

Calvert Impact Climate, Inc.Audited Financial Statements

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 with Report of Independent Auditors

Audited Financial Statements

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Directors Calvert Impact Climate, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Calvert Impact Climate, Inc. (the Company), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Chron Jambert LLP

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Vienna, Virginia

March 27, 2025

Statements of Financial Position

December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024		2023	
Assets				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	247,910	\$ 72,107	
Loans receivable, net of allowance for credit losses of \$0				
of and \$0, respectively		53,470,606	32,705,347	
Grant receivable		-	1,731,479	
Interest receivable		297,097	143,125	
Total assets	\$	54,015,613	\$ 34,652,058	
		_	 _	
Liabilities and net assets				
Liabilities:				
Cut Carbon Notes payable, net (the Notes)	\$	47,889,401	\$ 29,552,738	
Other liabilities		145,743	73,240	
Total liabilities		48,035,144	29,625,978	
Net assets:				
Without donor restrictions:				
Undesignated		5,980,469	 5,026,080	
Total net assets without donor restrictions		5,980,469	 5,026,080	
Total net assets		5,980,469	 5,026,080	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	54,015,613	\$ 34,652,058	

Statements of Activities

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024		2023	
Revenue				_
Interest revenue	\$	2,773,391	\$	433,667
Fee revenue		7,025		-
Grant revenue		929,253		-
Total revenue		3,709,669		433,667
Expenses				
Financial expenses		2,376,170		343,317
Operating expenses		54,222		64,268
Total expenses		2,430,392		407,587
Change in net assets from operations		1,279,277		26,080
Nonoperating activities:				
Distribution to Calvert Impact, Inc.		(324,888)		
Change in net assets		954,389		26,080
Net assets, beginning of year		5,026,080		5,000,000
Net assets, end of year	\$	5,980,469	\$	5,026,080

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023		
Cash flows from operating activities				
Change in net assets	\$ 954,389	\$ 26,080		
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Amortization of loan and Cut Carbon Note issuance costs	40,559	9,162		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Grant receivable	1,731,479	3,268,521		
Interest receivable	(153,972)	(143,125)		
Other liabilities	72,503	73,240		
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,644,958	3,233,878		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Loan issuance costs	(517,125)	(797,886)		
Repayments of Loans	401,948	-		
Loans purchased	(20,685,060)	(31,915,385)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(20,800,237)	(32,713,271)		
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from issuance of Cut Carbon Notes	18,800,000	29,700,000		
Cut Carbon Note issuance costs	(94,000)	(148,500)		
Repayments of the Notes	(374,918)	-		
Net cash provided by financing activities	18,331,082	29,551,500		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	175,803	72,107		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	72,107	-		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 247,910	\$ 72,107		
	<u></u>			
Supplemental disclosures of cash information				
Interest paid	\$ 2,031,022	\$ 260,916		

Notes to Financial Statements

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note A - Organization

Calvert Impact Climate, Inc. (the Company), a Delaware charitable nonstock corporation, a wholly controlled subsidiary of Calvert Impact, Inc. was organized on May 28, 2021 for charitable, educational, and scientific purposes. The Company's principal focus is to mitigate the effects of climate change and promote sustainable real estate development. To advance its charitable purpose, the Company finances energy efficiency and renewable energy generation upgrades for commercial buildings throughout the United States. This financing is originated pursuant to commercial property assessed clean energy (CPACE) programs. Through CPACE programs, building owners can make sustainability upgrades to their properties using private financing, which they repay via special assessments added to their tax bill. The special assessments create liens on the underlying property that, in general, are (i) on equal footing with or immediately junior to property taxes and (ii) senior to all other liens, including mortgage liens.

From time to time, the Company plans to acquire CPACE receivables from PACE Equity Warehouse C, LLC (the Seller), a Delaware limited liability company. The Seller is a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of PACE Equity, LLC, a Wisconsin limited liability company (PACE Equity or the Subservicer of the Cut Carbon Notes). The CPACE loans receivable are secured by and repaid via the CPACE special assessments.

The Company finances its acquisition of CPACE assets by selling asset-backed notes (the Cut Carbon Notes) to investors. The Cut Carbon Notes are payable from all assets of the Company and secured by the CPACE assets and certain other assets of the Company.

The offering of the Cut Carbon Notes is sponsored by Calvert Impact, Inc. (the Sponsor), a Delaware 501(c)(3) charitable nonstock corporation.

Calvert Impact, Inc. also acts as Master Servicer and Master Portfolio Administrator for all of the CPACE Assets on behalf of the Company.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). Preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and recognition through March 27, 2025, the date on which these financial statements were available to be issued and has considered all relevant matters in the preparation of the financial statements and notes. See Note H for additional information.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation

Measure of Operations

The statements of activities reports all changes in net assets, including changes in net assets from operating and nonoperating activities. Operating activities consist of those items attributable to the Company's ongoing program and supporting services. Nonoperating activities are limited to distributions to Calvert Impact, Inc.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers highly liquid investments, with maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash in bank deposit accounts, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Company monitors these balances and believes they do not represent a significant credit risk to the Company.

Grant Receivable

Unconditional contributions and grants are recognized when received. Conditional contributions and grants, with a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met. The Company determined no allowance for credit losses for grant receivable was deemed necessary as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Loans Receivable

Loans for which management has the intent and ability to hold until maturity or payoff are recorded at amortized cost, net of the allowance for credit losses. Amortized costs is the principal balance outstanding and issuance costs incurred but deferred on the purchase of the loans. Interest income is accrued on the unpaid principal balance. Included in these balances are unamortized issuance costs of \$1,272,110 and \$789,962 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which will be amortized over the term of the individual loans as an offset to interest income.

Interest Revenue

Interest is recognized on an accrual basis, using the effective interest rate method and is shown on the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fee Revenue

Fee revenue is recognized when the service has been substantially completed and is fixed or determinable, and collection is considered probable. Fee revenue is shown on the statement activities.

Allowance for Credit Losses

The Company has established an allowance for credit losses to provide estimates of uncollectible loans, which is reflected in the statements of financial position within loans receivable. Although variability is inherent in such estimates, management believes that the allowance for credit losses provided in the financial statements is adequate. However, because of the small population of loans and limited historical experience, as well as changing variables and analysis, actual losses could be significantly more or less than management's estimate. As adjustments to these estimates become necessary, such adjustments are included in current operations. On a quarterly basis, the Company reviews the current level of reserves, and the state of the portfolio to determine the adequacy of the reserve level to cover future losses based on historical experience adjusted for current conditions and reasonable supportable forecasts.

The Company pools loans for estimating its allowance for credit loss based on the individual risk score of each loan. The Company's loans are secured by liens on the underlying real estate that are either pari passu with or junior only to the liens for real property taxes. Additionally, the Company considers the loan-to-value (LTV) ratio which measures the fair value of the real estate collateral in excess of the Company's loan. The Company considers the risk attributes of the loans, including the borrower's past performance, the collateral supporting the loan, the seniority of the Company's loan to any other loans on the underlying real estate, current conditions, and reasonable, supportable forecasts. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company concluded that no allowance for credit losses was required.

The Company ceases to accrue interest on loans when they become 90 days past due unless the obligation is both well secured and in the process of collection, or when management believes the asset is not collectible. Loans are returned to accrual status only when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and in the opinion of management, future payments are reasonably assured. Interest accrued on these loans is reversed against interest income. If deemed finally uncollectible, the asset is written-off, offsetting the asset value on the balance sheet against the allowance for credit losses. Changes in the allowance for credit losses on loans are recorded as provision for credit losses income (expense) on the statements of activities. After write off, any recovery is recognized as income in the period in which it was received. A charge off does not lesson the effort to collect. See further disclosures surrounding credit losses in Note C.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

The Company elected not to measure the credit loss allowance for accrued interest receivable on loans and writes off accrued interest as a reversal of interest income. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, \$0 of accrued interest was reversed against interest income. Accrued interest receivable on loans in the amount of \$297,097 and \$143,125 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, were excluded from the estimate of credit losses.

Issuance Costs

Issuance costs consist of capitalized costs related to the assignment fee of CPACE loan receivables, and capitalized costs related to the issuance of the Cut Carbon Notes. The Company defers these costs upon assignment and issuance of the related CPACE loan receivable or Cut Carbon Note, and amortizes the expense over the life of the related CPACE loan receivable or Cut Carbon Note.

Cut Carbon Notes Payable

Cut carbon notes payable consist of three classes of asset-backed notes sold to investors at interest rates ranging from 5.5% to 6.75%, and have a maturity date of December 15, 2053. Interest on the Notes will accrue on a 30/360 basis at fixed rates that may vary by class and series. The timing and amount of principal payments on the Notes will be based on the principal payments actually collected on the CPACE Assets. In general, provided any applicable overcollateralization requirements have been met, there will be a one-to-one relationship between principal collections on the CPACE Assets and principal payments made to noteholders. Interest expense is accrued on the unpaid principal balance.

Income Taxes

The Company is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Management has concluded that the Company has maintained its exempt status and that there are no uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. There are currently no examinations being conducted.

Grant Revenue

Unconditional contributions and grants are recognized when received. Conditional contributions and grants, with a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met. Contributions and grants received prior to meeting the conditions are reported as refundable advances in the statements of financial position. Contributions and grants are recorded as with donor restrictions or without donor restrictions, depending on the existence or nature of any donor-imposed restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that can be allocated include information technology, occupancy, legal, impact measurement, management and reporting, accounting, treasury, and human resources costs. The Company determined that allocable expenses were de minimis, and therefore did not perform an allocation of these expenses, during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Note C - Loans Receivables

The Company acquires and holds CPACE loans receivable from the Seller. The receivables are collateralized by an assessment against the property for which improvements have been made or are intended to be made. The Company classifies its receivables as held-to-maturity. On October 18, 2023 the Company acquired \$31,915,385 of CPACE assets, and included issuance fees of \$797,886. On August 8, 2024 the Company acquired an additional \$20,685,060 of CPACE assets, including issuance fees of \$517,125. The issuance fees are included in the Company's amortized cost basis of the loans in accordance with GAAP. These assets will mature at various times from 19 years to 30 years and have interest rates from 5.95% to 8.78%. Loans receivables, net of the credit loss reserve, totaled \$53,470,606 and \$32,705,347 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. There were no write-offs of loans receivable or accrued interest during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. There were no loans receivable for which accrual of interest had been discontinued as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The Company pools its loans receivable by assigned risk rating scores, with 1 being low risk and 4 being the highest risk loan. The Company calculates credit loss on loans receivable based on the loss rate associated with an individual loan's risk score. The Company determined that all CPACE loans receivable have the same risk characteristics as of December 31, 2024 and 2023; therefore, all assets have a risk score of 1. The Company also considered current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The Company determined no allowance for credit losses for loans receivable was necessary as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. The following table summarizes the loans receivable balances as of December 31, based on the risk scores assigned by the Company.

		2024		
		Allowance	Allowa	ance
	Loans	for Credit	for Cr	edit
Risk Rating Score	Receivable	Losses Rate	Loss	ses
Risk Score 1	\$ 53,470,606	0.0 %	\$	0
	\$ 53,470,606			0
Loans Receivable, Net			\$ 53,47	70,606

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Note C - Loans Receivables (continued)

		2023	
	·	Allowance	Allowance
	Loans	for Credit	for Credit
Risk Rating Score	Receivable	Losses Rate	Losses
Risk Score 1	\$ 32,705,347	0.0 %	\$ 0
	\$ 32,705,347		0
Loans Receivable, Net			\$ 32,705,347

Fee Issuance Costs are deferred and amortized using the straight line method over the respective lives of the related assets. The Company recognized \$34,978 and \$7,924 in amortization expenses related to issuance costs during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which is included in financial expenses on the statements of activities.

Note D - Cut Carbon Notes

The Company created the Cut Carbon Notes (the Notes) to channel capital to projects that reduce carbon emissions from buildings. The Company has appointed InspereX, LLC as Lead Agent for the Cut Carbon Notes. In turn, InspereX, LLC has established a selling group of downstream broker-dealers and securities firms to effect sales of the Cut Carbon Notes. Cut Carbon Notes will be transacted electronically and settle through the Depository Trust and Clearing Corporation (DTC).

U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association serves as the Indenture Trustee and U.S. Bank National Association serves as the Custodian for the Notes. The Custodian will hold the CPACE Assets and the Indenture Trustee, or an affiliate thereof, will hold the accounts of the Company as collateral for noteholders. The Company's accounts include the "Collection Account", which holds payments received from the CPACE Assets, and the "Liquidity Reserve Account", which holds reserve funds to cover the Company's expenses, including payment of interest on the Notes. The Subservicer will cause all payments of interest, principal, and any other amounts due on the CPACE Assets to be deposited in the Collection Account.

On October 18, 2023 the Company closed on the First series of Cut Carbon Notes with a total sale of \$29,700,000 in three classes paying interest at 5.5% (Class A), 5.75% (Class B), and 6.5% (Class C). On August 8, 2024, the Company closed on the Second series of Cut Carbon Notes with a total sale of \$18,800,000 in three classes paying interest at 5.75% (Class A), 6.00% (Class B), and 6.75% (Class C).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Note D - Cut Carbon Notes (continued)

All classes of Cut Carbon Notes have a maturity date of December 15, 2053. As of December 31, 2024, Note Issuances totaled \$48,500,000. The Company may repay the Notes when the underlying projects funded with Cut Carbon Notes mature or have an amortization payment. The Company repaid \$374,918 and \$0 of the Notes in 2024 and 2023. There are no maturities of the Notes for each of the five years following December 31, 2024. The following table summarizes the Cut Carbon Notes by class as of December 31:

	2024	_	2023
Class A	\$ 44,495,737		\$ 27,442,254
Class B	1,454,427		904,493
Class C	1,939,237		1,205,991
	\$ 47,889,401	_	\$ 29,552,738

In the event of default, payments are made in the following order and priority 1) fees to the Trustee, 2) fees to the Custodian, 3) fees to the Master Servicer and Master Portfolio Administrator, 4) interest to the Class A Noteholders, 5) outstanding principal balance to Class A Noteholders until the balance is reduced to zero 6) interest to the Class B Noteholders, 7) outstanding principal balance to Class B Noteholders until the balance is reduced to zero, 8) interest to the Class C Noteholders, and 9) outstanding principal balance to Class C Noteholders until the balance is reduced to zero.

The Company incurred Note issuance costs of \$148,500 in connection with the First closing, and \$94,000 in connection with the Second closing, which is reflected within Cut Carbon Notes payable on the statements of financial position. These Note issuance costs amortize over the term of the Note. The Company recognized \$5,581 and \$1,238 in amortization expenses related to issuance costs during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which is included in financial expenses on the statements of activities. The balance of these issuance costs is \$235,681 and \$147,262 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The Notes pay interest twice a year on June 15 and December 15.

Note E - Related Party Transactions

On October 31, 2022, the Company entered into a grant agreement (the Risk Retention Grant) with the Sponsor. Under the terms of the Risk Retention Grant, the Sponsor will make contributions to the Company in an aggregate amount of up to \$20,000,000. The Company will use the proceeds from the Risk Retention Grant to over-collateralize the Cut Carbon Notes and pay expenses associated with offering the Cut Carbon Notes. At all times, the aggregate outstanding disbursements under the Risk Retention Grant will equal or exceed the amount necessary for the Sponsor to comply with its risk retention obligations under Regulation RR of Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Note E - Related Party Transactions (continued)

The Risk Retention Grant constitutes an "eligible horizontal residual interest." The Risk Retention Grant represents the right to all funds in excess of amounts needed to make required payments on the Cut Carbon Notes, fund any applicable liquidity reserve, or pay fees and expenses of the Company. The Risk Retention Grant is subordinated to the Cut Carbon Notes and is only entitled to amounts that are not needed on a Cut Carbon Note distribution date to make payments on the Cut Carbon Notes or to make other payments or deposits required by the Cut Carbon Note indenture. Under the terms of the Cut Carbon Note indenture, the Company will repay the Risk Retention Grant only to the extent there are available funds remaining on each Cut Carbon Note distribution date.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company received \$2,660,732 in funds from the Sponsor, of which \$929,253 was recorded as grant revenue and the remainder reduced grants receivable. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company received \$3,268,521 in funds from the Sponsor, of which \$0 was recorded as grant revenue and the remainder reduced grants receivable. During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company repaid \$324,888 and \$0 of the grant to the Sponsor. This is included as distribution to Calvert Impact, Inc. on the statements of activities.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, \$0 and \$1,731,479 of accrued grant revenue related to this agreement was reflected within grant receivable on the statements of financial position.

On October 18, 2023, Calvert Impact Capital, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Sponsor, purchased \$11,028,000 of the First Series of Cut Carbon Notes Class A at an interest rate of 5.5%. On August 8. 2024, Calvert Impact Capital, Inc. purchased another \$8,174,000 of the Second Series of Cut Carbon Class A at an interest rate of 5.75%. These purchases are reflected within Cut Carbon Notes payable on the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. Interest of \$793,688 and \$124,678 was incurred on these Cut Carbon Notes during the years ended December 31, 2024, and 2023, and is included in financial expenses on the statements of activities. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, \$50,488 and \$28,642 of interest was accrued related to the Cut Carbon Notes and reflected in the statements of financial position within other liabilities.

The Sponsor acts as the Master Servicer and Master Portfolio Administrator for the CPACE loans receivable. During the years ended 2024 and 2023, the Company paid \$257,085 and \$31,769 to the Sponsor for these services.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Note E - Related Party Transactions (continued)

On January 1, 2023, the Sponsor entered into a shared services agreement with Calvert Impact Capital, Inc. Under the agreement, Calvert Impact Capital, Inc., provided services to the Sponsor and its subsidiaries, including the Company, for an annual fee of \$1,000,000. One January 1, 2024, the Sponsor replaced the shared services agreement by creating a new entity, Calvert Impact OTOF, LLC (OTOF), to act as a Common Paymaster entity to provide professional services and benefits to the Sponsor and all related entities. The Company determined that the Company's share of these services during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were de minimis to the financial statements as a whole, and therefore no conditional contribution was recorded related to these services during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Note F - Functional Expenses

During the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 there were \$2,430,392 and \$407,587 financial and operating expenses incurred, primarily relating to interest expense, bank charges, and professional fees. These expenses are primarily programmatic in nature as they relate to the Cut Carbon Notes. The Company's stance is that any management and general expenses are de minimis to the financial statements as a whole. An analysis of expenses by nature for the years ended December 31 is detailed below:

	2024	2023		
Interest expenses	\$ 2,078,524	\$ 334,158		
Servicing expenses	257,085	-		
Issuance booking expenses	 40,561	 9,161		
Total financial expenses	2,376,170	343,319		
Bank charges	54,222	32,500		
Legal & professional fees	 	 31,768		
Total operating expenses	 54,222	 64,268		
Total expenses	\$ 2,430,392	\$ 407,587		
Total financial expenses Bank charges Legal & professional fees Total operating expenses	\$ 2,376,170 54,222 - 54,222	\$ 343,319 32,500 31,768 64,268		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Note G – Liquidity and Availability of Resources

Financial assets available for general expenditure within one year of the statement of financial position date, comprise the following, as of December 31:

	2024		2023	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	247,910	\$	72,107
Grant receivable		-		1,731,479
Interest receivable		297,097		143,125
Loans receivable		548,300		401,948
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general				
expenditures within one year	\$	1,093,307	\$	2,348,659

The Company regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the investment of its available funds. While maintaining the Liquidity Reserve Account is a requirement for the Cut Carbon Notes, the Company is not bound by a covenant to maintain any specific balance in the Liquidity Reserve Account. The Liquidity Reserve Account is required to be funded with proceeds from the Notes at the time of issuance and to the extent it has been used to pay certain expenses, is replenished on each semi-annual Distribution Date as provided in the Standard Priority of Payments in the Indenture. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the balance of this account was \$121,126 and \$69,056, respectively. US Bank Trust Company also maintains the Collection account which holds funds remitted on the CPACE assets, and makes interest payments to the Note holders. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the balance of this account was \$126,784 and \$3,051, respectively. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's other financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within the year include the expected repayments of the loans receivable of \$548,300 and \$401,948, and interest receivable of \$297,097 and \$143,125 respectively. Although these amounts are pledged for the payment of Cut Carbon Notes, as the general expenditures of the Company involve payments to Note holders, the Company considers these amounts available for general expenditures

Note H - Subsequent Events

On February 4, 2025, the Company closed on the Third Series of Cut Carbon Notes with a total sale of \$45,200,000 in three classes paying interest at 6.3% (Class A) ,6.55% (Class B) and 6.85% (Class C). All classes have a maturity date of December 31, 2053. Simultaneously with the Note sales, the Company purchased CPACE assets totaling \$48,503,030. The Company received an unconditional contribution of \$4,974,291 from the Sponsor in February 2025 for the purchase of CPACE assets.