



Red Maple

Distinguished by the red leaf stem and bright red colour in the fall

Fun Fact: Red Maple sap is about half as sweet as Sugar Maple sap, but can still be used to make syrup



Red Oak

Leaves have sharp lobes that are deeply notched; the tree provides a lot of shade

Fun Fact: The bitter acorns, when consumed in large quantities, can be toxic



White Ash

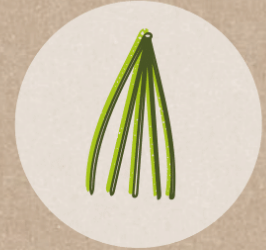
Compound leaf with seven to nine leaflets making up one leaf

Fun Fact: The strong wood is commonly used for baseball bats



Needles are arranged in bundles of five—think of the number of letters in the word 'WHITE'.
Fun Fact: Ontario's provincial tree

White Pine



Single needles attached to the twig
Fun Fact: One of the most common trees in Canada—found in all provinces and territories

Black Spruce



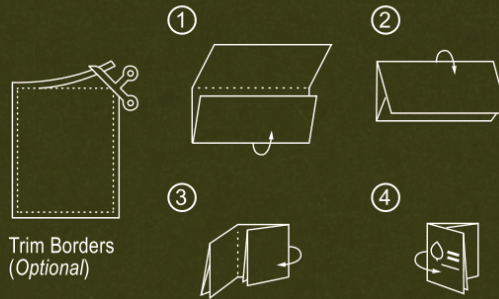
Needles are short and arranged in tight bundles of 15-60 needles
Fun Fact: The only coniferous tree that sheds its needles every fall

Tamarack



Pocket Tree ID Guide

treebee.ca



Trim Borders
(Optional)



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Sugar Maple

Leaves have five pointed lobes with deep, round notches between them

Fun Fact: The leaf was used as inspiration for the maple leaf on Canada's flag

Leaves are triangular; bark is white and paper-like
Fun Fact: First Nations Peoples used the bark to make canoes

White Birch



Leaves are dark green on one side and lighter on the other, and shake in the breeze, making the tree look like its trembling
Fun Fact: Reproduces by growing new, genetically identical trees out of its roots

Trembling Aspen



Leaves are flat scales and the tiny cones and seeds are an important food source for squirrels and birds
Fun Fact: Some eastern white cedars in Ontario are more than 700 years old

White Cedar

