

Трудности перехода на ASP.Net Core и Docker

Александр Иванов

alexander.ivanov@arcadia.spb.ru

План

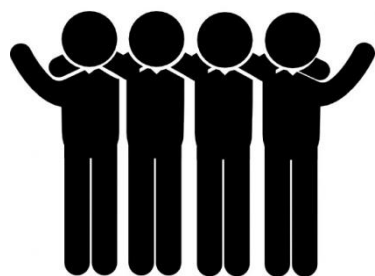
1. Что было
2. Что хотелось
3. Что потеряли и нашли
4. Работа и отладка
5. Сборка и развёртывание
6. Выводы

Что было. Структура

Microsoft®
ASP.net™

WebForms

ASP.net
MVC



x25



App.csproj

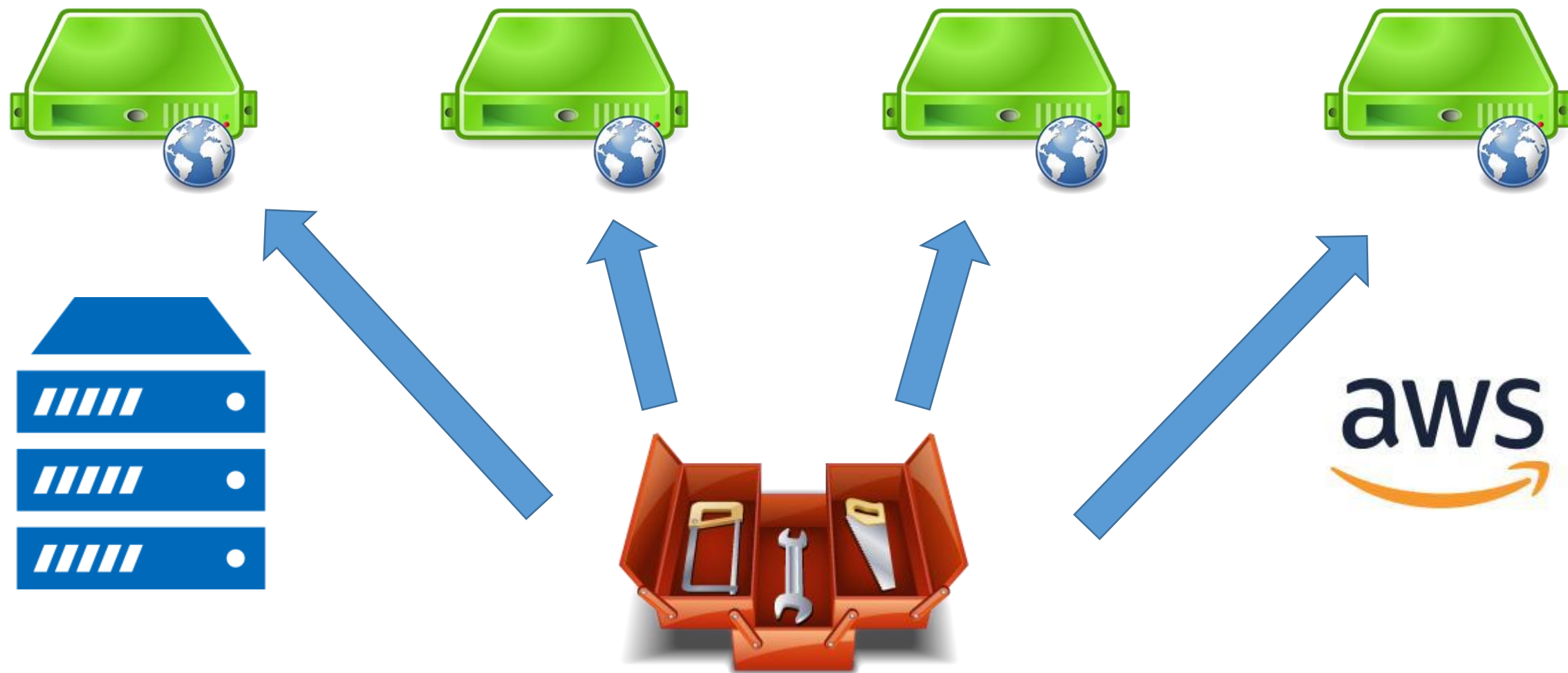
>500

Microsoft®
.NET4.5

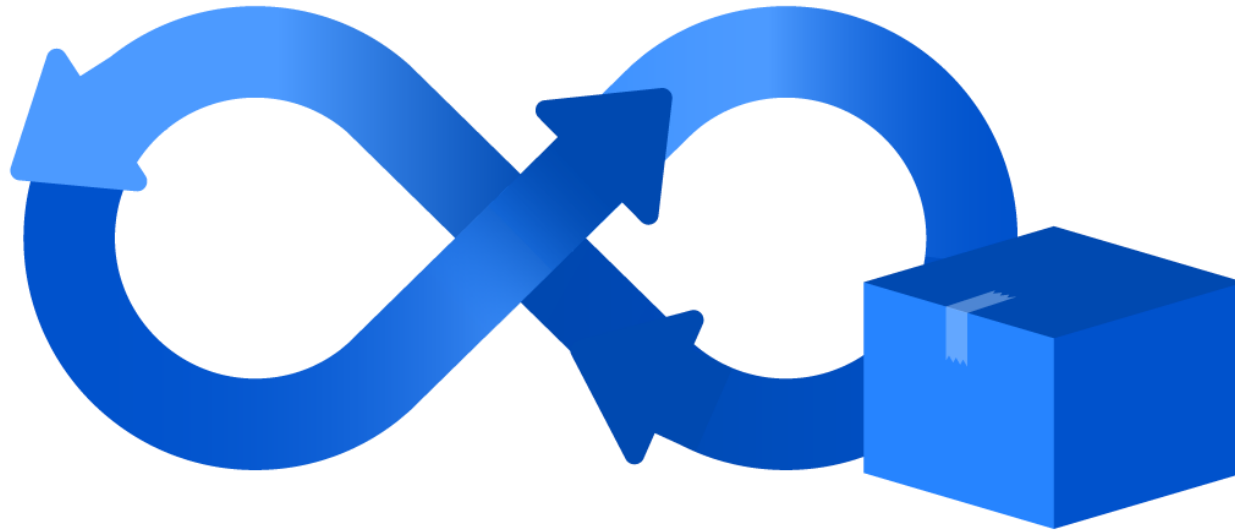
C++


VBSCRIPT

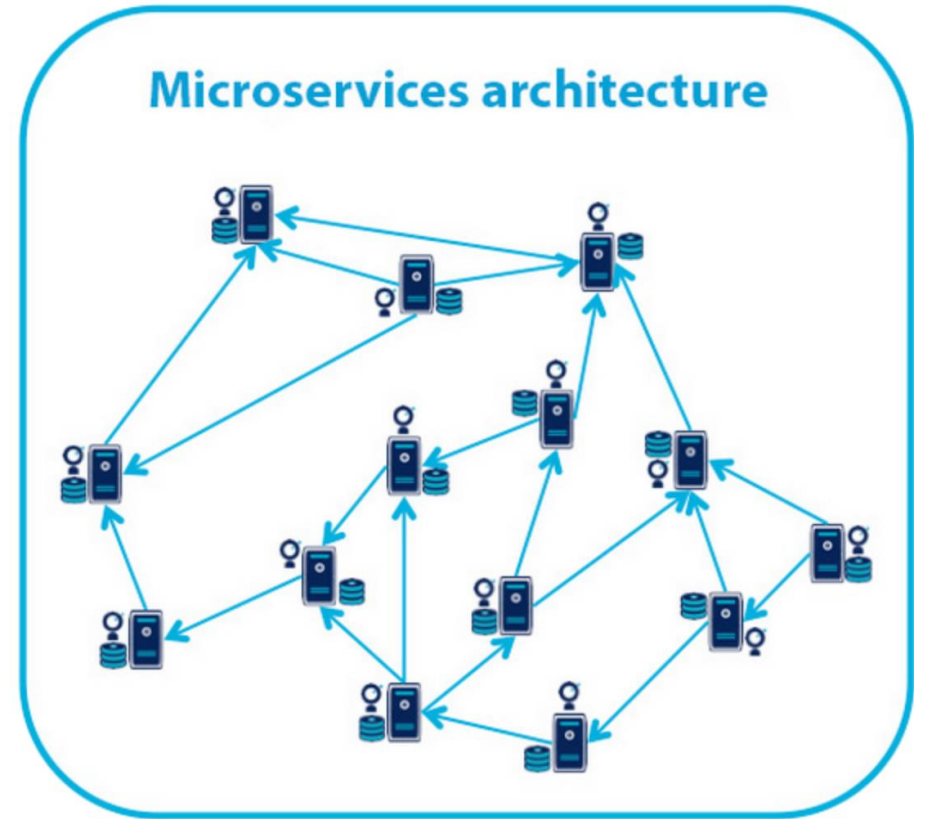
Что было. Развёртывание



Направление



Continuous Deployment



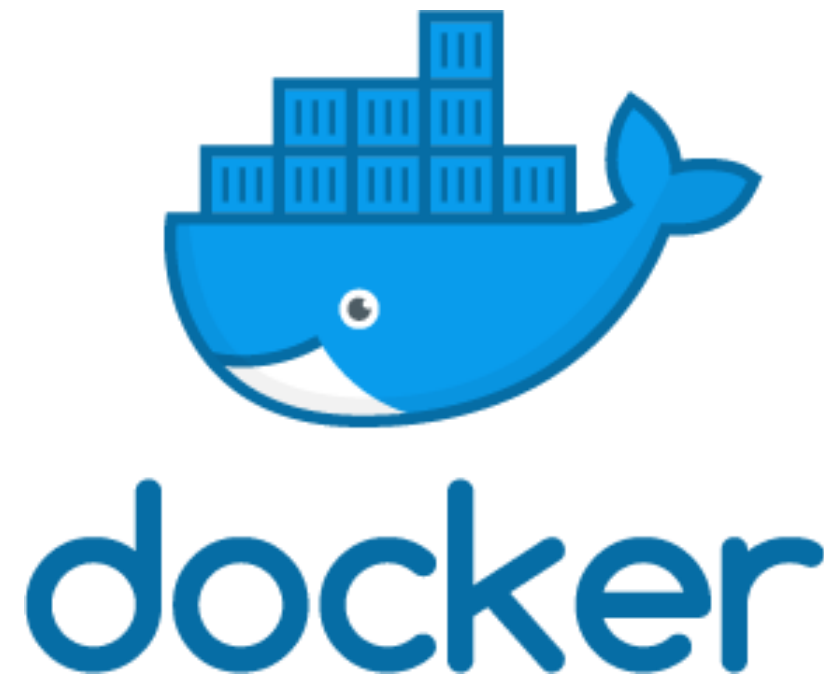
Microservices

Что хотелось. Заказчику

- Новые приложения
- RestApi, WCF
- RabbitMQ
- Stateless
- Amazon Web Services
- Масштабируемые
- Защищённые

Что хотелось. Команде

.NET Core



Почему ASP.Net Core?

- Почему бы и нет?
- The Twelve-Factor App
- Nuget
- 1.1 и 2.0 > 1.0
- .Net Standard 2.0
- Сообщество
- FAQ
- Кросс-платформенность
- Дешевле в содержании

Почему Docker?

- AWS Container Service
- Скорость развёртывания
- Простота
- Изолированность
- Масштабируемость
- ...
- Дешевизна

Что хотелось. Мнения

Команда



Ops



Архитекторы



Менеджеры



Команда



Что мы потеряли



Eventlog

Стандартный логгер ☹️

Serilog! Просто, быстро, настраиваемо

```
{Timestamp:yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss} [{Level}]  
{Message} {Properties}{NewLine}
```

```
"Enrich": ["FromLogContext"]
```

```
using (LogContext.PushProperty("Prop", value))
```

~~Certificate Store для самозаверенных сертификатов~~

```
if (!env.IsProduction())
{
    var clientHandler = new HttpClientHandler();

    clientHandler.ServerCertificateCustomValidationCallback += (...) =>
    {
        X509Chain chain2 = new X509Chain();

        chain2.ChainPolicy.ExtraStore.Add(new X509Certificate2(RootCertificate));

        chain2.Build(cert);

        if (chain2.ChainStatus.Length == 0)
            return true;

        return chain2.ChainStatus[0].Status == X509ChainStatusFlags.NoError
            || chain2.ChainStatus[0].Status == X509ChainStatusFlags.UntrustedRoot;
    };
}
```

~~Полная поддержка WCF~~

- Поддерживаемые функции WCF
- 'TransportWithMessageCredential' is not supported
- SimpleSOAPClient

```
var requestBody = DataSerializer.ObjectToXmlDataString(soupBody);
```

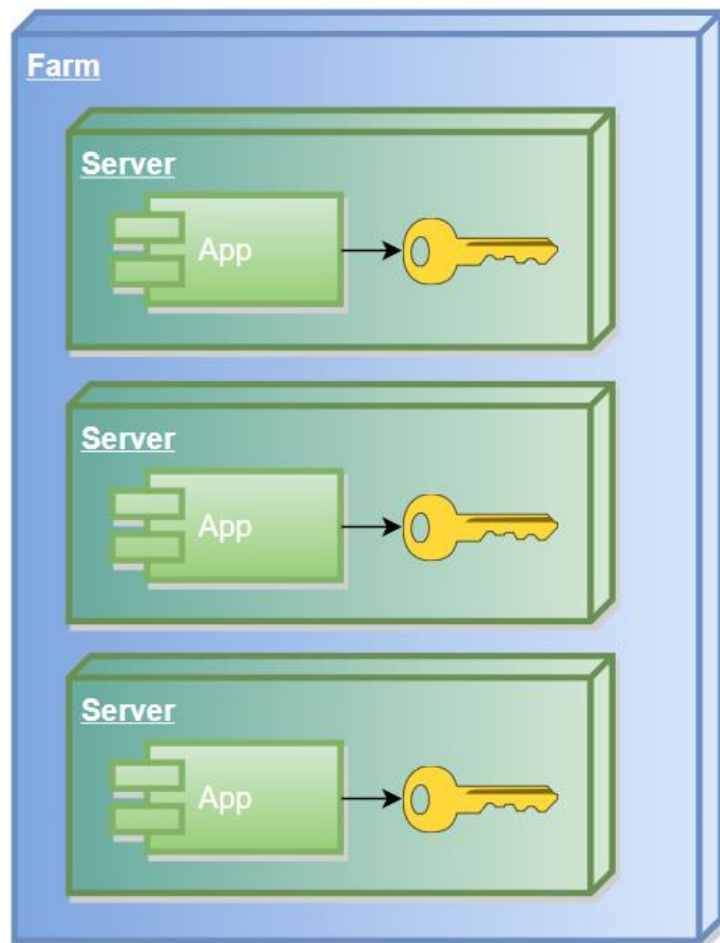
```
var envelope = SoapEnvelope  
    .Prepare()  
    .Body(XElement.Parse(requestBody))  
    .WithHeaders(  
        KnownHeader.Oasis.Security.UsernameTokenAndPasswordText("user", "pass"));
```

~~ИS и развёртывание веб-сайтов на нём~~

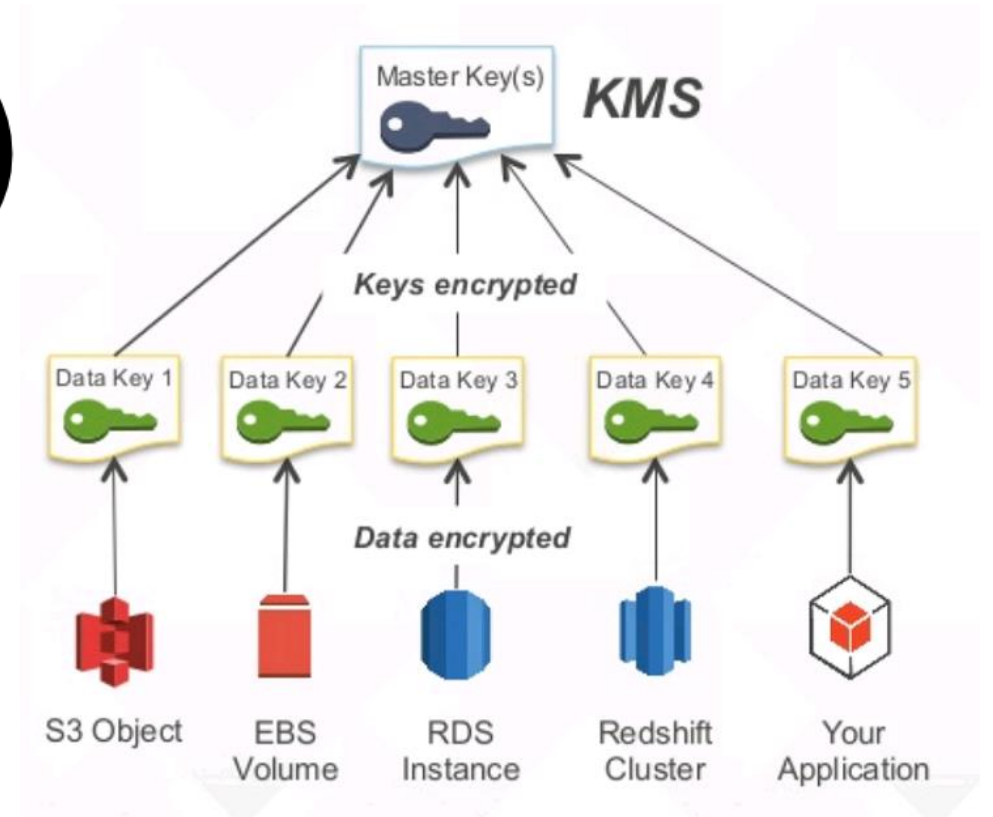
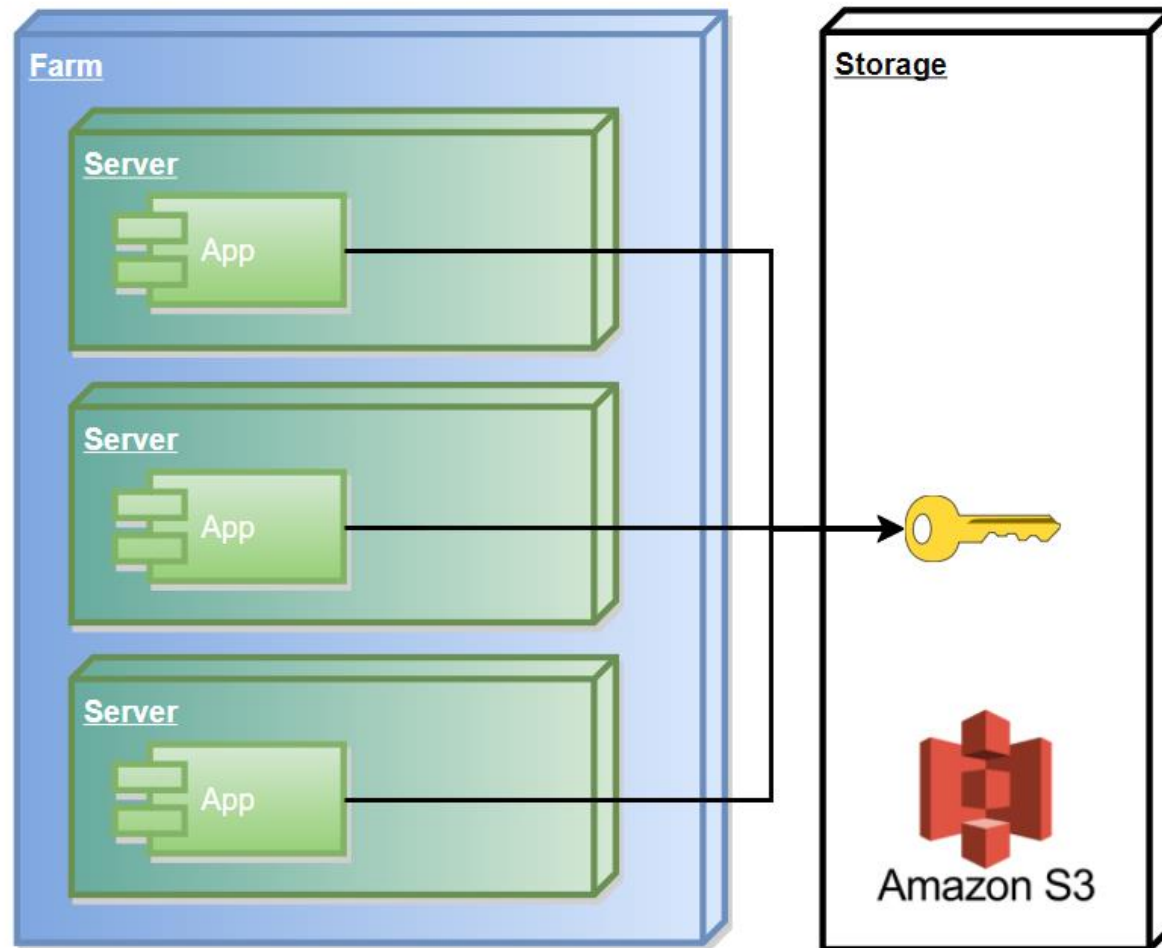


- Kestrel
- Elastic Load Balancing
- SSL termination
- Amazon Elastic Container Service

~~Machinekey и validationkey для шифрования~~



~~Machinekey и validationkey для шифрования~~



<https://www.slideshare.net/AmazonWebServices/encryption-and-key-management-in-aws>

```
services.AddDataProtection().PersistKeysToAwsS3(...).ProtectKeysWithAwsKms(...);
```

~~Basic authentication~~

Правда надо?

Легко

<https://github.com/blowdart/idunno.Authentication>

<https://github.com/msmolka/ZNetCS.AspNetCore.Authentication.Basic>

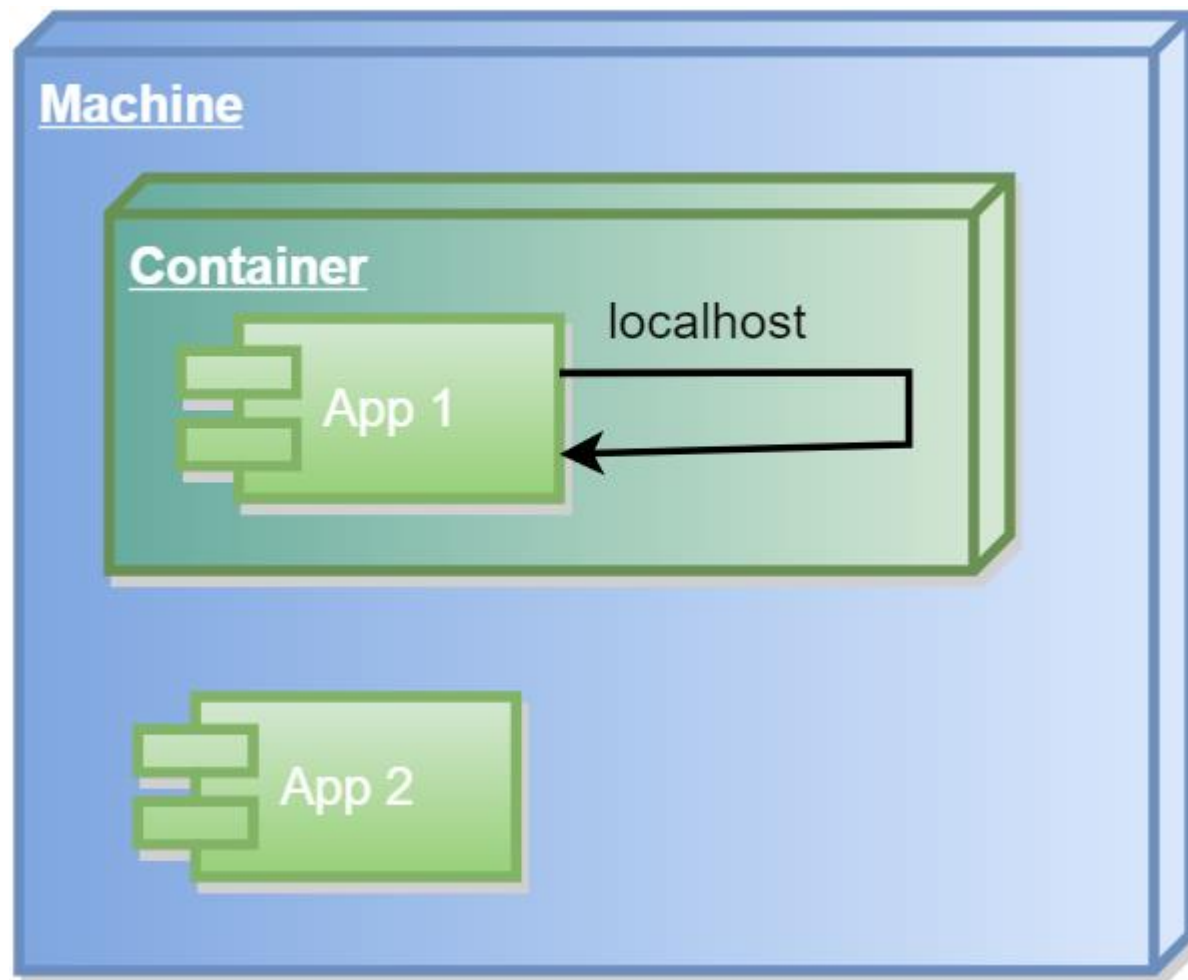
<https://github.com/edjCase/BasicAuth>

```
services.Configure<BasicAuthenticationOptions>("Basic", ...);
```

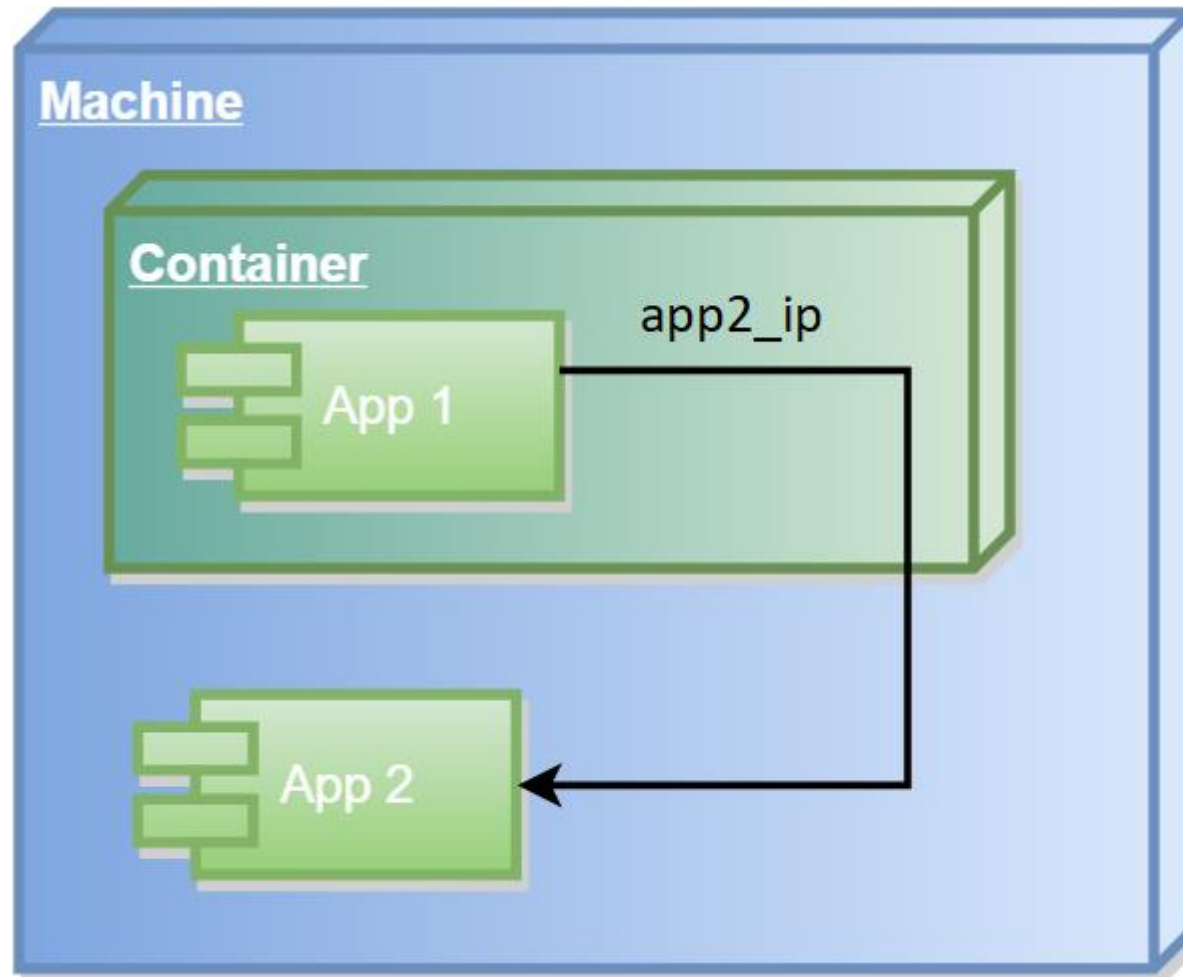
```
services.AddAuthentication().AddBasicAuthentication();
```

```
app.UseAuthentication();
```

localhost



localhost



/etc/hosts

app2_ip 10.0.0.10

```
docker run -it  
--add-host app2_ip:10.0.0.10
```

extra_hosts:

- "app2_ip:10.0.0.10"

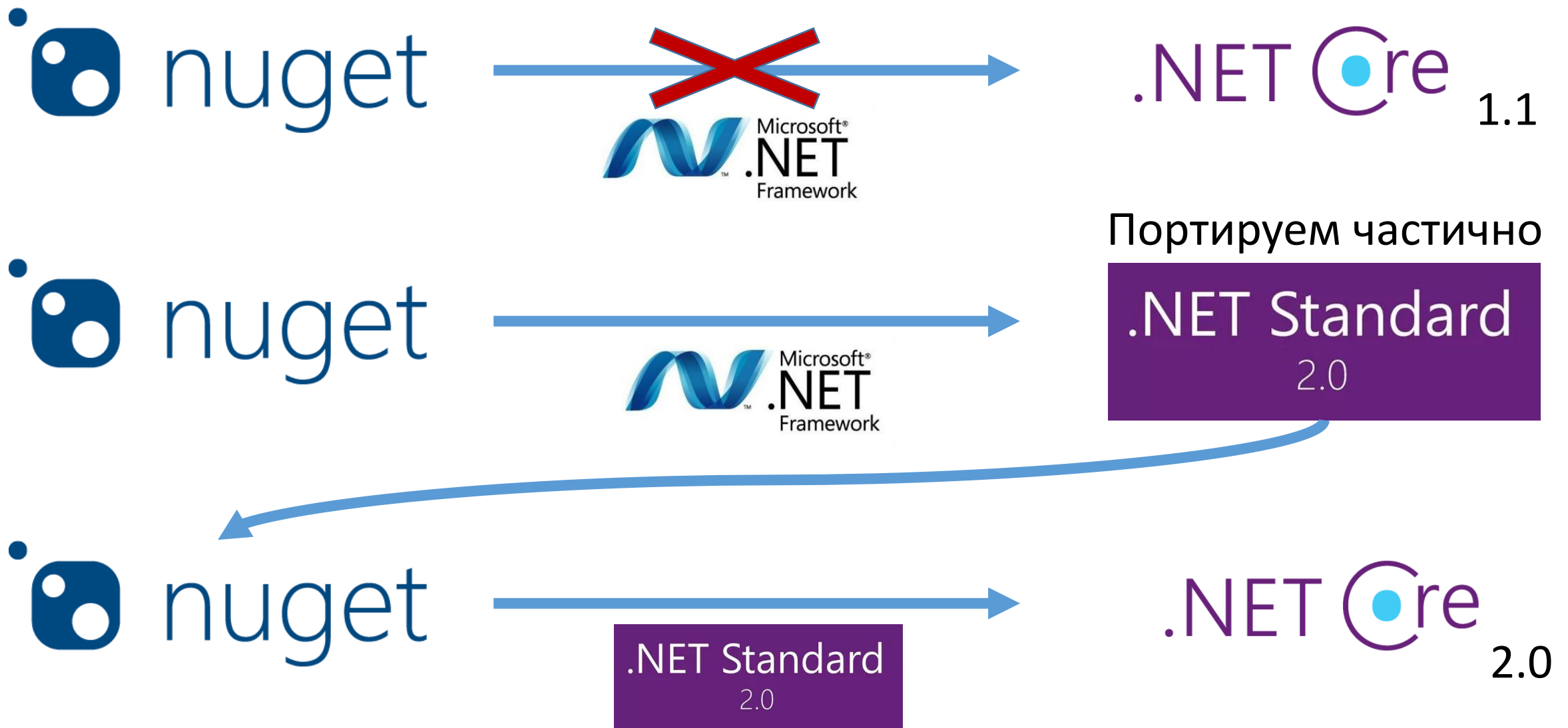
extra_hosts:

- "app2_ip:\${APP2_IP}"

.env

APP2_IP=10.0.0.10

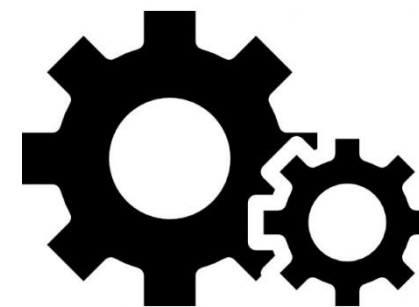
Собственные наработки и библиотеки, написанные под .Net Framework



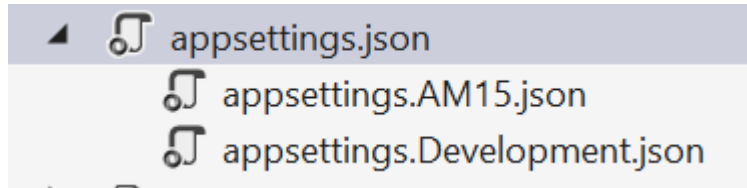
~~Быстрый поиск ответов и статичность подходов~~

- open-source
- Версии
 - .Net Core, Visual Studio, Docker, Docker Compose
- Ответы
 - .Net Core 1.0, .Net Core 1.1, .Net Core 2.0, .Net Framework
- Отладка, сборка и развёртывание
- Танцы с бубнами

ЧТО МЫ НАШЛИ



Гибкость настройки



+ Переменные среды

```
var builder = new ConfigurationBuilder()  
    .SetBasePath(env.ContentRootPath)  
  
    .AddJsonFile("appsettings.json", optional: false)  
  
    .AddJsonFile($"appsettings.{env.EnvironmentName}.json", optional: true)  
  
    .AddEnvironmentVariables();
```

```
WebHost.CreateDefaultBuilder(args)....
```

Гибкость настройки

```
services.AddOptions();

services.Configure<ApplicationSettingsProvider>(configuration);

services.Configure<SpecificSettings>(configuration.GetSection("SpecificSection"));

public ApplicationClass(IOptions<ApplicationSettingsProvider> settings)
{
    var setting = settings.Value.MySetting;
}

public ApplicationClass(IOptionsSnapshot<SpecificSettings> settings)
{
    var setting = settings.Value.MySetting;
}
```

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-US/aspnet/core/fundamentals/configuration/options>

Гибкость настройки

```
var options = configuration.GetAWSOptions();  
options.Credentials = new BasicAWSCredentials(amazonKeyId, amazonKeySecret);  
services.AddDefaultAWSOptions(options);  
services.AddAWSService<IAmazonS3>();
```

<https://github.com/aws/aws-sdk-net>

Конфигурация объектом

```
// MySettings.cs
public class MySettings
{
    public string MySetting { get; set; }
}

// ApplicationClass.cs
public ApplicationClass(IOptions<MySettings> settings)
{
    var setting = settings.Value.MySetting;
}

// Startup.cs
services.AddOptions();

services.Configure<MySettings>(Configuration);
```

Конфигурация интерфейсом

```
// AppSettingsProvider.cs
public class AppSettingsProvider : ISettingsProvider
{
    public string MySetting { get; set; }
}

// OldApplicationClass.cs
public class OldApplicationClass(ISettingsProvider settingsProvider)
{
    var setting = settingsProvider.MySetting;
}

// Startup.cs
services.Configure<AppSettingsProvider>(Configuration);

services.AddSingleton<ISettingsProvider>(sp =>
    sp.GetService<IOptions<AppSettingsProvider>>().Value);
```

HttpContext

// Startup.cs

```
services.TryAddSingleton<IHttpContextAccessor, HttpContextAccessor>();
```

// ApplicationClass.cs

```
private readonly IHttpContextAccessor _httpContextAccessor;
```

```
public ApplicationClass(IHttpContextAccessor httpContextAccessor)
{
    _httpContextAccessor = httpContextAccessor;
}
```

```
var user = _httpContextAccessor.HttpContext.User;
```

MVC + WebApi

```
DependencyResolver.SetResolver(new UnityDependencyResolver(container));  
GlobalConfiguration.Configuration.DependencyResolver = new  
    Unity.WebApi.UnityDependencyResolver(container);  
  
GlobalFilters.Filters.Add(new ExceptionFilter());  
GlobalConfiguration.Configuration.Filters.Add(new WebApiHandleExceptionAttribute());  
  
RouteTable.Routes.MapMvcAttributeRoutes(constraintsResolver);  
[System.Web.Mvc.RouteArea("myarea")]  
[System.Web.Mvc.RoutePrefix("mycontroller")]  
[System.Web.Mvc.Route("myaction")]  
  
GlobalConfiguration.Configuration.MapHttpAttributeRoutes();  
[System.Web.Http.RoutePrefix("myapiprefix/mycontroller")]  
[System.Web.Http.Route("myaction")]
```

Инфраструктура в контейнерах



Настраиваем RabbitMQ. Конфигурация



Import

Configuration file:

Choose File

No file chosen

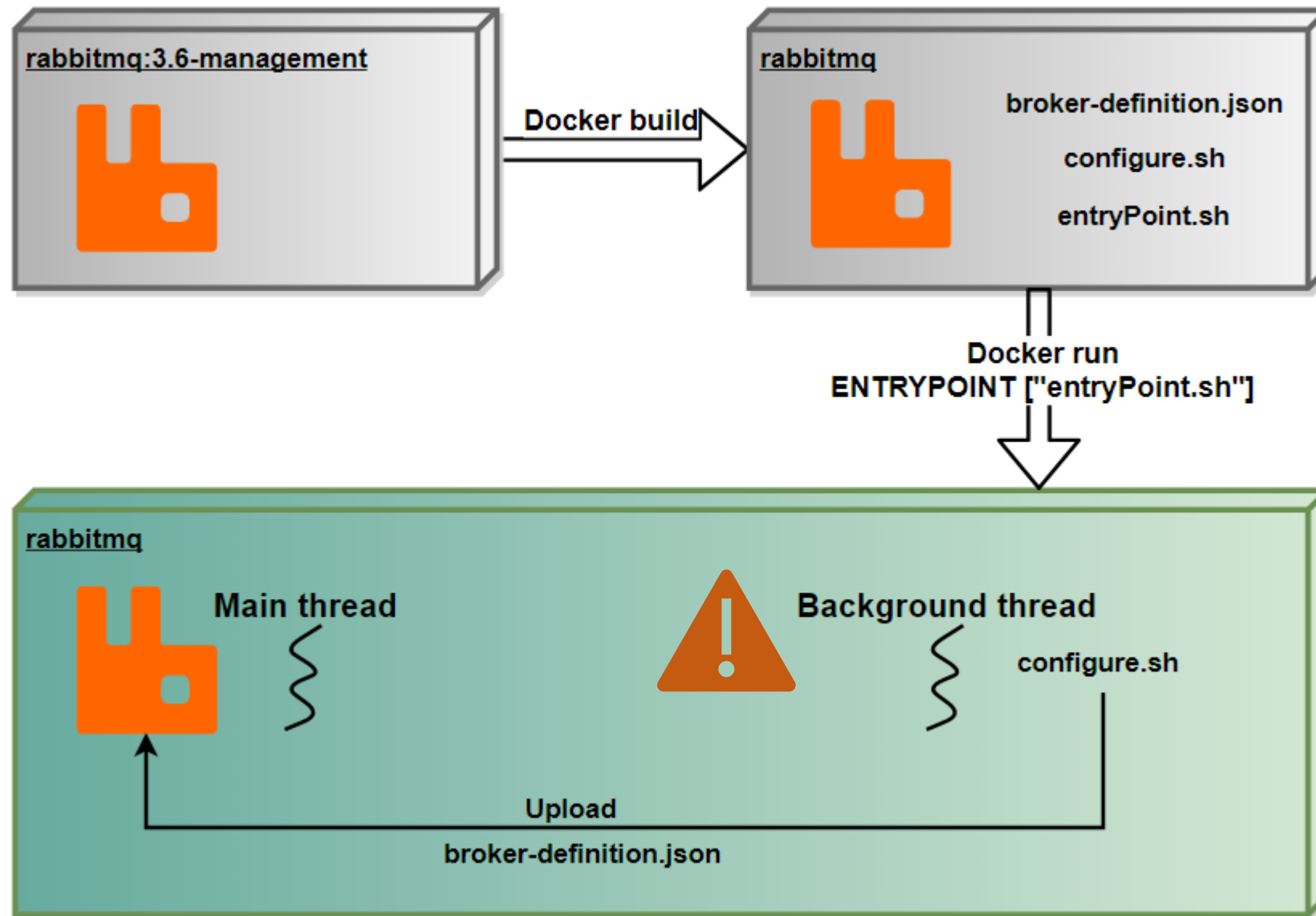
The configuration that is imported will be merged with the current configuration. If an error occurs during import, any configuration changes made will not be rolled back.

Upload broker configuration

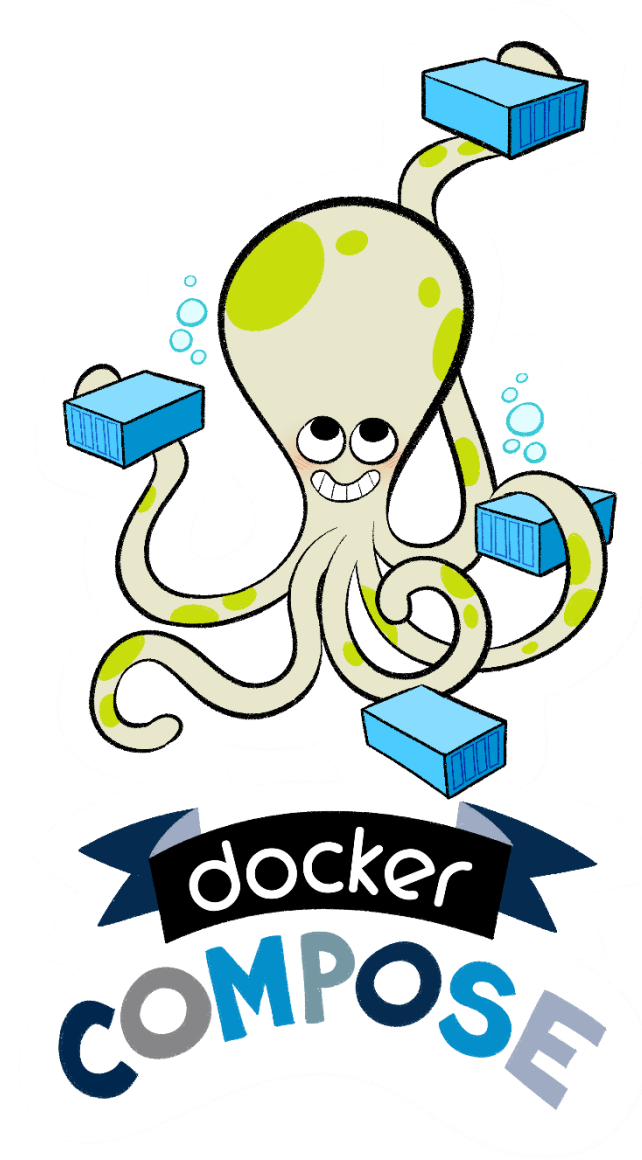
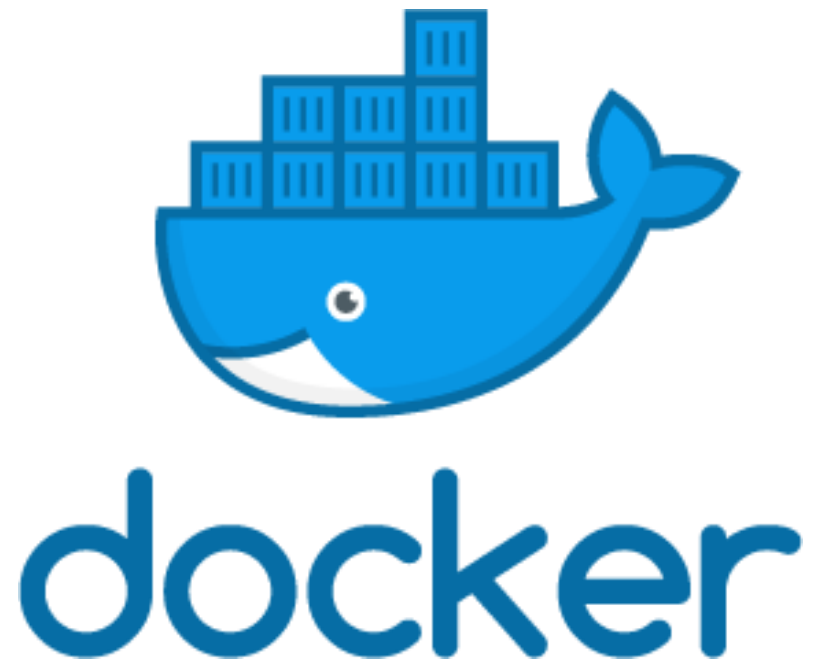
broker_definition.json

```
{
  "vhosts": [
    ...
  ],
  "exchanges": [
    ...
  ],
  "queues": [
    ...
  ],
  "bindings": [
    ...
  ]
}
```

Настраиваем RabbitMQ. АВТОМАТИЗАЦИЯ



Docker + Docker Compose

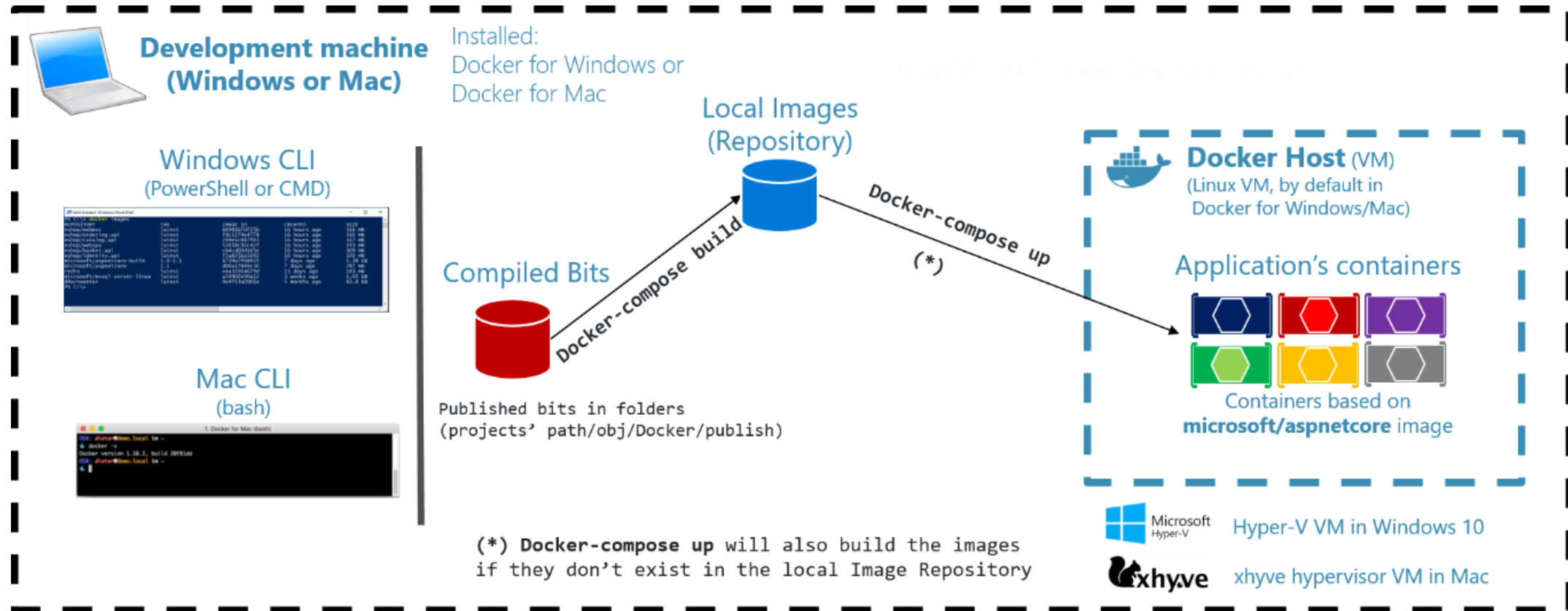


Dockerfile

```
FROM microsoft/aspnetcore:2.0
ARG source
WORKDIR /app
EXPOSE 80
COPY ${source:-obj/Docker/publish} .
ENTRYPOINT ["dotnet", "Application.dll"]
```

Docker Compose

Building the Docker images and running the containers



<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/standard/microservices-architecture/multi-container-microservice-net-applications/multi-container-applications-docker-compose>

Docker Compose. Синтаксис

services:

myapp:

image: myapp

volumes:

- /C/data:/files

links:

- myrabbitmq

depends_on:

- myrabbitmq

ports:

- "1000:80"

extra_hosts:

- "app2_ip:\${APP2_IP}"

build:

context: ../Application

dockerfile: Dockerfile

myrabbitmq:

image: myrabbitmq

build:

context: ../RabbitMQ

dockerfile: Dockerfile

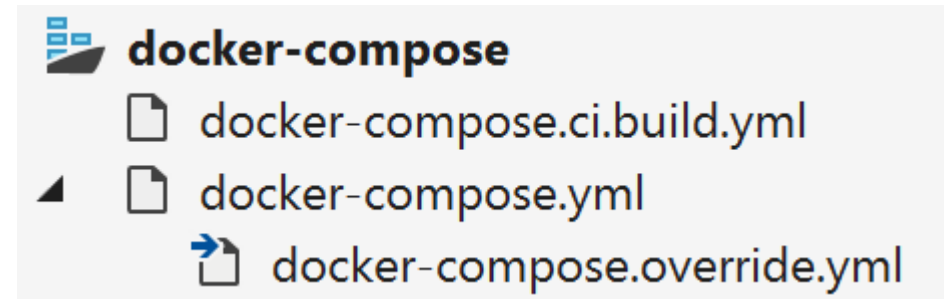
Docker Compose & Visual Studio 2017

docker-compose.yml

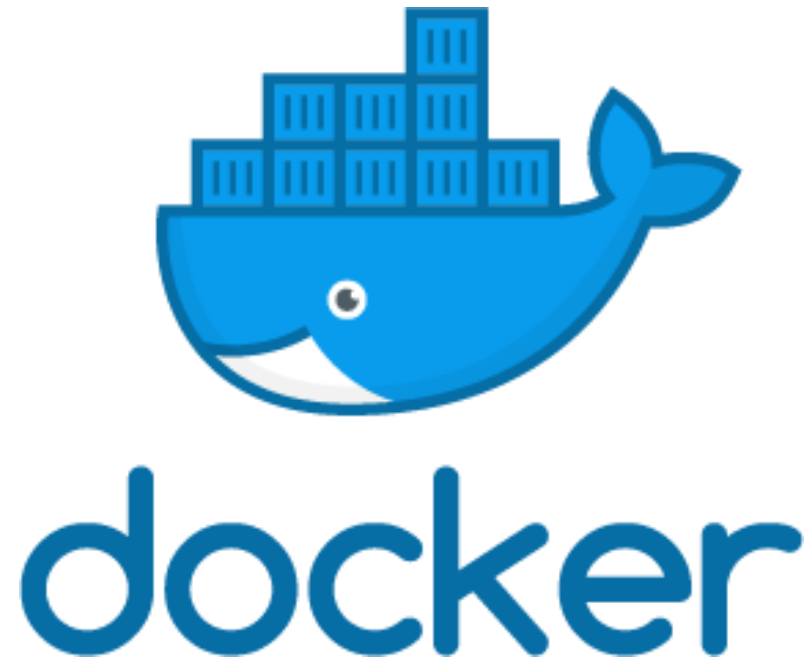
```
services:
  myapp:
    image: myapp
    build:
      context: ../Application
      dockerfile: Dockerfile
```

docker-compose.override.yml

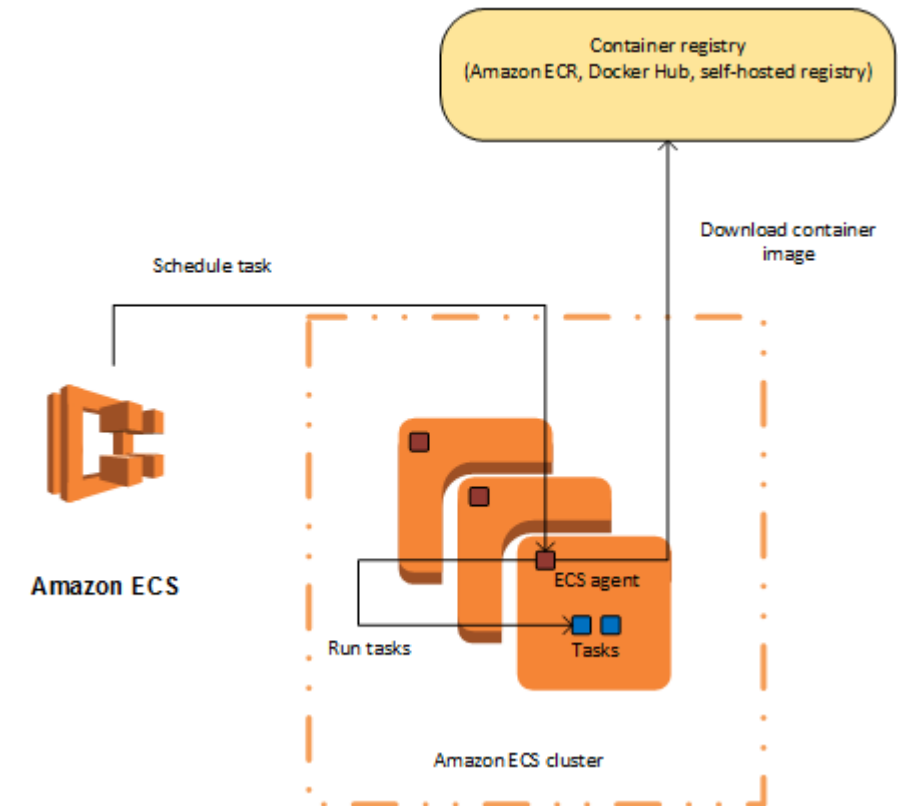
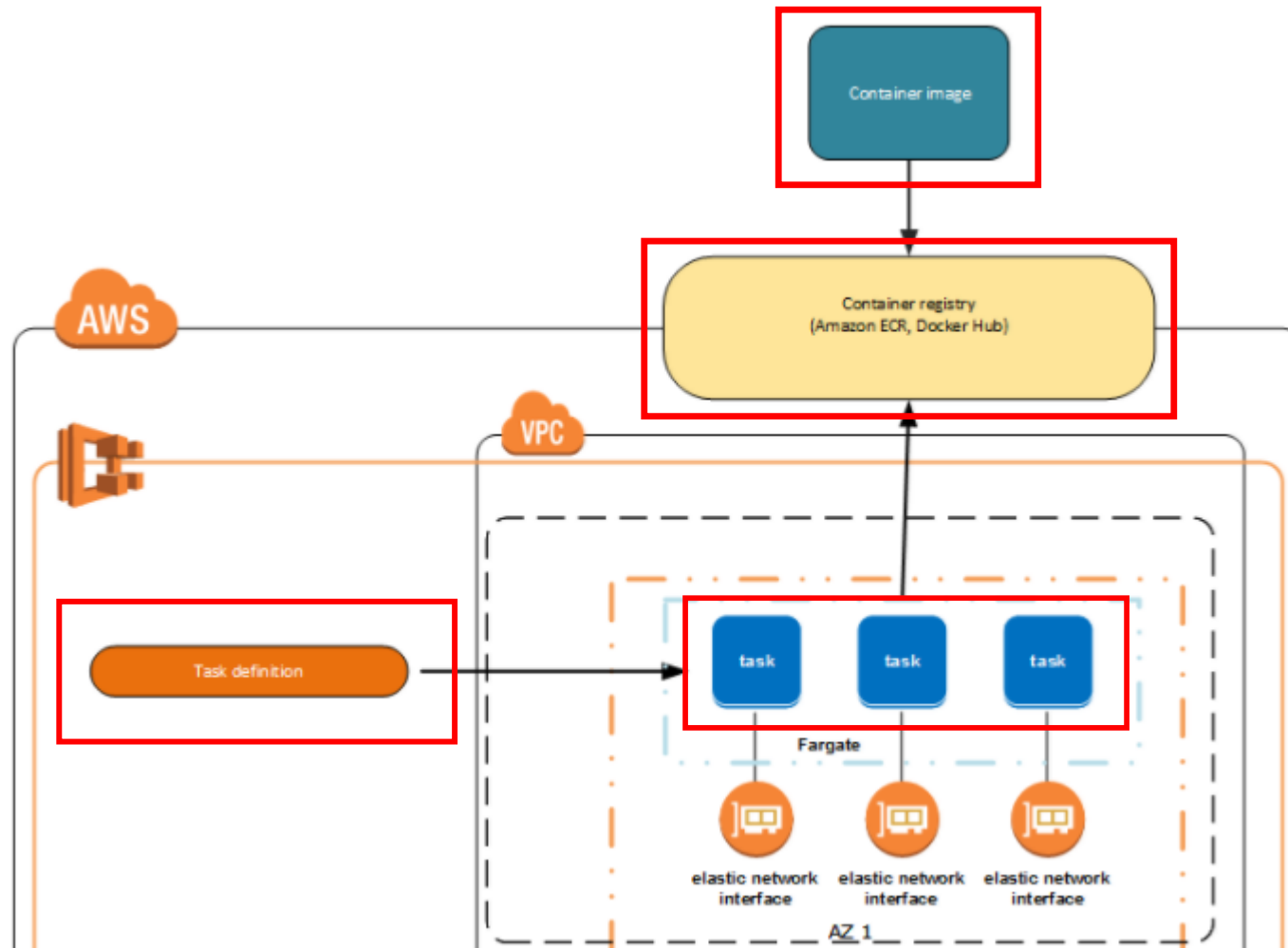
```
services:
  myapp:
    extra_hosts:
      - "app2_ip:${APP2_IP}"
    environment:
      - ASPNETCORE_ENVIRONMENT=Development
    ports:
      - "1000:80"
```



AWS Elastic Container Services



ECS. Cxema



<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonECS/latest/developerguide/Welcome.html>

ECS. Task Definition. Параметры

▼ Standard

Container name*

myapp



Image*

1234567890.dkr.ecr.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/ecr/myapp:master



Custom image format: [registry-url]/[namespace]/[image]:[tag]

Memory Limits (MiB)*

Hard limit ▼

500



Soft limit ▼

128



Define hard and/or soft memory limits in MiB for your container. Hard and soft limits correspond to the `memory` and `memoryReservation` parameters, respectively, in task definitions.

ECS recommends 300-500 MiB as a starting point for web applications.

Port mappings

Host port

Container port

Protocol



1000

80

tcp ▼



[+](#) Add port mapping

If you intend to use an Application Load Balancer (ALB) with your tasks, you can set the host port to 0 to enable dynamic host port mapping. This allows you to run more than one copy of a task on a container instance. [Learn more](#)

ECS. Task Definition. Параметры

Env Variables

Key	Value
ASPNETCORE_ENVIRONMENT	AM15
My_Key	MyValue
Add key	Add value

appsettings.json

- appsettings.AM15.json
- appsettings.Development.json

Links

myrabbitmq:rabbitmq

Extra hosts

Hostname
external_resource.com

IP address
12.34.56.78

+ Add extra host

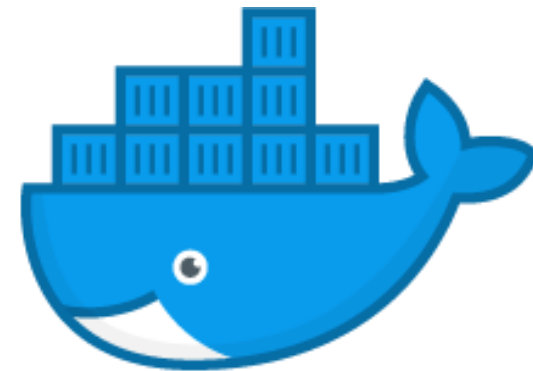
ECS. Task Definition. Логгирование

Log configuration *Log driver* splunk ▾ i

Log options

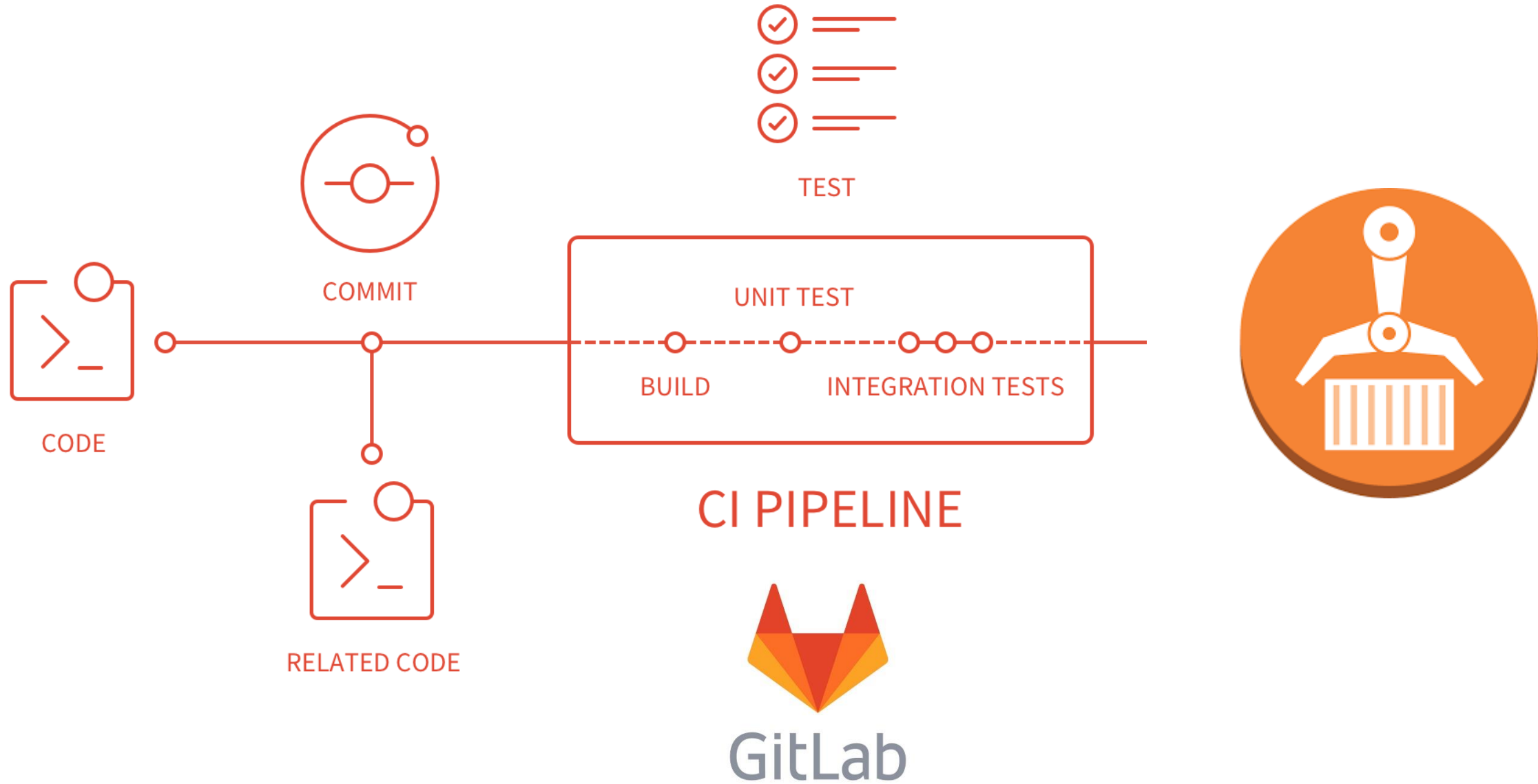
Key	Value	
splunk-url	http://10.0.0.61:8088	✕
splunk-token	E233C226-5850-4195-A465-34C	✕
splunk-insecureskipverify	true	✕
Add key	Add value	

splunk® >



docker

GitLab CI



GitLab runner и конфигурация

```
config.toml
concurrent = 1
check_interval = 0
[[runners]]
  name = "ASP.Net Core Runner"
  url = "<yourgitlaburl>"
  token = "<yourgitlabtoken>"
  executor = "docker"
  [runners.docker]
    tls_verify = false
    image = "microsoft/aspnetcore-build:1.0-1.1"
    privileged = true
    disable_cache = false
    volumes = ["/cache", "/var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock"]
    shm_size = 0
    pull_policy = "if-not-present"
  [runners.cache]
```



GitLab CI .Net сборка

```
build:
  stage: build
  image: microsoft/aspnetcore-build:1.0-2.0
  script:
    - dotnet restore --configfile $CI_PROJECT_DIR/.nuget/NuGet.Config
    - dotnet publish Application -o obj/Docker/publish -c Release
    - dotnet publish Tests/Application.Tests -o obj/Docker/publish -c Release
  artifacts:
    paths:
      - Application/obj/Docker/publish
      - Tests/Application.Tests/obj/Docker/publish
    expire_in: 1h
```

GitLab CI. Запуск тестов

```
test:
  stage: test
  image: microsoft/dotnet:2.0-sdk
  script:
    - dotnet test Tests/Application.Tests --output obj/Docker/publish
      --no-build --no-restore
```

GitLab CI. Доступ к репозиторию в ECS

```
aws_login:
  stage: aws_login
  image: am15/ubuntu-aws-docker:latest
  script:
    - mkdir Application/docker
    - aws configure set aws_access_key_id ---
    - aws configure set aws_secret_access_key ---
    - aws configure set default.region eu-west-1
    - aws ecr get-login --no-include-email > Application/docker/docker-login.sh
  artifacts:
    paths:
      - Application/docker
    expire_in: 1h
  only:
    - /^(master)|(.*_deploy)$/
```

GitLab CI. Docker сборка

```
docker_push:  
  stage: docker_push  
  image: docker:latest  
  services:  
    - docker:dind  
  script:  
    - cd Application &&  
      docker build . -t $AWS_REGISTRY_PATH/<image>:$CI_COMMIT_REF_NAME  
    - chmod a+x docker/docker-login.sh  
    - docker/docker-login.sh  
    - docker push $AWS_REGISTRY_PATH/<image>:$CI_COMMIT_REF_NAME  
  only:  
    - /^(master)|(.*)_deploy)$/
```

Выводы

- Работает
- Дешевле в содержании
- Переносится на другую платформу
- Дольше поначалу
- Проще, быстрее в развёртывании
- Проще для всех

Спасибо!

Александр Иванов

alexander.ivanov@arcadia.spb.ru

<https://gist.github.com/ArdenIvanov/5e80188d9f179fccca8e0a2980078f1f6>