Breaking down Biden’s $2.3 trillion infrastructure plan

The White House released a massive spending proposal that seeks to modernize the nation’s infrastructure, support a shift to clean energy, blanket the nation in affordable broadband, modernize housing and manufacturing, stimulate jobs for workers in transitional industries, spur investment in rural and disadvantaged communities, and provide support for home health care workers. To pay for the plan over 15 years, the White House proposes raising the corporate tax rate from 21 percent to 28 percent.

Some environmental advocates say the $2.3 trillion plan would not be enough to fully address rapidly advancing global warming.

The American Jobs Plan

ESTIMATED COSTS IN BILLIONS OF DOLLARS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Estimated Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transportation and resilience</td>
<td>621</td>
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<tr>
<td>Water systems</td>
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<tr>
<td>Digital infrastructure</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>Power infrastructure</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>Homes and commercial buildings</td>
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<tr>
<td>Schools</td>
<td>137</td>
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<tr>
<td>VA hospitals and federal buildings</td>
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<tr>
<td>Home care workers</td>
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<tr>
<td>Research and development</td>
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<tr>
<td>Manufacturing and small business</td>
<td>300</td>
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<tr>
<td>Workforce</td>
<td>100</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PLAN

- Modernization for bridges, highways, roads and streets
- Road safety improvements
- Transit modernization
- Address Amtrak’s repair backlog
- Support for the electric vehicle market
- Airports
- Inland waterways, ports and ferries
- Support for reconnecting neighborhoods cut off from historical investments
- Support for transformative, ambitious, large or complex projects
- Improve infrastructure resilience to floods, wildfires, hurricanes and other climate-related risks
- Grants for EPA Drinking Water State Revolving Fund and Water Infrastructure Improvements for the Nation Act
- Low-cost flexible loans to states, tribes, territories and disadvantaged communities
- Monitor and remediate PFAS in drinking water; investments in rural wells, drinking water and wastewater systems
- Jobs for conservation and resilience workers; establish Civilian Climate Corps
- Resilient transmission grid, modernized power generation, clean energy investments, next-generation industries
- Support jobs plugging abandoned oil and gas wells and reclaiming mines
- Eliminate exclusionary zoning and harmful land use policies; support block grants for upgrading homes
- Tax credits for Neighborhood Homes Investment Act
- Support for private investment in distributed energy resources, upgrades for buildings, clean transportation
- Upgrade and build new public schools
- Community college support
- Upgrade child care facilities
- Upgrades, improvements in sustainability and resilience
- Expand Medicaid for long-term care services; support jobs, wages, benefits and collective bargaining for home health workers
- Establish a National Science Foundation technology directorate
- Research and development
- Upgrade research laboratory infrastructure
- Support technology that addresses climate change
- Eliminate racial and gender barriers in research and development, science, technology, engineering and math
- Monitor domestic industrial capacity, support production of critical goods
- Semiconductor manufacturing and research
- Medical countermeasures (for events such as pandemics): Manufacturing, research and preparedness
- Clean energy manufacturing
- Regional innovation hubs
- Support for domestic manufacturers
- Small business incubators and innovation hubs
- Dislocated Workers Program
- Development opportunities in under-served communities
- Workforce development infrastructure and worker protection