# Health Facts for You



## **Atropine Refraction**

As a part of your child's complete eye exam, your child's eye doctor suggests an atropine refraction. Atropine is a medicine that is used in the eyes to dilate (open) the pupils. It also relaxes the muscles that focus the eyes. This allows the doctor to look at the retina, optic nerve, and other structures inside the eye that cannot be seen well until the pupil is dilated. This also allows the doctor to measure your child's eye to decide if your child needs glasses and what strength the glasses should be.

#### How to Use the Medicine

The medicine will come as an ointment in a small tube, like a tube of toothpaste, **or** as eye drops in a small bottle.

- 1. Wash your hands before you open the tube or the bottle of medicine.
- 2. **If the medicine is an ointment**, pull the lower eyelid down and squeeze a small dab, about the size of a grain of rice, into the space between the eyelid and the eyeball.
- 3. **If the medicine is an eye drop**, pull the lower eyelid down and put one drop into the space between the eyelid and the eyeball.
- 4. After you put the medicine in your child's eyes, wash your hands again.

the medicine on the morning of th	ie exam.
before your scheduled eye exam. D	o not use
times a day starting	days
The medicine should be put into each	ch eye

### Tips

If you use more of the medicine than is needed, your child's face may look flushed or feel warm. This most often does not mean that your child is allergic to the medicine, but it means too much was used. If using the ointment, use a smaller amount for the next dose. If using eye drops, be sure to use only one drop in the eye. If this happens again, stop using the ointment or drops and call our clinic.

While your child's eyes are dilated, no special safety measures need to be taken. Your child may be a little light sensitive. Light will not damage or hurt the eyes. You may find that your child squints more in the sunlight. Your child may prefer to wear sunglasses or a hat with a visor.

Sometimes, eye muscle control may seem worse while the pupils are dilated. This will go back to normal after the ointment or drops wear off. Your child may still swim, run, and play during this time.

Wash your hands after putting the ointment or drops in your child's eye. If any ointment or drops stay on your hands after you handle the tube or bottle, and you rub your own eye, your pupil may dilate, and your vision may become somewhat blurry.

Store this medicine in a safe place that is out of the reach of children. If it is taken by mouth, call the Poison Control Center at 1-800-222-1222.

#### Who To Call

If you have any questions, please call:

UWHC Pediatric Eye Clinic **(608) 263-6414** 8:00 a.m. – 4:30 p.m. Monday – Friday

Nights and weekends, this number will give you the hospital paging operator. Ask for the Eye Resident on Call and leave your name and phone number with area code. The doctor will call you back.

If you live out of the area, please call: 1-800-323-8942.

Your health care team may have given you this information as part of your care. If so, please use it and call if you have any questions. If this information was not given to you as part of your care, please check with your doctor. This is not medical advice. This is not to be used for diagnosis or treatment of any medical condition. Because each person's health needs are different, you should talk with your doctor or others on your health care team when using this information. If you have an emergency, please call 911. Copyright © 7/2024. University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority. All rights reserved. Produced by the Department of Nursing. HF#5202