



Traceability **Solution Providers** Special Interest Group



Forensic proof of origin

How can trace element and isotope testing help enhance traceability and trust in food and beverage supply chains? Tuesday 5 September, 2023, 10.30am to 12pm

Caroline Barrett Program Manager and Agriculture Agriculture Victoria



Karvne Rogers Senior Environmental Scientist **GNS** Science



Stacev Barlow Senior Project Officer Traceability Agriculture Victoria



Cameron Scadding Founder & Managing Director Source Certain



John Keogh Managing Principal Shantalla Inc. Professor of Practice McGill Center for the Convergence of Health and Economics (MCCHE)

Acknowledgement of Country

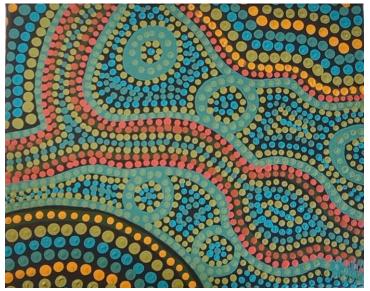


National GS1 Traceability Advisory Group Solution Provider Group

We acknowledge the Traditional Custodians of the various lands on which we meet and work today and any First Nations people that may be participating in this meeting.

Specifically, we acknowledge the people of the Kulin and Eora nations, where GS1 offices are located, and pay our respects to elders past, present and emerging.

We recognise and celebrate the diversity of First Nations people, and their ongoing cultures and connections to the lands and waters across Australia.



Credit: Barry Rainman Boland. Rivers and Waterholes Bilyan Bagay

Our agenda and host



National GS1 Traceability Advisory Group Solution Provider Group

Time	Item	Who
10.30am	Welcome and Housekeeping	Caterina Slade Manager – Alliances GS1 Australia
10.35am	Opening Remarks and official welcome	Greg Calvert Founder & CEO FreshChain Systems Co-Chair TSP-SIG
10.40am	Key-note Speakers	Nathan Hancock CEO – Citrus Australia Caroline Barrett Program Manager – Traceability, Biosecurity and Agriculture Services Agriculture Victoria Karyne Rogers Senior Environmental Scientist GNS Science
11.20am	Introduction to Panel	Greg Calvert
11.25 am	Panel Session with Q&A	Moderator: Peter Carter Panel: Cameron, Scadding, John Keogh, Stacey Barlow, Caroline Barrett, Karyne Rogers, Nathan Hancock
11.50 am	Summary and Close	Greg Calvert Founder & CEO FreshChain Systems Co-Chair TSP-SIG



National Isotope and Trace Element NITE Profile for Australian Citrus

Caroline Barrett Stacey Barlow Nathan Hancock Karyne Rogers







"Creating the National Isotope and Trace Element (NITE) Profile has demonstrated the use of science for citrus traceability.

Isotope and Trace Element testing has proved how Australian fruit can be differentiated from the fruit of other nations, when it's in market.

What's more, we can also characterise fruit from our five Australian growing regions. This gives us more certainty in the face of a food recall, or when protecting Australian brands from food fraud."



NATHAN HANCOCK, CEO, CITRUS AUSTRALIA



The Value and Diversity of Australian Citrus Exports



30,000 hectares of Australian citrus

5 production regions

Exports \$540 million

Premium citrus for overseas markets

Increased traceability and origin verification needed to protect brands and ensure consumer satisfaction

The Challenges of Food Fraud

Competitor countries also supply both premium and sub-premium fruit to the same export markets.

Risk of

» food substitution with inferior products

» biosecurity incidents

» food recalls

» mislabeling of origin or variety



The Benefits of Traceability

» food substitution / food fraud protection

» accurate product selection in food recalls

» biosecurity incident responses

» providing verified scientific data to support claims or litigation

» brand protection for Australian growers

» consumer trust in the safety

OFFICIAL

Options for Traceability

Mapping



Supply Management National Citrus Map Digital



Laboratory



Claims & Crises <u>NITE Profile</u>



What is laboratory traceability?

Unique profiles of isotope ratios and trace elements

are found in products such as fruit

from soil and water uptake

caused by unique local geology, environmental conditions, and agricultural practices

giving an effective means of tracing foods to their origin



B, Ca, Ce, Co, Cs, Cu, Fe, K, La, Mg, Mn, Na, Ni, P, Pb, Rb, Sn, Sr, Zn, δ^{18} O, δ^{2} H



26 Australian samples from 5 Australian growing regions: WA, QLD, SA, VIC, NSW

13 samples from 4 other nations: New Zealand, China, USA, Egypt The National Isotope and Trace Element (NITE) Profile for Australian Citrus

Project goal: 2 key questions:

1. Can we determine if an orange is from Australia?

2. Can we differentiate Australian oranges into one of the 5 Australian growing regions?

Project result: 'yes' to both

With further data, a 3rd question could be answered in future:

3. Can we differentiate Australian oranges from separate orchards?

OFFICIAL

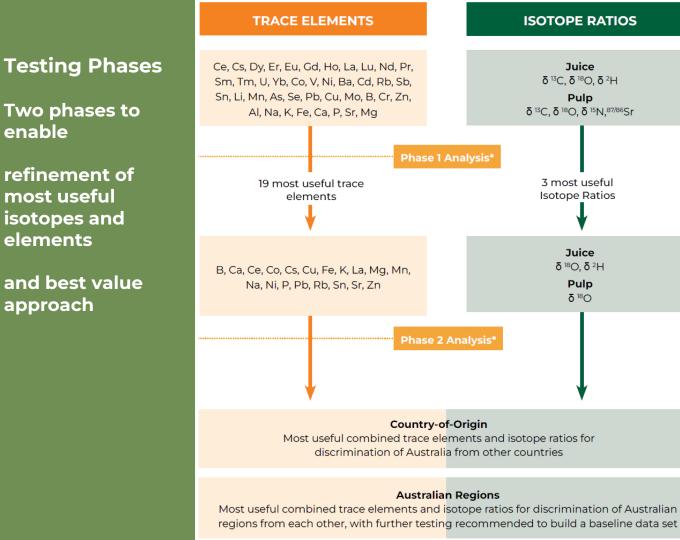
Sampling and Testing



Each 'sample' consisted of 6 oranges for pulp and juice extraction

All samples were measured in New Zealand at the Stable Isotope Laboratory at GNS Science and at University of Otago

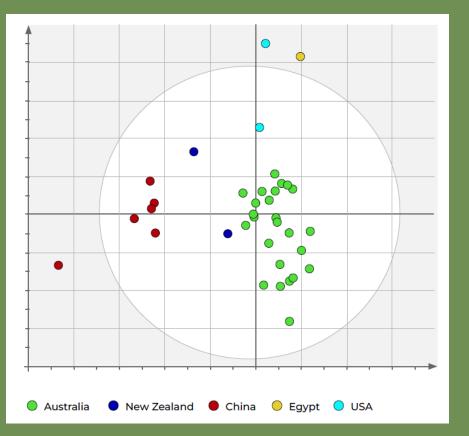




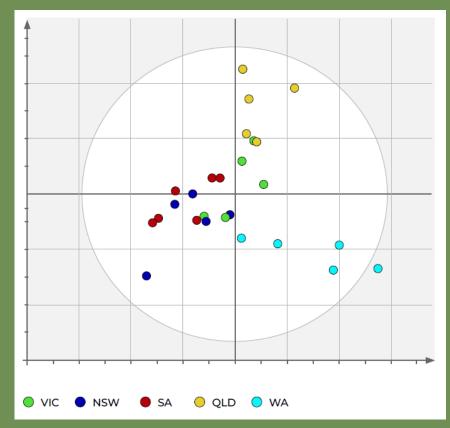
Multivariate Analysis

Orthogonal partial least squares discriminant analysis (OPLS-DA) model

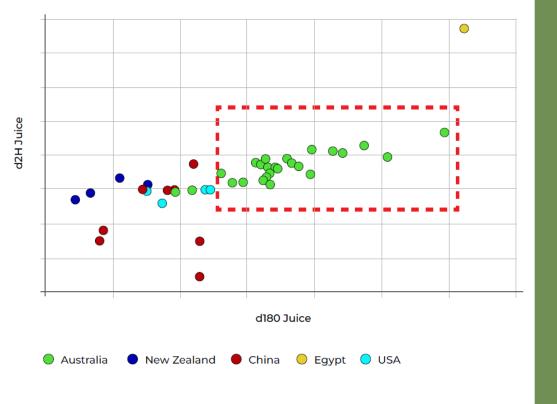
Australian Country-of-Origin Results



Australian Region Results



OFFICIAL



Developing a Rapid Screening Method

Australian oranges: distinct δ18Ojuice (Oxygen isotope ratios in juice)

Potential two-tier testing system:

- **1. δ18Ojuice**: Rapid, low cost, lower accuracy test
- 2. Full isotope and trace element profile: Slower, higher cost, higher accuracy test



Conclusions

1. Can we determine if an orange is from Australia?

Discrimination rate in this study: 97.3%

Yes!

2. Can we differentiate Australian oranges into one of the 5 Australian growing regions?

Discrimination rate in this study: 92.3%

Yes, noting SA, VIC, NSW differentiation would be further supported by additional testing

Recommendations

1. Consider Isotope and Trace Element traceability as an adjunct to other forms of traceability

2. Further testing to investigate markets at high-risk of citrus substitution (food fraud)

3. Build a larger data set for Australia and establish appropriate confidence levels

- 4. Develop a Two-Tier Testing Program
- 5. Build larger data sets for global citrus
- 6. Scientific publication and collaboration

7. Develop data sets for interested individual growers, with associated marketing opportunities



Uptake Challenges for Isotope and Trace Element Testing

» High cost of entry

- » Bespoke technology and high expertise
- » Variable confidence levels
- » Low levels of awareness (government and industry)
- » Logistical challenges of multi-country sampling
- » Slower verification time compared to digital labelling traceability
- » Intellectual property issues over data and methods with some laboratory business models





Intellectual Property of Isotope and Trace Element Testing

OFFICIAL

Intellectual Property of Isotope and Trace Element Testing

A summarised high-level public report is available for the Citrus NITE Profile.

Citrus Australia retains the full unpublished confidential results, enabling data access, retain, transfer, share and build beyond the project.

For your isotope and trace element project, consider if you wish to

- keep full study results confidential to your industry
- share them with other laboratories
- share them with other peak industry bodies globally
- openly publish full results in scientific journals.

Ask laboratories specifically about intellectual property of methods and results.

Establish who will own the full results of your study: you or the laboratory.

Request laboratory methods and establish if these can be shared openly with other laboratories, industry groups and the scientific community.

Intellectual property has implications for how you can access, retain, transfer, share and build upon the data beyond the life of the project.

OFFICIAL

A "How to" Guide to Trace Element and Isotope Testing



Final Report

Appendix 1:

Laboratory Traceability: A Check List for Trace Element and Isotope Ratios Testing

Questions for laboratories during the quotation process

Question	Answer
aboratory	
Provide the address of your laboratory / laboratories.	
f samples will be 'received' and 'tested' in different laboratories, provide addresses of all of them.	
Provide Laboratory Submission Form(s)	
Provide a copy of any import permits for samples submitted from all states of Australia (or your	
country)	
Can your laboratory accept the following sample types from all states of Australia (or your country)?	
Whole fruit?	
+ Pulp?	
 Fresh juice? 	
Pasteurised juice?	
 Irrigation water? 	
+ Soil?	
Any other sample type?	
Customs regulations for samples	
Provide customs forms for all relevant sample types	
Sample Handling	
Provide a sampling protocol that can be issued to each sample collector to assist with sampling consistency	
Provide sample pot, storage, packaging and transit instructions	
f you will supply any sampling or packaging materials, provide details and costs	
Provide details of method of sample transit from all states of Australia to your laboratory / laboratories r.g. mail, courier etc	
f you will provide transit of sample materials (e.g. arrangement of couriers), provide costings for trans of sample materials	ht.
festing Plan & Pricing Quotation	
Provide a test plan	
Provide a pricing quotation for isotope and/or trace element testing.	
nclude any costings relating to forwarding of samples between laboratories.	
Furnaround Times	
Jst your total Turnaround Times for results (including any time for forwarding samples between aboratories)	
inal Results	
Dutline which testing methods will be used	
Provide example sheets of final results, including imagery to illustrate method analysis, graphs / plots ind confidence intervals for horticultural testing	
Results Ownership and Transferability	
Will you provide fully transparent method, units, numerical and graphical results?	
Will these results be provided in sufficiently transparent detail that they could be replicated by other aboratories?	
Do you have any intellectual property arrangements that prevent fully transparent sharing of the methods and results?	
Who will own the fully transparent results at the end of the testing process?	
f the relationship between our businesses ends, is the information generated by this testing process ully transferable to other laboratories as a data set?	
icientific Advice and Results Interpretation	
Provide name and contact details of scientist who will provide ongoing project advice and results	
nterpretation f the cost of advice and interpretation is not included within the testing costs, provide costings	
Examples of Previous Studies Provide examples of previous studies, including final results, imagery to illustrate method analysis	
examples of Previous Studies Provide examples of previous studies, including final results, imagery to illustrate method analysis, raphs / obts and confidence intervals	
Provide examples of previous studies, including final results, imagery to illustrate method analysis,	

Appendix 1:

(Continued)

information to provide to laboratories during the quotation process	
Provide a background to your industry	
List the reasons why you wish to undertake laboratory traceability	
Provide a basic map of your growing regions	
Provide basic statistics about the number of orchards per region	
Drovide basic statistics about production volume per region	

Test Plan and Pricing Quotation Outline

Describe the variety of fruit you wish to test

Outline your harvest season timings

Request the laboratory to provide the minimum testing protocol that will answer these questions in a crisis event:

- 1. Is this product from my country, yes or no?
- If yes, which growing region of my country is this product from?
 If required, which farm in my country is this product from?

in required,	 	country	o o ilo p	roadet norm	

	Cost per sample	Growing region 1	Growing region 2 etc	Competitor Country 1	Competitor Country 2 etc	
Number of Samples						
Isotope Ratio: Sample preparation						
Isotope Ratio: Isotope 1						
Isotope Ratio: Isotope 2 etc						
Trace Element: Sample preparation						
Trace Element: Element 1						
Trace Element: Element 2 etc						
Sampling Materials e.g. pots, chiller pads, polystyrene boxes etc						
Transit Costs e.g. initial transit to laboratory, or transit between laboratories						
Scientific Interpretation and Reporting Costs						
GRAND TOTAL						

Sampling Protocol

1. See example earlier in the document

- 2. Include instructions on
- a. equipment e.g. juicing method
- b. storage of the samples in transit
- c. documentation: sample submission forms, import permit and guarantine requirements
- d. Transport containers, packing materials and transit method

NITE Profile for Australian Citrus 23

...including a Testing and Intellectual Property Checklist

NITE Drofile for Australian Citrue, 22

Thankyou

Caroline Barrett Program Manager Traceability – Agriculture Victoria caroline.barrett@agriculture.vic.gov.au



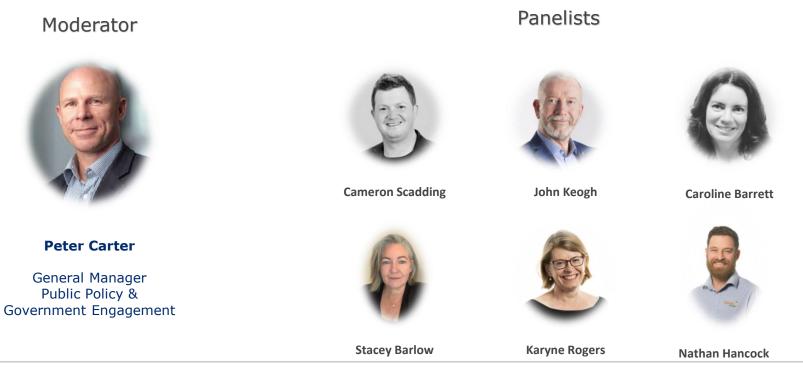




Panel Session



National GS1 Traceability Advisory Group Solution Provider Group





How can you join the TSP-SIG?



National GS1 Traceability Advisory Group Solution Provider Group







Open to all industries and solution providers interested in supporting enhanced product traceability for Australian industry and governments. Traceability requirements are continually evolving. No single solution is likely to meet all industry needs, now or into the future.

You are welcome to play an active or passive role in the group with the intention of networking, sharing insights and hearing from industry and government representatives to discuss projects, issues, trends and, where possible, align needs.

There is no cost to participate in this group other than the contribution of your time.







Traceability **Solution Providers** Special Interest Group



Forensic proof of origin

How can trace element and isotope testing help enhance traceability and trust in food and beverage supply chains? Tuesday 5 September, 2023, 10.30am to 12pm



Caroline Barrett Program Manager and Agriculture Agriculture Victoria



Karvne Rogers Senior Environmental Scientist **GNS** Science



Stacev Barlow Senior Project Officer Traceability Agriculture Victoria







John Keogh Managing Principal Shantalla Inc. Professor of Practice McGill Center for the Convergence of Health and Economics (MCCHE)

Thank you for joining today's session