TELUS CORPORATION

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

condensed interim consolidated statements of income and other comprehensive income

(unaudited)

	Three months					Nine	months			
Periods ended September 30 (millions except per share amounts) Note	2	2013	:	2012		2013		2012		
				ljusted –				djusted –		
ODED ATINO DEVENUES			No	te 2(b))			Ν	ote 2(b))		
OPERATING REVENUES Service	\$	2,687	\$	2,551	\$	7,902	\$	7,481		
Equipment	Ψ	168	Ψ	204	Ψ	506	Ψ	537		
		2,855		2,755		8,408		8,018		
Other operating income 6		19		19		48		52		
		2,874		2,774		8,456		8,070		
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Goods and services purchased		1,237		1,222		3,613		3,490		
Employee benefits expense 7 Depreciation		602 342		562 362		1,776 1,033		1,639 1,049		
Amortization of intangible assets		103		99		309		338		
		2,284		2,245		6,731		6,516		
OPERATING INCOME		590		529		1,725		1,554		
Financing costs 8		109		96		337		278		
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		481		433		1,388		1,276		
Income taxes 9		125		110		384		335		
NET INCOME		356		323		1,004		941		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 10										
Items that may subsequently be reclassified to income										
Change in unrealized fair value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges		2		(2)		(1)		(5)		
Foreign currency translation adjustment arising from translating				(2)		(1)		(5)		
financial statements of foreign operations		(6)		(7)		_		(2)		
Change in unrealized fair value of available-for-sale financial assets		5		11		(6)		11		
		11		2		(7)		4		
Item never subsequently reclassified to income Employee defined benefit plans re-measurements		152		122		243		168		
Employee defined benefit plans re-measurements										
COMPDEHENSIVE INCOME	\$	153 509	\$	124 447	\$	236	\$	172 1,113		
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	Þ	509	Φ	447	Ą	1,240	Ф	1,113		
NET INCOME PER EQUITY SHARE* 11 Basic	\$	0.56	\$	0.49	\$	1.55	\$	1.44		
Diluted	\$	0.56	\$	0.49	\$	1.55	\$	1.44		
DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER EQUITY SHARE* 12	\$	0.34	\$	0.305	\$	1.00	\$	0.90		
TOTAL WEIGHTED AVERAGE EQUITY SHARES OUTSTANDING*			Ť	-			Ť			
Basic		633		652		646		651		
Diluted		635		656		649		655		

^{*} Amounts reflect retrospective application of April 16, 2013, stock split (see Note 22(b)).



condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position

(unaudited)

As at (millions)	Note	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
			(Note 2(b))
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and temporary investments, net		\$ 32	\$ 107
Accounts receivable	25(a)	1,392	1,541
Income and other taxes receivable		22	25
Inventories	25(a)	318	350
Prepaid expenses	***	241	178
Derivative assets	<i>4(e)</i>	13	9
		2,018	2,210
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment, net	16	8,355	8,165
Intangible assets, net	17	6,268	6,181
Goodwill, net	17	3,726	3,702
Real estate joint ventures	18	11	11
Other long-term assets		215	176
		18,575	18,235
		\$ 20,593	\$ 20,445
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	19	\$ 409	\$ 402
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	25(a)	1,630	1,511
Income and other taxes payable		231	102
Dividends payable	12	213	208
Advance billings and customer deposits	25(a)	698	703
Provisions	20	48	49
Current maturities of long-term debt	21	205	545
Current derivative liabilities	4(e)	1	
		3,435	3,520
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions	20	227	222
Long-term debt	21	6,699	5,711
Other long-term liabilities	25(a)	1,345	1,682
Deferred income taxes		1,620	1,624
Liabilities		9,891 13,326	9,239 12,759
Owners' equity		13,320	12,133
Common equity	22	7,267	7,686
		\$ 20,593	\$ 20,445
		⊅ ∠∪,∪ಶ ೨	φ 20,443

Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

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					Co	mmon equity					
				Equity contrib	outed						
			Equity	share capital (Note 2	22)						
		Common S		Non-Voting					Accumul othe		
			Share		Share		Contributed	Retained	comprehe		
(millions except number of shares)	Note	Number of shares	capital	Number of shares	capital	Total	surplus	earnings	incom		Total
Number of shares outstanding at end of preceding period, as previously reported Effect of stock split	22(b)	174,915,546 174,915,546		149,933,165 149,933,165							
Balance as at January 1, 2012 Net income Other comprehensive income Dividends	2(b) 2(b) 12	349,831,092 — — —	\$ 2,219 — — —	299,866,330 — — —	\$ 3,337 — — —	\$ 5,556 — — —	\$ 166 — — —	\$ 1,780 941 168 (586)	\$	11 — 4 —	\$ 7,513 941 172 (586)
Share option award expense Shares issued pursuant to cash exercise of share options Shares issued pursuant to use of share	13	_	_	26,900	_	_	7 —	_		_	7 —
option award net-equity settlement feature Share conversion requested by holder in accordance with Company's Articles		(10,000)	_	1,908,478 10,000	18 —	18 —	(18)	_ _		_	_
Balance as at September 30, 2012		349,821,092	\$ 2,219	301,811,708	\$ 3,355	\$ 5,574	\$ 155	\$ 2,303	\$	15	\$ 8,047
Number of shares outstanding at end of preceding period, as previously reported Effect of stock split	22(b)	174,910,546 174,910,546		151,052,486 151,052,486							
Balance as at January 1, 2013 Net income Other comprehensive income Dividends	2(b) 2(b) 12	349,821,092 — — —	\$ 2,219 — — —	302,104,972 — — —	\$ 3,360 — — —	\$ 5,579 — — —	\$ 163 — — —	\$ 1,904 1,004 243 (644)	•	40 — (7)	\$ 7,686 1,004 236 (644)
Share option award expense Shares issued pursuant to cash exercise of share options Shares issued pursuant to use of share	13 13(b)	_	- -	200	_ _	_	4 —	_		<u> </u>	4 —
option award net-equity settlement feature Shareholder-approved and court-approved	. ,	2,339,576	16	152,160	2	18	(18)	_		_	_
exchange of shares Costs related to share transactions Normal course issuer bid purchase of	22(c)	302,257,332 —	3,362 (19)	(302,257,332)	(3,362) —	— (19)		_		_	(19)
Common Shares	22(d)	(31,180,612)	(266)	_	_	(266)	_	(734)		_	(1,000)
Balance as at September 30, 2013		623,237,388	\$ 5,312	_	\$ <u></u>	\$ 5,312	\$ 149	\$ 1,773	\$;	33	\$ 7,267



condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows (unaudited) Nine months Three months Periods ended September 30 (millions) Note 2013 2012 2013 2012 (adjusted -(adjusted -Note 2(b)) Note 2(b)) **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** \$ \$ 356 \$ 323 1,004 941 Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 445 461 1.342 1.387 Deferred income taxes 114 137 (77)(34)Share-based compensation 13(a) 21 13 46 29 Net employee defined benefit plans expense 14(a) 27 24 81 77 Employer contributions to employee defined benefit plans (7)(14)(173)(145)3 25 Other Net change in non-cash operating working capital 25(b) 125 18 295 236 Cash provided by operating activities 1,084 965 2,520 2,516 **INVESTING ACTIVITIES** Cash payments for capital assets, (482)excluding spectrum licences 25(b) (475)(1,490)(1,463)Cash payments for spectrum licences (67)(67)Cash payments for acquisitions and related investments 25(b) (3)(7)(32)(48)Real estate joint ventures advances and contributions (67)18(c) (5) (29)(16)18(c) Real estate joint ventures receipts 29 47 Proceeds on dispositions 25(b)2 7 20 Other (1)(10)(5)(33)Cash used by investing activities (552)(490)(1,602)(1,544)FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid to holders of equity shares 25(b) (222)(198)(639)(575)Purchase of Common Shares for cancellation 22(d), 25(b) (762)(1,000)3 Issuance and repayment of short-term borrowings 19 (1) 1,170 928 Long-term debt issued 21, 25(b) 3,450 3,624 Redemptions and repayment of long-term debt 21, 25(b) (965)(1,235)(2,790)(4,021)(21)Cash used by financing activities (973)(772)(502)(993)**CASH POSITION** Decrease in cash and temporary investments, net (240)(27)(75)(1) 272 72 107 Cash and temporary investments, net, beginning of period 46 \$ 32 \$ 45 \$ 32 \$ Cash and temporary investments, net, end of period 45 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF OPERATING **CASH FLOWS** Interest paid 25(b) \$ (62)\$ (56)\$ (250)\$ (228)\$ \$ \$ 3 \$ 12 Interest received 1 \$ \$ 9 (88)\$ \$ (318)(137)Income taxes paid, net (58)



SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

TELUS Corporation is one of Canada's largest telecommunications companies, providing a wide range of telecommunications services and products including wireless, data, Internet protocol, voice and television.

TELUS Corporation was incorporated under the *Company Act* (British Columbia) on October 26, 1998, under the name BCT.TELUS Communications Inc. (BCT). On January 31, 1999, pursuant to a court-approved plan of arrangement under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* among BCT, BC TELECOM Inc. and the former Alberta-based TELUS Corporation (TC), BCT acquired all of the shares of BC TELECOM Inc. and TC in exchange for Common Shares and Non-Voting Shares of BCT, and BC TELECOM Inc. was dissolved. On May 3, 2000, BCT changed its name to TELUS Corporation and in February 2005, TELUS Corporation transitioned under the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia), successor to the *Company Act* (British Columbia). TELUS Corporation maintains its registered office at Floor 5, 3777 Kingsway, Burnaby, British Columbia, V5H 3Z7.

The terms "TELUS", "we", "us" "our" or "ourselves" are used to refer to TELUS Corporation and, where the context of the narrative permits, or requires, its subsidiaries.

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1 condensed interim consolidated financial statements

The notes presented in our condensed interim consolidated financial statements include only significant events and transactions and are not fully inclusive of all matters normally disclosed in our annual audited financial statements; thus, our interim consolidated financial statements are referred to as condensed. Further, our condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Our condensed interim consolidated financial statements are expressed in Canadian dollars and follow the same accounting policies and methods of their application as set out in our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, other than as set out in *Note* 2(b). The generally accepted accounting principles that we use are International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IFRS-IASB) and Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for publicly accountable enterprises; our condensed interim consolidated financial statements comply with International Accounting Standard 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. Our condensed interim consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (which are of a normal recurring nature) that are, in our opinion, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented.

Our condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013, were authorized by our Board of Directors for issue on November 8, 2013.

2 accounting policy developments

(a) Use of judgements

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make judgements that affect the financial statement disclosure of information regularly reviewed by our chief operating decision maker used in making resource allocation decisions and in assessing performance (segmented information). A significant judgement we make is that our wireless and wireline operations and cash flows are sufficiently distinct to be considered operating segments and reportable segments, notwithstanding the convergence our wireless and wireline telecommunications infrastructure technology and operations have experienced to date. If our wireless and wireline telecommunications infrastructure technology and operations were to continue to converge, it may become no longer practical, if possible at all, to objectively distinguish between our wireless and wireline operations and cash flows; if sufficient convergence were to occur, our wireless and wireline operations would no longer be individual components of the business nor discrete operating segments, rather they could each become a group of similar products and services.

As well, if it becomes impractical to distinguish our wireless and wireline cash flows, which would evidence their interdependence, this could result in the unification of the wireless cash generating unit and the wireline cash generating unit as a single cash generating unit for impairment testing purposes.



(b) Initial application of standards, interpretations and amendments to standards and interpretations in the reporting period

The following standards are required to be applied for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and, unless otherwise indicated, have no effect on our financial performance:

- IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures (amended 2011)
- IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements
- IFRS 11, Joint Arrangements
- IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
- IAS 27, Separate Financial Statements (amended 2011)
- IAS 28, Investments in Associates (amended 2011)
- IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement.
- IAS 19, *Employee Benefits* (amended 2011): Relative to our pre-fiscal 2013 accounting policies and presentation and disclosure practices, the key difference in the amended standard is that the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets will no longer be used for defined benefit plan expense measurement purposes. In the determination of net income in our instance, the effect is that the defined benefit plan expense concepts of "interest cost" and "return on plan assets" are replaced with the concept of "net interest". Net interest for each plan is the product of the plan's surplus (deficit) multiplied by the discount rate. The amended standard does not prescribe where in the results of operations the net interest amount is to be presented, but we now present such amount as a component of financing costs (see *Note 8*).

Our current view, consistent with long-term historical experience, is that the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets will exceed the discount rate (a result of targeting a significant percentage of the defined benefit plan assets for investment in equity securities); as a result, the relative effect of the amended standard is a decrease in net income and associated per share amounts. The variance between the actual rate of return on defined benefit plan assets and the discount rate, as well as the related impact of the limit on defined benefit assets, if any, is included in other comprehensive income as a re-measurement (see *Note 10*).

The amended standard affected our Consolidated Statements of Income and Other Comprehensive Income as follows:

Three-month periods ended September 30 (millions except per share amounts)			2	2013					2	2012		
	effe ame	luding ects of ended 3 19 ⁽¹⁾	IΑ	iended AS 19 ffects	cui	As rrently orted ⁽²⁾	effe am	cluding ects of ended S 19 ⁽¹⁾	IA	nended NS 19 ffects	cui	As rrently orted ⁽²⁾
OPERATING EXPENSES Employee benefits expense FINANCING COSTS INCOME TAXES	\$ \$ \$	567 96 137	\$	35 13 (12)	\$ \$ \$	602 109 125	\$ \$ \$	534 86 120	\$	28 10 (10)	\$ \$ \$	562 96 110
NET INCOME				(36)						(28)		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Item never subsequently reclassified to income Defined benefit plans re-measurements	\$	116		36	\$	152	\$	94		28	\$	122
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			\$	_					\$	_		
NET INCOME PER EQUITY SHARE* Basic Diluted	\$ \$	0.62 0.61	\$	(0.06) (0.05)	\$	0.56 0.56	\$	0.54 0.54	\$	(0.05) (0.05)	\$ \$	0.49 0.49

⁽¹⁾ Excluding the effects of amended IAS 19 reflects an expected long-term annual rate of return on plan assets of 6.50% (2012 – 6.75%). The actual rate of return on plan assets for the twelve-month period ended September 30, 2013 was 9.74% (2012 – 10.87%).

^{*} Amounts reflect retrospective application of April 16, 2013, stock split (see Note 22(b)).



⁽²⁾ As currently reported reflects an employee defined benefits plan net interest amount based upon a discount rate of 3.90% (2012 – 4.50%).

Nine-month periods ended September 30 (millions except per share amounts)			2	2013					2	2012		
	eff am	cluding ects of eended S 19 ⁽¹⁾	IA	nended AS 19 ffects		As urrently ported ⁽²⁾	efi an	cluding fects of nended S 19 ⁽¹⁾	I/	nended AS 19 ffects		As irrently ported ⁽²⁾
OPERATING EXPENSES Employee benefits expense FINANCING COSTS INCOME TAXES	\$ \$	1,673 297 421	\$	103 40 (37)	\$ \$ \$	1,776 337 384	\$ \$ \$	1,555 246 365	\$	84 32 (30)	\$ \$	1,639 278 335
NET INCOME				(106)						(86)		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Item never subsequently reclassified to income Defined benefit plans re-measurements	\$	137		106	\$	243	\$	82		86	\$	168
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			\$	_					\$	_		
NET INCOME PER EQUITY SHARE* Basic Diluted	\$ \$	1.72 1.71	\$ \$	(0.17) (0.16)	\$ \$	1.55 1.55	\$	1.58 1.57	\$	(0.14) (0.13)	\$	1.44 1.44

⁽¹⁾ Excluding the effects of amended IAS 19 reflects an expected long-term annual rate of return on plan assets of 6.50% (2012 – 6.75%). The actual rate of return on plan assets for the twelve-month period ended September 30, 2013 was 9.74% (2012 – 10.87%).

As disclosed in our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, upon our transition to IFRS-IASB on January 1, 2010, we made an exemption election to recognize cumulative unamortized actuarial gains and losses, past service costs and transitional obligations, as at the transition date, as an adjustment to retained earnings; also effective upon transition to IFRS-IASB, we adopted a policy of recognizing actuarial gains and losses in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arose. As a result of the exemption election made and the accounting policy selected upon our transition to IFRS-IASB, the required retrospective application of the amended standard affects neither our statement of financial position nor the balances of the components of equity therein and therefore a January 1, 2012, statement of financial position has not been included in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Additionally, the amounts of cash provided (used) by operating activities, investing activities and financing activities in the statement of cash flows are not affected.

(c) Standards, interpretations and amendments to standards not yet effective and not yet applied Based upon current facts and circumstances, we do not expect to be materially affected by the application of the following standards and are currently determining which date(s) we will select for initial compliance if earlier than the required compliance dates.

- IAS 32, Financial Instruments (amended 2011), is required to be applied for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014.
- IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, is required to be applied for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015; in the third quarter of 2013, the International Accounting Standards Board tentatively decided to defer the mandatory effective date and to leave such date open pending the finalization of the impairment and classification and measurement requirements within the Financial Instruments Phase I: Classification and Measurement project.

(d) Revenue from contracts with customers

The International Accounting Standards Board and the Financial Accounting Standards Board of the United States have been working on a joint project to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue and to develop a common revenue standard. In June 2010 an exposure draft was issued and in November 2011 a revised exposure draft was issued. We are currently assessing the impacts of the draft proposals contained within the revised exposure draft.

If the finalized standard were to largely reflect the draft proposals, the effects and the materiality of the effects would vary by industry and entity. If the finalized standard, currently expected to be effective for our 2017 fiscal year, were to largely reflect the draft proposals, we, like other telecommunications companies, currently would expect to be materially affected by its application, primarily in respect of the timing of revenue recognition and in respect of capitalization of costs of acquisition and contract fulfillment costs.

^{*} Amounts reflect retrospective application of April 16, 2013, stock split (see Note 22(b)).



⁽²⁾ As currently reported reflects an employee defined benefits plan net interest amount based upon a discount rate of 3.90% (2012 – 4.50%).

3 capital structure financial policies

Our objective when managing capital is to maintain a flexible capital structure that optimizes the cost and availability of capital at acceptable risk.

In the management and definition of capital, we include common equity (excluding accumulated other comprehensive income), long-term debt (including any associated hedging assets or liabilities, net of amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income), cash and temporary investments and securitized trade receivables.

We manage our capital structure and make adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust our capital structure, we may adjust the amount of dividends paid to holders of TELUS Corporation shares, purchase shares for cancellation pursuant to normal course issuer bids, issue new shares, issue new debt, issue new debt to replace existing debt with different characteristics and/or increase or decrease the amount of trade receivables sold to an arm's-length securitization trust.

We monitor capital utilizing a number of measures, including: net debt to earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization – excluding restructuring and other like costs (EBITDA** – excluding restructuring and other like costs); and dividend payout ratios.

Net debt to EBITDA – excluding restructuring and other like costs is calculated as net debt at the end of the period divided by 12-month trailing EBITDA – excluding restructuring and other like costs. This measure, historically, is substantially similar to the leverage ratio covenant in our credit facilities. Net debt and EBITDA – excluding restructuring and other like costs and adjusted net earnings are measures that do not have any standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS-IASB and are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies; the calculation of these measures is as set out in the following table. Net debt is one component of a ratio used to determine compliance with debt covenants.

The reported dividend payout ratio is calculated as the quarterly dividend declared per equity share, as recorded in the financial statements, multiplied by four and divided by the sum of basic earnings per share for the most recent four quarters for interim reporting periods (divided by annual basic earnings per share if the reported amount is in respect of a fiscal year); the reported dividend payout ratio of adjusted net earnings differs in that it excludes: long-term debt prepayment premium; income tax-related adjustments; TELUS Garden condominium tower effects; and the ongoing impacts of share options with the net-cash settlement feature.

During 2013, our strategy, which was unchanged from 2012, included maintaining the financial policy set out in the table below. We believe that our financial policies and guidelines, which are reviewed annually, are currently at the optimal level and, by maintaining credit ratings in the range of BBB+ to A-, or the equivalent, provide reasonable access to capital.

As at, or 12-month periods ended, September 30 (\$ in millions)	Policy		2013		2012
					djusted – lote 2(b))
Components of debt and coverage ratios Net debt ⁽¹⁾ EBITDA – excluding restructuring and other like costs ⁽²⁾ Net interest cost ⁽³⁾		\$ \$ \$	7,313 4,069 360	\$ \$ \$	6,564 3,832 333
Debt ratio Net debt to EBITDA – excluding restructuring and other like costs	1.5 – 2.0		1.8		1.7
Coverage ratios Earnings coverage ⁽⁴⁾ EBITDA – excluding restructuring and other like costs interest coverage ⁽⁵⁾			5.5 11.3		5.4 11.5
Other measures Dividend payout ratio of adjusted net earnings ⁽⁶⁾ Dividend payout ratio			68% 69%		69% 69%
(1) Net debt is calculated as follows:					
			2013		2012
Long-term debt (Note 21) Debt issuance costs netted against long-term debt Cash and temporary investments, net Short-term borrowings		\$	6,904 32 (32) 409	\$	6,182 24 (45) 403
Net debt		\$	7,313	\$	6,564

^{**} EBITDA does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS-IASB and is therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers; we define EBITDA as operating revenues less goods and services purchased and employee benefits expense. We have issued guidance on, and report, EBITDA because it is a key measure that management uses to evaluate the performance of our business and is also utilized in measuring compliance with certain debt covenants.



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(2) EBITDA – excluding restructuring and other like costs is calculated as follows:

	- -	BITDA Note 5)	and o	ructuring other like (Note15)	e res	excluding restructuring and other like costs	
Add	Not	iusted – e 2(b))	•				
Nine-month period ended September 30, 2013 Year ended December 31, 2012	\$	3,067 3,859	\$	65 48	\$	3,132 3,907	
Deduct Nine-month period ended September 30, 2012		(2,941)		(29)		(2,970)	
12-month period currently ended	\$	3,985	\$	84	\$	4,069	

- (3) Net interest cost is defined as financing costs excluding employee defined benefit plans net interest and recoveries on long-term debt prepayment premium and repayment of debt, calculated on a 12-month trailing basis (expenses recorded for long-term debt prepayment premium, if any, are included in net interest cost)
- (4) Earnings coverage is defined as net income attributable to equity shares before borrowing costs expense and income tax expense, divided by borrowing costs expense.
- (5) EBITDA excluding restructuring and other like costs interest coverage is defined as EBITDA excluding restructuring and other like costs divided by net interest cost. This measure is substantially the same as the coverage ratio covenant in our credit facilities.
- (6) Adjusted net earnings attributable to equity shares is calculated as follows:

	2013	2012	
			djusted – ote 2(b))
Net income attributable to equity shares	\$ 1,267	\$	1,165
Long-term debt prepayment premium, after income tax	17		_
Income tax-related adjustments	5		(12)
After income tax gain net of equity losses related to the residential condominium tower component of the TELUS			
Garden real estate joint venture	_		(6)
Impacts of share options with the net-cash settlement feature, net of income taxes	(2)		(4)
Adjusted net earnings attributable to equity shares	\$ 1,287	\$	1,143

The net debt to EBITDA – excluding restructuring and other like costs ratio was 1.8 times at September 30, 2013, up 0.1 times from one year earlier, as the increase in net debt was partially offset by growth in EBITDA – excluding restructuring and other like costs. The earnings coverage ratio for the twelve-month period ended September 30, 2013, was 5.5 times, up from 5.4 times one year earlier. Higher borrowing costs (including the long-term debt prepayment premium) decreased the earnings coverage ratio by 0.5, while growth in income before borrowing costs expense and income taxes increased the ratio by 0.6. The EBITDA – excluding restructuring and other like costs interest coverage ratio for the twelve-month period ended September 30, 2013, was 11.3 times, down from 11.5 times one year earlier; higher net interest expenses decreased the ratio by 0.9, while higher EBITDA – excluding restructuring and other like costs increased the ratio by 0.7.

4 financial instruments

(a) Credit risk

Excluding credit risk, if any, arising from currency swaps settled on a gross basis (see (b)), the best representation of our maximum exposure (excluding income tax effects) to credit risk, which is a worst-case scenario and does not reflect results we expect, is as set out in the following table:

As at (millions)	September 30, 2013	ember 31, 2012
Cash and temporary investments, net	\$ 32	\$ 107
Accounts receivable	1,392	1,541
Derivative assets	18	 12
	\$ 1,442	\$ 1,660

Cash and temporary investments

Credit risk associated with cash and temporary investments is managed by ensuring that these financial assets are placed with: governments; major financial institutions that have been accorded strong investment grade ratings by a



primary rating agency; and/or other creditworthy counterparties. An ongoing review is performed to evaluate changes in the status of counterparties.

Accounts receivable

Credit risk associated with accounts receivable is inherently managed by our large and diverse customer base, which includes substantially all consumer and business sectors in Canada. We follow a program of credit evaluations of customers and limit the amount of credit extended when deemed necessary.

The following table presents an analysis of the age of customer accounts receivable for which an allowance has not been made as at the dates of the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. As at September 30, 2013, the weighted average life of customer accounts receivable was 30 days (December 31, 2012 – 29 days) and the weighted average life of past-due customer accounts receivable was 62 days (December 31, 2012 – 63 days). Late payment charges are levied, at an industry-based market rate, on outstanding non-current customer account balances.

As at (millions)	September 30 2013	December 31, 2012
Customer accounts receivable net of allowance for doubtful accounts Less than 30 days past billing date 30-60 days past billing date 61-90 days past billing date Greater than 90 days past billing date	\$ 735 209 65 61	\$ 860 218 67 72
	\$ 1,070	\$ 1,217
Customer accounts receivable (<i>Note 25(a)</i>) Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 1,108 (38)	\$ 1,261 (44)
	\$ 1,070	\$ 1,217

We maintain allowances for potential credit losses related to doubtful accounts. Current economic conditions, historical information, reasons for the accounts being past-due and line of business from which the customer accounts receivable arose are all considered when determining whether allowances should be made for past-due accounts; the same factors are considered when determining whether to write off amounts charged to the allowance account against the customer accounts receivable. The doubtful accounts expense is calculated on a specific-identification basis for customer accounts receivable over a specific balance threshold and on a statistically derived allowance basis for the remainder. No customer accounts receivable are written off directly to the doubtful accounts expense.

The following table presents a summary of the activity related to our allowance for doubtful accounts.

			Nine months					
Periods ended September 30 (millions)	2	2013	2	2012	2	2013	2	2012
Balance, beginning of period Additions (doubtful accounts expense) Net use	\$	39 8 (9)	\$	40 9 (6)	\$	44 31 (37)	\$	36 34 (27)
Balance, end of period	\$	38	\$	43	\$	38	\$	43

Derivative assets (and derivative liabilities)

Counterparties to our share-based compensation cash-settled equity forward agreements and foreign exchange derivatives are major financial institutions that have all been accorded investment grade ratings by a primary rating agency. The dollar amount of credit exposure under contracts with any one financial institution is limited and counterparties' credit ratings are monitored. We do not give or receive collateral on swap agreements and hedging items due to our credit rating and those of our counterparties. While we are exposed to potential credit losses due to the possible non-performance of our counterparties, we consider the risk of this remote. Our derivative liabilities do not have credit risk-related contingent features.

(b) Liquidity risk

As a component of our capital structure financial policies, discussed further in Note 3, we manage liquidity risk by:

- maintaining a daily cash pooling process that enables us to manage our liquidity surplus and liquidity requirements according to our actual needs and those of our subsidiaries;
- maintaining bilateral bank facilities (Note 19) and a syndicated credit facility (Note 21(d));
- the sales of trade receivables to an arm's-length securitization trust (*Note 19*);
- maintaining a commercial paper program (Note 21(b));
- continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows; and



managing maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities.

Our debt maturities in future years are as disclosed in *Note 21(e)*. As at September 30, 2013, we have access to a shelf prospectus, in effect until November 2013, pursuant to which we can offer \$300 million (December 31, 2012 – \$2.0 billion) of debt or equity securities; subsequent to September 30, 2013, the Company filed a preliminary shelf prospectus, in effect until December 2015, pursuant to which it could offer \$3.0 billion of debt or equity if finalized. We believe that our investment grade credit ratings contribute to reasonable access to capital markets.

We closely match the derivative financial liability contractual maturities with those of the risk exposures they are being used to manage.

Our undiscounted financial liability expected maturities do not differ significantly from the contractual maturities, other than as noted below. Our undiscounted financial liability contractual maturities, including interest thereon (where applicable), are as set out in the following tables:

		Non-de	erivativ	/e			Derivative							
	n-interest earing			ng-term		struction t facilities				urrency sw mounts to l			-	
As at September 30, 2013 (millions)	nancial abilities	ort-term owings ⁽¹⁾		debt ⁽¹⁾ commitmen (Note 21) (Note 18(c))			(Other	(R	teceive)		Pay		Total
2013	\$ 882	\$ 11	\$			164	\$	_	\$	(201)	\$	198	\$	1,387
2014	607	405		343		_		_		(180)		180		1,355
2015	8	_		953		_		2		_		_		963
2016	49	_		887		_		_		_		_		936
2017	3	_		959		_		_		_		_		962
Thereafter	5	_		6,395		_		_		_		_		6,400
Total	\$ 1,554	\$ 416	\$	9,870	\$	164	\$	2	\$	(381)	\$	378	\$	12,003

⁽¹⁾ Interest payment cash outflows in respect of short-term borrowings, commercial paper and amounts drawn under our credit facilities (if any) have been calculated based upon the interest rates in effect as at September 30, 2013.

⁽²⁾ The draw-downs on the construction credit facilities are expected to occur as construction progresses through 2015.

				Non-de	erivati	ve		Deri		-				
	t	n-interest bearing				ong-term	credi	struction t facilities		urrency sw mounts to			-	
As at December 31, 2012 (millions)		financial Short-term borrowings ⁽¹⁾			debt ⁽¹⁾ Vote 21)		nmitment e 18(c)) ⁽²⁾	(R	deceive)		Pay		Total	
2013														
First quarter	\$	881	\$	3	\$	297	\$	182	\$	(51)	\$	51	\$	1,363
Balance of year		526		5		558		_		(90)		88		1,087
2014		5		405		997		_		<u> </u>		_		1,407
2015		47		_		889		_		_		_		936
2016		2		_		824		_		_		_		826
2017		2		_		895		_		_		_		897
Thereafter		5		_		3,783		_		_		_		3,788
Total	\$	1,468	\$	413	\$	8,243	\$	182	\$	(141)	\$	139	\$	10,304

⁽¹⁾ Interest payment cash outflows in respect of short-term borrowings, commercial paper and amounts drawn under our credit facilities (if any) have been calculated based upon the interest rates in effect as at December 31, 2012.

(c) Currency risk

Our functional currency is the Canadian dollar, but certain routine revenues and operating costs are denominated in U.S. dollars and some inventory purchases and capital asset acquisitions are sourced internationally. The U.S. dollar is the only foreign currency to which we have a significant exposure.

Our foreign exchange risk management includes the use of foreign currency forward contracts and currency options to fix the exchange rates on short-term U.S. dollar denominated transactions and commitments. Hedge accounting is applied to these short-term foreign currency forward contracts and currency options only on a limited basis.

Net income and other comprehensive income for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, could have varied if Canadian dollar: U.S. dollar exchange rates varied from the actual transaction date rates. The following Canadian dollar: U.S. dollar exchange rate sensitivity analysis has been based upon a hypothetical change having been applied to all relevant Consolidated Statement of Income and Other Comprehensive Income transactions in the reporting period. (This differs from the sensitivity analysis in (d), which isolates the statement of financial position date hypothetical effects.) Income tax expense, which is reflected net in the sensitivity analysis, reflects the applicable weighted average statutory income tax rates for the reporting periods.



⁽²⁾ The draw-downs on the construction credit facilities are expected to occur as construction progresses through 2015.

	(Net inc compreher	ome and			Capital ex	(penditu	res
Nine-month periods ended September 30 (\$ increase (decrease) in millions)	:	2013	:	2012	:	2013		2012
10% change in Cdn.\$: U.S.\$ exchange rate ⁽¹⁾ Canadian dollar appreciates Canadian dollar depreciates	\$ \$	21 (21)	\$ \$	19 (19)	\$ \$	(15) 15	\$ \$	(14) 14

(1) These sensitivities are hypothetical and should be used with caution. Changes in net income and comprehensive income generally cannot be extrapolated because the relationship of the change in assumption to the change in net income and comprehensive income may not be linear. In this table, the effect of a variation in the Canadian dollar: U.S. dollar exchange rate on the amount of net income and comprehensive income is calculated without changing any other analysis inputs; in reality, changes in the Canadian dollar: U.S. dollar exchange rate may result in changes in another factor (for example, increased strength of the Canadian dollar may result in more favourable market interest rates), which might magnify or counteract the sensitivities.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that we would realize the changes in exchange rates; in reality, the competitive marketplace in which we operate would have an effect on this assumption. The sensitivity analysis is prepared based on the simple average of the Canadian dollar: U.S. dollar exchange rate for the period.

In respect of U.S. dollar denominated inventory purchases, the current period's purchases have been included in the sensitivity analysis by assuming that all items are sold in the period purchased. Similarly, this sensitivity analysis is based on the assumption that all U.S. dollar denominated accounts receivable and accounts payable arising in the period are collected and paid, respectively, in the period.

In respect of U.S. dollar denominated capital expenditures, the current period's expenditures have been included in the sensitivity analysis by assuming one-half period's straight-line depreciation and amortization in the year of acquisition and an estimated useful life of 10 years; no consideration has been made for U.S. dollar denominated capital expenditures made in prior periods.

(d) Market risk

Net income and other comprehensive income for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, could have varied if the Canadian dollar: U.S. dollar exchange rates, market interest rates and our equity shares' prices varied by reasonably possible amounts from their actual statement of financial position date values.

The sensitivity analysis of our exposure to currency risk at the reporting date has been determined based upon a hypothetical change taking place at the relevant statement of financial position date (as contrasted with applying the hypothetical change to all relevant transactions during the reported periods – see (c)). The U.S. dollar denominated balances and derivative financial instrument notional amounts as at the statement of financial position dates have been used in the calculations.

The sensitivity analysis of our exposure to interest rate risk at the reporting date has been determined based upon a hypothetical change taking place at the beginning of the relevant fiscal year and being held constant through to the statement of financial position date. The relevant statement of financial position date principal amounts and notional amounts have been used in the calculations.

The sensitivity analysis of our exposure to other price risk arising from share-based compensation at the reporting date has been determined based upon a hypothetical change taking place at the relevant statement of financial position date. The relevant statement of financial position date notional number of shares, which includes those in the cash-settled equity swap agreements, has been used in the calculations.

Income tax expense, which is reflected net in the sensitivity analysis, reflects the applicable weighted average statutory income tax rates for the reporting periods.

Nine-month periods ended September 30		Net ir	ncome		Oth	er compre	hensive	income		Compreher	nsive inc	come
(\$ increase (decrease) in millions)	- :	2013	:	2012	:	2013	2	012	2	2013	:	2012
Reasonably possible changes in market risks ⁽¹⁾ 10% change in Cdn.\$: U.S.\$ exchange rate Canadian dollar appreciates Canadian dollar depreciates	\$ \$	(15) 15	\$ \$	(11) 10	\$ \$	(12) 12	\$ \$	(8) 8	\$ \$	(27) 27	\$ \$	(19) 18
25 basis point change in market interest rate Rate increases Rate decreases	\$ \$	=	\$ \$	(1) 1	\$ \$	Ξ	\$ \$	2 (2)	\$ \$	Ξ	\$ \$	1 (1)
25% ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ change in equity share prices ⁽⁴⁾ Price increases Price decreases	\$ \$	(6) 6	\$ \$	(4) 4	\$ \$	12 (12)	\$ \$	8 (8)	\$ \$	6 (6)	\$ \$	4 (4)

⁽¹⁾ These sensitivities are hypothetical and should be used with caution. Changes in net income and/or other comprehensive income generally cannot be extrapolated because the relationship of the change in assumption to the change in net income and/or other comprehensive income may not be linear. In this table, the effect of a variation in a particular assumption on the amount of net income and/or other comprehensive income is calculated without changing any other assumption; in reality, changes in one factor may result in changes in another (for example, increases in market interest rates may result in more favourable foreign exchange rates (increased strength of the Canadian dollar)), which might magnify or counteract the sensitivities.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that we would realize the changes in exchange rates and market interest rates; in reality, the competitive marketplace in which we operate would have an effect on this assumption.

No consideration has been made for a difference in the notional number of shares associated with share-based compensation awards made during the reporting period that may have arisen due to a difference in the equity share prices.



- (2) See Note 13(b)-(c) for further information about the change in the equity instruments underlying share-based compensation.
- (3) To facilitate ongoing comparison of sensitivities, a constant variance of approximate magnitude has been used. Reflecting a 4.75-year data period and calculated on a monthly basis, which is consistent with the current assumptions and methodology, the volatility of our Common Share price as at September 30, 2013, was 16.8% (2012 Non-Voting Share price, 21.4%); reflecting the nine-month data period ended September 30, 2013, the volatility was 22.2% (2012 Non-Voting Share price, 9.3%).
- (4) The hypothetical effects of changes in the prices of our equity shares are restricted to those which would arise from our share-based compensation items that are accounted for as liability instruments and the associated cash-settled equity swap agreements.

(e) Fair values

General

The carrying values of cash and temporary investments, accounts receivable, short-term obligations, short-term borrowings, accounts payable and certain provisions (including restructuring accounts payable) approximate their fair values due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The carrying value of short-term investments, if any, equals their fair value as they are classified as held for trading. The fair value is determined directly by reference to quoted market prices in active markets.

The carrying values of our investments accounted for using the cost method do not exceed their fair values. The fair value of our investments accounted for as available-for-sale is based on quoted market prices in active markets or other clear and objective evidence of fair value.

The fair value of our long-term debt is based on quoted market prices in active markets.

The fair values of the derivative financial instruments we use to manage exposure to currency risks are estimated based on quoted market prices in active markets for the same or similar financial instruments or on the current rates offered to us for financial instruments of the same maturity, as well as the use of discounted future cash flows using current rates for similar financial instruments subject to similar risks and maturities (such fair values being largely based on Canadian dollar: U.S. dollar forward exchange rates as at the statement of financial position dates).

The fair values of the derivative financial instruments we use to manage our exposure to increases in compensation costs arising from certain forms of share-based compensation are based upon fair value estimates of the related cash-settled equity forward agreements provided by the counterparty to the transactions (such fair value estimates being largely based upon our equity share prices as at the statement of financial position dates).

The financial instruments that we measure at fair value on a recurring basis in periods subsequent to initial recognition and the level within the fair value hierarchy used to measure them are as set out in the following table.

							Fair valu	ue meas	surement	ts at rep	orting da	ite usin	g		
				Quoted prices in active markets for identical items					Significa observat			Sig	nificant u inp		/able
	 Carryin	g value			(Lev	el 1)			(Lev	el 2)			(Lev	el 3)	
As at (millions)	t. 30, 113		c. 31, 012		t. 30, 013		c. 31, 012		t. 30,)13		c. 31, 012		ot. 30, 013		c. 31, 012
Assets Foreign exchange derivatives Share-based compensation	\$ 3	\$	2	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3	\$	2	\$	_	\$	_
derivatives Available-for-sale portfolio investments	15 39		10 45		_ 20		 29		15 19		10 16		_		_
	\$ 57	\$	57	\$	20	\$	29	\$	37	\$	28	\$	_	\$	_
Liabilities Foreign exchange derivatives Share-based compensation derivatives	\$ 1 2	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1 2	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	\$ 3	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

Derivative

The derivative financial instruments that we measure at fair value on a recurring basis subsequent to initial recognition are as set out in the following table.

As at (millions)			Se	ptembe	er 30, 20		December 31, 2012							
	Designation	Maximum maturity date	tional nount		rying ount	Fair	value		ional ount		rying ount	Fair	value	
Current Assets ⁽¹⁾														
Derivatives used to manage														
Currency risks arising from U.S. dollar revenues Currency risks arising from U.S.	HFT ⁽²⁾	2014	\$ 9	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
dollar denominated purchases Currency risks arising from U.S.	HFT ⁽²⁾	2014	\$ 133		1		1	\$	59		1		1	
dollar denominated purchases Changes in share-based	HFH ⁽³⁾	2014	\$ 101		2		2	\$	59		1		1	
compensation costs (Note 13(c))	HFH ⁽³⁾	2014	\$ 23		10		10	\$	24		7		7	
				\$	13	\$	13			\$	9	\$	9	
Other Long-Term Assets ⁽¹⁾ Derivatives used to manage Changes in share-based compensation costs (Note 13(c))	HFH ⁽³⁾	2015	\$ 30	\$	5	\$	5	\$	31	\$	3	\$	3	
Current Liabilities ⁽¹⁾														
Derivatives used to manage Currency risks arising from U.S.	(2)					_								
dollar revenues Currency risks arising from U.S.	HFT ⁽²⁾	2014	\$ 25	\$	1	\$	1	\$	20	\$	_	\$	_	
dollar denominated purchases Currency risks arising from U.S.	HFT ⁽²⁾	2014	\$ 53		_		_	\$	_		_		_	
dollar denominated purchases Changes in share-based	HFH ⁽³⁾	2014	\$ 57		_		_	\$	_		_		_	
compensation costs (Note 13(c))	HFH ⁽³⁾	2013	\$ 3		_		_	\$	_		_		_	
				\$	1	\$	1			\$	_	\$	_	
Other Long-Term Liabilities ⁽¹⁾ Derivatives used to manage														
Changes in share-based compensation costs (Note 13(c))	HFH ⁽³⁾	2015	\$ 59	\$	2	\$	2	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	

⁽¹⁾ Derivative financial assets and liabilities are not set off.

Non-derivative

Our long-term debt, which is measured at amortized cost, and the fair value thereof, are as set out in the following table.

As at (millions)	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	Carrying amount Fair value	Carrying amount Fair value
Long-term debt	\$ 6,904 \$ 7,336	\$ 6,256 \$ 7,109



⁽²⁾ Designated as held for trading (HFT) upon initial recognition; hedge accounting is not applied.

⁽³⁾ Designated as held for hedging (HFH) upon initial recognition (cash flow hedging item); hedge accounting is applied.

(f) Recognition of derivative gains and losses

The following table sets out the gains and losses, excluding income tax effects, on derivative instruments classified as cash flow hedging items and their location within the Consolidated Statements of Income and Other Comprehensive Income; there was no ineffective portion of derivative instruments classified as cash flow hedging items for the periods presented.

		Amount o	ed in otl	her	Gain (loss) reclassified from ot into income (effective				come
		mprehei ective po					An	nount	
Three-month periods ended September 30 (millions)		2013	2	012	Location	2	013	2	012
Derivatives used to manage:									
Currency risks arising from U.S. dollar denominated purchases	\$	(2)	\$	(2)	Goods and services purchased	\$	3	\$	1
Changes in share-based compensation costs (Note 13(c)) Derivatives used to manage interest rate risk associated with		13		3	Employee benefits expense		6		3
possible future debt issuance		_		1	Financing costs		_		_
	\$	11	\$	2	·	\$	9	\$	4

	1	mount or recogniz mpreher	ed in otl	ner	Gain (loss) reclassified from ot into income (effective	n other comprehensive incortive portion) (<i>Note 10</i>)				
		ctive po					Am	ount		
Nine-month periods ended September 30 (millions)	2	013	2	012	Location	2	013	2	012	
Derivatives used to manage: Currency risks arising from U.S. dollar denominated purchases	\$	5	\$	(1)	Goods and services purchased	\$	4	\$	3	
Changes in share-based compensation costs (Note 13(c)) Derivatives used to manage interest rate risk associated with possible future debt issuance		2		9 (2)	Employee benefits expense Financing costs		5		9	
possible ruture debt issualice	\$	7	\$	6	i ilialidilig costs	\$	9	\$	 12	

The following table sets out the gains and losses arising from derivative instruments that are classified as held for trading and that are not designated as being in a hedging relationship, and their location within the Consolidated Statements of Income and Other Comprehensive Income.

			Gair	n (loss) re	ecognized	in incom	e on deriv	vatives	
			Three	months			Nine	months	
Periods ended September 30 (millions)	Location	2	013	2	.012	2	013	2	012
Derivatives used to manage currency risks	Financing costs	\$	(1)	\$	(2)	\$	5	\$	_

5 segmented information

General

Our operating segments regularly reported to our Chief Executive Officer (our chief operating decision-maker) are Wireless and Wireline. Operating segments are components of an entity that engage in business activities from which they earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses related to transactions with the other component(s)) and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by a chief operating decision-maker to make resource allocation decisions and to assess performance.

As we do not currently aggregate operating segments, our reportable segments are also Wireless and Wireline. The Wireless segment includes voice, data and equipment sales. The Wireline segment includes data (which includes: television; Internet, enhanced data and hosting services; and managed and legacy data services), voice local, voice long distance, and other telecommunications services (which includes health solutions) excluding wireless. Segmentation is based on similarities in technology, the technical expertise required to deliver the services and products, customer characteristics, the distribution channels used and regulatory treatment. Intersegment sales are recorded at the exchange value, which is the amount agreed to by the parties.



The following segmented information is regularly reported to our chief operating decision-maker.

Three-month periods ended		Wire	eless			Wire	eline			Elimin	ations			Conso	lidate	d
September 30 (millions)	:	2013		2012	2 2013			2012	2	013	20	012	:	2013	:	2012
				ljusted – ote 2(b))				ljusted – te 2(b))								ljusted – te 2(b))
Operating revenues External revenue Intersegment revenue	\$	1,563 12	\$	1,501 10	\$	1,311 43	\$	1,273 43	\$	 (55)	\$	 (53)	\$	2,874 —	\$	2,774 —
	\$	1,575	\$	1,511	\$	1,354	\$	1,316	\$	(55)	\$	(53)	\$	2,874	\$	2,774
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$	680	\$	638	\$	355	\$	352	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,035	\$	990
CAPEX, excluding spectrum licences ⁽²⁾	\$	194	\$	175	\$	361	\$	296	\$	_	\$	_	\$	555	\$	471
EBITDA less CAPEX excluding spectrum licences	\$	486	\$	463	\$	(6)	\$	56	\$	_	\$	_	\$	480	\$	519
									Operating revenues (above) Goods and services purchased Employee benefits expense					2,874 1,237 602	\$	2,774 1,222 562
									Depre	DA (above ciation ization	e)			1,035 342 103		990 362 99
									•	ating inco				590 109		529 96
									Incom	ne before	incom	e taxes	\$	481	\$	433

⁽¹⁾ Earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS-IASB and is therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers; we define EBITDA as operating revenues less goods and services purchased and employee benefits expense. We have issued guidance on, and report, EBITDA because it is a key measure that management uses to evaluate the performance of our business and is also utilized in measuring compliance with certain debt covenants.

(2) Total capital expenditures (CAPEX); see *Note 25(b)* for reconciliation of capital expenditures excluding spectrum licences to cash payments for capital assets, excluding spectrum licences reported on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

Nine-month periods ended	Wireless				Wireline				Eliminations					Conso	olidated	
September 30 (millions)	:	2013	:	2012	2013 2012			- 2	2013	2	2012	:	2013		2012	
				ljusted – te 2(b))				ljusted – te 2(b))								ljusted – te 2(b))
Operating revenues External revenue Intersegment revenue	\$	4,545 36	\$	4,312 30	\$	3,911 126	\$	3,758 127	\$	 (162)	\$	 (157)	\$	8,456 —	\$	8,070 —
	\$	4,581	\$	4,342	\$	4,037	\$	3,885	\$	(162)	\$	(157)	\$	8,456	\$	8,070
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$	2,012	\$	1,892	\$	1,055	\$	1,049	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,067	\$	2,941
CAPEX, excluding spectrum licences ⁽²⁾	\$	499	\$	520	\$	1,034	\$	940	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,533	\$	1,460
EBITDA less CAPEX excluding spectrum licences	\$	1,513	\$	1,372	\$	21	\$	109	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,534	\$	1,481
									Good	ating reve ls and servioyee bene	ices p	urchased	\$	8,456 3,613 1,776	\$	8,070 3,490 1,639
									Depre	DA (above eciation tization	e)			3,067 1,033 309		2,941 1,049 338
									•	ating inco				1,725 337		1,554 278
								,	Incor	ne before	incor	ne taxes	\$	1,388	\$	1,276

⁽¹⁾ Earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS-IASB and is therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers; we define EBITDA as operating revenues less goods and services purchased and employee benefits expense. We have issued guidance on, and report, EBITDA because it is a key measure that management uses to evaluate the performance of our business and is also utilized in measuring compliance with certain debt covenants.



⁽²⁾ Total capital expenditures (CAPEX); see Note 25(b) for reconciliation of capital expenditures excluding spectrum licences to cash payments for capital assets, excluding spectrum licences reported on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

Geographical information

We attribute revenues from external customers to individual countries on the basis of the location of where the goods and/or services are provided. We do not have material revenues that we attribute to countries other than Canada (our country of domicile), nor do we have material amounts of property, plant, equipment, intangible assets and/or goodwill located outside of Canada; information about such non-material amounts is not regularly reported to our chief operating decision-maker.

6 other operating income

		Three						
Periods ended September 30 (millions)	2	2013	2	2012	2	2013	2	2012
Government assistance, including deferral account amortization	\$	13	\$	18	\$	42	\$	42
Investment income (loss)		_		(1)		_		(3)
Interest		_		1		_		1
Gain on disposal of assets		6		1		6		12
	\$	19	\$	19	\$	48	\$	52

7 employee benefits expense

				ee months				ne months	
Periods ended September 30 (millions)	Note		2013	- 2	2012		2013		2012
					ljusted – te 2(b))				djusted – ote 2(b))
Employee benefits expense – gross									
Wages and salaries		\$	581	\$	557	\$	1,712	\$	1,624
Share-based compensation	13		30		21		76		54
Pensions – defined benefit	14(a)		27		24		80		76
Pensions – defined contribution	14(b)		21		16		60		51
Other defined benefits	, ,		_		_		1		1
Restructuring costs	15(b)		13		3		55		23
Other			30		32		99		97
			702		653		2,083		1,926
Capitalized internal labour costs									
Property, plant and equipment			(69)		(63)		(215)		(199)
Intangible assets subject to amortization			(31)		(28)		`(92)		(88)
			(100)		(91)		(307)		(287)
		\$	602	\$	562	\$	1,776	\$	1,639

8 financing costs

			Three	months		Nine r	months	
Periods ended September 30 (millions)	Note	:	2013	2	2012	2013	:	2012
					iusted – te 2(b))			justed – te 2(b))
Interest expense ⁽¹⁾								
Interest on long-term debt		\$	90	\$	83	\$ 270	\$	253
Interest on short-term borrowings and other			2		2	7		9
Interest accretion on provisions	20		2		2	6		4
Long-term debt prepayment premium	21(b)		_		_	23		_
			94		87	306		266
Employee defined benefit plans net interest	14(a)		13		10	40		32
Foreign exchange			2		_	(2)		(7)
			109		97	344		291
Interest income								
Interest on income tax refunds			_		(1)	(4)		(12)
Other						(3)		(1)
			_		(1)	(7)		(13)
		\$	109	\$	96	\$ 337	\$	278

⁽¹⁾ No financing costs were capitalized to property, plant, equipment and/or intangible assets during the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.



9 income taxes

	Three	months		Nine i	line months	
Periods ended September 30 (millions)	2013	:	2012	2013	:	2012
		٠	justed – te 2(b))		٠.	ljusted – ote 2(b))
Current income tax expense (recovery)					_	
For current reporting period	\$ 14	\$	(14)	\$ 466	\$	393
Consequential adjustments from reassessment of prior year income tax issues	(3)		(13)	(5)		(24)
	11		(27)	461		369
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)						
Arising from the origination and reversal of temporary differences	112		126	(102)		(65)
Revaluation of deferred income tax liability to reflect future statutory income tax rates	_		_	22		`12 [′]
Consequential adjustments from reassessment of prior year income tax issues	2		11	3		19
	114		137	(77)		(34)
	\$ 125	\$	110	\$ 384	\$	335

Our income tax expense differs from that calculated by applying statutory rates for the following reasons:

Three-month periods ended September 30 (\$ in millions)		201	3	2012				
					(adjusted – I	Vote 2(b))		
Basic blended income tax at weighted average statutory income tax rates	\$	126	26.1%	\$	111	25.8%		
Revaluation of deferred income tax liability to reflect future statutory income tax rates ncome tax rate differential on, and consequential adjustments from, reassessment of prior		_			_			
year income tax issues		(1)			(2)			
Other		_			1			
Income tax expense per Consolidated Statements of Income and Other Comprehensive Income	¢	125	26.0%	¢	110	25.4%		
income	Ψ	123	20.0 /6	φ	110	25.470		
Nine-month periods ended September 30 (\$ in millions)		201	3		201	2		
					(adjusted – I	Vote 2(b))		
Basic blended income tax at weighted average statutory income tax rates	\$	362	26.1%	\$	327	25.7%		
Revaluation of deferred income tax liability to reflect future statutory income tax rates income tax rate differential on, and consequential adjustments from, reassessment of prior		22			12			
vear income tax issues		(2)			(5)			
,		\ - /			(3)			

Our basic blended weighted average statutory income tax rate is the aggregate of the following:

Income tax expense per Consolidated Statements of Income and Other Comprehensive

	Three n	nonths	Nine months			
Periods ended September 30	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Basic federal rate	14.7%	14.7%	14.7%	14.7%		
Weighted average provincial rate	10.8	10.4	10.8	10.4		
Other income tax jurisdictions	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6		
	26.1%	25.8%	26.1%	25.7%		

384

27.7%

\$

335

26.3%



notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

10 other comprehensive income

	Items that may subsequently be reclassified to income													n never lassified income		
				d fair value flow hedge			Cun	nulative		ange in alized fair						
(millions)	arising		losses to	eriod (gains) ransferred to come in the ent period	, O	Total	foreign currency translation adjustment		va avail sale	llue of able-for- financial ssets	comp	umulated other rehensive come	ber	yee defined nefit plan asurements)	comp	Other orehensive ncome
														(adjusted -	- Note 2	2(b))
THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30 Accumulated balance as at June 30, 2012 Other comprehensive income (loss)					\$	4	\$	9	\$	_	\$	13				
Amount arising Income taxes	\$ \$	2 1	\$ \$	(4) (1)		(2)		(7) —		12 1		3 1	\$	164 42	\$	167 43
Net						(2)		(7)		11		2	\$	122	\$	124
Accumulated balance as at September 30, 2012					\$	2	\$	2	\$	11	\$	15	_			
Accumulated balance as at June 30, 2013 Other comprehensive income (loss)					\$	_	\$	10	\$	22	\$	32				
Amount arising Income taxes	\$ \$	11 2	\$ \$	(9) (2)		<u>2</u>		(6) —		6 1		2 1	\$	206 54	\$	208 55
Net						2		(6)		5		1	\$	152	\$	153
Accumulated balance as at September 30, 2013					\$	2	\$	4	\$	27	\$	33	_			
NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30 Accumulated balance as at January 1, 2012 Other comprehensive income (loss)					\$	7	\$	4	\$	_	\$	11				
Amount arising Income taxes	\$ \$	6 2	\$ \$	(12) (3)		(6) (1)		(2)		12 1		4	\$	219 51	\$	223 51
Net						(5)		(2)		11		4	\$	168	\$	172
Accumulated balance as at September 30, 2012					\$	2	\$	2	\$	11	\$	15	_			
Accumulated balance as at January 1, 2013 Other comprehensive income (loss)					\$	3	\$	4	\$	33	\$	40				
Amount arising Income taxes	\$ \$	7 1	\$ \$	(9) (2)		(2) (1)		_		(7) (1)		(9) (2)	\$	320 77	\$	311 75
Net						(1)		_		(6)		(7)	\$	243	\$	236
Accumulated balance as at September 30, 2013					\$	2	\$	4	\$	27	\$	33	_			

As at September 30, 2013, our estimate of the net amount of existing gains arising from the unrealized fair value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges that are reported in accumulated other comprehensive income and are expected to be reclassified to net income in the next twelve months, excluding income tax effects, is \$1 million.



2012

11 per share amounts

Basic net income per equity share is calculated by dividing net income attributable to equity shares by the total weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per equity share is calculated to give effect to share option awards and restricted stock units.

The following table presents the reconciliations of the denominators of the basic and diluted per share computations. Net income attributable to equity shares equalled diluted net income attributable to equity shares for all periods presented.

	rnree n	nontris	Nine months	
Periods ended September 30 (millions*)	2013	2012	2013	2012
Basic total weighted average number of equity shares outstanding Effect of dilutive securities	633	652	646	651
Share option awards	2	4	3	4
Diluted total weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	635	656	649	655

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, certain outstanding share option awards, in the amount of NIL (2012 – NIL) and NIL (2012 – 2 million*), respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted income per equity share because the share option awards' exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the equity shares during the reported periods.

12 dividends per share

Nine-month periods ended September 30 (millions except per share amounts)

Share arriburits)								J12						
	Decla	Declared			- Paid to			ared		Paid to				
Equity share dividends	Effective	Per	share*	shareholders	s Total		Total		Effective	ive Per sh		shareholders	To	otal
Quarter 1 dividend	Mar. 11, 2013	\$	0.32	Apr. 1, 2013	\$	209	Mar. 9, 2012	\$	0.290	Apr. 2, 2012	\$	189		
Quarter 2 dividend Quarter 3 dividend	Jun. 10, 2013 Sep. 10, 2013		0.34 0.34	Jul. 2, 2013 Oct. 1, 2013		222 213	Jun. 8, 2012 Sep. 10, 2012		0.305 0.305	Jul. 3, 2012 Oct. 1, 2012		198 199		
		\$	1.00		\$	644		\$	0.900	•	\$	586		

2013

On November 6, 2013, the Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.36 per share on our issued and outstanding equity shares payable on January 2, 2014, to holders of record at the close of business on December 11, 2013. The final amount of the dividend payment depends upon the number of equity shares issued and outstanding at the close of business on December 11, 2013.

Reinvestment of dividends

In respect of equity share dividends declared during the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, \$13 million (2012 – \$9 million) and \$40 million (2012 – \$23 million), respectively, was to be reinvested in equity shares (such shares being acquired in the stock market pursuant to the Dividend Reinvestment and Share Purchase Plan).

^{*} Amounts reflect retrospective application of April 16, 2013, stock split (see Note 22(b)).



13 share-based compensation

(a) Details of share-based compensation expense

Reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Income and Other Comprehensive Income as employee benefits expense and in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows are the following share-based compensation amounts:

Three-month periods ended September 30			2	2013		2012							
(millions)	be	ployee enefits pense	ope	ociated erating cash tflows	Statement of cash flows adjustment		be	Associal Employee operating benefits cash expense outflow		erating eash	Stateme of cash flows adjustme		
Share option awards	\$	1	\$	_	\$	1	\$	2	\$	_	\$	2	
Restricted stock units ⁽¹⁾		20		_		20		11		_		11	
Employee share purchase plan		9		(9)		_		8		(8)		_	
	\$	30	\$	(9)	\$	21	\$	21	\$	(8)	\$	13	

⁽¹⁾ The expense arising from restricted stock units was net of cash-settled equity swap agreement effects (see Note 4(f)).

Nine-month periods ended September 30			:	2013		2012							
(millions)	be	ployee nefits pense	ор	sociated erating cash utflows	of fl	tement cash lows ustment	be	ployee enefits pense	ор	sociated erating cash utflows	of f	tement cash lows ustment	
Share option awards Restricted stock units ⁽¹⁾ Employee share purchase plan	\$	4 46 26	\$	— (4) (26)	\$	4 42 —	\$	6 25 23	\$	— (2) (23)	\$	6 23 —	
	\$	76	\$	(30)	\$	46	\$	54	\$	(25)	\$	29	

⁽¹⁾ The expense arising from restricted stock units was net of cash-settled equity swap agreement effects (see Note 4(f)).

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, the income tax benefit arising from share-based compensation was \$8 million (2012 – \$5 million) and \$19 million (2012 – \$12 million), respectively.

(b) Share option awards

General

We use share option awards as a form of retention and incentive compensation. We have a number of share option plans under which employees may receive options to purchase equity shares at a price equal to the fair market value at the time of grant. Share option awards currently granted under the plans may be exercised over specific periods not to exceed seven years from the time of grant; prior to 2003, share option awards were granted with exercise periods not to exceed 10 years.

We apply the fair value method of accounting for share-based compensation awards granted to officers and other employees. Share option awards typically have a three-year vesting period (the requisite service period), but may vest over periods of up to five years. The vesting method of share option awards, which is determined on or before the date of grant, may be either cliff or graded; all share option awards granted subsequent to 2004 have been cliff-vesting awards.

The following table presents a summary of the activity related to our share option plans.

Periods ended September 30, 2013	Three	S	Nine months				
	Number of share options*	a sha	/eighted overage are option price*	Number of share options*	a	leighted average are option price*	
Outstanding, beginning of period	9,495,689	\$	22.76	14,541,378	\$	21.52	
Exercised ⁽¹⁾	(762,594)	\$	20.26	(5,521,507)	\$	19.08	
Forfeited	(86,778)	\$	25.27	(315,416)	\$	24.86	
Expired			_	(58,138)	\$	21.53	
Outstanding, end of period	8,646,317	\$	22.96	8,646,317	\$	22.96	

⁽¹⁾ The total intrinsic value of share option awards exercised for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, was \$10 million (reflecting a weighted average price at the dates of exercise of \$33.95 per share*) and \$87 million (reflecting a weighted average price at the dates of exercise of \$34.82 per share*), respectively.

^{*} Amounts reflect retrospective application of April 16, 2013, stock split (see Note 22(b)).



The following table reconciles the number of share options exercised and the associated number of equity shares issued.

	Inree	Nine
Periods ended September 30, 2013	months*	months*
Equity shares issued pursuant to exercise of share options	_	200
Equity shares issued or issuable pursuant to use of share option award net-equity settlement feature	296,085	2,491,736
Impact of our choosing to settle share option award exercises using net-equity settlement feature	466,509	3,029,571
Share options exercised	762,594	5,521,507

The following is a life and exercise price stratification of our share options outstanding, all of which are for Common Shares, as at September 30, 2013.

Options outstanding										Options e	xer	cisable
Range of option prices*									Total		V	/eighted
Low High	\$ \$	14.91 19.84	\$ \$	20.78 24.63	25.01 29.48	\$ \$	30.15 32.32		14.91 32.32	Number of shares*		verage price*
Year of expiry and number of shares*												
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019		3,260 813,284 ,416,335 —	2	3,460 1,030,812 — 103,520 2,601,384 —	1,122 547,118 — — 93,650 1,983,872		32,010 — — — — — — 16,490	1 2 2	1,122 582,588 ,034,072 813,284 ,519,855 2,695,034 2,000,362	1,122 582,588 1,034,072 813,284 1,460,885	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	28.10 28.45 21.95 15.32 16.55 —
Weighted average remaining contractual life (years) Weighted average price* Aggregate intrinsic value(1) (millions) Options exercisable	\$ \$	3.1 16.01 41	\$	3,739,176 3.6 22.85 42	2,625,762 4.5 28.85 14	\$	48,500 2.4 31.88 —		3,646,317 3.7 22.96 97	3,891,951		
Number of shares* Weighted average remaining contractual life (years) Weighted average price* Aggregate intrinsic value ⁽¹⁾ (millions)	\$ \$ \$	3.1 16.01 41		,078,822 1.5 21.94 13	548,240 0.4 28.28 3	\$	32,010 0.7 31.97		3,891,951 2.2 19.51 57			

⁽¹⁾ The aggregate intrinsic value is calculated upon the September 30, 2013, price of \$34.14 per Common Share.

(c) Restricted stock units

We use restricted stock units as a form of retention and incentive compensation. Each restricted stock unit is nominally equal in value to one equity share together with the dividends that would have arisen thereon had it been an issued and outstanding equity share; the notional dividends are recorded as additional issuances of restricted stock units during the life of the restricted stock unit. Due to the notional dividend mechanism, the grant-date fair value of restricted stock units equals the fair market value of the corresponding shares at the grant date. The restricted stock units generally become payable when vesting is completed. The restricted stock units typically vest over a period of 33 months (the requisite service period). The vesting method of restricted stock units, which is determined on or before the date of grant, may be either cliff or graded; the majority of restricted stock units outstanding have cliff vesting. The associated liability is normally cash-settled.

The following table presents a summary of the activity related to our restricted stock units.

^{*} Amounts reflect retrospective application of April 16, 2013, stock split (see Note 22(b)).



Periods ended September 30, 2013		Three months			Nine months			
	Number of stock t		a	/eighted average	Number of stock		a	/eighted average
	Non-vested	Vested	•	ant-date ir value*	Non-vested	Vested	_	ant-date ir value*
Outstanding, beginning of period								
Non-vested	5,287,378	_	\$	30.16	2,937,872	_	\$	26.29
Vested	_	8,132	\$	25.32	_	24,864	\$	24.10
Issued								
Initial award	54,354	_	\$	31.76	2,466,084	_	\$	34.73
In lieu of dividends	52,121	53	\$	34.35	155,066	213	\$	33.59
Vested	(25,076)	25,076	\$	31.25	(114,630)	114,630	\$	29.74
Settled in cash	· <u> </u>	(25,185)	\$	31.24	·	(131,631)	\$	28.95
Forfeited and cancelled	(45,453)		\$	29.97	(121,068)	`	\$	28.93
Outstanding, end of period								<u> </u>
Non-vested	5,323,324	_	\$	30.28	5,323,324	_	\$	30.28
Vested	· · · —	8,076	\$	25.39	· · · —	8,076	\$	25.39

With respect to certain issuances of restricted stock units, we have entered into cash-settled equity forward agreements that fix our cost; that information, as well as a schedule of our non-vested restricted stock units outstanding as at September 30, 2013, is set out in the following table.

Vesting in years ending December 31	Number of fixed-cost restricted stock units*	Our fixed cost per restricted stock unit*	Number of variable-cost restricted stock units*	Total number of non-vested restricted stock units*
2013	964,000	\$ 26.19	597,160	1,561,160
2014	130,000	\$ 33.30	187,282	317,282
2015	2,642,000	\$ 34.63	802,882	3,444,882
	3,736,000		1,587,324	5,323,324

(d) Employee share purchase plan

We have an employee share purchase plan under which eligible employees up to a certain job classification can purchase our Common Shares through regular payroll deductions by contributing between 1% and 10% of their pay; for more highly compensated job classifications, employees may contribute between 1% and 55% of their pay. For every dollar contributed by an employee, up to a maximum of 6% of eligible employee pay, we are required to contribute a percentage between 20% and 40% as designated by us. For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, we contributed 40% for employees up to a certain job classification; for more highly compensated job classifications, we contributed 35%. We record our contributions as a component of Employee benefits expense and our contribution vests on the earlier of a plan participant's last day in our employ or the last business day of the calendar year of our contribution, unless the plan participant's employment is terminated with cause, in which case the plan participant will forfeit any in-year contribution from us.

	Three months								
Periods ended September 30 (millions)	2013	2	012	2	2013	2	2012		
Employee contributions Employer contributions	\$ 20 9	\$	18 8	\$	70 26	\$	62 23		
	\$ 29	\$	26	\$	96	\$	85		

Under this plan, we have the option of offering shares from Treasury or having the trustee acquire shares in the stock market. For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, all Common Shares issued to employees under the plan were purchased in the stock market at normal trading prices.

^{*} Amounts reflect retrospective application of April 16, 2013, stock split (see Note 22(b)).



14 employee future benefits

(a) Defined benefit pension plans - details

Expense

Our defined benefit pension plan expense was as follows:

	\$	27	\$	13	\$	(206)	\$	(166)	\$	24	\$	10	\$	(164)	\$	(130)
Administrative fees		1		_		_		1		_		_		_		_
		_		13		(206)		(193)		_		10		(164)		(154)
Return, including interest income, on plan assets ⁽¹⁾		_		(69)		(206)		(275)		_		(76)		(164)		(240)
Net interest; return on plan assets Interest expense arising from accrued benefit obligation		_		82		_		82		_		86		_		86
Current service cost	\$	26	\$	_	\$	_	\$	26	\$	24	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	24
											(a	adjusted -	- Note	2(b))		
Recognized in		oense ote 7)		costs lote 8)		come ote 10)	-	Total		oense ote 7)		osts ote 8)		come ote 10)	7	Γotal
		nefits		ancing		omp.				nefits		ancing		omp.		
	Em	ployee			(Other			Em	ployee			(Other		
Three-month periods ended September 30 (millions)	2013															

⁽¹⁾ The interest income on plan assets included in the net interest amount included in Financing costs reflects a rate of return on plan assets equal to the discount rate used in determining the accrued benefit obligation.

Nine-month periods ended															
September 30 (millions)				20)13						20)12			
Recognized in	be exp	ployee nefits pense ote 7)	(nancing costs <i>lote 8)</i>	i	Other comp. ncome Note 10)	Total	be exp	ployee enefits pense lote 7)	(N	nancing costs lote 8)	ir (N	Other comp. ncome lote 10)	-	Total
										(6	adjusted -	- Note	2(b))		
Current service cost	\$	76	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 76	\$	71	\$	_	\$	_	\$	71
Past service cost		_		_		_	_		3		_		_		3
Net interest; return on plan assets Interest expense arising from accrued benefit obligation		_		247		_	247		_		258		_		258
Return, including interest income, on plan assets ⁽¹⁾		_		(207)		(320)	(527)		_		(226)		(210)		(436)
		_		40		(320)	(280)		_		32		(210)		(178)
Administrative fees		4		_		_	4		2		_		_		2
Re-measurements arising from: Demographic assumptions		_		_		_	_		_				(9)		(9)
<u> </u>	\$	80	\$	40	\$	(320)	\$ (200)	\$	76	\$	32	\$	(219)	\$	(111)

⁽¹⁾ The interest income on plan assets included in the net interest amount included in Financing costs reflects a rate of return on plan assets equal to the discount rate used in determining the accrued benefit obligation.

(b) Defined contribution plans

Our total defined contribution pension plan costs recognized were as follows:

		Three	Nine months					
Periods ended September 30 (millions)	2	2013	2	2012	2	2013	2	2012
Union pension plan and public service pension plan contributions Other defined contribution pension plans	\$	7 14	\$	5 11	\$	21 39	\$	19 32
	\$	21	\$	16	\$	60	\$	51



15 restructuring and other like costs

(a) Details of restructuring and other like costs

With the objective of reducing ongoing costs, we incur associated incremental, non-recurring restructuring costs, as discussed further in (b) following. We may also incur atypical charges when undertaking major or transformational changes to our business or operating models. In addition to items such as internal and external labour, such atypical charges may include depreciation and amortization of intangible assets expenses, when property, plant, equipment and intangible assets are retired significantly prior to the end of their estimated useful lives so that other continuing formerly associated resources, such as spectrum, may be redeployed elsewhere in our business. We also include incremental external costs incurred in connection with business acquisition activity in other like costs.

Restructuring and other like costs are presented in the Consolidated Statements of Income and Other Comprehensive Income as set out in the following table:

		Three		Nine months						
Periods ended September 30 (millions)	20)13	20	012	2	013	2	2012		
Goods and services purchased Employee benefits expense	\$	2 13	\$	_ 3	\$	10 55	\$	6 23		
	\$	15	\$	3	\$	65	\$	29		

(b) Restructuring provisions

Employee related provisions and other provisions, in *Note 20,* include amounts in respect of restructuring activities. In 2013, restructuring activities included ongoing efficiency initiatives such as:

- reorganizing and streamlining business processes to achieve operating efficiencies, which includes workforce reductions;
- consolidation of administrative, channel and network real estate; and
- decommissioning uneconomic services and products.

Three-month periods ended September 30 (millions)			2	013			2012							
	Employee related ⁽¹⁾		Other ⁽¹⁾		Total ⁽¹⁾		Employee related ⁽¹⁾		Other ⁽¹⁾		To	otal ⁽¹⁾		
Restructuring costs														
Addition														
Workforce														
Voluntary	\$	4	\$	_	\$	4	\$	1	\$	_	\$	1		
Involuntary		9		_		9		2		_		2		
Other		_		2		2		_		_		_		
		13		2		15		3		_		3		
Use														
Workforce														
Voluntary		3		_		3		_		_		_		
Involuntary and other		13		_		13		3		_		3		
Other		_		5		5		_		2		2		
		16		5		21		3		2		5		
Expenses greater (less) than disbursements		(3)		(3)		(6)		_		(2)		(2)		
Restructuring accounts payable and accrued liabilities														
Balance, beginning of period		34		23		57		24		28		52		
Balance, end of period	\$	31	\$	20	\$	51	\$	24	\$	26	\$	50		

⁽¹⁾ The transactions and balances in this column are included in, and thus are a subset of, the transactions and balances in the columns with the same caption in Note 20.



Nine-month periods ended September 30 (millions)			2	013			2012						
	Employee related ⁽¹⁾		Other ⁽¹⁾		Total ⁽¹⁾		Employee related ⁽¹⁾		Ot	her ⁽¹⁾	To	otal ⁽¹⁾	
Restructuring costs													
Addition Workforce Voluntary Involuntary	\$	20 37	\$	<u> </u>	\$	20 37	\$	3 20	\$	_ _	\$	3 20	
Other		_		7		7		_		6		6	
Reversal Workforce Involuntary		(2)		_		(2)		_		_		_	
		55		7		62		23		6		29	
Use Workforce Voluntary Involuntary and other Other		23 34 —		_ _ 13		23 34 13		19 16 —		_ _ 7		19 16 7	
		57		13		70		35		7		42	
Expenses greater (less) than disbursements Restructuring accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(2)		(6)		(8)		(12)		(1)		(13)	
Balance, beginning of period		33		26		59		36		27		63	
Balance, end of period	\$	31	\$	20	\$	51	\$	24	\$	26	\$	50	

⁽¹⁾ The transactions and balances in this column are included in, and thus are a subset of, the transactions and balances in the columns with the same caption in Note 20.

These initiatives were intended to improve our long-term operating productivity and competitiveness. We expect that substantially all of the cash outflows in respect of the balance accrued as at the financial statement date will occur within twelve months thereof.

16 property, plant and equipment

(millions) At cost		Network assets	le	dings and asehold rovements	 ts under ce lease	Other	L	_and	 ets under struction	Total
As at December 31, 2012 Additions Additions arising from business	\$	24,004 392	\$	2,620 12	\$ 6 1	\$ 1,624 34	\$	55 —	\$ 377 780	\$ 28,686 1,219
acquisitions (Note 17(c)) Dispositions, retirements and other Reclassifications		— (132) 447		(64) 98	(5) —	(567) 43		_	 (588)	(768) —
As at September 30, 2013	\$	24,711	\$	2,666	\$ 2	\$ 1,137	\$	55	\$ 569	\$ 29,140
Accumulated depreciation										
As at December 31, 2012 Depreciation Dispositions, retirements and other	\$	17,493 865 (131)	\$	1,674 96 (64)	\$ 6 (4)	\$ 1,348 72 (570)	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 20,521 1,033 (769)
As at September 30, 2013	\$	18,227	\$	1,706	\$ 2	\$ 850	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 20,785
Net book value										
As at December 31, 2012	\$	6,511	\$	946	\$ _	\$ 276	\$	55	\$ 377	\$ 8,165
As at September 30, 2013	\$	6,484	\$	960	\$ _	\$ 287	\$	55	\$ 569	\$ 8,355

The gross carrying amount of fully depreciated property, plant and equipment that was still in use as at September 30, 2013, was \$2.6 billion (December 31, 2012 – \$2.9 billion).

As at September 30, 2013, our contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment were \$203 million over a period through to 2014 (December 31, 2012 – \$187 million over a period through to 2014).



17 intangible assets and goodwill

(a) Intangible assets and goodwill, net

			Intar	ngible	assets su	bject to	amortiza	ation			Intangible	assets	with inde	finite	lives						
_ (millions)	oscriber oase	contrac cus relation	stomer ts, related stomer ships and ld interests	s So	oftware	rights	cess to s-of-way d other		ts under truction	Total	pectrum cences		quired and		Total	int	Total angible assets	Go	odwill ⁽¹⁾	int ass	Total angible sets and oodwill
At cost As at December 31, 2012 Additions Additions arising from business	\$ 245 —	\$	206 —	\$	2,889 4	\$	95 2	\$	185 308	\$ 3,620 314	\$ 4,876 67	\$	7	\$	4,883 67	\$	8,503 381	\$	4,066 —	\$	12,569 381
acquisitions (c) Dispositions, retirements and other Reclassifications	_		11 		5 (79) 240		— (22) 7		_ _ (240)	16 (101) 7	=		_ (7)		_ _ (7)		16 (101) —		24 — —		40 (101) —
As at September 30, 2013	\$ 245	\$	217	\$	3,059	\$	82	\$	253	\$ 3,856	\$ 4,943	\$	_	\$	4,943	\$	8,799	\$	4,090	\$	12,889
Accumulated amortization As at December 31, 2012 Amortization Dispositions, retirements and other	\$ 71 10	\$	81 20 3	\$	2,102 276 (77)	\$	68 3 (26)	\$	=	\$ 2,322 309 (100)	\$ =	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,322 309 (100)	\$	364 — —	\$	2,686 309 (100)
As at September 30, 2013	\$ 81	\$	104	\$	2,301	\$	45	\$	_	\$ 2,531	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,531	\$	364	\$	2,895
Net book value As at December 31, 2012	\$ 174	\$	125	\$	787	\$	27	\$	185	\$ 1,298	\$ 4,876	\$	7	\$	4,883	\$	6,181	\$	3,702	\$	9,883
As at September 30, 2013	\$ 164	\$	113	\$	758	\$	37	\$	253	\$ 1,325	\$ 4,943	\$	_	\$	4,943	\$	6,268	\$	3,726	\$	9,994

⁽¹⁾ Accumulated amortization of goodwill is amortization recorded prior to 2002; there are no accumulated impairment losses in the accumulated amortization of goodwill.

The gross carrying amount of fully amortized intangible assets subject to amortization that were still in use as at September 30, 2013, was \$750 million (December 31, 2012 – \$683 million).

As at September 30, 2013, our contractual commitments for the acquisition of intangible assets were \$87 million over a period through to 2018 (December 31, 2012 – \$119 million over a period through to 2018).

(b) Intangible assets subject to amortization

Estimated aggregate amortization expense for intangible assets subject to amortization, calculated for such assets held as at September 30, 2013, for each of the next five fiscal years is as follows:

Years ending December 31 (millions)	
2013 (balance of year)	\$ 105
2014	349
2015	252
2016	136
2017	68



(c) Business acquisitions

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013, we acquired 100% ownership of multiple businesses (including TELUS-branded wireless dealership businesses) complementary to our existing lines of business. There was \$5 million of contingent consideration recorded in association with the transactions; payment of contingent consideration is dependent upon achievement of revenue and gross customer contract growth targets through 2015.

The primary factor that contributed to the recognition of goodwill was the earnings capacity of the acquired businesses in excess of the net tangible assets and net intangible assets acquired (such excess arising from: the low degree of tangible assets relative to the earnings capacity of the businesses; expected synergies; the benefits of acquiring established businesses with certain capabilities in the industry; and the geographic locations of the acquired businesses). A portion of the amount assigned to goodwill may be deductible for income tax purposes.

Acquisition-date fair values

The acquisition-date fair values assigned to assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the individually immaterial acquisitions are as set out in the following table:

(millions) Assets	`	/arious 2013
Assets		
Current assets	\$	2
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		3
Intangible assets subject to amortization		16
Deferred income taxes		2
Total identifiable assets acquired		23
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		7
Non-current liabilities		3
Total liabilities assumed		10
Net identifiable assets acquired		13
Goodwill		24
Net assets acquired	\$	37
Acquisition effected by way of:		
Cash consideration	\$	30
Accounts payable		2
Provisions		5
	\$	37

Pro forma disclosures

The difference between the results of operations currently presented and the pro forma operating revenues, net income and basic and diluted net income per equity share amounts reflecting the results of operations as if the business acquisitions noted above had been completed at the beginning of the fiscal year is immaterial (as are the post-acquisition operating revenues and net income for three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, for the acquired businesses).

(d) Public Mobile Inc.

We have entered into an agreement to acquire 100 per cent of Public Mobile Inc. Our agreement is subject to conditions including approval by the Competition Bureau and Industry Canada; in October 2013, approval was received from Industry Canada.



18 real estate joint ventures

(a) General

In the first quarter of 2011, we announced that we had partnered, as equals, with an arm's-length party in a residential condominium, retail and commercial real estate redevelopment project, TELUS Garden, in Vancouver, British Columbia. The project will result in us, as one of the tenants, having new national headquarters. The new-build office tower, scheduled for completion in 2014, is to be built to the 2009 Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Platinum standard and the neighbouring new-build residential condominium tower, scheduled for completion in 2015, is to be built to the LEED Gold standard.

In July 2013, we announced that we had partnered, as equals, with two arm's-length parties in a residential, retail and commercial real estate redevelopment project, TELUS Sky, in Calgary, Alberta. The new-build tower, scheduled for completion in 2017, is to be built to the LEED Platinum standard.

(b) Real estate joint ventures – summarized financial information

As at (millions)	September 2013		December 31, 2012	
ASSETS				
Current assets	•	_		
Cash and temporary investments, net	\$	2	\$	5
Sales contract deposits held by arm's-length trustee	•	46		26
Other		5		6
		53		37
Non-current assets				
Property under development				
Residential condominiums (subject to sales contracts)		63		52
Other	9	90		57
	19	53		109
	\$ 20	06	\$	146
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1	\$	7
Non-current liabilities				
Sales contract deposits				
Payable		11		_
Held by arm's-length trustee	•	46		26
Construction credit facilities	:	86		54
Construction holdback liabilities		4		1
Other financial liabilities ⁽¹⁾		18		18
Liabilities	10	66		106
Owners' equity				
TELUS ⁽²⁾	:	20		20
Other partners		20		20
		40		40
	\$ 20	06	\$	146

⁽¹⁾ Non-current other financial liabilities are due to us; such amounts are non-interest bearing, are secured (as set out in (c) following), are payable in cash and are due subsequent to repayment of construction credit facilities.

During the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, the real estate joint ventures capitalized \$1 million (2012 – \$2 million) and \$2 million (2012 – \$2 million), respectively, of financing costs.



⁽²⁾ The equity amount recorded by the real estate joint venture differs from that recorded by us by the amount of the deferred gain on our real estate contributed (as set out in (c) following).

(c) Our transactions with the real estate joint ventures

Three-month periods ended September 30 (millions)			2	013				2	2012		
	rece	ins and ivables; other	E	quity	 Γotal	rece	ans and eivables; other	E	quity	-	Γotal
Related to real estate joint ventures statements of financial position											
Items not affecting currently reported cash flows Our real estate contributed Financing costs charged by us, excluding those arising from construction credit facilities	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$	10 1	\$	9	\$	19 1
Cash flows in the currently reported period Construction credit facilities Amounts advanced Financing costs paid to us Funds we advanced ⁽¹⁾ or contributed, excluding		<u>5</u>		=	<u>5</u>		21 (1)		Ξ		21 (1)
construction credit facilities Cash repayment of loans and receivables, excluding construction credit facilities Cash payment arising from joint venture capital account rebalancing		- - -		- - -	- - -		— (12) —		8 — (16)		8 (12) (16)
Net increase Account with real estate joint ventures		5		_	5		19		1		20
Balance, beginning of period Balance, end of period	\$	55 60	\$	11 11	\$ 66 71	\$	19 38	\$	10 11	\$	29 49

⁽¹⁾ As security for the non-interest bearing note underlying the funds advanced during the three-month period ended June 30, 2012, we have an \$18 mortgage on the residential condominium tower and such mortgage is subordinate to the construction financing security. The note is to be repaid prior to any unit sales-related distributions to the owners arising from the residential condominium tower, excepting repayment of construction credit facilities.



notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(unaudited)

Nine-month periods ended September 30 (millions)			2	013					2	012	(
	rece	ns and ivables; ther	E	quity	7	Гotal	rece	ns and ivables; ther	E	quity	7	- Fotal
Related to real estate joint ventures statements of income and other comprehensive income				. ,						. ,		
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to us	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(2)	\$	(2)
Related to real estate joint ventures statements of financial position												
Items not affecting currently reported cash flows Construction credit facilities financing costs charged by us		1		_		1						_
Our real estate contributed Deferral of gain on our remaining interest in our		÷		_		<u>-</u>		11		28		39
real estate contributed Financing costs charged by us, excluding those		_		_		_		_		(9)		(9)
arising from construction credit facilities		_		_		_		1		_		1
Cash flows in the currently reported period Construction credit facilities												
Amounts advanced		16		_		16		21		_		21
Financing costs paid to us Funds we advanced ⁽¹⁾ or contributed, excluding		(1)		_		(1)		(1)		_		(1)
construction credit facilities		_		_		_		18		28		46
Cash repayment of loans and receivables, excluding construction credit facilities								(12)				(12)
Cash distribution Cash payment arising from joint venture capital		_		_		_		_		(18)		(18)
account rebalancing		_		_		_		_		(16)		(16)
		16		_		16		38		13		51
Net increase		16		_		16		38		11		49
Account with real estate joint ventures												
Balance, beginning of period		44		11		55		_		_		_
Balance, end of period	\$	60	\$	11	\$	71	\$	38	\$	11	\$	49
Account with real estate joint ventures												
Non-current assets ⁽²⁾ Current and non-current liabilities	\$	61 (1)	\$	11	\$	72 (1)	\$	39 (1)	\$	11	\$	50
Current and non-current liabilities	\$	(1) 60	\$		\$	(1) 71	\$	38	\$	 11	\$	(1) 49

⁽¹⁾ As security for the non-interest bearing note underlying the funds advanced during the three-month period ended June 30, 2012, we have an \$18 mortgage on the residential condominium tower and such mortgage is subordinate to the construction financing security. The note is to be repaid prior to any unit sales-related distributions to the owners arising from the residential condominium tower, excepting repayment of construction credit facilities.

(d) Commitments and contingent liabilities

Construction commitments

The TELUS Garden real estate joint venture is expected to spend a combined total of approximately \$470 million on the construction of an office tower and a residential condominium tower. Construction activity has commenced on both the office tower and the residential condominium tower. As at September 30, 2013, the real estate joint venture's construction-related contractual commitments were approximately \$146 million through to 2015 (December 31, 2012 – \$150 million through to 2015).

The TELUS Sky real estate joint venture is expected to spend a combined total of approximately \$400 million on the construction of the mixed use tower. As at September 30, 2013, the real estate joint venture's construction-related contractual commitments were approximately \$2 million through to 2017.

Operating leases

In the first quarter of 2012, as one of the future TELUS Garden office tower tenants, we entered into a 20-year operating lease for our new national headquarter premises with the TELUS Garden real estate joint venture at market rates.

Subsequent to June 30, 2013, we entered into an operating lease letter of intent as an anchor tenant of the office component of TELUS Sky real estate joint venture at market rates. Operating lease payments for the initial term of 20 years are estimated to approximate \$209 million, including operating costs estimated to approximate \$73 million.

Construction credit facilities - TELUS Garden

In the third quarter of 2012, the real estate joint venture signed definitive credit agreements with two Canadian financial institutions (as 50% lender) and TELUS Corporation (as 50% lender) to provide approximately \$413 million of



⁽²⁾ Non-current loans and receivables are included in our Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as Other long-term assets.

construction financing for the TELUS Garden project. The facilities contain customary real estate construction financing representations, warranties and covenants and are secured by demand debentures constituting first fixed and floating charge mortgages over the underlying real estate assets. The facilities are available by way of bankers' acceptance or prime loan and bear interest at rates in line with similar construction financing facilities.

Other - TELUS Garden

We are to receive 50% of the earnings from the sale of residential condominium tower units in excess of the first \$18 million of earnings; we are to receive 25% of the first \$18 million of earnings and the arm's-length co-owner is to receive 75%.

We have guaranteed the payment of 50% of the real estate joint venture's construction credit facility carrying costs and costs to complete. We have also provided an environmental indemnity in favour of the construction lenders. If we pay out under such guarantee or indemnity because the arm's-length co-owner has not paid its pro rata share of project costs, then we have recourse options available, including against the arm's-length co-owner's interest in the real estate joint venture.

As at September 30, 2013, we had no liability recorded in respect of real estate joint venture obligations and guarantees.

19 short-term borrowings

On July 26, 2002, one of our subsidiaries, TELUS Communications Inc. (see *Note 24(a)*), entered into an agreement with an arm's-length securitization trust associated with a major Schedule I bank under which TELUS Communications Inc. is able to sell an interest in certain trade receivables up to a maximum of \$500 million (December 31, 2012 – \$500 million). This revolving-period securitization agreement's current term ends August 1, 2014. TELUS Communications Inc. is required to maintain at least a BBB (low) credit rating by Dominion Bond Rating Service or the securitization trust may require the sale program to be wound down prior to the end of the term.

When we sell our trade receivables, we retain reserve accounts, which are retained interests in the securitized trade receivables, and servicing rights. As at September 30, 2013, we had transferred, but continued to recognize, trade receivables of \$460 million (December 31, 2012 – \$454 million). Short-term borrowings of \$400 million (December 31, 2012 – \$400 million) are comprised of amounts loaned to us by the arm's-length securitization trust pursuant to the sale of trade receivables.

The balance of short-term borrowings (if any) comprised amounts drawn on our bilateral bank facilities.

20 provisions

(millions)	reti	isset rement igation	ployee lated	C	Other	-	Total
As at June 30, 2013 Addition Use Reversal Interest effect ⁽¹⁾	\$	159 — — — — 2	\$ 34 13 (16) —	\$	87 3 (6) (1)	\$	280 16 (22) (1) 2
As at September 30, 2013	\$	161	\$ 31	\$	83	\$	275
As at December 31, 2012 Addition Use Reversal Interest effect ⁽¹⁾	\$	156 — — — 5	\$ 34 57 (58) (2)	\$	81 22 (20) (1) 1	\$	271 79 (78) (3) 6
As at September 30, 2013	\$	161	\$ 31	\$	83	\$	275
Current Non-current	\$	3 153	\$ 33 1	\$	13 68	\$	49 222
As at December 31, 2012	\$	156	\$ 34	\$	81	\$	271
Current Non-current	\$	3 158	\$ 31 —	\$	14 69	\$	48 227
As at September 30, 2013	\$	161	\$ 31	\$	83	\$	275

⁽¹⁾ The difference, if any, between the interest effect in this table and the amount disclosed in *Note 8*, is in respect of any change in the discount rate applicable to the provision, such difference being included in the cost of the associated asset(s).



Asset retirement obligation

We recognize liabilities associated with the retirement of property, plant and equipment when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development and/or normal operation of the assets. We expect that the cash outflows in respect of the balance accrued as at the financial statement date will occur proximate to the dates these long-term assets are retired.

Employee related

The employee related provisions are largely in respect of restructuring activities (as discussed further in *Note 15*). The timing of the cash outflows in respect of the balance accrued as at the financial statement date is substantially short-term in nature.

Other

The provision for other includes legal disputes and non-employee related restructuring activities (as discussed further in *Note 15*), as well as written put options related to business acquisitions. Other than as set out following, we expect that the cash outflows in respect of the balance accrued as at the financial statement date will occur over an indeterminate, multi-year period.

As discussed further in *Note 23(b)*, we are involved in a number of legal disputes and are aware of certain other possible legal disputes. In respect of legal disputes, we have established provisions, when warranted, after taking into account legal assessment, information presently available, and the expected availability of insurance or other recourse. The timing of cash outflows associated with legal claims cannot be reasonably determined.

In connection with business acquisitions, we have provided for contingent consideration and have also provided written put options in respect of non-controlling interests; cash outflows are not expected to occur prior to initial exercisability of the written put options in December 2015.

21 long-term debt

(a) Details of long-term debt

As at (\$ in millions)			September 30, 2013	Dec	cember 31, 2012
Series	Rate of interest	Maturity			
TELUS Corporation Notes					
CB	5.00% ⁽¹⁾	June 2013	\$ —	\$	300
CD	4.95% ⁽¹⁾	March 2017	694		693
CE	5.95% ⁽¹⁾	April 2015	499		499
CF	4.95% ⁽¹⁾	May 2014	_		699
CG	5.05% ⁽¹⁾	December 2019	993		992
CH	5.05% ⁽¹⁾	July 2020	994		994
CI	3.65% ⁽¹⁾	May 2016	597		596
CJ	3.35% ⁽¹⁾	March 2023	497		496
CK	3.35% ⁽¹⁾	April 2024	1,088		_
CL	4.40% ⁽¹⁾	April 2043	595		_
			5,957		5,269
TELUS Corporation Commercial Paper	1.148%	November 2013	205		245
TELUS Communications Inc. Debentures					
2	11.90% ⁽¹⁾	November 2015	125		125
3	10.65% ⁽¹⁾	June 2021	174		174
5	9.65% ⁽¹⁾	April 2022	245		245
В	8.80% ⁽¹⁾	September 2025	198		198
			742		742
Long-term debt			\$ 6,904	\$	6,256
Current			\$ 205	\$	545
Non-current			6,699		5,711
Long-term debt			\$ 6,904	\$	6,256

⁽¹⁾ Interest is payable semi-annually.



(b) TELUS Corporation notes

General

The notes are our senior, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured, unsubordinated obligations, are senior in right of payment to all of our existing and future subordinated indebtedness, and are effectively subordinated to all existing and future obligations of, or guaranteed by, our subsidiaries.

The indentures governing the notes contain certain covenants which, among other things, place limitations on our ability and the ability of certain of our subsidiaries to: grant security in respect of indebtedness, enter into sale and lease-back transactions and incur new indebtedness.

On April 1, 2013, we exercised our right to early redeem, on May 15, 2013, all of our publicly held 4.95% Notes, Series CF. The long-term debt prepayment premium recorded during the three-month period ended June 30, 2013, was \$23 million.

				Principal f	ace amount	Redemption
Series	Issued	Maturity	Issue price	Originally issued	Outstanding at financial statement date	present value spread (basis points)
4.95% Notes, Series CD	March 2007	March 2017	\$999.53	\$700 million	\$700 million	24 ⁽¹⁾
5.95% Notes, Series CE ⁽²⁾	April 2008	April 2015	\$998.97	\$500 million	\$500 million	66 ⁽¹⁾
5.05% Notes, Series CG ⁽²⁾	December 2009	December 2019	\$994.19	\$1.0 billion	\$1.0 billion	45.5 ⁽¹⁾
5.05% Notes, Series CH ⁽²⁾	July 2010	July 2020	\$997.44	\$1.0 billion	\$1.0 billion	47 ⁽¹⁾
3.65% Notes, Series CI ⁽²⁾	May 2011	May 2016	\$996.29	\$600 million	\$600 million	29.5 ⁽¹⁾
3.35% Notes, Series CJ ⁽²⁾	December 2012	March 2023	\$998.83	\$500 million	\$500 million	40 ⁽³⁾
3.35% Notes, Series CK(2)	April 2013	April 2024	\$994.35	\$1.1 billion	\$1.1 billion	36 ⁽³⁾
4.40% Notes, Series CL ⁽²⁾	April 2013	April 2043	\$997.68	\$600 million	\$600 million	47 ⁽³⁾

- (1) The notes are redeemable at our option, in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, on not fewer than 30 and not more than 60 days' prior notice. The redemption price is equal to the greater of (i) the present value of the notes discounted at the Government of Canada yield plus the redemption present value spread, or (ii) 100% of the principal amount thereof. In addition, accrued and unpaid interest, if any, will be paid to the date fixed for redemption.
- (2) This series of notes requires us to make an offer to repurchase the notes at a price equal to 101% of their principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of repurchase upon the occurrence of a change in control triggering event, as defined in the supplemental trust indenture.
- (3) At any time prior to December 15, 2022, January 2, 2024, and October 1, 2042, the Series CJ Notes, the Series CK Notes and the Series CL Notes, respectively, are redeemable at our option, in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, on not fewer than 30 and not more than 60 days' prior notice. The redemption price is equal to the greater of (i) the present value of the notes discounted at the Government of Canada yield plus the redemption present value spread, or (ii) 100% of the principal amount thereof. In addition, accrued and unpaid interest, if any, will be paid to the date fixed for redemption. On or after December 15, 2022, January 2, 2024, and October 1, 2042, the Series CJ Notes, the Series CK Notes and the Series CL Notes, respectively, are redeemable at our option, in whole, but not in part, on not fewer than 30 and not more than 60 days' prior notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof.

(c) TELUS Corporation commercial paper

TELUS Corporation has an unsecured commercial paper program, which is backstopped by our \$2.0 billion syndicated credit facility, enabling us to issue commercial paper up to a maximum aggregate amount of \$1.2 billion, which is to be used for general corporate purposes, including capital expenditures and investments. Commercial paper debt is due within one year and is classified as a current portion of long-term debt as the amounts are fully supported, and we expect that they will continue to be supported, by the revolving credit facility, which has no repayment requirements within the next year.

(d) TELUS Corporation credit facility

TELUS Corporation has an unsecured, revolving \$2.0 billion bank credit facility, expiring on November 3, 2016, with a syndicate of financial institutions, which is to be used for general corporate purposes, including the backstop of commercial paper.

TELUS Corporation's credit facility bears interest at prime rate, U.S. Dollar Base Rate, a bankers' acceptance rate or London interbank offered rate (LIBOR) (all such terms as used or defined in the credit facility), plus applicable margins. The credit facility contains customary representations, warranties and covenants, including two financial quarter-end financial ratio tests. The financial ratio tests are that we may not permit our net debt to operating cash flow ratio to exceed 4.0:1 and may not permit our operating cash flow to interest expense ratio to be less than 2.0:1, each as defined under the credit facility.

Continued access to TELUS Corporation's credit facility is not contingent on the maintenance by TELUS Corporation of a specific credit rating.



notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(unaudited)

As at (millions)	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Net available Backstop of commercial paper	\$ 1,795 205	\$ 1,755 245
Gross available	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000

We have letter of credit facilities of \$114 million expiring mid-2014 (December 31, 2012 – \$120 million expiring mid-2013), of which \$114 million was utilized at September 30, 2013 (December 31, 2012 – \$120 million); such letter of credit facilities are in addition to the ability to provide letters of credit pursuant to our \$2.0 billion bank credit facility.

In addition to those mentioned in the preceding paragraph, we have arranged incremental letter of credit facilities to allow us to participate in Industry Canada's 700 MHz auction to be held in 2014. Under the terms of the auction, as outlined in the *Licensing Framework of Mobile Broadband Services (MBS) – 700 MHz Band*, communications between bidders that would provide insights into bidding strategies, including reference to preferred blocks, technologies or valuations, are precluded until the deadline for final payment in the auction. Disclosure of the precise amount of our letters of credit could be interpreted as a signal of bidding intentions. The maximum amount of letters of credit that any individual participant could be required to deliver is approximately \$405 million.

(e) Long-term debt maturities

Anticipated requirements to meet long-term debt repayments, calculated upon such long-term debts owing as at September 30, 2013, for each of the next five fiscal years are as follows:

Years ending December 31 (millions)	
2013 (balance of year)	\$ 205
2014	_
2015	625
2016	600
2017	700
Thereafter	4,824
Future cash outflows in respect of long-term debt principal repayments	6,954
Future cash outflows in respect of associated interest and like carrying costs ⁽¹⁾	2,916
Undiscounted contractual maturities (Note 4(b))	\$ 9,870

⁽¹⁾ Future cash outflows in respect of associated interest and like carrying costs for commercial paper and amounts drawn under our credit facilities (if any) have been calculated based upon the rates in effect as at September 30, 2013.

22 equity share capital

(a) General

Our authorized share capital is as follows:

As at	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
First preferred shares Second preferred shares Common Shares Non-Voting Shares	1 billion 1 billion 2 billion N/A ⁽¹⁾	1 billion 1 billion 1 billion 1 billion

⁽¹⁾ At our annual and special meeting held May 9, 2013, our shareholders approved the increase of the authorized capital for Common Shares to 2 billion, the elimination of the Non-Voting Shares from our authorized share structure and the elimination of all references to Non-Voting Shares from our Articles. Non-Voting Shares had conversion rights in certain instances, such as if there were changes in Canadian telecommunications, radiocommunication and broadcasting regulations so that there was no restriction on non-Canadians owning or controlling our Common Shares. In that instance, shareholders had the right to convert their Non-Voting Shares into Common Shares on a one-for-one basis, and we had the right to require conversion on the same basis.

Only holders of Common Shares may vote at our general meetings with each holder of Common Shares being entitled to one vote per Common Share held at all such meetings. With respect to priority in payment of dividends and in the distribution of assets in the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, whether voluntary or involuntary, or any other distribution of our assets among our shareholders for the purpose of winding up our affairs, preferences are as follows: First Preferred Shares; Second Preferred Shares; and finally Common Shares.

As at September 30, 2013, approximately 50 million Common Shares were reserved for issuance, from Treasury, under a share option plan (see *Note 13(b)*).



(b) Stock split

A subdivision of our Common Shares on a two-for one basis was effected April 16, 2013. All references, unless otherwise indicated, to the number of shares outstanding, per share amounts and share-based compensation information in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been retrospectively restated to reflect the impact of the subdivision.

(c) Share exchange

On February 4, 2013, in accordance with the terms of a court-approved plan of arrangement, we exchanged all of our then issued and outstanding Non-Voting Shares for Common Shares on a one-for-one basis.

(d) Purchase of shares for cancellation pursuant to normal course issuer bid

As referred to in *Note 3*, we may purchase shares for cancellation pursuant to normal course issuer bids in order to maintain or adjust our capital structure. We have purchased, for cancellation, through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange, the New York Stock Exchange and/or alternative trading platforms or otherwise as may be permitted by applicable securities laws and regulations, including privately negotiated block purchases, approximately 31.2 million Common Shares, reaching the bid maximum cost of \$1 billion on September 24, 2013, pursuant to a normal course issuer bid which was to run until December 31, 2013. The excess of the purchase price over the average stated value of shares purchased for cancellation is charged to retained earnings. We cease to consider shares outstanding on the date of our purchase of our shares although the actual cancellation of the shares by the transfer agent and registrar occurs on a timely basis on a date shortly thereafter.

Additionally, we entered into an automatic share purchase plan with a broker for the purpose of permitting us to purchase Common Shares under our normal course issuer bid at such times when we would not be permitted to trade in our own shares during internal blackout periods, including regularly scheduled quarterly blackout periods. Such purchases were determined by the broker in its sole discretion based on parameters we established.

23 commitments and contingent liabilities

(a) Indemnification obligations

In the normal course of operations, we provide indemnification in conjunction with certain transactions. The terms of these indemnification obligations range in duration. These indemnifications would require us to compensate the indemnified parties for costs incurred as a result of failure to comply with contractual obligations or litigation claims or statutory sanctions or damages that may be suffered by an indemnified party. In some cases, there is no maximum limit on these indemnification obligations. The overall maximum amount of an indemnification obligation will depend on future events and conditions and therefore cannot be reasonably estimated. Where appropriate, an indemnification obligation is recorded as a liability. Other than obligations recorded as liabilities at the time of the transaction, historically we have not made significant payments under these indemnifications.

In connection with the 2001 disposition of our directory business, we agreed to bear a proportionate share of the new owner's increased directory publication costs if the increased costs were to arise from a change in the applicable CRTC regulatory requirements. Our proportionate share is 15% through, and ending, May 2016. As well, should the CRTC take any action which would result in the owner being prevented from carrying on the directory business as specified in the agreement, TELUS would indemnify the owner in respect of any losses that the owner incurs.

See Note 18 for details regarding our guarantees to the real estate joint ventures.

As at September 30, 2013, we had no liability recorded in respect of indemnification obligations.

(b) Claims and lawsuits

General

A number of claims and lawsuits (including class actions) seeking damages and other relief are pending against us. As well, we have received or are aware of certain possible claims (including intellectual property infringement claims) against us and, in some cases, numerous other wireless carriers and telecommunications service providers.

It is not currently possible for us to predict the outcome of such claims, possible claims and lawsuits due to various factors, including: the preliminary nature of some claims; uncertain damage theories and demands; an incomplete factual record; uncertainty concerning legal theories, procedures and their resolution by the courts, both at the trial and the appeal level; and the unpredictable nature of opposing parties and their demands.

However, subject to the foregoing limitations, management is of the opinion, based upon legal assessment and information presently available, that it is unlikely that any liability, to the extent not provided for through insurance or



otherwise, would have a material effect on our financial position and the results of our operations, with the exception of the following items.

Certified class actions

Certified class actions against us include a class action brought in August 2004, in Saskatchewan, against a number of past and present wireless service providers including us and a 2012 class action brought in Quebec alleging that we improperly unilaterally amended customer contracts to increase various wireless service rates. The former claim alleges that each of the carriers is in breach of contract and has violated competition, trade practices and consumer protection legislation across Canada in connection with the collection of system access fees, and seeks direct and punitive damages in an unspecified amount. In September 2007, a national class was certified by the Saskatchewan Court of Queen's Bench. Our appeal of the certification order was dismissed on November 15, 2011. An application for leave to appeal this decision to the Supreme Court of Canada was denied on June 28, 2012. Since the enactment of opt-out class action legislation in Saskatchewan, plaintiffs' counsel applied to certify a new national class in Saskatchewan making substantially the same allegations. That application was stayed by the court in December 2009 upon an application by the defendants to dismiss it for abuse of process, conditional on possible future changes in circumstance. The plaintiff's application for leave to appeal the stay was denied on March 13, 2013. The plaintiffs then filed an application to lift the stay on April 17, 2013, which was denied on August 12, 2013. In late 2011 and early 2013, further class actions relating to system access fees were filed in British Columbia and Alberta, respectively; these actions are not yet certified. We believe that we have good defences to these actions.

Should the ultimate resolution of these actions differ from management's assessments and assumptions, a material adjustment to our financial position and the results of our operations could result; management's assessments and assumptions include that a reliable estimate of the exposure cannot be made considering the continued uncertainty about the cause of action.

Uncertified class actions

Uncertified class actions against us include: a 2008 class action brought in Saskatchewan alleging that, among other things, Canadian telecommunications carriers including us have failed to provide proper notice of 9-1-1 charges to the public and have been deceitfully passing them off as government charges; a 2008 class action brought in Ontario alleging that we have misrepresented our practice of "rounding up" wireless airtime to the nearest minute and charging for the full minute; and a 2013 class action brought in British Columbia against us, other telecommunications carriers, and cellular telephone manufacturers alleging that prolonged usage of cellular telephones causes adverse health effects. The plaintiffs in these actions seek direct and punitive damages and other relief. We are assessing the merits of these claims but the potential for liability and magnitude of potential loss cannot be readily determined at this time.

Intellectual property infringement claims

Claims and possible claims received by us include notice of one claim that certain wireless products used on our network infringe two third-party patents. We are assessing the merits of this claim but the potential for liability and magnitude of potential loss cannot be readily determined at this time.

24 related party transactions

(a) Investments in significant controlled entities

As at		September 30, 2013	2012
	Country of incorporation		equity held by te parent
Parent entity TELUS Corporation	Canada		
Controlled entities TELUS Communications Inc. TELE-MOBILE COMPANY TELUS Communications Company	Canada Canada Canada	100% 100% 100%	100% 100% 100%

(b) Transactions with key management personnel

Our key management personnel have authority and responsibility for overseeing, planning, directing and controlling our activities and consist of our Board of Directors and our Executive Leadership Team.



Total compensation expense for key management personnel, and the composition thereof, is as follows:

		Three	months			Nine	months			
Periods ended September 30 (millions)	2	2013	20	012	2	013	2	2012		
			(adju: Note	sted – 2(b))			, ,	usted – e 2(b))		
Short-term benefits	\$	3	\$	2	\$	8	\$	6		
Post-employment pension ⁽¹⁾ and other benefits		1		1		2		5		
Share-based compensation ⁽²⁾		9		5		17		14		
	\$	13	\$	8	\$	27	\$	25		

(1) Our Executive Leadership Team members are either: members of our *Pension Plan for Management and Professional Employees of TELUS Corporation* and non-registered, non-contributory supplementary defined benefit pension plans; or members of one of our defined contribution pension plans.

As disclosed in *Note 13*, we made awards of share-based compensation in fiscal 2013. In respect of our key management personnel, for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, the total fair value, at date of grant, of restricted stock units awarded was \$1 million (2012 – \$NIL) and \$19 million (2012 – \$16 million), respectively; no share options were awarded to our key management personnel in fiscal 2013 or 2012. As most of these awards are cliff-vesting or graded-vesting and have multi-year requisite service periods, the expense will be recognized ratably over a period of years and thus only a portion of the fiscal 2013 and 2012 awards are included in the amounts in the table above.

Reflecting the retrospective application of the April 16, 2013, stock split (see *Note 22(b)*), during the three-month period ended September 30, 2013, key management personnel exercised 322,822 share options (2012 – 55,568 share options) which had an intrinsic value of \$5 million (2012 – \$1 million) at the time of exercise, reflecting a weighted average price at the date of exercise of \$34.92 (2012 – \$31.66). Similarly retrospectively reflecting the April 16, 2013 stock split, during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013, key management personnel exercised 1,655,410 share options (2012 – 1,208,448 share options) which had an intrinsic value of \$28 million (2012 – \$15 million) at the time of exercise, reflecting a weighted average price at the date of exercise of \$35.36 (2012 – \$28.84).

The liability amounts accrued for share-based compensation awards to key management personnel are as follows:

As at (millions)	September 30, 2013	mber 31, 2012
Restricted stock units Deferred share units ⁽¹⁾	\$ 35 29	\$ 18 26
	\$ 64	\$ 44

(1) Our *Directors' Deferred Share Unit Plan* provides that, in addition to his or her annual equity grant of deferred share units, a director may elect to receive his or her annual retainer and meeting fees in deferred share units, equity share or cash. Deferred share units entitle directors to a specified number of, or a cash payment based on the value of, our equity shares. Deferred share units are paid out when a director ceases to be a director, for any reason, at a time elected by the director in accordance with the *Directors' Deferred Share Unit Plan*; during the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, \$1 (2012 - \$1) and \$1 (2012 - \$3), respectively, was paid out.

Our key management personnel receive telecommunications services from us, which are immaterial and domestic in nature.

Employment agreements with members of the Executive Leadership Team typically provide for severance payments if an executive's employment is terminated without cause: 18 months (24 months for the Chief Executive Officer) of base salary, benefits and accrual of pension service in lieu of notice and 50% of base salary in lieu of an annual cash bonus (other than for the Chief Executive Officer, who would receive twice the average of the preceding three years' annual cash bonus). In the event of a change in control (as defined), the Executive Leadership Team members are not entitled to treatment any different than our other employees with respect to unvested share-based compensation, other than the Chief Executive Officer, whose unvested share-based compensation would immediately vest.

(c) Transactions with defined benefit pension plans

During the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, we provided management and administrative services to our defined benefit pension plans; the charges for these services were on a cost recovery basis and amounted to \$2 million (2012 – \$2 million) and \$4 million (2012 – \$4 million), respectively.



⁽²⁾ For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, share-based compensation is net of \$2 (2012 – \$1) and \$2 (2012 – \$3), respectively, of effects of derivatives used to manage share-based compensation costs (*Note 13(b)-(c)*). For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, \$4 (2012 – \$1) and \$2 (2012 – \$4), respectively, are included in share-based compensation representing restricted stock unit and deferred share unit expense arising from changes in the fair market value of the corresponding shares which are not affected by derivatives used to manage share-based compensation costs.

(d) Transactions with real estate joint ventures

During the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, we had transactions with the real estate joint ventures, which are related parties, as set out in *Note 18*.

25 additional financial information

(a) Statement of financial position

As at (millions)	September 30 2013	Dec	cember 31, 2012
Accounts receivable Customer accounts receivable	\$ 1,108	\$	1,261
Accrued receivables – customer	177	*	114
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(38)		(44)
	1,247		1,331
Accrued receivables – other	141		210
Other	4		_
	\$ 1,392	\$	1,541
Inventories ⁽¹⁾			
Wireless handsets, parts and accessories	\$ 276	\$	307
Other	42	Ψ	43
	\$ 318	\$	350
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	, ,,,		000
Accrued liabilities	\$ 675	\$	611
Payroll and other employee related liabilities	349	Ψ	332
Restricted stock units liability	52		34
Troometed droom at the linds may	1,076		977
Trade accounts payable	417		423
Interest payable	104		65
Other	33		46
	\$ 1,630	\$	1,511
Advance billings and customer deposits	,		,
Advance billings	\$ 636	\$	627
Regulatory deferral accounts	23	Ψ	23
Deferred customer activation and connection fees	23		26
Customer deposits	16		27
•	\$ 698	\$	703
Other long-term liabilities			
Pension and other post-retirement liabilities	\$ 1,064	\$	1,415
Other	120	Ψ	116
Restricted stock units and deferred share units liabilities	73		38
	1,257		1,569
Regulatory deferral accounts	41		60
Deferred customer activation and connection fees	46		51
Deferred gain on sale-leaseback of buildings	1		2
-	\$ 1,345	\$	1,682

⁽¹⁾ Cost of goods sold for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013 was \$361 (2012 – \$397) and \$1,035 (2012 – \$1,051), respectively.



(b) Supplementary cash flow information

		Three months			S	Nine months				
Periods ended September 30 (millions)			2013		2012		2013		2012	
Net change in non-cash operating working capital Accounts receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Income and other taxes receivable and payable, net Advance billings and customer deposits Provisions		\$	55 4 64 96 (74) (15) (5)	\$	(112) 10 52 167 (93) (6)	\$	150 32 (62) 52 132 (5) (4)	\$	(67) 73 (82) 124 221 14 (47)	
		\$	125	\$	18	\$	295	\$	236	
Cash payments for capital assets, excluding spectrum licences Capital asset additions, excluding spectrum licences Capital expenditures Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	16 17(a)	\$	(437) (118)	\$	(374) (97)	\$	(1,219) (314)	\$	(1,187) (273)	
			(555)		(471)		(1,533)		(1,460)	
Non-cash items included above Change in associated non-cash investing working capital			73		(4)		43		(3)	
Oracingo in accordada non ecconing tronting economic		\$	(482)	\$	(475)	\$	(1,490)	\$	(1,463)	
Cash payments for acquisitions and related investments Acquisitions and related investments Cash acquired Change in associated non-cash investing working capital	17(c)	\$	(3)	\$	(40)	\$	(37)	\$	(74) 2 (7)	
Change in associated non-current provisions			_		31		1		31	
· ·		\$	(3)	\$	(7)	\$	(32)	\$	(48	
Proceeds on dispositions Proceeds on dispositions Change in associated non-cash investing working capital		\$	6	\$	2	\$	7	\$	16 4	
		\$	6	\$	2	\$	7	\$	20	
Dividends paid to holders of equity shares Current period dividends Declared Of which was payable at end of period	12	\$	(213) 213	\$	(199) 199	\$	(644) 213	\$	(586) 199	
Dividends declared in a previous fiscal period, payable in current fiscal period			— (222)		— (198)		(431) (208)		(387) (188)	
		\$	(222)	\$	(198)	\$	(639)	\$	(575)	
Purchase of Common Shares for cancellation Normal course issuer bid purchase of Common Shares Change in associated non-cash financing working capital		\$	(719) (43)	\$	=	\$	(1,000)	\$		
		\$	(762)	\$	_	\$	(1,000)	\$	_	
Long-term debt issued TELUS Corporation Commercial Paper TELUS Corporation Notes		\$	1,170 —	\$	928 —	\$	1,750 1,700	\$	3,624 —	
		\$	1,170	\$	928	\$	3,450	\$	3,624	
Redemptions and repayment of long-term debt TELUS Corporation Commercial Paper TELUS Corporation Notes		\$	(965) —	\$	(1,235)	\$	(1,790) (1,000)	\$	(3,721)	
		\$	(965)	\$	(1,235)	\$	(2,790)	\$	(4,021)	
Interest paid Amount paid in respect of interest expense Amount paid in respect of long-term debt prepayment premium	21(b)	\$	(62) —	\$	(56) —	\$	(227) (23)	\$	(228)	
		\$	(62)	\$	(56)	\$	(250)	\$	(228	

