

SECOND QUARTER 2023 EARNINGS CALL

LEON TOPALIAN

Chair, President and CEO

STEVE LAXTON

Executive Vice President and CFO



FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements made in this presentation may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements involve risks and uncertainties. The words "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "intend," "may," "project," "will," "should," "could" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements reflect the Company's best judgment based on current information, and although we base these statements on circumstances that we believe to be reasonable when made, there can be no assurance that future events will not affect the accuracy of such forward-looking information. The Company does not undertake any obligation to update these statements. The forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and actual results may vary materially from the projected results and expectations discussed in this presentation. Factors that might cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: (1) competitive pressure on sales and pricing, including pressure from imports and substitute materials; (2) U.S. and foreign trade policies affecting steel imports or exports; (3) the sensitivity of the results of our operations to general market conditions, and in particular, prevailing market steel prices and changes in the supply and cost of raw materials, including pig iron, iron ore and scrap steel; (4) the availability and cost of electricity and natural gas, which could negatively affect our cost of steel production or result in a delay or cancellation of existing or future drilling within our natural gas drilling programs; (5) critical equipment failures and business interruptions; (6) market demand for steel products, which, in the case of many of our products, is driven by the level of nonresidential construction activity in the United States; (7) impairment in the recorded value of inventory, equity investments, fixed assets, goodwill or other long-lived assets; (8) uncertainties and volatility surrounding the global economy, including excess world capacity for steel production, inflation and interest rate changes; (9) fluctuations in currency conversion rates; (10) significant changes in laws or government regulations affecting environmental compliance, including legislation and regulations that result in greater regulation of greenhouse gas emissions that could increase our energy costs, capital expenditures and operating costs or cause one or more of our permits to be revoked or make it more difficult to obtain permit modifications; (11) the cyclical nature of the steel industry; (12) capital investments and their impact on our performance; (13) our safety performance; (14) our ability to integrate businesses we acquire; (15) the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, any variants of the virus, and any other similar public health situation; and (16) the risks discussed in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 and elsewhere therein and in the other reports we file with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.



NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

The Company uses certain non-GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) financial measures in this news release, including EBITDA. Generally, a non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of a company's performance or financial position that either excludes or includes amounts that are not normally excluded or included in the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP.

We define EBITDA as net earnings before noncontrolling interests adding back the following items: interest expense, net; provision for income taxes; depreciation; and amortization. Please note that other companies might define their non-GAAP financial measures differently than we do.

Management presents the non-GAAP financial measure of EBITDA in this news release because it considers it to be an important supplemental measure of performance. Management believes that this non-GAAP financial measure provides additional insight for analysts and investors evaluating the Company's financial and operational performance by providing a consistent basis of comparison across periods.

Non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as an analytical tool. Investors are encouraged to review the reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures provided in this news release, including in the accompanying tables.



Q2 HIGHLIGHTS

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS



- \$2.2 billion EBITDA¹
- \$1.5 billion Net Earnings
- \$5.81 Earnings Per Share
- Returned \$580 million to shareholders,
 representing ~40% of Q2 net earnings
 - 3.1 million shares repurchased at average cost of \$147.03 per share

- Safest 1H in company history
- Steel Mills segment shipped ~6 million tons for second consecutive quarter
- 84% mill operating rate, up from 79% Q1
- Steel Products segment shipped ~1.2M
 tons in Q2, up from 1.1M tons in Q1
- DRI operations produced ~1M tons



GROWING THE CORE Q2 STEEL MILL PROJECTS UPDATE

Nucor Steel Gallatin (Sheet & Tube)

- Produced ~440K tons in Q2
- Reached full run-rate production (2.8 Mtons/yr) in June
- Profitable in Q2, with profit margins growing each month of the quarter
- Construction on new tubular operations continues, with commissioning and startup to occur by Q4.

Nucor Steel West Virginia (Sheet)

- · Anticipate final federal permit very soon
- Construction period to last ~2 years following receipt of all required permits
- Will serve the heartland of American steel consumption with a considerably lower carbon footprint

Nucor Steel Brandenburg (Plate)

- · Largest caster in western hemisphere
- Continue to ramp-up production levels with broader casting, rolling & finishing capabilities
- Produced plate products ranging in thickness from 1" to 12" throughout Q2
- Estimated production of ~300K tons in 2H 2023
- Expect to turn profitable by year-end

Nucor Steel Lexington (Bar)

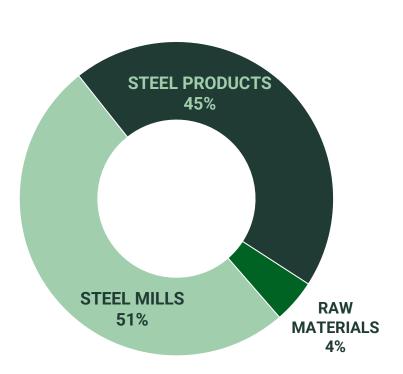
- Broke ground in May 2023 and expect to begin commercial operations by early 2025
- Annual rebar capacity of 430K tons
- Strategically located in one of the fastest-growing regions in the U.S.



STEEL PRODUCTS

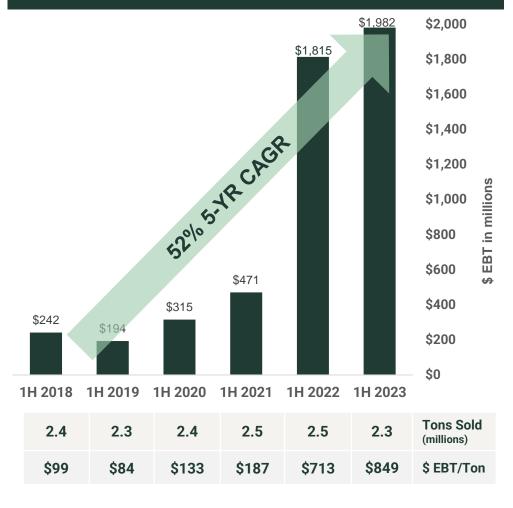
SIGNIFICANT 1H EARNINGS CONTRIBUTION...

1H 2023 SEGMENT EARNINGS^(a) MIX



Ath consecutive quarter with Steel Products contributing 40% or more to overall earnings mix

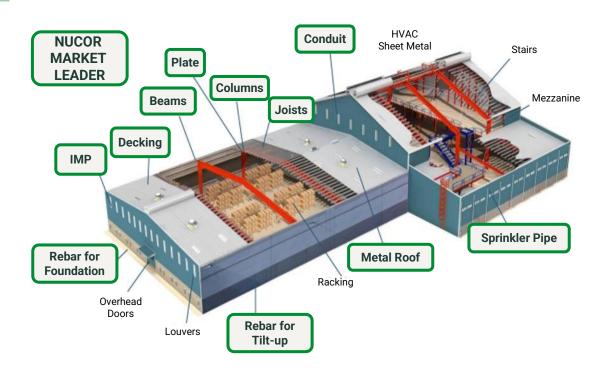
1H STEEL PRODUCTS EARNINGS(a) & MARGIN GROWTH





STEEL PRODUCTS

...AND POISED FOR SUSTAINED SUCCESS



Nucor Leadership & Diversity

- Produce ~90% of steel intensity for a typical large warehouse or manufacturing facility
- Leading supplier of the steel products most commonly used in non-residential construction
- Over 100 fabrication centers throughout North America
- Over 5,000 Steel Products customers, none representing more than 5% consolidated revenue

Revaluation of Engineered Products

- Departure from "cost +" paradigm
- Customers placing more value on engineered solutions & reliability
- Margins remain well above historical average, even with lower shipments



Pre-engineered Metal Buildings



Custom Racking Steel Girders



Joist & Decking



Insulated Metal **Panels**



Towers & **Structures**



Rebar Fabrication



EXPAND BEYOND

GROWTH STRATEGY ALIGNED WITH STEEL-INTENSIVE MEGA TRENDS

- Growing into complementary businesses that leverage our core capabilities and are aligned with steel-intensive mega trends
- Driving incremental value and enhancing our portfolio with sustainable solutions for customers
- Pursing opportunities with the following characteristics:
 - ✓ Attractive growth profile
 - ✓ Higher free cash flow
 - ✓ Attainable synergies
 - ✓ More stable earnings profile
 - ✓ Less capital intensive





ADVANCING OUR SUSTAINABILITY STRATEGY

THROUGH INNOVATION, INVESTMENT & PARTNERSHIPS

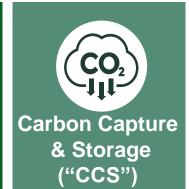


Biocarbon can be produced from sawmill residuals or sustainable

forestry products



Green pig iron can be produced from sustainable charcoal instead of coal



Announced CCS project with Exxon at Louisiana DRI facility

Piloting earlystage air capturing of GHGs



Emissions Free Power

Supporting greening of power grid via renewable energy VPPAs

Exploring Behind the Meter power generation and storage

NuScale investment and SMR co-location MOU



Evaluating novel iron making processes that could result in near zero emissions iron production

 Electra investment



Q2 2023 SEGMENT RESULTS

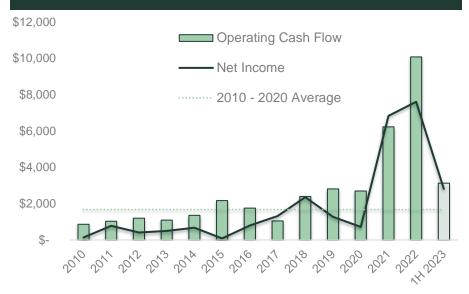
| STEEL MILLS SE | GMENT | | | | | Q2 2023 VS. Q1 2023 |
|--|---------|--------|---------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | | | | | |
| | Q2 '23 | Q1 '23 | Q2 '22 | Prior Qtr | Prior Year | |
| Shipments (tons in 000s) | 5,979 | 6,035 | 6,448 | -1% | -7% | Stable shipment levels |
| EBT ¹ (\$M) | \$1,404 | \$838 | \$2,816 | 68% | -50% | Higher realized pricing |
| EBT/Ton (\$) | \$235 | \$139 | \$437 | 69% | -46% | Lower conversion costs on energy and higher production/utilization |
| STEEL PRODUCT | S SEGN | MENT | | | | |
| | | | | % Chang | <u>je Versus</u> | |
| | Q2 '23 | Q1 '23 | Q2 '22 | Prior Qtr | Prior Year | |
| Shipments (tons in 000s) | 1,193 | 1,141 | 1,311 | 5% | -9% | Stable shipments |
| EBT ¹ (\$M) | \$1,011 | \$971 | \$1,130 | 4% | -11% | Moderately lower realized pricing |
| EBT/Ton (\$) | \$847 | \$851 | \$862 | -1% | -2% | Continued high profitability per ton |
| RAW MATERIALS | S SEGM | ENT | | | | |
| | | | | % Chang | ge Versus | |
| | Q2 '23 | Q1 '23 | Q2 '22 | Prior Qtr | Prior Year | Stable shipments, excellent output from |
| Production (tons in 000s) ² | 2,103 | 2,071 | 2,149 | 2% | -2% | Louisiana DRI offsetting Trinidad curtailment |
| EBT ¹ (\$M) | \$138 | \$58 | \$264 | 138% | -48% | Higher realized prices |

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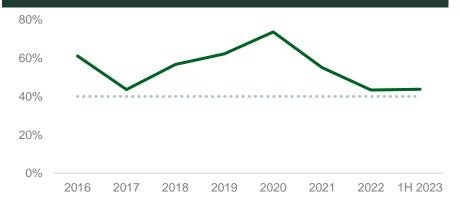
¹EBT (\$M) refers to Earnings (loss) before income taxes and noncontrolling interests as disclosed in relevant quarterly Nucor quarterly earnings news release. ²Excludes scrap brokerage activities

STRENGTH THROUGH THE CYCLE

RESILIENT CASH FLOW GENERATION



CAPITAL RETURNED AS % NET INCOME



Q2 '23 BALANCE SHEET SUMMARY

| US \$ in millions | xLTM | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| as of July 1, 2023 | Amount | EBITDA ¹ | % сар | | | |
| \$1.75Bn Revolving Credit Facility | \$0 | | | | | |
| Short-Term Debt | \$33 | | | | | |
| Long-Term Debt ² | \$6,646 | | | | | |
| Total Debt | \$6,679 | 0.8x | 24% | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | (\$5,394) | | | | | |
| Net Debt | 1,285 | 0.2x | | | | |
| Total Equity & Non-Controlling Int. | \$20,941 | | 76% | | | |

| Rating Agency | Long-term Rating | Short-term Rating | Outlook |
|------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------|
| S&P | A- | A-1 | Stable |
| Fitch | A- | F-1 | Stable |
| Moody's | Baa1 | P-2 | Stable |

\$27,620

Total Book Capitalization



100%

Q3 2023 EARNINGS OUTLOOK

| SEGMENT | EXPECTATIONS FOR Q3 2023 | OUTLOOK VARIANCE TO Q2 2023 |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Steel Mills | Decreased profitability on lower average selling prices and stable shipments | — |
| Steel Products | Profitability to moderate from historically high levels on lower pricing | 1 |
| Raw Materials | Expect lower earnings on lower selling prices and stable shipments | - |
| Corp / Eliminations | Intercompany eliminations likely trend lower, offsetting some of the margin compression reported by operating segments | - |
| Consolidated Earnings | Overall lower than Q2 | |

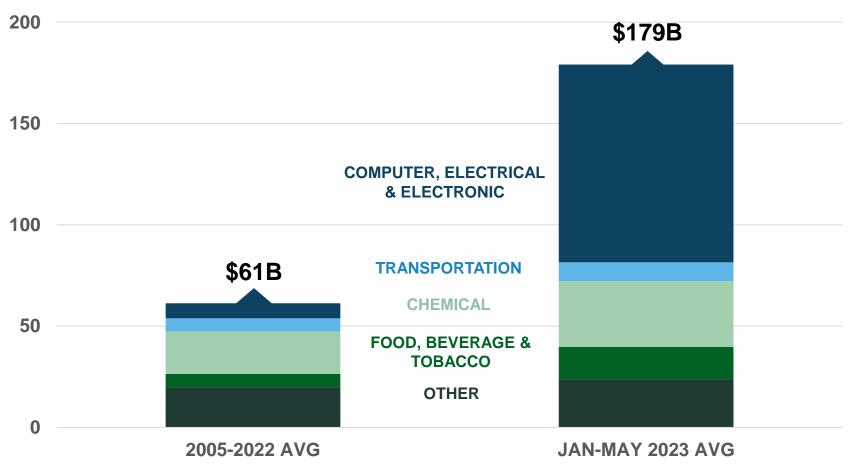


APPENDIX



SUPPORTIVE POLICIES DRIVING INCREASED MANUFACTURING INVESTMENT

Annualized Manufacturing Construction Spending by Type Billions of US Dollars



Source: US Census Bureau – Total Private Construction Spending: Manufacturing in the United States, Billions of Dollars, Monthly, Seasonally Adjusted, Annualized Rate



2022 SUSTAINABILITY REPORT HIGHLIGHTS

| SAFETY & TEAMMATES | 4th consecutive record safety year, with 0.95 injury & illness rate 20 Nucor divisions had zero recordable injuries in 2022 92% retention rate, a significant competitive advantage in a tight labor market 93% of teammates are proud to tell others that they work for Nucor |
|---------------------------------|--|
| ENERGY & GHG REDUCTION GOALS | ~40% of electricity comes from renewable or non-fossil energy sources Committed to 35% reduction in Scope 1 & 2 GHG intensity for steel mills by 2030, measured against a 2015 baseline Beyond 2030, committed to reductions in steel mill carbon intensity towards net zero-emission steel at scale |
| ENVIRONMENTAL METRICS | Scope 1 & 2 Emissions: 0.44 metric tons CO2e / metric ton of steel produced. This is 75% lower than the global steelmaking average and is already 20 years ahead of the Paris Climate Accord's 1.5C-degree scenario Scope 1, 2 & 3 Emissions: 0.76, roughly 60% lower than the global average Recycle 100% of our water, often 8-10 times before it is discarded |
| GOVERNANCE | Eight-member Board of Directors: seven independent, three women (two of whom are minority women) Our CEO and our entire executive team are fully engaged in Nucor's progress toward achieving our sustainability goals and initiatives |



EXPANDING BEYOND

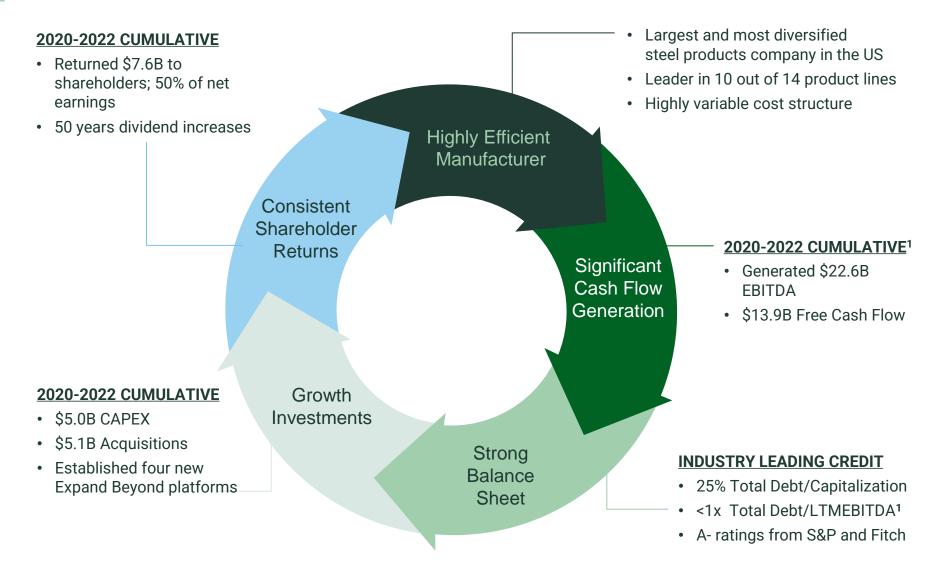
CREATING VALUE THROUGH MULTIPLE SYNERGY STRATEGIES

| SYNERGY POTENTIAL | MANUFACTURING PROCESS | SUPPLY CHAIN EFFICIENCIES | CHANNELS TO MARKET | THROUGH CYCLE EBITDA TARGET |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| CHI. | | | | \$400 |
| NUCOR® INSULATED PANEL GROUP | | | | \$150 |
| NUCOR® WAREHOUSE SYSTEMS | / | | | \$100 |
| TOWERS & STRUCTURES | | | / | \$50 |
| | EXPAND B | FYOND PO | RTFOLIO | \$700 |





NUCOR'S WINNING BUSINESS MODEL GENERATING GROWTH & SHAREHOLDER RETURNS





FEDERAL INITIATIVES

| KEY INITIATIVES | FEDERAL FUNDING PROGRAMS | EST. INCREMENTAL ANNUAL STEEL* | TIMING CONSIDERATIONS |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| INFRASTRUCTURE | IIJA includes new funding of \$550B for transportation & core infrastructure projects | 3-5 Mtpa | First wave of new bridge projects underway IIJA allocates transportation funding through 2026 |
| CLEANENERGY | IRA includes \$370B in clean energy tax incentives | 2-3 Mtpa | Biden Admin. targeting 30GW of US offshore wind by 2030 Most large utilities have 2030 interim GHG reduction goals on path to net zero |
| 此 RESHORING 此 出 | CHIPS and Science Act includes \$55B to reshore U.S. manufacturing | ~0.5 Mtpa | Expect funding for over 30 advanced manufacturing projects over next decade Steel intensive projects with average cost of ~\$10 billion |
| | ~\$975 BILLION | ~5-8 Mtpa | Incremental annual steel demand over next decade |

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SEGMENT RESULTS: STEEL MILLS AND STEEL PRODUCTS

STEEL MILLS

| | | | | % Chang | e Versus |
|-------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|------------|------------|
| Shipments (tons in thousands) | Q2 '23 | Q1 '23 | Q2 '22 | Prior Qtr. | Prior Year |
| Sheet | 2,786 | 2,819 | 2,934 | -1% | -5% |
| Bars | 2,122 | 2,169 | 2,273 | -2% | -7% |
| Structural | 505 | 536 | 624 | -6% | -19% |
| Plate | 520 | 454 | 474 | 15% | 10% |
| Other Steel | 46 | 57 | 143 | -19% | -68% |
| Total Shipments | 5,979 | 6,035 | 6,448 | -1% | -7% |
| | | | | | |
| EBT¹ (\$ in millions) | \$1,404 | \$838 | \$2,816 | 68% | -50% |
| EBT ¹ /Ton (\$) | \$235 | \$139 | \$437 | 69% | -46% |

- Stable shipment levels
- Higher realized pricing
- Lower conversion costs on energy and higher production/utilization

STEEL PRODUCTS

| | | | | % Chang | <u>je Versus</u> |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|------------|------------------|
| Shipments (tons in thousands) | Q2 '23 | Q1 '23 | Q2 '22 | Prior Qtr. | Prior Year |
| Tubular | 239 | 275 | 274 | -13% | -13% |
| Joist & Deck | 249 | 234 | 281 | 6% | -11% |
| Rebar Fabrication | 332 | 279 | 339 | 19% | -2% |
| Piling | 113 | 101 | 119 | 12% | -5% |
| Cold finished | 112 | 117 | 123 | -4% | -9% |
| Other | 148 | 135 | 175 | 10% | -15% |
| Total Shipments | 1,193 | 1,141 | 1,311 | 5% | -9% |
| EBT ¹ (\$ in millions) | \$1,011 | \$971 | \$1,130 | 4% | -11% |
| EBT ¹ /Ton (\$) | \$847 | \$851 | \$862 | 0% | -2% |

- Stable shipments
- · Moderately lower realized pricing
- Continued high profitability per ton

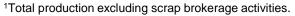


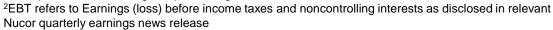
SEGMENT RESULTS: RAW MATERIALS

RAW MATERIALS

| | | | | % Chang | <u>je Versus</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|------------|------------------|
| Production (tons in thousands) | Q2 '23 | Q1 '23 | Q2 '22 | Prior Qtr. | Prior Year |
| DRI | 1,028 | 1,019 | 1,016 | 1% | 1% |
| Scrap Processing | 1,075 | 1,052 | 1,133 | 2% | -5% |
| Total Shipments ¹ | 2,103 | 2,071 | 2,149 | 2% | -2% |
| EBT ² (\$ in millions) | \$138 | \$58 | \$264 | 138% | -48% |

- Stable shipments, excellent output from Louisiana DRI offsetting Trinidad curtailment
- Higher realized prices







QUARTERLY SALES AND EARNINGS DATA

| | | | SALES | TON | S (TH | ous | AND | S) TC | OU ⁻ | ΓSID | E CU | STO | MERS | | | | | | EARNINGS (LOSS) | |
|------|-------|-------|------------|-------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|--------|------------------|-----|-------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | | STEEL | | | | S | TEE | L PR | ODU | стѕ | | | | | | сомр. | BEFORE INCOME TAXES | | |
| YEAR | SHEET | BARS | STRUCTURAL | PLATE | TOTAL STEEL | STEEL JOISTS | STEEL DECK | COLD FINISH | REBAR FAB | PILING | TUBULAR PRODS | | TOTAL STEEL PRODS | RAW MATLS | TOTAL TONS | NET SALES (000'S) | SALES PRICE PER TON | (000'S) | PER TON | |
| 2023 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 2,384 | 1,550 | 440 | 430 | 4,804 | 135 | 99 | 117 | 279 | 101 | 275 | 135 | 1,141 | 498 | 6,443 | 8,709,980 | 1,352 | 1,501,697 | 244 | |
| Q2 | 2,404 | 1,481 | 399 | 490 | 4,774 | 142 | 107 | 112 | 332 | 113 | 239 | 148 | 1,193 | 621 | 6,588 | 9,523,256 | 1,446 | 1,924,061 | 306 | |
| Q3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| YEAR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 2,023 | 1,603 | 524 | 389 | 4,539 | 179 | 136 | 133 | 291 | 111 | 230 | 155 | 1,235 | 620 | 6,394 | 10,493,282 | 1,641 | 2,766,623 | 450 | |
| Q2 | 2,470 | 1,625 | 494 | 452 | 5,041 | 158 | 123 | 123 | 339 | 119 | 274 | 175 | 1,311 | 625 | 6,977 | 11,794,474 | 1,690 | 3,324,398 | 499 | |
| Q3 | 2,197 | 1,498 | 491 | 367 | 4,553 | 160 | 129 | 112 | 350 | 119 | 231 | 190 | 1,291 | 571 | 6,415 | 10,500,755 | 1,637 | 2,218,627 | 363 | |
| Q4 | 1,974 | 1,365 | 373 | 355 | 4,067 | 174 | 127 | 99 | 302 | 94 | 215 | 167 | 1,178 | 493 | 5,738 | 8,723,956 | 1,520 | 1,462,893 | 267 | |
| YEAR | 8,664 | 6,091 | 1,882 | 1,563 | 18,200 | 671 | 515 | 467 | 1,282 | 443 | 950 | 687 | 5,015 | 2,309 | 25,524 | 41,512,467 | 1,626 | 9,772,541 | 401 | |



QUARTERLY SALES PRICES & SCRAP COST

| AVG | | TOTAL | | | | | |
|--|-------|------------------------|-------|-------|----------------|----------------------------|--|
| EXTERNAL SALES PRICE PER NET TON | SHEET | T BARS STRUCTURAL PLAT | | PLATE | TOTAL STEEL | TOTAL STEEL PRODUCTS | |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| 1 st Quarter | 876 | 1,031 | 1,452 | 1,490 | 1,035 | 2,872 | |
| 2 nd Quarter | 1,103 | 1,080 | 1,456 | 1,506 | 1,168 | 2,884 | |
| First Half | 990 | 1,055 | 1,454 | 1,499 | 1,101 | 2,878 | |
| 3 rd Quarter | | | | | | | |
| Nine Months | | | | | | | |
| 4 th Quarter | | | | | | | |
| YEAR | | | | | | | |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| 1 st Quarter | 1,571 | 1,140 | 1,496 | 1,861 | 1,436 | 2,689 | |
| 2 nd Quarter | 1,441 | 1,226 | 1,583 | 1,913 | 1,429 | 2,931 | |
| First Half | 1,499 | 1,183 | 1,538 | 1,889 | 1,432 | 2,814 | |
| 3 rd Quarter | 1,228 | 1,176 | 1,603 | 1,765 | 1,296 | 3,167 | |
| Nine Months | 1,410 | 1,181 | 1,559 | 1,851 | 1,388 | 2,933 | |
| 4 th Quarter | 961 | 1,063 | 1,543 | 1,564 | 1,102 | 3,230 | |
| YEAR | 1,308 | 1,155 | 1,556 | 1,786 | 1,324 | 3,003 | |

| AVERAGE SCRAP AND SCRAP SUBSTITUTE COST | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | PER GROSS TON USED | PER NET TON USED | | | | | |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| 1 st Quarter | 414 | 370 | | | | | |
| 2 nd Quarter | 455 | 406 | | | | | |
| First Half | 435 | 388 | | | | | |
| 3 rd Quarter | | | | | | | |
| Nine Months | | | | | | | |
| 4 th Quarter | | | | | | | |
| YEAR | | | | | | | |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| 1st Quarter | 495 | 442 | | | | | |
| 2 nd Quarter | 534 | 477 | | | | | |
| First Half | 516 | 461 | | | | | |
| 3 rd Quarter | 502 | 448 | | | | | |
| Nine Months | 511 | 456 | | | | | |
| 4 th Quarter | 427 | 381 | | | | | |
| YEAR | 492 | 439 | | | | | |



RECONCILIATION OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP MEASURE

| \$ in millions | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 1H 2022 | 1H 2023 | LTM |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------------|------------|-------|
| Net earnings ¹ | 1,271 | 721 | 6,827 | 7,607 | 4,657 | 2,598 | 5,548 |
| Net Interest expense | 121 | 153 | 159 | 170 | 101 | 15 | 84 |
| Provision for income taxes | 412 | | 2,078 | 2,165 | 1,434 | 828 | 1,559 |
| Depreciation expense | 649 | 702 | 735 | 827 | 397 | 449 | 879 |
| Amortization expense | 86 | 83 | 129 | 235 | 87 | 117 | 265 |
| EBITDA | 2,539 | 1,659 | 9,928 | 11,004 | 6,676 | 4,007 | 8,335 |



RECONCILIATION OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP MEASURE

\$ in millions

| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 1H'23 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 2,809 | 2,697 | 6,231 | 10,072 | 3,128 |
| CAPITAL EXPENDITURES | (1,477) | (1,543) | (1,622) | (1,948) | (1,057) |
| FREE CASH FLOW | 1,332 | 1,154 | 4,609 | 8,124 | 2,071 |

