

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: WX Multi Oxide Tungsten Electrode

Product Size: 3/32" (2.4 mm)

Other means of identification

200000006529 SDS number:

Recommended use and restriction on use

Recommended use: GTAW (Gas Tungsten Arc Welding)

Restrictions on use: Not known. Read this SDS before using this product.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information

Company Name: The Lincoln Electric Company of Canada LP

Address: 179 Wicksteed Avenue

Toronto, Ontario M4G 2B9

**CANADA** 

Telephone: +1 (416) 421-2600

Contact Person: Safety Data Sheet Questions: www.lincolnelectric.com/sds

Arc Welding Safety Information: www.lincolnelectric.com/safety

**Emergency telephone number:** 

USA/Canada/Mexico +1 (888) 609-1762 Americas/Europe +1 (216) 383-8962 +1 (216) 383-8966 Asia Pacific Middle East/Africa +1 (216) 383-8969

3E Company Access Code: 333988

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), The United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration's Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), Canada's Hazardous Product Regulations and Mexico's Harmonized System for the Identification and Communication of Hazards and Risks from Hazardous Chemicals in the Workplace.

**Hazard Classification** Not classified as hazardous according to applicable GHS hazard classification

criteria.

**Label Elements** 

**Hazard Symbol:** No symbol

Signal Word: No signal word.

**Hazard Statement:** Not applicable

**Precautionary** 

Not applicable

Statements:





#### Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification:

Electrical Shock can kill. If welding must be performed in damp locations or with wet clothing, on metal structures or when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, or if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with work piece, use the following equipment: Semiautomatic DC Welder, DC Manual (Stick) Welder, or AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.

Arc rays can injure eyes and burn skin. Welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable materials. Overexposure to welding fumes and gases can be hazardous. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using this product. Refer to Section 8.

### Substance(s) formed under the conditions of use:

The welding fume produced from this welding electrode may contain the following constituent(s) and/or their complex metallic oxides as well as solid particles or other constituents from the consumables, base metal, or base metal coating not listed below.

Chemical Identity	CAS-No.
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0
Nitrogen dioxide	10102-44-0
Ozone	10028-15-6

# 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **Reportable Hazardous Ingredients Mixtures**

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Tungsten	7440-33-7	50 - <100%
Lanthanum oxide	1312-81-8	1 - <5%
Zirconium oxide	1314-23-4	0.1 - <1%
Yittrium oxide	1314-36-9	0.1 - <1%

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### **Composition Comments:**

The term "Hazardous Ingredients" should be interpreted as a term defined in Hazard Communication standards and does not necessarily imply the existence of a welding hazard. The product may contain additional nonhazardous ingredients or may form additional compounds under the condition of use. Refer to Sections 2 and 8 for more information.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion: Unlikely due to form of product, except for granular materials. Avoid hand,

clothing, food, and drink contact with metal fume or powder which can cause ingestion of particulate during hand to mouth activities such as drinking, eating, smoking, etc. If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Contact a poison control center. Unless the poison control center advises

otherwise, wash out mouth thoroughly with water. If symptoms develop,

seek medical attention at once.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air if breathing is difficult. If breathing has stopped, perform

artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance at once.





**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and

water. For reddened or blistered skin, or thermal burns, obtain medical

assistance at once.

**Eye contact:** Dust or fume from this product should be flushed from the eyes with

copious amounts of clean, tepid water until transported to an emergency medical facility. Do not allow victim to rub or keep eyes tightly closed.

Obtain medical assistance at once.

Arc rays can injure eyes. If exposed to arc rays, move victim to dark room, remove contact lenses as necessary for treatment, cover eyes with a padded dressing and rest. Obtain medical assistance if symptoms persist.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms:

Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects. Refer to

Section 11 for more information.

Hazards: Welding and allied process hazards are complex and may include physical

and health hazards such as but not limited to electric shock, physical strains, radiation burns (eye flash), thermal burns due to hot metal or spatter and potential health effects of overexposure to welding fume or

dust. Refer to Section 11 for more information.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment:** Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

General Fire Hazards: As shipped, this product is nonflammable. However, welding arc and

sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable products. Read and understand American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety In Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" and National Fire Protection Association NFPA 51B, "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work"

before using this product.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media:** As shipped, the product will not burn. In case of fire in the surroundings:

use appropriate extinguishing agent.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical:

Welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable products.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting

procedures:

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other

involved materials.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters:

Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus

and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.



#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

If airborne dust and/or fume is present, use adequate engineering controls and, if needed, personal protection to prevent overexposure. Refer to recommendations in Section 8.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with sand or other inert absorbent. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the personal protective equipment in Section 8. Avoid generating dust. Prevent product from entering any drains, sewers or water sources. Refer to Section 13 for proper disposal.

**Environmental Precautions:** 

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Environmental manager must be informed of all major spillages.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Prevent formation of dust. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

Read and understand the manufacturer's instruction and the precautionary label on the product. Refer to Lincoln Safety Publications at www.lincolnelectric.com/safety. See American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety In Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" published by the American Welding Society, http://pubs.aws.org and OSHA Publication 2206 (29CFR1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, www.gpo.gov.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in closed original container in a dry place. Store in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Store away from incompatible materials.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

**Occupational Exposure Limits: US** 

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Tungsten - as W	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
	REL	5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Zirconium oxide - as Zr	STEL	10 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
	REL	5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Yittrium oxide - as Y	TWA	1 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
	REL	1 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical



Hazards (2005)

**Occupational Exposure Limits: CANADA** 

Chemical Identity	Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
•			
Tungsten - as W	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
Tungsten	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
Tungsten - as W	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2011)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2011)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
	8 HR ACL	5 mg/m3	Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	15 MIN ACL	10 mg/m3	Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)
Zirconium oxide - as Zr	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2011)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2011)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)



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	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of
			Exposure to Biological or Chemical
			Agents) (11 2010)
	8 HR ACL	5 mg/m3	Canada. Saskatchewan OELs
			(Occupational Health and Safety
			Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	15 MIN	10 mg/m3	Canada. Saskatchewan OELs
	ACL	o o	(Occupational Health and Safety
			Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor
		og,	- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the
			Work Environment) (12 2008)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor
	JILL	10 mg/ms	- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the
			Work Environment) (12 2008)
Yittrium oxide - as Y	TWA	4/ 2	, \
Yittrium oxide - as Y	IVVA	1 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational
			Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table
			2) (07 2009)
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OELs.
			(Occupational Exposure Limits for
			Chemical Substances, Occupational
			Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as
			amended) (07 2007)
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,
		•	The Workplace Safety And Health Act)
			(03 2011)
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of
		9,	Exposure to Biological or Chemical
			Agents) (11 2010)
	8 HR ACL	1 mg/m3	Canada, Saskatchewan OELs
	3	:g,e	(Occupational Health and Safety
			Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	15 MIN	3 mg/m3	Canada, Saskatchewan OELs
	ACL	3 mg/m3	(Occupational Health and Safety
	ACL		
	77444		Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor
			- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the
			Work Environment) (12 2008)

**Occupational Exposure Limits: MEXICO** 

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Tungsten - as W	VLE-CT	10 mg/m3	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control) (04 2014)
	VLE-PPT	5 mg/m3	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control) (04 2014)
Zirconium oxide - as Zr	VLE-PPT	5 mg/m3	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control) (04 2014)
	VLE-CT	10 mg/m3	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control) (04 2014)
Yittrium oxide - as Y	VLE-PPT	1 mg/m3	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control) (04 2014)

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: US

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Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values		Source	
Carbon dioxide	TWA	5,000 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)	
	STEL	30,000 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)	
	PEL	5,000 ppm	9,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)	
	STEL	30,000 ppm	54,000 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical	



				Hazards (2005)
	REL	5,000 ppm	9,000 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Carbon monoxide	TWA	25 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
	PEL	50 ppm	55 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	REL	35 ppm	40 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	Ceil_Time	200 ppm	229 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Nitrogen dioxide	TWA	0.2 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)
	Ceiling	5 ppm	9 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	1 ppm	1.8 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Ozone	PEL	0.1 ppm	0.2 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	Ceil_Time	0.1 ppm	0.2 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	0.05 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
	TWA	0.20 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
	TWA	0.10 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
	TWA	0.08 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: CANADA

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Li	mit Values	Source
Carbon dioxide	STEL	30,000 ppm	54,000 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
	TWA	5,000 ppm	9,000 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
	TWA	5,000 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
	STEL	15,000 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
	TWA	5,000 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2011)
	STEL	30,000 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2011)
	STEL	30,000 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
	TWA	5,000 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
	8 HR ACL	5,000 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	15 MIN ACL	30,000 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)



	TWA	5,000 ppm	9,000 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)
	STEL	30,000 ppm	54,000 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)
Carbon monoxide	TWA	25 ppm	29 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
	TWA	25 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
	STEL	100 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
	TWA	25 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2011)
	TWA	25 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (07 2010)
	8 HR ACL	25 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	15 MIN ACL	190 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	TWA	35 ppm	40 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)
	STEL	200 ppm	230 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)
Nitrogen dioxide	STEL	5 ppm	9.4 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
	TWA	3 ppm	5.6 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
	CEILING	1 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
	TWA	0.2 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2012)
	STEL	5 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
	TWA	3 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
	8 HR ACL	3 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	15 MIN ACL	5 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
	TWA	3 ppm	5.6 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)
Ozone	STEL	0.3 ppm	0.6 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
	TWA	0.1 ppm	0.2 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table



			2) (07 2009)
TWA	0.05 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
TWA	0.1 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
TWA	0.08 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
TWA	0.2 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
TWA	0.1 ppm	0.2 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (07 2010)
STEL	0.3 ppm	0.6 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (07 2010)
15 MIN ACL	0.15 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
8 HR ACL	0.05 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)
CEILING	0.1 ppm	0.2 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)
TWA	0.20 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014)
TWA	0.05 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014)
TWA	0.08 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014)
TWA	0.10 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014)

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: MEXICO

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Carbon dioxide	VLE-CT	30,000 ppm	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control) (04 2014)
	VLE-PPT	5,000 ppm	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control) (04 2014)
Carbon monoxide	VLE-PPT	25 ppm	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control) (04 2014)
Nitrogen dioxide	VLE-PPT	0.2 ppm	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control) (04 2014)
Ozone	VLE-P	0.1 ppm	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control) (04 2014)



Appropriate Engineering Controls

**Ventilation:** Use enough ventilation, local exhaust at the arc, or both to keep the fumes and gases from the worker's breathing zone and the general area. Train the welder to keep his head out of the fumes. **Keep exposure as low as possible.** 

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:

Exposure Guidelines: Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) are values published by the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). ACGIH Statement of Positions Regarding the TLVs® and BEIs® states that the TLV-TWA should be used as a guide in the control of health hazards and should not be used to indicate a fine line between safe and dangerous exposures. See Section 10 for information on potential fume constituents of health interest. Threshold Limit Values are figures published by the American Conference

of Government Industrial Hygienists.

**Eye/face protection:** Wear helmet or use face shield with filter lens shade number 12 or darker

for open arc processes – or follow the recommendations as specified in ANSI Z49.1, Section 4, based on your process and settings. No specific lens shade recommendation for submerged arc or electroslag processes.

Shield others by providing appropriate screens and flash goggles.

Skin Protection Hand Protection:

Wear protective gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other: Protective Clothing: Wear hand, head, and body protection which help to

prevent injury from radiation, sparks and electrical shock. See Z49.1. At a minimum this includes welder's gloves and a protective face shield, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as dark substantial clothing. Wear dry gloves free of holes or split seams. Train the welder not to permit electrically live parts or electrodes to contact skin . . . or clothing or gloves if they are wet. Insulate yourself from the work piece and ground using dry plywood, rubber mats or other dry insulation.

**Respiratory Protection:** 

Keep your head out of fumes. Use enough ventilation and local exhaust to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. An approved respirator should be used unless exposure assessments are

below applicable exposure limits.

**Hygiene measures:** Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Always observe good

personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1.1, F1.2, F1.3 and F1.5, available from the

American Welding Society, www.aws.org.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance:** Solid welding wire or rod.

Physical state:SolidForm:Solid

Color: No data available.

Odor: No data available.





Odor threshold:

pH:

No data available.

range:

Flash Point: No data available. Evaporation rate: No data available. Flammability (solid, gas): No data available. Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - upper (%): No data available. Flammability limit - lower (%): No data available. **Explosive limit - upper (%):** No data available. **Explosive limit - lower (%):** No data available. Vapor pressure: No data available. Vapor density: No data available. Density: No data available. Relative density: No data available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water: No data available.

Solubility (other): No data available.

Partition coefficient (n- No data available.

octanol/water):

Auto-ignition temperature: No data available.

Decomposition temperature: No data available.

Viscosity: No data available.

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and

transport.

Chemical Stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions:

None under normal conditions.

**Conditions to avoid:** Avoid heat or contamination.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids. Strong oxidizing substances. Strong bases.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products:** 

Fumes and gases from welding and allied processes cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal being welded, the process, procedure and electrodes used. Other

conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being welded (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of welders and the volume of the worker area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the welder's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated

hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities.)

When the electrode is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent and form from the ingredients



listed in Section 3. Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal and coating, etc., as noted above. Reasonably expected fume constituents produced during arc welding include the oxides of iron, manganese and other metals present in the welding consumable or base metal. Hexavalent chromium compounds may be in the welding fume of consumables or base metals which contain chromium. Gaseous and particulate fluoride may be in the welding fume of consumables which contain fluoride. Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation:** Potential chronic health hazards related to the use of welding consumables

are most applicable to the inhalation route of exposure. Refer to Inhalation

statements in Section 11.

**Skin Contact:** Arc rays can burn skin. Skin cancer has been reported.

**Eye contact:** Arc rays can injure eyes.

**Ingestion:** Health injuries from ingestion are not known or expected under normal use.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Inhalation:** Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and

allied processes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

Product: Not classified

Dermal

Product: Not classified

Inhalation

Product: Not classified

Specified substance(s):

Yittrium oxide LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): > 5.09 mg/l

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: Not classified

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization



Product: Not classified

Carcinogenicity

**Product:** Arc rays: Skin cancer has been reported.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:** 

No carcinogenic components identified

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

In vitro

Product: Not classified

In vivo

Product: Not classified

Reproductive toxicity

Product: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product: Not classified

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure** 

Product: Not classified

**Aspiration Hazard** 

Product: Not classified

Other effects: Organic polymers may be used in the manufacture of various welding

consumables. Overexposure to their decomposition byproducts may result in a condition known as polymer fume fever. Polymer fume fever usually occurs within 4 to 8 hours of exposure with the presentation of flu like symptoms, including mild pulmonary irritation with or without an increase in body temperature. Signs of exposure can include an increase in white blood cell count. Resolution of symptoms typically occurs quickly, usually

not lasting longer than 48 hours.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics under the condition of use

Additional toxicological Information under the conditions of use:

**Acute toxicity** 

Inhalation

Specified substance(s):

Carbon dioxide LC Lo (Human, 5 min): 90000 ppm Carbon monoxide LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 1,300 mg/l Nitrogen dioxide LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 88 ppm

Ozone LC Lo (Human, 30 min): 50 ppm

Other effects:

Specified substance(s):

Carbon dioxide Asphyxia

Carbon monoxide Carboxyhemoglobinemia
Nitrogen dioxide Lower respiratory tract irritation



#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

**Fish** 

Product: Not classified

**Aquatic Invertebrates** 

Product: Not classified

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: Not classified

**Aquatic Invertebrates** 

Product: Not classified

**Toxicity to Aquatic Plants** 

**Product:** Not classified

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

**Product:** No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)** 

**Product:** No data available.

**Mobility in soil:** No data available.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**General information:** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever

possible. When practical, recycle in an environmentally acceptable, regulatory compliant manner. Dispose of non-recyclable products in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and Local

requirements.

**Disposal instructions:** Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste

collection point.

**Contaminated Packaging:** Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal

facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product

characteristics at time of disposal.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

**UN Number:** 

UN Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: NR
Label(s): –
Packing Group: –
Marine Pollutant: No

**IMDG** 



**UN Number:** 

UN Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: NR Label(s): –

EmS No.:

Packing Group: –
Marine Pollutant: No

IATA

**UN Number:** 

Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED

Transport Hazard Class(es):

Class: NR
Label(s): Packing Group: Marine Pollutant: No
Cargo aircraft only: Allowed.

**TDG** 

**UN Number:** 

UN Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: NR
Label(s): –
Packing Group: –
Marine Pollutant: No

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# **US Federal Regulations**

# TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

#### **Hazard categories**

Not listed.

#### **SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance**

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### **SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification**

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

Chemical Identity Threshold Planning Quantity

Tungsten 10000 lbs
Lanthanum oxide 10000 lbs
Zirconium oxide 10000 lbs
Yittrium oxide 10000 lbs

#### SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)



None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### **US State Regulations**

# **US.** California Proposition 65

No ingredient regulated by CA Prop 65 present.

**WARNING:** This product contains or produces a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.)

# **US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

#### **Chemical Identity**

Tungsten

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

No ingredient regulated by MA Right-to-Know Law present.

# US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

## **Chemical Identity**

Tungsten

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

#### Canada Federal Regulations

# List of Toxic Substances (CEPA, Schedule 1)

Not Regulated

# **Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)**

Not Regulated

### **National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)**

# Canada. National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI) Substances, Part 5, VOCs with Additional Reporting Requirements

NPRI PT5 Not Regulated

# Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA). National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI) (Parts 1-4)

NPRI Not Regulated

#### **Greenhouse Gases**

Not Regulated

#### **Controlled Drugs and Substances Act**

CA CDSI	Not Regulated
CA CDSII	Not Regulated
CA CDSIII	Not Regulated
CA CDSIV	Not Regulated
CA CDSV	Not Regulated
CA CDSVII	Not Regulated



CA CDSVIII Not Regulated

#### **Precursor Control Regulations**

Not Regulated

Mexico. Substances subject to reporting for the pollutant release and transfer registry (PRTR): not applicable

**Inventory Status:** 

Australia AICS:

Canada DSL Inventory List:

On or in compliance with the inventory
On or in compliance with the inventory
On or in compliance with the inventory

Japan (ENCS) List: One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances: On or in compliance with the inventory Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI): On or in compliance with the inventory

Canada NDSL Inventory: One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

Philippines PICCS:
US TSCA Inventory:
On or in compliance with the inventory
On or in compliance with the inventory
On or in compliance with the inventory

Japan ISHL Listing:

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:

Mexico INSQ:

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Definitions:** 

**Revision Date:** 07/26/2017

**Further Information:** Additional information is available by request.

**Disclaimer:** The Lincoln Electric Company urges each end user and recipient of this SDS

to study it carefully. See also www.lincolnelectric.com/safety. If necessary, consult an industrial hygienist or other expert to understand this information and safeguard the environment and protect workers from potential hazards associated with the handling or use of this product. This information is believed to be accurate as of the revision date shown above. However, no warranty, expressed or implied, is given. Because the conditions or methods of use are beyond Lincoln Electric's control, we assume no liability resulting from the use of this product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. Compliance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and local laws and regulations remain the

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