

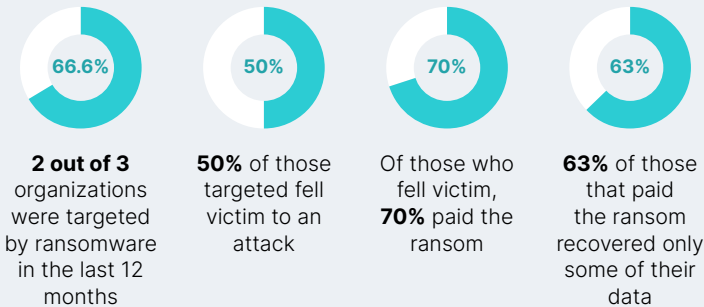
# A Global Look at Ransomware: Perception Versus Reality

Insights from the 2023 Fortinet Global Ransomware Report

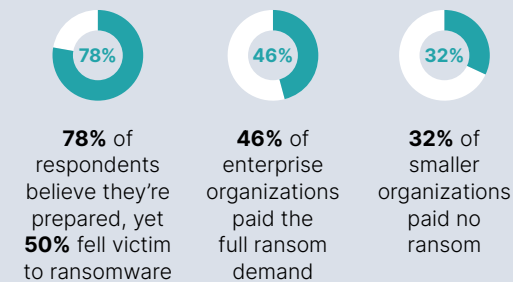


Ransomware has existed for decades, yet the chance of falling victim to an attack today is greater than ever. Security leaders and boards of directors must make effective prevention and mitigation of ransomware attacks a top priority.

## Ransomware Is More Rampant Than Ever



## Ransom Demands Vary Across Organization Size and Industry



Oil and gas, technology, telecommunications, retail, and manufacturing industries were more likely to be victims of ransomware

## Top Ransomware-Related Concerns Among Business Leaders



Businesses that relied mostly on point products were more likely (67%) to be breached, while those with a dedicated or mesh platform approach were less likely (45%) to fall victim



Security leaders cited these five challenges as their top concerns:

1. The growing sophistication of the threat landscape
2. Lack of clarity on how to defend against ransomware
3. Lack of user awareness regarding cyber hygiene
4. Lack of a clear strategy to manage attacks
5. Social engineering attacks against employees



4 of the top 5 concerns cited were about people and process challenges, not technology; security leaders worry:

- About employees who aren't sufficiently trained and vigilant to counter threats
- That their teams don't have the right mix of skills and training to defend against ransomware

## How Organizations Are Defending Against Ransomware

50%+

cited these technologies as crucial: IoT security, SASE, cloud workload protection, NGFWs, EDR, ZTNA, and SEG

88%

of organizations have cyber insurance

## The top 3 investments leaders plan to make are in:



IoT security  
(57%)



NGFWs  
(53%)



EDR  
(51%)

## Best Practices for Preventing Ransomware

Leaders must act now to defend against the growing threat of ransomware. There are many steps organizations can take to protect against this threat, including implementing critical technologies like NGFWs and ZTNA, enhancing backup capabilities, reassessing people, processes, and tools, and implementing enterprisewide security training programs.