



SAFEGUARDING POLICY

Children, Young People and Adults at Risk

Version 3.0

Policy Owner:

Mark Smith, Club Safeguarding Officer

Review and Version History

Version	Date	Description of changes	By
1.01	02/17	Creation of policy document	Mark Smith/Vicky French
2.0	10/18	Revision following audit incorporating amendments and changes advised and requested by E.F.L. Safeguarding Team	Mark Smith
2.1	03/19	Reviewed prior to E.F.L. audit	Mark Smith
2.2	10/19	Reviewed prior to Barnardo's Audit	Mark Smith
2.3	11/2020	Annual Review and minor updates	Mark Smith
3.0	04/2021	Annual Review and minor updates following external review by LADO (Nigel HATTEN). Adapted to include FGR Women's Team	Mark Smith

Review

The club shall review this Policy and Procedures at the end of every season or whenever there is a change in legislation, guidance, governing body rules or learning from safeguarding cases.



Mark Smith
Safeguarding Officer



Richard Hughes
Senior Safeguarding Manager

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Policy Statement and Principles

Forest Green Rovers Football Club is are committed at all levels, from the Chair down, to providing a safe and caring environment where we will always protect all vulnerable individuals under our care.

Our Principles:

Integrity

We will always treat all vulnerable individuals the right way. We will act fairly, honestly and transparently.

Teamwork

We will work together as one and will learn from each other to achieve goals and improve our performance. Staff will receive appropriate learning and training opportunities to ensure that they can make informed and confident responses to safeguarding issues.

Collaboration

We recognise and consider the views and contributions of our staff and all vulnerable individuals that are in our care

Accountability

We are all responsible for our actions and we will never leave doing the right thing to somebody else

Challenge

We encourage everyone to speak up where necessary

Improvement

We will continually improve our policies and ways of working to ensure that they remain fit for purpose and reflect how we operate

The Forest Green Rovers F.C. Commitment

We will always:

- Act in the best interests of the children, young people and adults at risk
- Ensure that all staff understand their personal responsibility for safeguarding
- Protect all vulnerable individuals taking part in any activity connected with the group
- Comply with all applicable safeguarding legislation and best practise guidance
- Provide all of our staff with safeguarding training and awareness suitable to their role
- Maintain an environment where poor practise is challenged, and all safeguarding concerns are reported.
- Ensure that effective safer recruitment procedures and policies are in place and that they are used
- Ensure that we provide providing a safe and positive environment for all children young people and adults at risk to participate in the activities at the stadium and elsewhere to the best of their abilities for as long as they choose to do so

This policy is promoted to all new staff, volunteers and participants and via the Club website.

The welfare of children, young people and adults at risk is of paramount importance and all children, young people and adults at risk have a right to be protected from abuse regardless of their gender, race, disability, sexual orientation, religion, belief or age.

Through the application of policy, procedures and best practice, the club promotes the safety, welfare and well-being of all children, young people and adults at risk enabling them to participate in any club activity in an enjoyable, safe, and inclusive and child centred environment.

This equally applies to the safety and security of those working with and who are responsible for the activities involving children, young people and adults at risk.

Employees, workers, consultants, agency staff and volunteers who come into contact with children, young people and adults at risk in club related activities should be positive role models and display high moral and ethical standards in line with the club's vision and values.

Policy principles

- The welfare of the child and/or adult at risk is paramount
- All children and/or adult at risk, regardless of age, ability, culture, race, language, religious beliefs, sexual or Gender identity, have equal rights to protection
- Safeguarding is everybody's responsibility. All staff and volunteers have a responsibility to respond positively in response to any concerns, suspicion or disclosure that may suggest a child and/or adult at risk is at risk of harm
- Children, volunteers and staff involved in child protection issues will receive appropriate support
- Staff and volunteers with roles and responsibilities for children, young people and/or adults at risk will be subject to appropriate safe recruitment checks and safeguarding training

Policy Aims

- To provide all staff and volunteers with the necessary information to enable them to meet their safeguarding and child protection responsibilities
- To promote consistent good practice
- To demonstrate the Club's commitment to safeguarding children and adults at risk

Terminology

Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and adults at risk refers to the process of protecting children and adults at risk from maltreatment, preventing the impairment of health or development, ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care and taking action to enable all children have the best outcomes.

Child protection refers to the processes undertaken to protect children who have been identified as suffering from, or being at risk of suffering from, significant harm.

Staff refers to all those working for or on behalf of Forest Green Rovers F.C. full time or part time, temporarily or permanently, in either a paid or voluntary capacity.

DSO refers to the designated safeguarding officer.

There are currently two such DSO at Forest Green Rovers F.C. - one for the Club, Academy and Women's teams and a DSO for the Community Trust.

Child or Young Person refers to anyone who has not attained their 18th birthday.

Adult at Risk refers to a person aged 18 or over and who is at risk of abuse or neglect because of their needs for care or support.

Parent refers to birth parents and other adults who are in a parenting role, for example stepparents, carers and legal guardians.

Safeguarding Legislation and Guidance

The following safeguarding legislation and guidance has been considered when drafting this policy:

- [Children Act 1989](#) ○ [Children Act 2004](#) ○ [Children and Families Act 2014](#) ○ [Criminal Justice Act 1988](#) ○ [Education Act 2011](#)
- [UN Convention on the Rights of the Child](#)
- [The Human Rights Act 1998](#) ○ [Sexual Offences Act 2003](#)
- [Office of the public Guardian Safeguarding Policy 2017](#) ○ [Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006](#) ○ [Equality Act 2010](#) ○ [Serious Crime Act 2015](#) ○ [Counter terrorism and Security Act 2015](#) ○ [Protection of Freedoms Act 2012](#) ○ [Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018](#) ○ [Keeping Children Safe in Education 2020](#)
- [What to do if you're worried a child is being abused 2015](#)
- [SEN Code of Practice Guidance 2015](#) ○ [General Data Protection Regulations 2018](#) ○ [Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003](#)
- [The Children \(Private Arrangements for Fostering\) Regulations 2005](#) ○ [Modern Slavery Act 2015](#)
- [Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999](#) ○ [Health and Safety at Work Act 1974](#)

This policy should be read in conjunction with the Ecotricity / Forest Green Rovers F.C. staff handbook where further information can be found on:

- Equal Opportunities Policy
- Anti-harassment and Bullying Policy
- Anti-corruption and Bribery Policy
- Capability Procedure
- Disciplinary Rules
- Disciplinary Procedure
- Grievance Procedure
- Whistle-blowing Policy
- Health and Safety Policy
- Data Protection Policy
- Electronic Information and Communications Systems Policy • Social Media
- Lone working policy
- Scope

Additionally, policies specific to Forest Green Rovers F.C. can be found covering a number of areas referred to in the policy and can be accessed via the shared drive or from the below hyperlink.

[All staff are required to familiarise themselves with these policy documents.](#)

This Policy is for use across the club and is to be observed by all those working and coming into contact with children, young people and adults at risk to ensure best practice in safeguarding is promoted and adhered to.

Venues of Application

All and any activities undertaken at the following locations/departments are under the remit of this policy including:

- The New Lawn Stadium
- Forest Green Rovers in the Community;
- Forest Green Rovers First Team training ground;
- Forest Green Rovers Academy training grounds
- Forest Green Rovers Women's training and matchday venues

All matchday event and activities that come into contact with children, young people and adults at risk;

- Travel, Events and Supporter Liaison; • Youth Development training grounds.
- Any and all other club related entities/activities undertaken in the UK or outside of the UK.

All employees, workers and volunteer staff are made aware of the Policy and Procedures through induction and where appropriate their work with children, young people and adults at risk will be supported by a comprehensive on-going safeguarding training programme.

Safer Recruitment and Disclosure

As part of the club's safer recruitment and selection process, supported by the People Team at Ecotricity, offers of work for positions which come into contact with children, young people and adults at risk are subject to a satisfactory self-declaration and a criminal record check (DBS check) as relevant, CV checks, appropriate references, right to work in the UK checks and a qualification check, if applicable.

- All offers of work are subject to a satisfactory outcome to the rigorous screening process and until such time that all background checks are deemed as acceptable by the club, the person concerned is not permitted to commence work.
- All employees, workers, consultants, agency staff and volunteers in a position of trust are required to undergo regular DBS disclosure clearances; the EFL requires that no DBS check should be valid for longer than three years, or earlier if required.
- All new employees, workers, consultants, agency staff and volunteers working with children, young people and adults at risk at the club are required to complete a self declaration on commencement of duties and annually thereafter.
- An adverse DBS check will not necessarily be a bar to working at FGR. However, should any person's DBS check reveal any cautions, convictions, community resolutions, warnings or final reprimands the club will consider whether the nature of the offence/offences renders the person concerned unsuitable for working with children, young people and adults at risk. In such circumstances, when the nature of any disclosure has to be considered, a risk assessment is carried out to evaluate the information contained within the disclosure certificate.
- The person may also be required to attend a risk assessment meeting with a Designated Safeguarding Officer (DSO) and/or a member of the club's Safeguarding Team prior to a recruitment decision being made.
- When the club uses suppliers or agencies to undertake its work, they are be subject to rigorous vetting and safeguarding checks and required to adhere to the club's policy and procedures as set out in their contracts or service level agreements where relevant.
- When the club engages with schools and organisations in connection with child or young people related activities, where appropriate the club writes to the school or organisation to state the club's policy and procedures in relation to criminal record checks and safe recruitment.
- The club only discloses the name, date of birth, disclosure and issue numbers of the employees, workers, consultants, agency staff or volunteers criminal record checks. Disclosure information in relation to checks will not be divulged.
- Schools and other organisations are required to comply with the club's safeguarding arrangements as set out in contracts and/or any service level agreements.

Induction and training

During the induction process, employees who work with or come into contact with children, young people and adults at risk are required to attend the club's safeguarding and protection training and where deemed appropriate The FA Safeguarding Children workshop.

- In any case all staff that will be working at Forest Green Rovers Football Club will undertake the EFL online "[Safeguarding Essentials](#)" training. Access to the course will be arranged by the DSO with staff expected to achieve an 80% pass.
- Employees will also have access to an online database where all of the Club Safeguarding policies and procedures are held.
- This policy will form part of the Club Induction Process and staff are required to sign an acknowledgement that they have read and agree to abide by them.
- Workers, consultants, agency staff and volunteers who have roles that work with or come into contact with children, young people and adults at risk may be required to undertake both club and The FA training.
- Refresher safeguarding training is provided every three years or earlier as required.
- Additional training will be provided to staff whenever legislation is introduced or amended, good practise is identified or upon specific requirements by stator agencies or authorities.
- All Designated Safeguarding Officers will carry out regular CPD training whenever required by the ELF or other statutory agency and at least annually.

Roles and Responsibilities

Forest Green Rovers FC has a comprehensive safeguarding structure which ensures the safety and welfare of all children and young people who engage with the club.

Chief Executive Officer – [Henry Staelens](#)

The C.E.O. of Forest Green Rovers F.C. will be the link for Safeguarding Contacts direct to the Board linking in with the Head of Safeguarding.

The C.E.O. will ensure that safeguarding is a key priority and standing agenda item at Board Level

People Director – Currently Vacant

Responsible for providing club-wide strategic leadership that assists the club to deliver the safeguarding strategy, vision, values, priorities, policies, promoting the welfare of vulnerable groups, communicating at Director and Heads of Department level.

Responsible for the implementation of Safer Recruitment.

Senior Safeguarding Manager – [Richard Hughes](#)

Responsible for the strategic and operational direction and embedding safeguarding across the club. The Senior Safeguarding Manager is also the lead point of contact should safeguarding concerns arise and is the Lead Disclosure Officer.

Departmental Safeguarding Officers

Club, Academy and Women's Teams – [Mark Smith](#)

Community Trust – [Sarah Urquhart](#)

Responsible for embedding safeguarding within their own departments as well as being the point of contact should a concern arise within their own departments.

Employees, Workers, Agency Staff, Consultants and Volunteers

Responsible for familiarising themselves with the clubs policy and procedure and ensuring the safety and welfare of all children and young people.

SAFEGUARDING CONTACTS

Senior Safeguarding Manager Forest Green Rovers F.C.

Richard Hughes Email: richard.hughes@fgr.co.uk

Tel: 07419 334148

Forest Green Rovers Designated Safeguarding Officer (DSO) (for all matchday and stadium activities and events)

Mark Smith Email: safeguarding@fgr.co.uk

Tel: 07419 – 333672

Forest Green Rovers Academy Designated Safeguarding Officer (DSO) (for all academy activities and events)

Mark Smith Email: safeguarding@fgr.co.uk

Tel: 07419 – 333672

Forest Green Rovers Women's Team Designated Safeguarding Officer (DSO) (for all women's team activities and events)

Mark Smith Email: safeguarding@fgr.co.uk

Tel: 07419 – 333672

Forest Green Rovers Community Trust Designated Safeguarding Officer (DSO)

Sarah Urquhart Email: safeguarding@fgr.co.uk

Tel: 07419 – 333746

Additional Contacts:

Welfare Officer at Gloucestershire FA

Hugh Feltham Email: Hugh.Feltham@GloucestershireFA.com
Tel: 01454 - 615888

English Football League

Alexandra Richards Email: arichards@efl.com
Tel: 01772 - 325940 Mob: 07792 - 284740

Football Association

FA Safeguarding Team Email: Safeguarding@thefa.com
Tel: 0800 - 1691863

Gloucestershire Safeguarding Children Partnership (GSCP)

<https://www.gloucestershire.gov.uk/gscp/>

LADO (Nigel HATTEN) Email: amadmin@gloucestershire.gov.uk
Tel: 01452 - 426320

South West Child Protection Procedures Website

<https://www.proceduresonline.com/swcpp/>

NSPCC

For Adults Concerned About a Child Tel: 0808 800 5000

For Children and Young People CHILDLINE Tel: 0800 1111

Staff Complaints

In the event that a complaint is made about a member of the Club's staff, initial contact should be made with the Club Designated Safeguarding Officer.

If any concerns or complaints are to be made about any of the Club's identified Designated Safeguarding Officers or the Senior Safeguarding Manager, direct contact should be made in the first instance to the Club Chief Executive Officer.

Forest Green Rovers Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

Henry Staelens

Email: henry.staelens@fgr.co.uk

Tel: **07419 - 333234**

The Club has separate Whistle Blowing and Complaints policy, giving further information. Both policies are located on the shared drive.

ABUSE and NEGLECT

Abuse is defined as a form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. Children or young people may be abused in a family or in an institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others (e.g. via the internet). They may be abused by an adult or adults, or another child, children, young person or young people.

There are a number of different types of abuse identified in the “**Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018**” document:

- **Physical abuse:** Any deliberate act causing injury or trauma to another person, for example, hitting, slapping, pushing, kicking, burning, giving a person medicine that they do not need and/or that may harm them or application of inappropriate restraint measures.
- **Emotional abuse:** Any act or other treatment which may cause emotional damage and undermine a person’s sense of well-being, including persistent criticism, denigration or putting unrealistic expectations on vulnerable groups, isolation, verbal assault, humiliation, blaming, controlling, intimidation or use of threats.
- **Sexual abuse:** Any act which results in the exploitation of children and adults at risk, whether with their consent or not, for the purpose of sexual or erotic gratification. This may be by an adult or by a young person who is intellectually, emotionally, physically or sexually more mature than the victim. This includes non-contact activities, such as indecent exposure, involving children or adults at risk in witnessing sexual acts, looking at sexual images/pornography or grooming them in preparation for abuse (including via the internet). Whilst legally Children aged sixteen have reached the age of consent for sexual activity, it is unacceptable for any member of Staff to abuse their relationship of trust for sexual gratification.
- **Child exploitation:** Child exploitation is the act of **using** a minor child for profit, labor, sexual gratification, or some other personal or financial advantage. Child exploitation often results in cruel or harmful treatment of the child, as the activities he or she may be forced to take part in can cause emotional, physical, and social problems.
- **Peer-on-peer abuse:** Children and young people can be taken advantage of or harmed by adults and by other Children. Peer-on-peer abuse is any form of physical, sexual, emotional and financial abuse, and coercive control, exercised between Children and within Children’s relationships (both intimate and non- intimate). The Club has a (DRAFT) Youth Produced Sexual Imagery Policy available on the shared drive.

- **Neglect:** Ongoing failure to meet the basic needs of children and/or adults at risk. Neglect may involve; failing to provide adequate food, shelter including exclusion from home or abandonment, failing to protect them from physical and emotional harm or danger, or the failing to ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of or unresponsiveness to, basic emotional needs.

In an Activity setting, it may involve failing to ensure that children and/or adults at risk are safe and adequately supervised or exposing them to unnecessary risks.

- **Grooming:** Grooming is defined as developing the trust of an individual and/or their family for the purposes of sexual abuse, sexual exploitation or trafficking. Grooming can happen both online and in person.
- **Radicalisation:** The process by which a person comes to support terrorism and forms of extremism leading to terrorism. Anybody from any background can become radicalised. The grooming of children and/or adults at risk for the purposes of involvement in extremist activity is a serious safeguarding issue.
- **Female genital mutilation (FGM):** Involves procedures that intentionally alter or injure female genital organs for non-medical reasons. The procedure has no health benefits for girls and women. The Female Genital Mutilation Act makes it illegal to practise FGM in the UK or to take girls who are British nationals or permanent residents of the UK abroad for FGM whether or not it is lawful in another country.
- **Bullying:** Repeated behaviour intended to intimidate or upset someone and/or make them feel uncomfortable or unsafe, for example, name calling, exclusion or isolation, spreading rumours, embarrassing someone in public or in front of their peers, threatening to cause harm, physically hurting someone or damaging their possessions.
- **Cyberbullying:** The use of technology to harass, threaten, embarrass, humiliate, spread rumours or target another person. By definition, it occurs among Children. When an adult is the victim, it may meet the definition of cyber harassment or cyberstalking.
- **Bullying as a result of any form of discrimination:**
Bullying because of discrimination occurs when motivated by a prejudice against certain people or groups of people. This may be because of an individual's ethnic origin, colour, nationality, race, religion or belief, gender, gender reassignment, sexual orientation or disability. Actions may include unfair or less favourable treatment, culturally insensitive comments, insults and 'banter'.

Special Educational Needs

The “**Special Education Needs Code of Practice 2015**” guidance, advises that children, young people and adults at risk may be at additional risk of abuse and neglect through some of the additional vulnerabilities they may face which may include having a learning difficulty which calls for a special educational provision to be made for them or they have a disability under the Equality Act 2010.

Forest Green Rovers has a duty when carrying out their functions and **must** have regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, promote equality of opportunity and foster good relations between disabled and non-disabled children and young people.

Additional vulnerabilities

If children, young people and adults at risk have additional vulnerabilities when engaging with the club, further safeguards may need to be put in place to reduce the potential risk of abuse and neglect.

Deaf and disabled children, young people and adults at risk

The Equality Act (2010) defines a person as disabled if they have a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long term (has lasted or is expected to last at least 12 months) adverse effect on one's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

This definition includes conditions such as cancer, HIV, mental illness and learning disabilities.

Deaf and disabled children, young people and adults at risk may be vulnerable to abuse for a number of reasons:

- Increased likelihood of social isolation;
- Dependency on others for practical assistance in daily living (including intimate care);
- Impaired capacity to resist, avoid or understand abuse;
- Speech and language communication needs may make it difficult to tell others what is happening;
- Limited access to someone to disclose to; and
- Particular vulnerability to bullying.

Children, young people and adults at risk with disabilities may also feel less valued than his/her peers and poor care may be observed but tolerated by others. This might include such things as not speaking directly to the child or young person; not offering choices; not moving and handling them safely; not respecting his/her privacy and dignity; not treating him/her according to his/her age; allowing physical restraint to occur; or using derogatory language.

There is no single route to ensure that children, young people and adults at risk are protected, especially those with additional vulnerabilities. However the safest environments are those that help children, young people and adults at risk to protect themselves by helping them to speak out and do their best to stop any abuse and neglect from happening and take responsibility for observing, challenging and reporting any poor practice and suspected abuse and neglect.

Safe environments for children, young people and adults at risk with additional vulnerabilities are also safer for all children, young people and adults at risk.

Private Fostering

A private fostering arrangement is essentially one that is made privately (that is to say without the involvement of a local authority) for the care of a child under the age of 16 (under 18, if disabled) by someone other than a parent or close relative with the intention that it should last for 28 days or more.

Currently the Forest Green Rovers F.C. Academy has scholars aged between 16 – 18 years whose home addresses are from various parts of the UK. With parental consent they are able to live in suitable accommodation for the purpose of their Academy training programmes and potentially this could be in private fostering arrangements.

However, at this time there is no plan for any Academy scholars to be placed in private fostering arrangements, with all scholars being provided with rooms at the Ecotricity accommodation in Stroud. This facility is only used by the Academy.

The Club recognise that if they did chose to place scholars within private fostering, they are aware of the mandatory requirement to notify the Local Authority if any such children are under the age of 16 years old.

Looked after children, young people and adults at risk such as those living in private fostering arrangements may be especially vulnerable to abuse and neglect for a number of reasons:

- Experienced abuse and neglect previously;
- Living with people who are not their immediate family or friends;
- Less support networks

Any change to the Academy whereby private fostering is to be considered will need to be taken with the cooperation of the Club and Academy DSO to ensure that suitable vetting arrangements take place for the hosts.

Radicalisation and Extremism

Radicalisation and extremism of children, young people and adults at risk is a form of emotional abuse. HM Government states that “ the aim of radicalisation is to attract children, young people and adults at risk to a particular extremist ideology”.

In many cases it is with a view to inspiring children, young people and adults at risk eventually to become involved with harmful or terrorist activities.

Radicalisation can take place through direct personal contact, or indirectly through social media.

Extremism is defined as vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs.

Forest Green Rovers Football Club values freedom of speech and the expression of beliefs / ideology as fundamental rights underpinning our society’s values. Those we engage with and all employees have the right to speak freely and voice their opinions. However, freedom comes with responsibility and free speech that is designed to manipulate the vulnerable or that leads to violence and harm of others goes against the moral principles in which freedom of speech is valued. Free speech is not an unqualified privilege; it is subject to laws and policies governing equality, human rights, community safety and community cohesion.

Forest Green Rovers Football Club is committed to providing a secure environment for all, where children and young people feel safe and are kept safe. Everyone at our club recognise that safeguarding is everyone’s responsibility irrespective of the role they undertake or whether their role has direct contact or responsibility for children and adults at risk or not.

This PREVENT Policy is one element within our overall club arrangements to safeguard and promote the welfare of all children and those at risk whether in our academy or foundation or wherever we engage with. This is in line with our statutory duties set out in education legislation and national guidelines.

Our club’s PREVENT policy also draws upon DfE Guidance “**Keeping Children Safe in Education, September 2019**”, HM government document “**Prevent strategy: A guide for local partners in England**” and the “**Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015**”.

The Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 contains a duty on specified authorities, which includes all clubs including academies to have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism.

The Club “PREVENT” policy is available on the shared drive.

Use of Photography and Film

All images are taken by club photographers who have been briefed by a club Designated Safeguarding Officer (DSO) or by a member of the Communications and Marketing Department responsible for the activity being photographed or filmed in an appropriate way and manner.

There is implied consent to photographs and video recordings of spectators and supporters written into EFL Ground Regulation and this is notified to community groups containing children, young persons and adults at risk where possible.

For some Club activities where possible, parent/carers consent is sought in writing at the start of the season or prior to an event.

The club adhere to the following principles when using photography or film:

- All children or young people featured in club publications are appropriately dressed;
- Where possible, the image will focus on the activity taking place and not a specific child or young person;
- Where appropriate, images represent the broad range of people participating safely in the event;
- Designated club photographers will, where applicable, undertake a DBS check and attend the club's and FA Safeguarding workshop and in any case will be personally responsible for keeping up to date with the latest guidelines on the 'Use of Images' policies from The FA.
- Club identification is worn at all times;
- Children, young people or adults at risk who are the subject of a court order that the Club are notified of will not have his/her images published in any club document;
- No images of children, young people or adults at risk featured in club publications are accompanied by personal details such as his/her home address;
- Recordings of children, young people and adults at risk for the purposes of legitimate coaching aids are only filmed by club officials and are stored safely and securely at the club's premises;
- All Academy scholars and trainees are asked to provide their written consent to their photographs being taken.

Any instances of inappropriate images in football should be reported to a DSO or the club's Safeguarding Team;

The club does not put young players under the age of 16 profiles, images and personal information on its website.

Further guidance can be obtained from the Club's Digital Images and Photography Policy located on the shared drive.

Good Practise and Code of Conduct

To ensure all children, young people and adults at risk have the most positive and safe experience when engaging with the club, all employees, workers, consultants, agency staff and volunteers should adhere to the following principles and action (to ensure they role model positive behaviours and so reduce the risk of allegations, abuse and neglect occurring):

- Listen carefully to children, young people and adults at risk about his/her needs, wishes, ideas and concerns and take them seriously;
- Treat all children, young people and adults at risk equally not showing favouritism;
- Always work in an open environment (e.g. avoiding private or unobserved situations and encouraging open communication with no secrets);
- Make the experience of the activity fun and enjoyable;
- Promote fairness, confront and deal with bullying;
- Maintain a safe and appropriate distance with children, young people and adults at risk and avoid unnecessary physical contact;
- Where any form of manual/physical support is required it should be provided openly and with the consent of the child or young person;
- If children, young people and adults at risk have to be supervised in changing rooms always ensure coaches etc. work in pairs;
- Request written consent if the club are required to transport children, young people and adults at risk for any activities, events or significant travel arrangements e.g. overnight stays;
- Employees and workers should maintain their qualifications and professional development;
- A qualified first aider is in attendance or readily available;
- Maintain appropriate professional relationships with children, young people and adults at risk, including only engaging with them online with prior approval and through the club's social media channels;
- On trips, ensure that adults should not enter a child or young person's room unless there is a safety concern, in which case two adults should enter and should not invite children or young people into their rooms;
- Be a good role model, this includes not swearing, smoking or drinking alcohol in the company of children, young people and adults at risk;
- Always give enthusiastic and constructive feedback rather than negative criticism;
- Promote the club's vision and values and be an ambassador for those values;
- Ensure children, young people and adults at risk adhere to his/her relevant Code of Conduct;
- Secure written consent for the club to administer emergency first aid or other medical treatment if the need arises;
- Reward effort as well as performance;
- Challenge unacceptable or inappropriate behaviour;
- Encourage children, young people and adults at risk to take responsibility for his/her own behaviour and performance;

- Keep a written record of any incident or injury that occurs, along with details of any treatment given or action taken using the club's Accident and Incident Report Form.
- Recording safeguarding concerns on the Safeguarding Concern Form and on the MyConcern referral email
- This list is not exhaustive.

The Club has a Safeguarding Code of Conduct policy, available on the shared drive.

Unacceptable Practice

The following are regarded as poor practice and should be avoided by all employees, workers, consultants, agency staff and volunteers:

- Unnecessarily spending excessive amounts of time individually with a child or young person away from others;
- Being alone in changing rooms, toilet facilities or showers used by children, young people and adults at risk;
- Taking children, young people and adults at risk alone in a car or journey unless a club pool car is used and written consent is sought from the club's Safeguarding Team for emergency situations;
- Taking children, young people and adults at risk to your home or places where they will be alone with you;
- Sharing a room with children, young people and adults at risk;
- Engaging in rough, physical or sexually provocative games, including horseplay;
- Allowing or engaging in inappropriate touching of any form;
- Allowing children, young people and adults at risk to use inappropriate language unchallenged;
- Making sexually suggestive comments to children, young people and adults at risk, even in fun;
- Reducing children, young people and adults at risk to tears as a form of control;
- Allowing allegations made by children, young people and adults at risk to go unchallenged, unrecorded or not acted upon;
- Doing things of a personal nature that children, young people and adults at risk can do for themselves.
- Not recording safeguarding concerns on the Safeguarding Concern Form (SCF);
- Sending inappropriate text messages or social media messages to children, young people and adults at risk;
- Having children or young people engaged with the club as 'friends' or 'followers' within social networking sites such as Facebook, Twitter and Instagram;
- Engaging with children, young people and adults at risk on 'one to one' personal electronic communications;

This list is also not exhaustive....

Searching Children, Young People and Adults at Risk

To ensure the safety and security for all club activities all children, young people and adults at risk may be subject to the club's search process.

Children, young people and adults at risk will be asked to self-search as the preferred method; however should the club suspect that the child or young person may be concealing a prohibited item, consent will be sought from their parent/carer before a Steward or Security member of the same sex who is being observed by a Supervisor searches the child.

Lost or missing children, young people and adults at risk

During club activities every effort is made to ensure children, young people and adults at risk remain with their parents/carers or the activity leaders.

Should a child or young person become lost or go missing during a club activity every effort will be made to locate the child or young person as quickly as possible.

Should a child or young person not be located within a reasonable timeframe, contact will be made with their parents/carers and the police to file a missing child/young person's report.

Children, young people and adults at risk who are not picked up on time

All parents and carers should collect their child or young person on time in line with the instructions given by the club. Should the child or young person not be collected on time a minimum of two appropriate members of staff will wait at the venue until the parent or carer arrives.

After 15 minutes and if the designated contact for the child, young person or adult at risk following the end of the activity hasn't arrived, the appropriate adult will make contact with the emergency contact. The DSO will be contacted and made aware.

If contact is made the two appropriate adults will remain with the child, young person or adult at risk until the parent, carer etc. arrives.

After 60 minutes following the end of the activity further attempts will be made to contact the parent or carer.

Should no contact be made a referral should be made to the DSO in order that contact be made with Gloucestershire County Council Children's Safeguarding Service and if necessary, Gloucestershire Police.

The Club has a Late Collection of Children Policy, located on the shared drive.

Risk Assessments

For all club activities including, matchday, trips, tours, events and any other club related activity, thorough risk assessments are completed to identify and minimise potential risks. The club's Health and Safety Policy outlines the process to undertake when completing risk assessments as well as how to capture information regarding accidents and incidents and how the club learns from such matters.

Where a child, young person or adult at risk is involved in a trip, activity or event, a risk assessment must take account of his/her particular vulnerabilities whilst in the club's care. The risk assessment will set out what arrangements are in place for his/her care and supervision and how risks will be minimised.

Activity leaders will be required to continually monitor and amend the controls within the risk assessments whilst leading such activities.

The Club has separate Transport and a Tours & Events policy available on the shared drive.

Supervision of children, young people and adults at risk

The club adheres to best practise guidance set out by the F.A. in relation to the supervision of adults to children/young people. Generally, there should always be a minimum of two adults and an adult to child/young person ratio of:

0 – 7 years of age, one adult to every ten children;

8 – 17 years of age, one adult to every sixteen children/young people.

Activities may require more or less adult to child/young person ratios due to:

- Age, needs and ability of children, young people and adults at risk;
- Nature of the activity and environment;
- Risk assessments or intelligence information identifying potential behavioural or other issues;
- Expertise and experience of the staff involved;
- Mixed gender children, young people and adults at risk activities will require adults of both genders to supervise where possible.
- Should the ratio not be suitable, the club's Safeguarding and Health and Safety Managers decide whether the activity or event takes place.

Working with external partners

The club always ensures external partners and organisations we engage with promote the safety and welfare of children, young people and adults at risk and this is outlined in contracts and/or service level agreements.

External partners and organisations are required to demonstrate competencies in safeguarding and the club assesses this through its own safeguarding audits.

Where organisations do not have their own satisfactory safeguarding arrangements they will be expected to comply with the club's standards.

Referrals

If the club has safeguarding concerns in relation to a child, young person, adult at risk or their parents/carers the club, via the Designated Safeguarding Officer will refer these concerns to external agencies.

External agencies include, but are not limited to the Gloucestershire Safeguarding Children Board, Children's Social Care, Adult Social Care, the Police, Health Agencies, the FA and the English Football League.

Confidentiality

Every effort should be made to ensure that confidentiality of safeguarding cases is maintained for all concerned. Information should be handled and disseminated on a need to know basis only which would not normally include anyone other than the following:

- The Safeguarding Team;
- The child or young person or the person raising the concern;
- The employee, worker, consultant, agency staff or volunteer who received the concern or disclosure;
- The parents/carers of the child or young person who is alleged to have been abused, where appropriate;
- Local Authority and Police;
- Dependent on role, the National Governing Body

Employees, workers, consultants, agency staff and volunteers may have access to confidential information about children, young people and adults at risk in order to undertake their responsibilities.

In some circumstances, employees, workers, consultants, agency staff or volunteers may be given highly sensitive or private information.

Confidential or personal information about a child, young person or adult at risk or his/her family should not be used for their own or others advantage.

Confidential information about a child, young person or adult at risk should never be used casually in conversation, or shared with any person other than on a need to know basis. In circumstances where the child or young person's identity does not need to be disclosed, the information should be handled anonymously.

There are some circumstances in which an employee, worker, consultant, agency staff or volunteer may be expected to share information about a child, young person or adult at risk, for example when abuse is alleged or suspected. In such cases, employees, workers, consultants, agency staff and volunteers have a duty to pass information on without delay, but only to those with designated safeguarding responsibilities (DSO and Safeguarding Team).

If an employee, worker, consultant, agency staff or volunteer is in any doubt about whether to share information or keep it confidential, guidance should be sought from the club's Safeguarding or Legal Teams. The storing and processing of personal information about children, young people and adults at risk is governed by the Data Protection Act 1998.

Any documentation concerning Safeguarding is to be kept in a locked cabinet located within a locked room.

- *From October 2019 all information relating to Safeguarding will be stored electronically using the MyConcern portal.*

A staged rollout of the MyConcern programme will take place across the Club enabling concerns to be shared by all staff with Designated Safeguarding Officers in a format that is safe and secure and which provides user integrity.

MyConcern will be used by Designated Safeguarding Officers to share information with stator agencies in relation to concerns identified at the Club.

Information sharing

The club abides by the 7 guiding principles as set out by HM Government on sharing information:

- 1.** Remember that the Data Protection Act and Human Rights law are not barriers to justified information sharing, but provide a framework to ensure that personal information about living individuals is shared appropriately.
- 2.** Be open and honest with the individual (and/or their family where appropriate) from the outset about why, what, how and with whom information will, or could be shared, and seek their agreement, unless it is unsafe or inappropriate to do so.
- 3.** Seek advice from other practitioners if you are in any doubt about sharing the information concerned, without disclosing the identity of the individual where possible.
- 4.** Share with informed consent where appropriate and, where possible, respect the wishes of those who do not consent to share confidential information. You may still share information without consent if, in your judgement, there is good reason to do so, such as where safety may be at risk. You will need to base your judgement on the facts of the case. When you are sharing or requesting personal information from someone, be certain of the basis upon which you are doing so. Where you have consent, be mindful that an individual might not expect information to be shared.
- 5.** Consider safety and well-being: Base your information sharing decisions on considerations of the safety and well-being of the individual and others who may be affected by their actions.
- 6.** Necessary, proportionate, relevant, adequate, accurate, timely and secure: Ensure that the information you share is necessary for the purpose for which you are sharing it, is shared only with those individuals who need to have it, is accurate and up-to-date, is shared in a timely fashion, and is shared securely (see principles).
- 7.** Keep a record of your decision and the reasons for it – whether it is to share information or not. If you decide to share, then record what you have shared, with whom and for what purpose.

The Data Protection Act 1998 and human rights laws are not barriers to justified information sharing, but provide a framework to ensure that personal information about children, young people and adults at risk is shared appropriately;

Openness and honesty with the child or young person (and/or their parents/carers or family where appropriate) from the outset about why, what, how and with whom information will, or could be shared, and seek agreement, unless it is unsafe or inappropriate to do so;

Advice is sought from the club's Safeguarding and/or Legal Team if there is any doubt about sharing the information concerned, without disclosing the identity of the child or young person where possible;

Information is shared with informed consent where appropriate and, where possible, there is respect for the wishes of those who do not consent to share confidential information. Information will still be shared without consent if, in the club's judgement, there is good reason to do so, such as where safety may be at risk. Judgement will be based on the facts of the case;

Safety and well-being of the child, young person or adult at risk is always considered;

Information is only shared when it is necessary, proportionate, relevant, adequate, accurate, timely and secure to do so;

Records of the club's decision to share information in relation to any reported concerns, with whom and the reasons are always recorded on the Safeguarding Concern Form

The club will share information with the relevant statutory agencies, the English Football League and FA where appropriate in relation to safeguarding cases.

Consent

The first priority in safeguarding should always be to ensure the safety and welfare of the child, young person or adult at risk.

If concerns arise, it is best practice to always gain the consent of the child or young person before an external referral is made.

There are a number of circumstances whereby an external referral can be made without consent and these include:

- The child or young person is at risk of harm;
- Other people are, or may be, at risk, including other children or young people;
- Emergency or life-threatening situations may warrant the sharing of relevant information with the emergency services without consent;
- Sharing the information could prevent a serious crime;
- The child or young person lacks the mental capacity to make that decision;
- A serious crime has been committed;
- There is a risk of significant harm and meets the threshold for a multi-agency strategy meeting;
- Employees, workers, consultants, agency staff or volunteers are implicated;

What to do if you suspect abuse or poor practice has occurred?

If you are concerned about the safety or welfare of a child, young person or adult at risk or you are concerned about an adult's behaviour towards a child or young person you must act. Do not assume that someone else will help the child, young person or adult at risk. Safeguarding children, young people and adults at risk is everyone's responsibility.

It is important that you report your concerns to one of the following:

- Head of Safeguarding or Designated Safeguarding Officer
- Senior Safeguarding Manager
- Chief Executive Officer

This initial report should be in writing, however if you feel that more urgent action is needed then a phone call should be made, followed up by a written report

(from October 2019 this written report will use the MyConcern reporting format)

Taking no action is not an option.

What to do if you receive a safeguarding disclosure from a child, young person or adult at risk

Children, young people or adults at risk who may be vulnerable are likely to disclose abuse or neglect to those they trust and how one responds to a disclosure is crucial.

Stage 1

Deal with the disclosure as it happens and ensure that the child, young person or adult at risk immediate needs are met and that he/she feels supported.

When a disclosure is made, it is most important to understand that you must not investigate the disclosure yourself.

The disclosure must always be taken seriously and dealt with according to the guidance in this Policy and Procedure, even if the validity of the disclosure is uncertain.

You are not expected to act as a social worker, counsellor, judge, and jury or avenge the abuser; you are however expected to act in the best interest of the child, young person or adult at risk, who may be at risk.

You must:

- Put your own feelings aside and listen as if the information is not sensational;
- Allow the child, young person or adult at risk to lead the discussion and to talk freely;
- Listen to what the child, young person or adult at risk is saying without investigating. Try not to interrupt them or ask lots of questions. Being asked a lot of questions can feel like being interrogated;
- Allow the child, young person or adult at risk to tell you at his/her own pace;
- Don't worry if the child, young person or adult at risk stops talking for a while, silences are ok. You don't have to rush in to fill the gaps;
- Accept what the child, young person or adult at risk says without challenge;
- Allow the child, young person or adult at risk to talk but protect him/her from sharing the information with too many other people;
- Provide reassurance that you are taking them seriously and he/she have done the right thing by disclosing;
- Let the child, young person or adult at risk know it is recognised how hard it is for him/her to tell you;
- It is ok to let him/her know if you are unable to answer all their questions;
- Avoid asking leading questions, for example "Did the coach hit you?";
- Never ask questions that may make the child, young person or adult at risk feel guilty or inadequate;

- If physical abuse has taken place, you may observe visible bruises and marks but do not ask a child, young person or adult at risk to remove or adjust his/her clothing to observe them and do not take photographs of the injuries, you should make a note of the injuries on the Body Map in the Safeguarding Concern Form Appendix
- Tell the child, young person or adult at risk who you will be contacting e.g. club's Safeguarding Team or DSO and that you will support him/her through that process;
- If you establish that they he/she has been harmed or is at risk of being harmed, do not pursue the conversation any further. This is important to ensure that questions cannot be raised later about possible manipulation of the disclosure;
- Respect the confidentiality of the disclosure and do not share the information with anyone other than those who need to know. Those who need to know are those who have a role to play in protecting children/young people and adults at risk.

You must not:

- Panic or show that you are shocked. It is important to remain calm and in control of your feelings;
- Document the conversation while the child, young person or adult at risk is disclosing. This should be done as soon as possible after the child, young person or adult at risk has disclosed to you;
- After the child, young person or adult at risk has disclosed, the conversation must be documented remembering as accurately as you can, the words and phrases used by the child, young person or adult at risk to describe what happened to him/her; Investigate;
- Give the impression that you might blame the child, young person or adult at risk e.g. don't ask: "Why did you let him?", "What were you doing there anyway?" or "Why didn't you tell me before?"
- Press for details by asking questions such as "What did he/she do next?" • Ask leading questions;
- Pass judgement on what is said;
- Make false promises and/or promise confidentiality – it should be explained that the child, young person or adult at risk has done the right thing, outline who will need to be told and why;
- Approach the alleged abuser yourself.

Do remember, when a child, young person or adult at risk discloses they may feel:

- Guilt: he/she may blame themselves for the abuse and often feel guilt for telling.
- Ashamed: he/she may feel ashamed about the abuse itself.
- Confused: he/she may be confused about his/her feelings for the alleged abuser.
- Scared: he/she may be fearful of the repercussions of telling. He/she may be scared of the alleged abuser.

Be careful about touching (e.g. hugging or cuddling) the child, young person or adult at risk if they have not initiated the contact. He/she may be upset by physical contact.

Stage 2

As soon as possible, once the immediate comfort and safety of the child, young person or adult at risk is secured, you must inform your DSO, or the Safeguarding Team of the disclosure. This should be in writing, but if you feel that more urgent action is needed then make contact with the DSO by phone and follow up in writing.

You may make a referral yourself directly to a statutory agency if you are concerned about the child/young person or adult at risks' immediate safety and/or are having difficulty contacting the designated safeguarding person/s or if the designated safeguarding person is the alleged abuser.

Every effort should be made to ensure that confidentiality is maintained for all concerned. Information should be handled and disseminated on a need to know basis only.

Stage 3

You should complete the club's Safeguarding Concern Form (SCF) as soon as possible after the disclosure has been made and send the SCF Appendix to the Safeguarding Team within 24 hours of the disclosure.

(from October 2019 this written report will use the MyConcern reporting format)

Wherever possible, you must record information as it was relayed to you using the language of the child or young person rather than your own interpretation of it.

What happens next?

It is important that concerns are followed up and it is everyone's responsibility to ensure that they are. You should be informed by the club's Safeguarding Team what has happened following the report being made. If you do not receive this information, you should be proactive in seeking it out.

If you have concerns that the disclosure has not been acted upon appropriately, you should inform the club's Chief Executive officer and ultimately contact the relevant statutory agency.

A disclosure is not the only way that you may be made aware of an issue. Sometimes another adult or even a child, young person or adult at risk may say something about a possible abusive situation.

On occasions you may witness an incident that may cause concern or indeed you may pick up on things that cause concern or information may be passed to a coach or manager anonymously by a person or persons who do not want to be directly involved for whatever reason.

Raising a concern

You do not need to have firm evidence before raising a concern. But we do ask that you explain as fully as you can the information or circumstances that gave rise to your concern.

Step 1

If you have a concern of any form of safeguarding poor practice or abuse, raise it first with the Designated Safeguarding Officer, who will raise it with the club's Safeguarding Team.

Step 2

If you feel unable to raise the matter with the DSO for whatever reason, raise the matter with the club's Head of Safeguarding.

Step 3

If you feel the Safeguarding Team has not handled the concern appropriately you should contact the club's Chief Executive Officer.

If these channels have been followed and you still have concerns, or if you feel that the matter is so serious that you cannot discuss it with any of the above, you should contact the

English Football League Head of Safeguarding

Alexandra Richards Email: arichards@efl.com
- 325940 Mob: 07792 - 284740

Tel: 01772

For a flowchart of the process to follow, please see Appendices 3, 4 and 5

Managing Allegations Against Employees, Workers, Consultants, Agency Staff and Volunteers

Should a concern arise about an employee, worker, consultant, agency staff or volunteer's conduct in relation to a child, young person or adult at risk, this should be reported to the club's Safeguarding Team who will take such steps as considered necessary to ensure the safety of the child, young person or adult at risk in question and any other person who may be at risk.

The person raising the concern should complete the club's Safeguarding Concern Form

When managing an allegation against an employee, worker, consultant, agency staff or volunteer the Safeguarding Team will follow this process:

- The allegation will be referred to the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)/Designated Person at the Local Authority and/or the Police;
- The parent/carer of the child or young person will be contacted as soon as possible, following advice from statutory agencies;

Senior Management will be notified and if applicable the English Football League and the FA.

If a member of the Safeguarding Team is the subject of an allegation, the report must be made to the Chief Executive Officer who will refer the allegation to the appropriate statutory agencies;

If required, a full investigation and possible sanction in accordance with the club's Disciplinary Policy for employees will follow.

Workers, consultants or agency workers may have their Agreements terminated.

Referrals as appropriate will be made to the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS)

Managing concerns for a child, young person or adult at risk

Any concern relating to the abuse of a child or young person by another child, young person or adult at risk must be dealt with through this Policy and Procedure. Any such concern should be reported immediately to the DSO who will inform the Safeguarding Team.

Making a referral

All employees, workers, consultants, agency staff and volunteers should complete the club's Safeguarding Concern Form after referring any case to the DSO .

The Safeguarding Team will contact the relevant Local Authority Children's Services Team completing their Referral Form and update the Safeguarding Concern Form for the club's records.

Criteria for LADO Referral



ALLEGATIONS MANAGEMENT

Concerns about a member of staff or a volunteer working with children

If a professional receives an allegation or has a concern about the behaviour of a member of staff working or volunteering with children and that concern could amount to:

1. Behaved in a way that has harmed or may have harmed a child.
2. Possibly committed a criminal offence against, or related to a child.
3. Behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates they may pose a risk of harm to children.
4. Behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children.

**Report their concerns**

Report the concern to the most senior person not implicated in the allegation

**Completion of written record**

Complete a written record of the nature and circumstances surrounding the concern, including any previous concerns help. Include where the concern came from and brief details only.

**Seek advice before proceeding – Initial Discussion**

Always contact the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) for advice prior to investigation the allegation. This is because it might meet the criminal threshold and so your investigation could interfere with a Police or Social Care investigation.

Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) – Tel: 01452 426994

The LADO will offer advice on any immediate action required and will assist with employment and safeguarding issues

**Allegations Management Process**

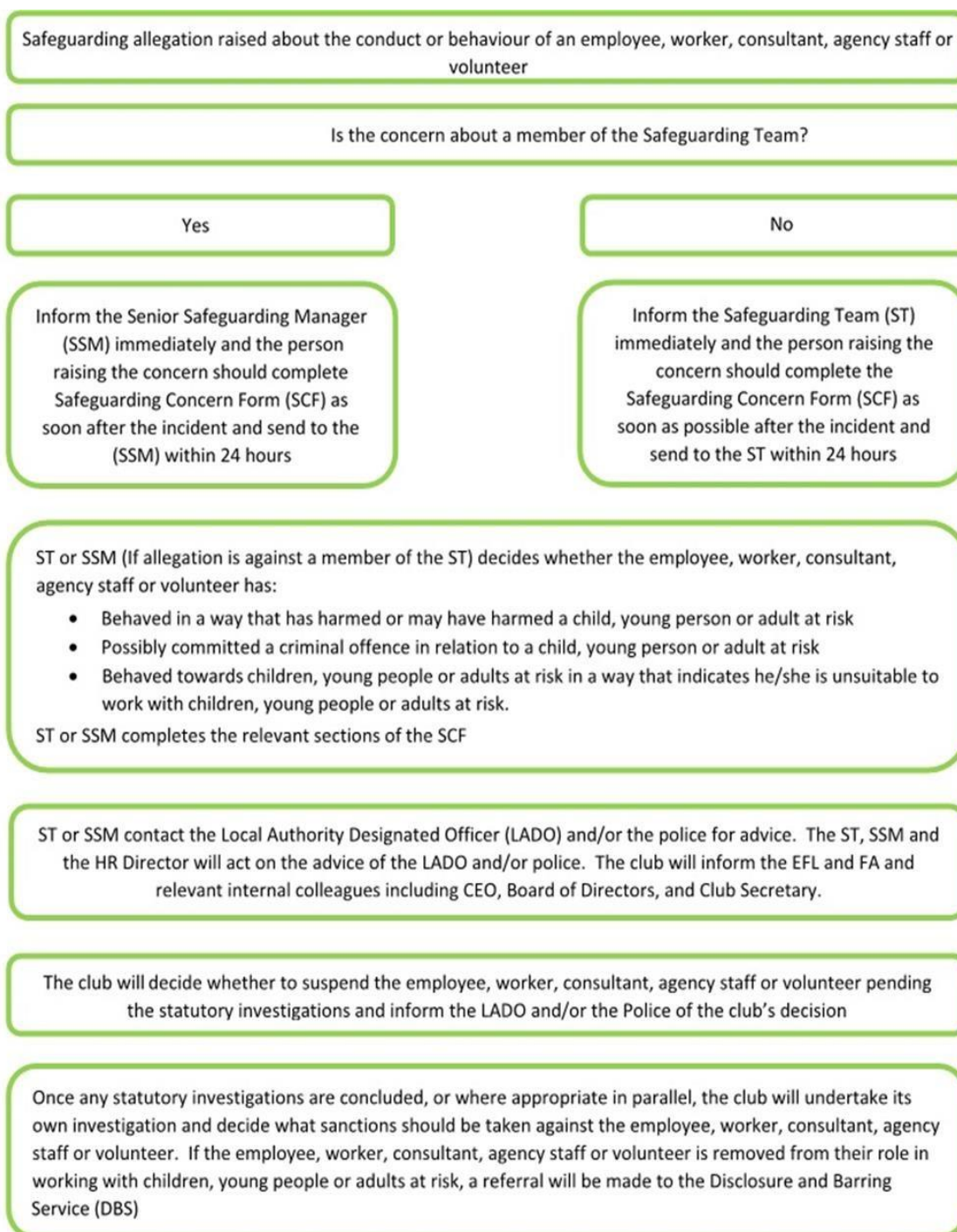
If, after your initial discussion with the LADO, it is agreed that the allegation meets the criteria, please complete the allegation management referral form via the GSCE website. [CLICK HERE](#)

The LADO will review referrals and convene an allegations management meeting. This might result in a criminal investigation, a Social Care investigation and /or an investigation to inform whether disciplinary action is required. If it is agreed that the allegation does not meet the criteria, the LADO will record the initial discussion and send it to you for your records. Any further action will be taken within your setting if necessary.

**Further Action**

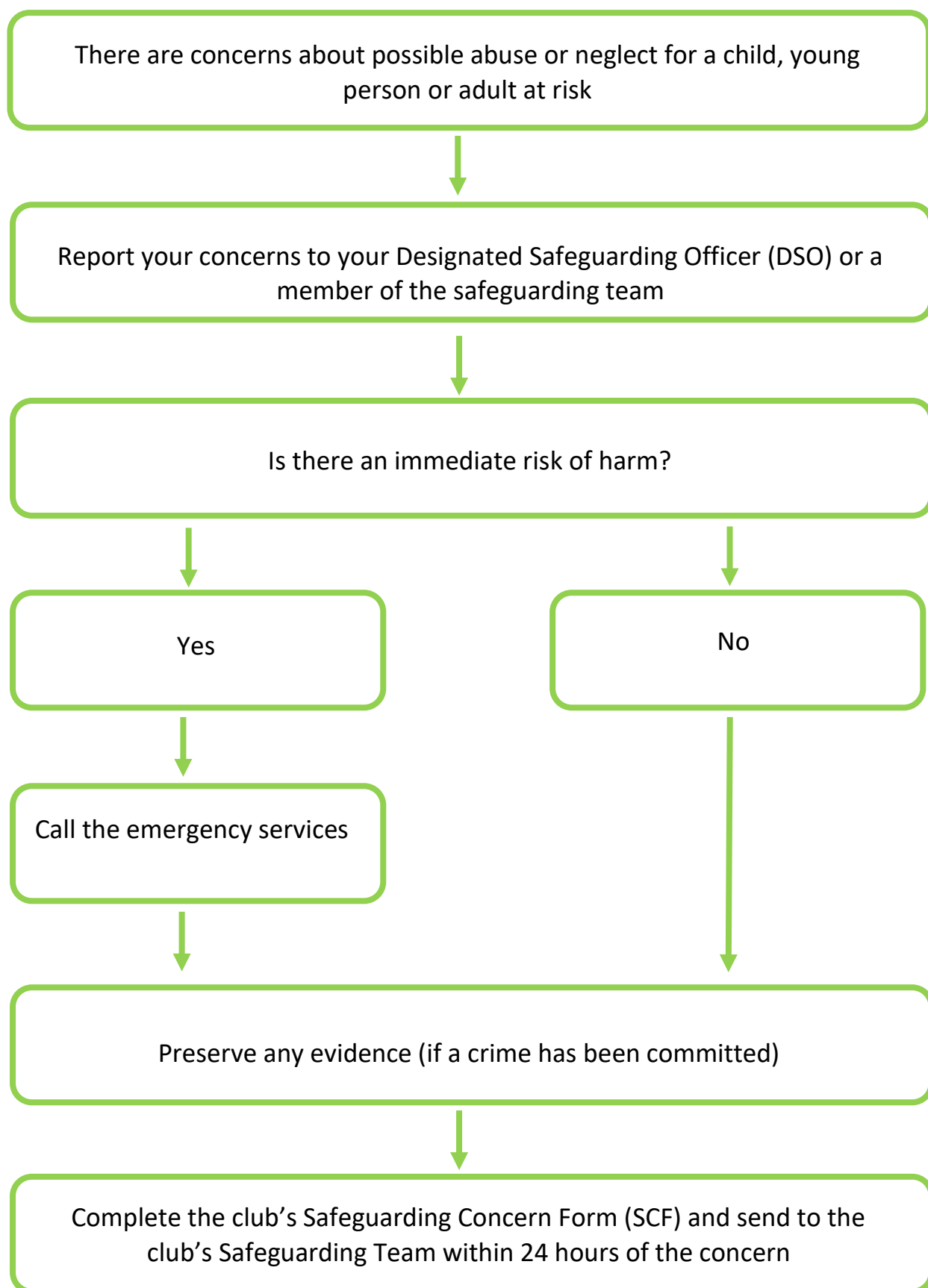
Further meetings might be required and these will be convened by the LADO, with your input at all times. Further information on the Allegations Management process can be found in the Government Document: Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018, Part 4 Keeping Children Safe in Education and the South West Procedures. <https://www.proceduresonline.com/swcpp/gloucestershire/contents.html>

Allegations Against Employees, Workers, Consultants, Agency Staff and Volunteers

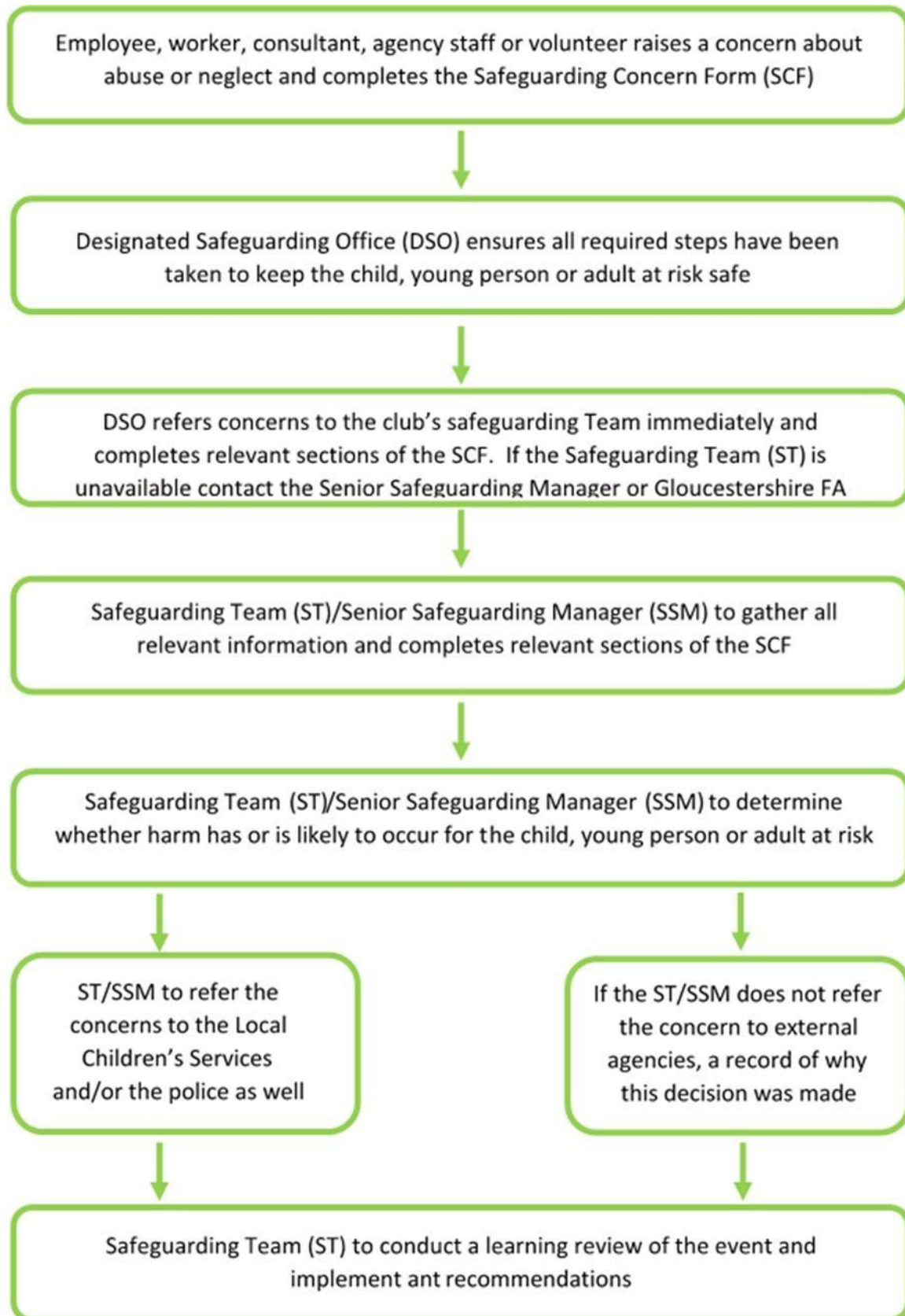


Any learning and recommendations from the case will be reviewed and implemented

Flowchart for employees, workers, consultant's agency staff and volunteers who raise concerns about a child or young person



Flowchart for DSO and Safeguarding Team Making a Referral





Safeguarding Concern Form

Private & confidential when complete

Please complete sections A-H of this forms as fully as you can and as soon as possible after witnessing a safeguarding incident or if one has been reported to you. Where possible, you should always seek consent of the child, young person or vulnerable adult at risk before sharing the information. If you are not sure whether you have consent please contact the Safeguarding Team using the details below. If there are concerns raised about a club employee, worker, consultant, agency staff or volunteer you should not inform them that a safeguarding allegation has been made until you have sought the advice of the Safeguarding Team. If a person has literacy issues or additional needs and is unable to complete this form, you can complete the form on their behalf but must disclose this in Section F. Please complete this form within 24 hours of disclosure and in black ink and return to safeguarding@fgafc.com

Further Information and support can be gained from:

Mark SMITH - Designated Safeguarding Officer
07419 - 333672

Section A – Your Details

Full Name

Your Role at the club (If applicable)

Contact number (if external)

Email address (if external)

Date and time of safeguarding concerns

/ / Time :

Date and time of safeguarding concern form completed

/ / Time :

Section B: Child, Young Person or Adult at risk details (The child, young person or adult at risk who is potentially at harm)

Child, young person or adult at risk's name

Age of child, young person or adult at risk

Address

Postcode:

Telephone number

Date of Birth

/ /

Section C: Alleged person to have caused the concern	
Name of person alleged to have caused concern	
Address	Postcode:
Age of person alleged to have caused concerns	/ /
Section D: Confidentiality	
Has the child, young person or adult at risk given consent to share the information?	<div>Yes</div> <div>No</div> <div>If no, please state why:</div>

Section E: Your Concerns							
<p>Facts (Please state facts. For example the child said to me “I was too scared to go home today” and/or the child/young person/adult at risk had a bruise on their right hand – please link any injuries to the body map attached – see Section G)</p>							
<p>Professional Opinions (Please state what is your opinion of the concern. For example, I believe in my position as the Strength & Conditioning Coach/Steward that the child(ren) young person or adult at risk is being groomed online through social media)</p>							
<p>Hearsay/witness (Please state what has been said by others or overheard regarding this incident. For example, you overheard the child(ren), young people or adult at risk talking to their friend saying they are scared about going home/school/football because of being bullied etc.)</p>							
Section F: Actions							
<p>What actions did you take? (What did you do i.e who have you told, did you move the child, young person or adult at risk to a safe place etc?)</p>							
<p>Have the parents/carers of the child or young person been informed of the concern?</p> <p>(If you feel that informing the parents or carers about the concern will put the child, young person or adult at risk or yourself at risk, you should not inform the parent/carer but need to document here why you feel it will put them at risk)</p>	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Yes</td> <td>No</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">If no, please state why:</td> </tr> </table>	Yes	No	If no, please state why:			
Yes	No						
If no, please state why:							
<p>Has the adult at risk been informed of your concern?</p> <p>(Adults at risk need to be informed of your concerns)</p>	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Yes</td> <td>No</td> <td>N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">If no, please state why:</td> </tr> </table>	Yes	No	N/A	If no, please state why:		
Yes	No	N/A					
If no, please state why:							

Date and time parents/carers were informed of the concern	/ / Time :
Parent/carers response (Please state facts)	

Have parents/carers given consent to share the information	Yes No
Parent/carers address	Postcode:
Parent/ carers telephone number	
List the name and contact details of any witnesses to the concern:	Name: Contact details: Name: Contact details: Name: Contact details:

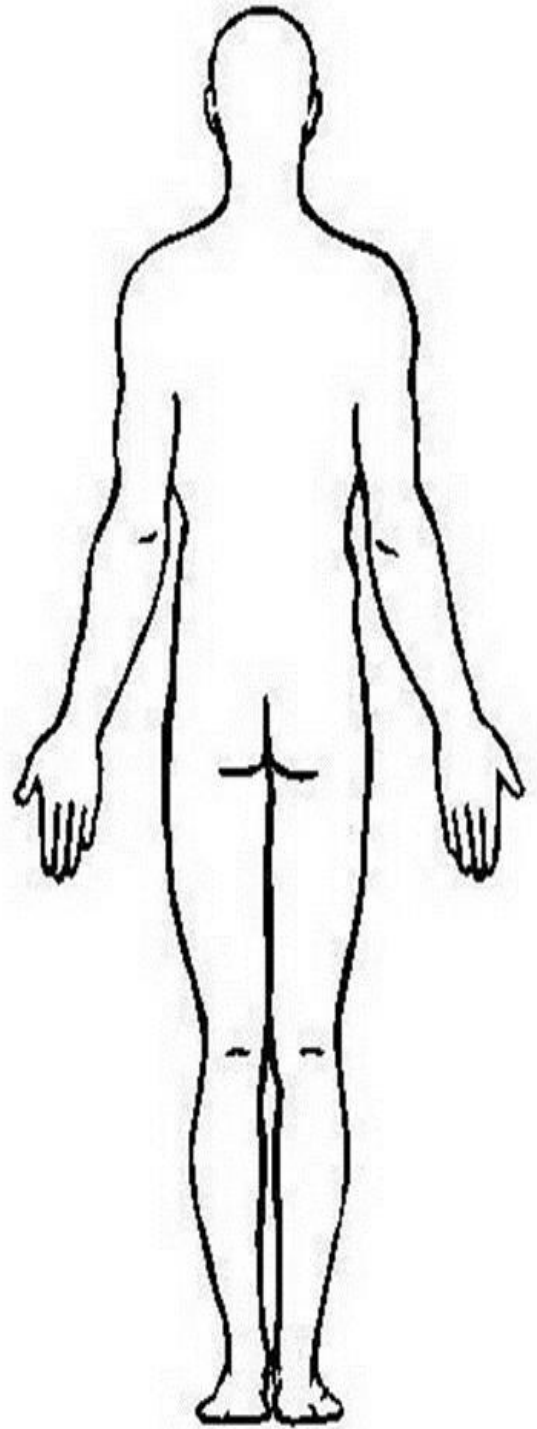
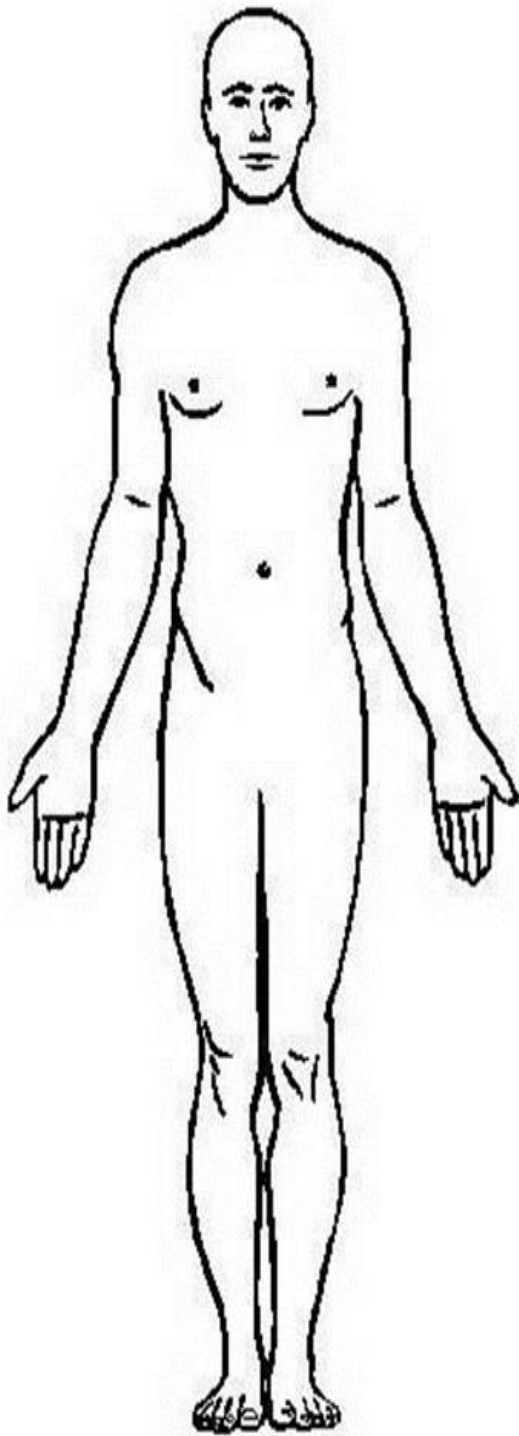
Section G: Acknowledgement

All the information recorded on the Safeguarding Concern Form is accurate to my knowledge

Signed & Date	<div></div> <div>/</div> <div>/</div>
If completing on behalf of another person, please ensure they sign above, and you provide your name and contact details	

Section H: Body Map (If applicable)

Record and physical injuries or marks you notice on the body map. Place a mark where the injury is and then a line out to a written number. Write a corresponding description of the nature of any injury in section I.



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