## The Resurrection of Jesus Christ

- I. The ultimate proof that Jesus is the Christ is His resurrection from the dead. **ROM 1:3-4**.
  - A. All of Jesus' other signs hinge on the ultimate sign of His resurrection. MAT 12:38-40.
  - B. Without the resurrection, Jesus Christ and His miracles become a lie. **1CO 15:12-18**.
    - 1. Christ abides forever. JOH 12:32-34 c/w PSA 89:4; 110:4.
    - 2. Therefore, Jesus cannot be the Christ if He is still dead.
- II. There is an abundance of evidence to support faith in the resurrection of Jesus Christ. ACT 1:3.
  - A. The possibility of resurrection must be granted from the evidence of God's power in the creation. **JER 32:17**.
    - 1. If God could create a living man from the dust, He can certainly raise that dust to life again.
    - 2. If God could generate life from dust, He could certainly regenerate the uncorrupted body of Jesus Christ that never decayed toward dust after death. **ACT 13:34-37**.
    - 3. Even evolutionists will grant that life came from non-living matter. Hence, they accept life from the dead.
    - 4. (ACT 26:8) Why should it be thought a thing incredible with you, that God should raise the dead?
  - B. There were numerous eyewitnesses to the risen Lord. 1CO 15:5-8.
  - C. The historicity of other facts mentioned by the gospel writers such as the Jewish situation, the Roman rule, and geography stand unquestioned.
  - D. Attempts to deny the resurrection break down.

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- Some say that Jesus did not actually die, He merely swooned.
  - a. There were witnesses to His death. JOH 19:33-35; MAR 15:44-45.
  - b. How did the weakened Jesus survive three days and three nights in a stone sepulchre bound in one hundred pounds of spices? **JOH 19:39-40**.
  - c. How did the weakened Jesus roll away the stone over the door and get past the Roman guard? **MAT 27:64-66**.
- 2. Some say His disciples stole His body. **MAT 28:13.** 
  - a. The disciples neither understood nor believed the resurrection before it was proved to them. MAR 9:31-32; LUK 24:10-11.
  - b. How did they get past the Roman guard to steal the body?
  - c. Would all of the disciples so uniformly suffer what they did for something they knew was a tale of their own devising?
- 3. Some say that His enemies stole the body.
  - a. His enemies had a vested interest in His body remaining in the tomb.
  - b. Why didn't they produce the body to discredit the apostles' testimonies?
  - c. Attempts to silence the resurrection were made by force, not proof!
- 4. Some say that a beast devoured His body.
  - a. How did the beast get past the guard and the stone?
  - b. A beast would have left traces of the body which would have been advanced by enemies to disprove the resurrection.
  - c. Beasts don't normally separate and wrap burial clothes. **JOH 20:7-8**.
- 5. Some say that the disciples were hallucinating a risen Jesus.
  - a. It would have to have been mass hallucination. **1CO 15:5-6**.
    - b. Hallucinations are generally experienced by one who has a firm belief and high level of desire and expectation of something. The disciples neither understood nor believed in the resurrection until after it was proved to them.

## MAR 9:31-32; LUK 24:10-11.

- c. Hallucinations, etc., are generally only experienced by one sense (sight, hearing, etc.) but the disciples met, saw, heard, conversed with and touched the risen Savior. **1JO 1:1**.
- III. The probability of the resurrection is evident from its consistency with other facts.
  - A. The coming of Christ is connected with the destruction of Jerusalem. **DAN 9:25-26.** 
    - Jesus Christ corroborated Daniel's prophecy in the Olivet Discourse. MAT 24:15-16.
    - 2. Jerusalem was destroyed within a generation of His ministry exactly as He had said. **MAT 24:34.**
  - B. Jesus Christ received the kind of treatment prophesied of the Christ in the O.T. **PSA 2:1-3; ISA 53:3 c/w ACT 4:25-28; 13:27.** 
    - 1. This proves He is the Christ.
    - 2. Since He is indeed the Christ, He is risen from the dead, since "...Christ abideth for ever..." (JOH 12:34). REV 1:18.
- IV. The impact of the resurrection attests to its reality.
  - A. The apostles underwent a transformation after they had seen the risen Lord.
    - 1. They went from fear and unbelief to courage and faith that Jesus was the Christ and that death had been defeated.
    - 2. They accepted persecution unto death for what they proclaimed about the resurrected Christ. Deceivers and hypocrites make for unlikely martyrs.
  - B. The chief enemy of the Christians became the chief apostle of Christianity after seeing the resurrected Christ. **ACT 26:22-23.**
  - C. Time is divided at Jesus Christ. Would time be divided by the impact of a deluded fanatic?
  - D. The change in world politics attests to the resurrection of Jesus Christ.
    - 1. The fragmenting of the nations attests to the ascension ministry of Christ. **PSA 2:8-9.**
    - 2. The gospel of the resurrection liberated men's hearts so that the fear of death no longer could be used as a threat to demand submission. **HEB 2:14-15.**
    - 3. Emperor Julian's dying words are conjectured to have been, "Vicisti Galilaee" (*Thou hast conquered, O Galilean*).
    - 4. The setback to Gentile superstition attests to the power of the resurrection. **ACT 17:29-31.**
    - 5. The perpetual existence of the Christian faith attests to the historicity of the risen Christ. **MAT 16:18.**
- V. The resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead gives believers a living hope that transcends the ephemeral futility of this world. **1CO 15:20-23 c/w 1PE 1:3-4.**