# Sample Rent Book

Landlord	Tenant		
Address	Address		
Phone	Phone		
Date rent due from			
Amount of weekly rent			
	<del></del>		
The amount of weekly rent that can be (if any) apportioned to furniture £ and services £			

# **Record of rent paid**

Date	Amount	Landlord signature	Tenant signature



Date	Amount	Landlord signature	Tenant signature

(Photocopy this page for subsequent weeks)



#### INFORMATION FOR TENANT

**NOTE 1** Rents for assured and short assured tenants are freely negotiable between landlord and tenant, in certain circumstances you may, however, have a right to apply to a rent assessment committee for a determination of a market rent

NOTE 2 Landlords must keep the amounts for rent, furniture and services up to date

- 1. Address of the house
- 2. Name, address and telephone number of landlord (and agent if any)

#### Rent to be recovered

ა.	where a market rent for a statutory assured tenancy has been determined by rent
	assessment committee but has been varied by agreement between tenant and
	landlord)-
	(a) the rent payable under the tenancy is £ per week: the date from which
	the rent applies is
	(b) if furniture or services are provided the amount which is apportioned to them
	under the tenancy is-
	Furniture Services
	(2) If a market rent has been determined by a Rent Assessment Committee -
	(a) the rent payable under the tenancy as determined by the rent assessment
	committee isper week; the date from which the rent applies is
	(b) if furniture or services are provided the amount to be apportioned to them
	under the tenancy agreement as determined by the rent assessment
	committee is -
	Furniture Services
	The date from which these payments apply is

#### Type of assured tenancy

- 4. There are different types of assured tenancy and your rights as tenant in relation to such matters as rent adjustments and security of tenure will depend on the type you have. Your tenancy will be one of three kinds-
  - An assured tenancy: that is an assured tenancy which is contractual because a tenancy agreement or contract of tenancy is still in force; or
  - A statutory assured tenancy: that is a tenancy which arises after the termination of a contractual assured tenancy but where the tenant continues to retain possession of the house without a new contractual tenancy agreement being created; or



A short assured tenancy: that is a special type of assured tenancy in existence for a set period under which the landlord has served on the tenant a notice under section 32 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1988 informing him that the tenancy is a short assured tenancy. Like a normal assured tenancy a short assured tenancy can either be contractual or statutory. A short assured tenancy gives special rights to a landlord in relation to repossession of the house and special rights to a tenant in relation to applications to a rent assessment committee for a rent determination

## Rent adjustment

- 5. Rent for most assured and short assured tenancies will be freely negotiated between Landlord and tenant, In many cases both parties will also agree on a formal mechanism to allow adjustment to he made on a periodic basis, for example, to allow an annual increase by a certain agreed figure such agreements should be clearly set out in the written document which a landlord is obliged to supply to a tenant under an assured or short assured tenancy. Rent adjustment can in certain circumstances be sought other than through a mechanism built into a tenancy agreement. You should note that -
  - (a) if yours is a contractual assured tenancy, not later than 12 months after its termination either you or your landlord may, by serving notice AT1 on the other, propose new terms for the statutory assured tenancy which arises, and. if appropriate, an adjustment to the rent to take account of the new terms. Both landlords and tenant have a right to refer such new proposals to a rent assessment committee for a determination on the proposed terms and any proposed rent adjustment, but must do so within 3 months of the notice AT1 being served;
  - (b) if yours is a statutory assured tenancy, your landlord may serve a notice AT2 proposing a new rent at any time (But not more often than once a year). He must give you appropriate notice. If your tenancy is for 6 months or more, he must give 6 months notice. If your tenancy is lot less than 6 months, he must give you one month's notice or the same length of time as the duration of the tenancy, whichever is longer. If a notice is served on you there is a right to apply to a rent assessment committee for a determination of a market rent although you must do so before the day on which the new rent proposed by the landlord would take effect:
  - (c) if yours is a short assured tenancy paragraphs (a) and (b) will also apply as appropriate. However, if you are a tenant under a short assured tenancy and you believe your rent is excessive you may at any time apply to a rent assessment committee for a rent determination. The Committee will make a determination unless it has previously already done so for the tenancy or unless it has difficulty establishing a market rent for the tenancy because there are insufficient similar tenancies in the locality for comparison purposes.



### Determination by a rent assessment committee (RAC)

6-

- (1) Once a rent determination has been made by the RAC no further increase in rent may he made within 12 months unless the landlord and tenant agree otherwise.
- (2) Except in the case of a determination made for a short assured tenancy it is open to a landlord and tenant to agree to vary the terms of the determination made by the RAC if they so wish.

#### Security of tenure

7-

- (1) The landlord can recover possession of a house under an assured tenancy only by obtaining an order for possession from the sheriff. This means that if he serves a notice to quit on you, you do not need to leave by the date stated on the notice. Before you can be evicted the landlord must first get an order for possession from the sheriff. In certain circumstances the sheriff must order possession, for example, if a short assured tenancy has reached its expiry date, or if the landlord requires the premises for his own home, or if a full 3 months rent is in arrears. In other circumstances the sheriff may only grant possession if he considers it reasonable to do so, for example, if the tenant is alleged to have broken or not performed an obligation of the tenancy, or has been guilty of conduct in or in the vicinity of the house which is a nuisance or annoyance.
- (2) It is a criminal offence for the landlord or for anyone else to try to make you leave your home by using force, by harassing you or your family, by withdrawing services or by interfering with your home or your possessions. if anyone does this you should contact the police immediately.

#### Housing benefit

8. If you consider that you cannot afford the rent which is charged you should apply to your local authority for housing benefit. You may obtain further information on housing benefit and on other matters concerning your assured tenancy from your local authority or citizens advice bureau.

