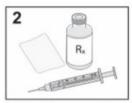
# **Health Facts for You**



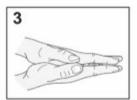
### Steps to Draw Up and Inject Insulin



Always wash your hands.



Get all of your supplies.



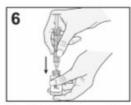
Roll the insulin vial between your hands, if using a cloudy insulin.



Wipe the top of the vial with an alcohol swab.



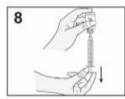
Pull the syringe plunger down to the desired units.



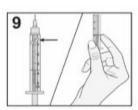
Push the syringe needle into the vial.



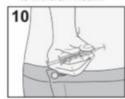
Push the plunger down.



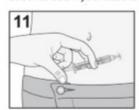
Turn the vial upside down. Pull the plunger down to withdraw insulin.



Remove all the air bubbles. Check to see if your dose is



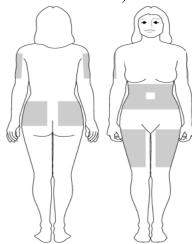
Pick a clean injection site. Push the needle into the skin.



Push the plunger in. Pull the needle out of the skin.

### **Injection Sites**

Insulin injections are given into fatty tissue. (See shaded areas below.)



**Abdomen**: Do not use areas within one inch of your belly button. Avoid scar tissue.

**Arms:** Use the back side of your upper arms. It can be hard to reach this area yourself.

**Thighs**: Use middle and outer areas where there is more fatty tissue.

**Buttocks**: Inject into fatty tissue. This site may also be hard to reach.

#### **Site Rotation**

Rotate your injection sites to prevent tissue damage. If tissue is damaged, the insulin may not absorb as well. This may make it harder to manage your blood sugars. Some people keep a record of where their last shot was given to avoid these problems. If you choose one site, like the abdomen only, be sure to rotate shots within that site.

#### **Drawing Up Two Types of Insulin**

If you need two types of insulin at the same time of day and prefer to inject once, you may be able to combine them in one syringe. See the key points below.

(Not all insulin types can be mixed. Be sure to ask your health care team if it makes sense to mix the insulin types you take.)

#### **Key Points**

- Inject air into both vials before drawing up insulin.
- Always draw up your clear insulin before the cloudy insulin.
- If you draw too much cloudy insulin, discard the syringe and start again.

## Drawing Up Insulin Before Dose Is Needed

- NPH and regular insulin can be prefilled up to 21 days before using.
- Keep these pre-filled syringes in the refrigerator with the needle tip pointed upward. Rotate the syringe to mix the two insulins before using.
- If NPH and rapid-acting insulin are mixed in the same syringe, give the dose as soon as you can after drawing it up.
- Glargine should not be pre-filled. Inject it as soon as you can after drawing it up.

#### **Needle Disposal**

Drop the used syringe or pen needle into the "sharps box" or other hard plastic container. Close the lid and move the box out of the reach of children and pets. For more information visit, http://www.fda.gov/safesharpsdisposal.

Your health care team may have given you this information as part of your care. If so, please use it and call if you have any questions. If this information was not given to you as part of your care, please check with your doctor. This is not medical advice. This is not to be used for diagnosis or treatment of any medical condition. Because each person's health needs are different, you should talk with your doctor or others on your health care team when using this information. If you have an emergency, please call 911.Copyright © 4/2024 University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority. All rights reserved. Produced by the Department of Nursing. HF#4315.