8 weeks of age and older, veighting 4 pounds of body weight or greater, for one month.

Dosage and Administration:
NexGard is given orally once a month, at the minimum dosage of 1.14 mg/lb (2.5 mg/kg).

Body Weight	Afoxolaner Per Chewable (mg)	Chewables Administered	
4.0 to 10.0 lbs.	11.3	One	
10.1 to 24.0 lbs.	28.3	One	
24.1 to 60.0 lbs.	68	One	
60.1 to 121.0 lbs.	136	One	
Over 121.0 lbs.	Administer the appropriate combination of chewables		

NexGard can be administered with or without food. Care should be taken that the dog consumes the complete dose, and treated animals should be observed for a few minutes to ensure that part of the dose is not lost or refused. If it is suspected that any of the dose has been lost or if vomiting occurs within two hours of administration, redose with another full dose. If a dose is missed, administer PexGard and resume a monthly dosing schedule.

Flea Treatment and Prevention: Treatment with NexGard may begin at any time of the year. In areas where fleas are common year-round, monthly treatment with NexGard should continue the entire year without interruption.

To minimize the likelihood of flea reinfestation, it is important to treat all animals within a household with an approved flea control product.

Tick Treatment and Control:
Treatment with NexGard may begin at any time of the year (see **Effectiveness**)

Contraindications:
There are no known contraindications for the use of NexGard.

Warnings:

Not for use in humans. Keep this and all drugs out of the reach of children. In case of accidental ingestion, contact a physician immediately.

Precautions:
The safe use of NexGard in breeding, pregnant or lactating dogs has not been evaluated. Use with caution in dogs with a history of seizures (see Adverse Reactions).

Adverse Reactions:
In a well-controlled US field study, which included a total of 333 households and 615 treated dogs (415 administered aftoxlaner, 200 administered active control), no serious adverse reactions were observed with NexGard.

aruxurianer; ZND administered active control), no serious adverse reactions were observed with NexGard.

Over the 90-day study period, all observations of potential adverse reactions were recorded. The most frequent reactions reported at an incidence of > 1% within any of the three months of observations are presented in the following table. The most frequently reported adverse reaction was vomiting. The occurrence of vomiting was generally self-limiting and of short duration and tended to decrease with subsequent doses in both groups. Five treated dogs experienced anorexia during the study, and two of those dogs experienced anorexia with the first dose but not subsequent doses.

Table 1: Dogs With Adverse Reactions.

Autorse neucuons.	Treatment Group			
	Afoxolaner		Oral active control	
	N¹	% (n=415)	N <sup>2</sup>	% (n=200)
Vomiting (with and without blood)	17	4.1	25	12.5
Dry/Flaky Skin	13	3.1	2	1.0
Diarrhea (with and without blood)	13	3.1	7	3.5
Lethargy	7	1.7	4	2.0
Anorexia	5	1.2	9	4.5

<sup>1</sup>Number of dogs in the afoxolaner treatment group with the identified abnormality.
<sup>2</sup>Number of dogs in the control group with the identified abnormality.

In the US field study, one dog with a history of seizures experienced a seizure on the same day after receiving the first dose and on the same day after receiving the second dose of NexGard. This dog experienced a third seizure one week after receiving the third dose. The dog remained enrolled and completed the study. Another dog with a history of seizures had a seizure 19 days after the third dose of NexGard. The dog remained enrolled and completed the study. A third dog with a history of seizures received NexGard and experienced on seizures throughout the study.

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## Mode of Action:

Afoxolaner is a member of the isoxazoline family, shown to bind at a binding site to inhibit insect and acarine ligand-gated chloride channels, in particular those gated by the neurotransmitter gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA), thereby blocking pre and post-synaptic transfer of chloride ions across cell membranes. Prolonged afoxolaner-induced hyperexcitation results in and post-synaptic basises or another posts accessed an international service integral another involved in presentation for formal uncontrolled activity of the central nervous system and death of insects and activities. The selective boxicity of about between insects and carries and mammals may be inferred by the differential sensitivity of the insects and acarines' GABA receptors versus mammalian GABA receptors.

GABA receptors versus mammalian usaba receptors.

Effectiveness:
In a well-controlled laboratory study, NexGard began to kill fleas four hours after initial administration and demonstrated >99% effectiveness at eight hours. In a separate well-controlled laboratory study, NexGard demonstrated 100% effectiveness against adult fleas 24 hours post-infestation for 35 days, and was ≥ 93% effective at 12 hours post-infestation through Day 21, and on Day 35. On Day 35, on Day 32, on Day 19, denoted flea eggs at 12 to anough 25, on Day 19, denoted flea eggs at 12 - 2 and 24-hours post-inestened to 11-19 eggs and 1-17 eggs in the NexGard treated dogs, and 4-90 eggs and 0-118 eggs in the control dogs, at 12- and 24-hours, respectively. At subsequent evaluations post-infestation, fleas from dogs in the treated group were essentially unable to produce any eggs (0-1 eggs) while fleas from dogs in the treated group were essentially unable to In a 90-day US field study conducted in households with existing flea infestations of varying severity, the effectiveness of NexGard against fleas on the Day 30, 60 and 90 visits compared with baseline was 98.0%, 99.7%, and 99.9%, respectively. Collectively, the data from the three studies (two laboratory and one field) demonstrate that NexGard kills fleas before they can lay eggs, thus preventing subsequent flea infestations after the start of treatment of existing flea infestations. can by eggs, thus preventing subsequent lear inestances are the state of the deather of the standing lear inestances. In well-controlled laboratory studies, NexGard demonstrated >97% effectiveness against Demacentor variabilis, >94% effectiveness against Nodes scapularis, and >93% effectiveness against Rhipicaphalus sanguineus, 48 hours post-infestation 30 days. At 72 hours post-infestation, NexGard demonstrated >97% effectiveness against Amblyomma americanum for 30 days.

Animal Safety:

In a margin of safety study, NexGard was administered orally to 8 to 9-week-old Beagle puppies at 1, 3, and 5 times the maximum exposure dose (6.3 mg/kg) for three treatments every 28 days, followed by three treatments every 14 days, for a total of six treatments. Dogs in the control group were sham-dosed. There were no clinically-relevant effects related to treatment on physical examination, body weight, food consumption, clinical pathology (hematology, clinical chemistries, or cagulation tests), gross pathology, histopathology or organ verights. Vomiting occurred throughout the study, with a similar incidence in the treated and control groups, including one dog in the 5x group that vomited four hours after treatment. In a well-controlled field study. NexGard was used concomitantly with other medications, such as vaccines, anthelmintics antibiotics (including topicals), steroids, NSAIDS, anesthetics, and antihistamines. No adverse reactions were observed from the concomitant use of NexGard with other medications.

Storage Information:
Store at or below 30°C (86°F) with excursions permitted up to 40°C (104°F).

NexGard is available in four sizes of beef-flavored soft chewables: 11.3, 28.3, 68 or 136 mg afoxolaner. Each chewable size is available in color-coded packages of 1, 3 or 6 beef-flavored chewables.

NADA 141-406, Approved by FDA

Marketed by: Frontline Vet Labs™, a Division of Merial, Inc. Duluth. GA 30096-4640 USA

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