

THE JSON EVOLUTION WITH SQL DATABASE

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Not a contest

Relational is great

NoSQL is awesome

This (integration) is the way

Data comes
in a given
format (i.e.
JSON)



A) Clean



C) Ingest



B) Engineering



D) Production



Data
consumption

Incoming data may change

Unexpected
entities

New fields

Missing
fields

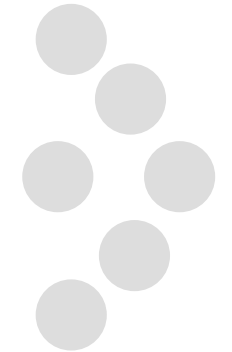
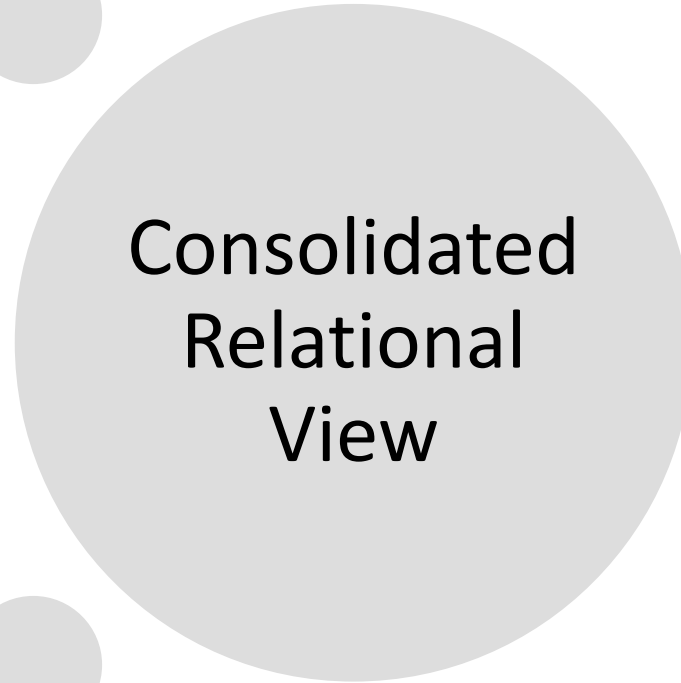
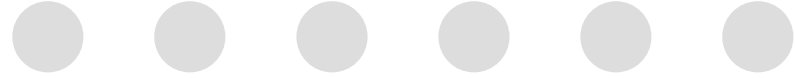
Cleaning/filtering
processes must
be aligned

Relational tables
must be
enhanced

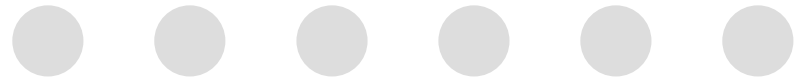
Could lead to re-
indexing

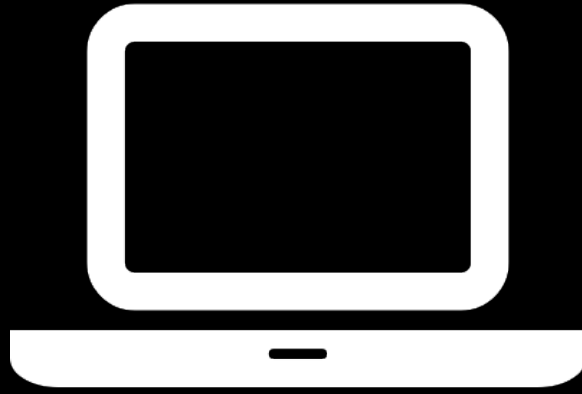
Surrogated values

Movies JSON

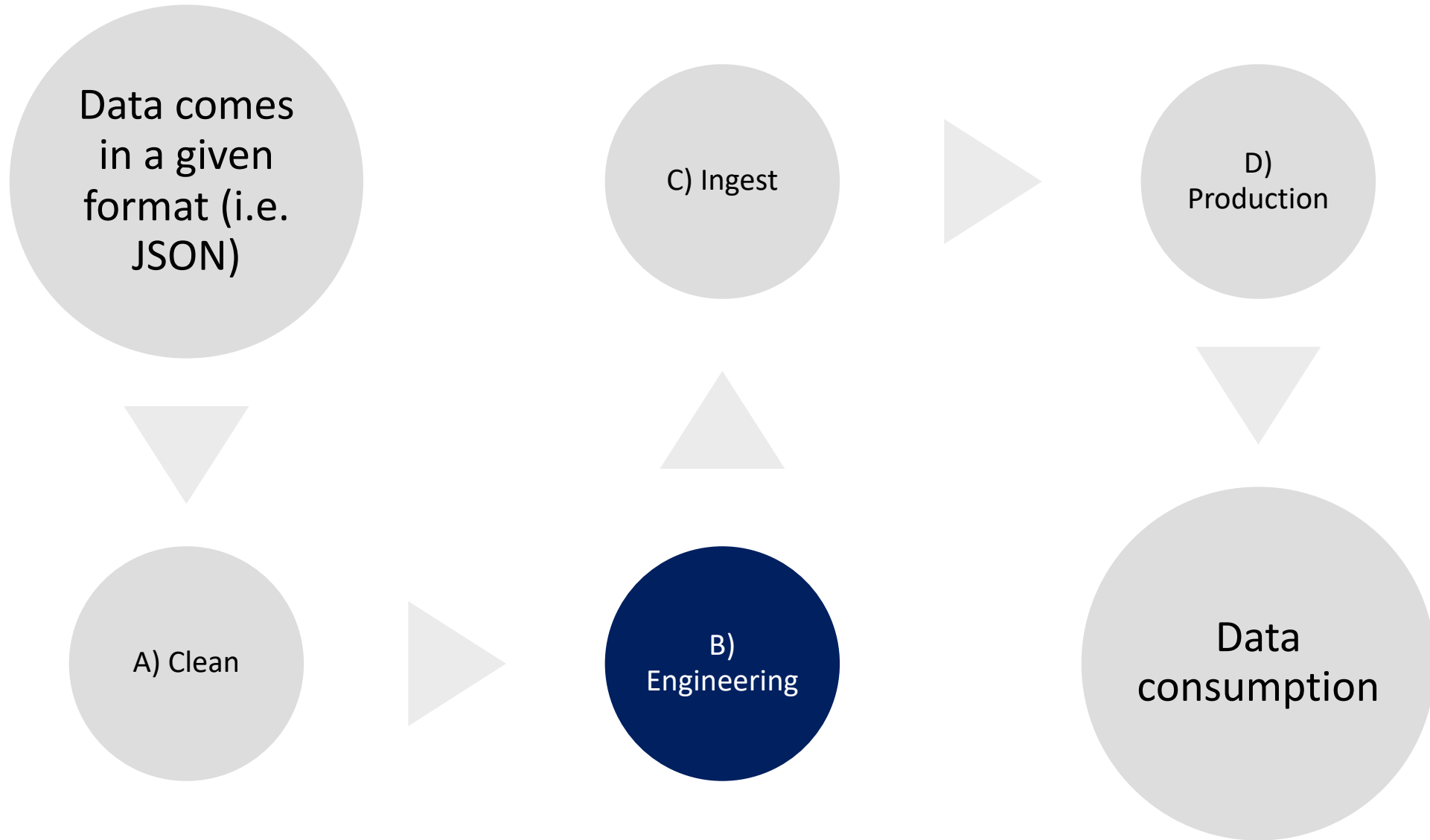


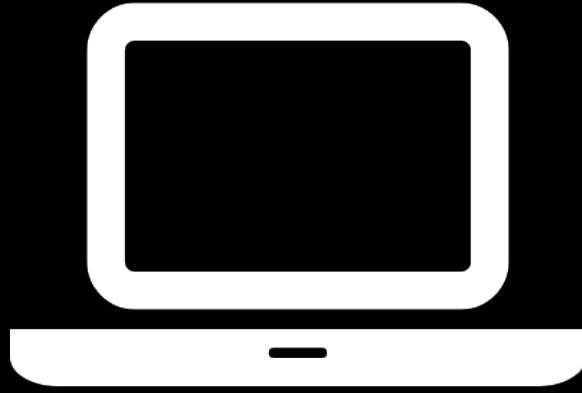
Reviews-of-movies JSON





get the data





database
engineering

Data comes
in a given
format (i.e.
JSON)



A) Clean



B)
Engineering

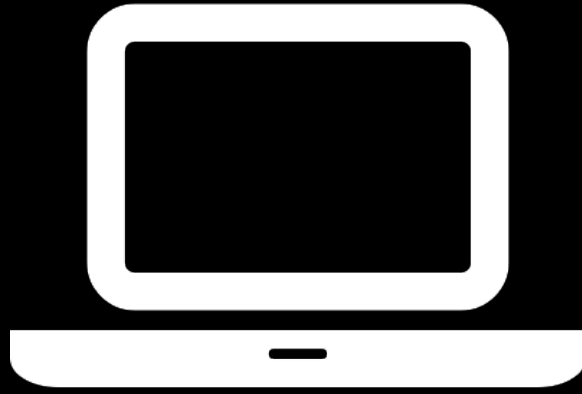
C) Ingest



D)
Production



Data
consumption



ingestion and
production

Keep the tables

need to edit/change the individual rows

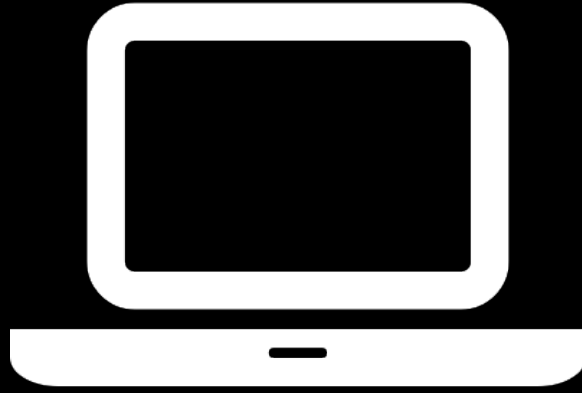
need to perform complex aggregations (avg, sum, etc)

Avoid the tables

need to produce the feed for consumption only

data arrives immutable

incoming data changes or it is not 100% reliable in structure



hybrid and full-
json approach

ISJSON

Just checks the format

JSON_VALUE

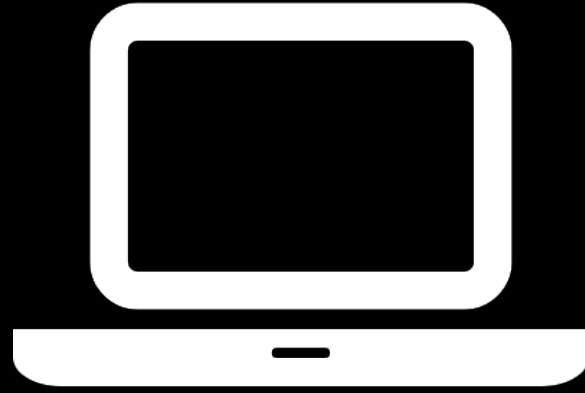
Takes the scalar value

JSON_QUERY

Takes the object or array value

OPENJSON

Transform arrays into relational rows

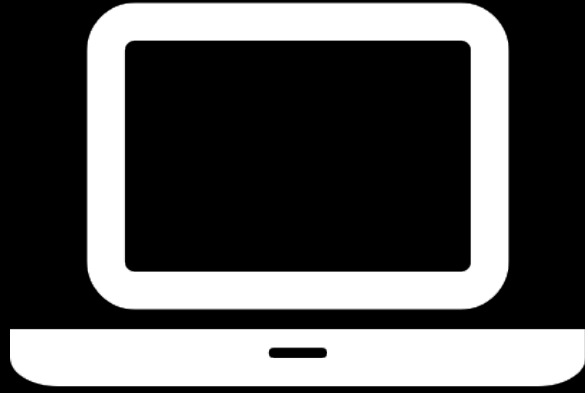


some fun

Data does not change anymore

JSON becomes huge

Need to perform analysis



denormalization

Relational stays for a huge set of needs

JSON can enhance productivity and change

Denormalization for long-term storage of JSON

JSON-in-SQL results can be improved with indexes

EFCore & JSON

PostgreSQL implementation already supports that:
(for SQL Server/Database it's coming with 6.0)

```
public class SomeEntity
{
    public int Id { get; set; }
    [Column(TypeName = "jsonb")]
    public Customer Customer { get; set; }
}
```

Takeaways

We can store JSON into text columns in SQL Server

We can focus on views and aggregate transformation instead of making ETL at the source

We can even store huge documents in a single cell (but it's not recommended)

In case of data growth, we can move data into real tables

And eventually make them columnar, with huge compression

With the arrival of EFCore 6.0, we can project the entities without the need of views

Thank you

Any questions?



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