GENERAL TOPICS INCLUDED IN ENTERY TESTS IN CHEMISTRY

FOR SPECIALTY MEDICINE TRAKIA UNIVERSITY, STARA ZAGORA, BULGARIA

General and Inorganic Chemistry

- 1. Structure of the atom.
- 2. Electronegativity. Oxidation numbers.
- 3. Types of chemical bonds. Ionic bonding, covalent bonding, hydrogen bonding definition, examples.
- 3. Inorganic and organic compounds nomenclature
- 4. Types of chemical reactions.
- 5. Chemical equations and their balancing. Stoichiometry.
- 6. Oxidation and reduction definition. Oxidizing and reducing agents definition and examples. Oxidation-reduction

equations – balancing.

- 7. Chemical equilibrium and equilibrium constant. Principle of Le Chatelier's
- 8. Rate of chemical reactions. Factors influencing the rate of a chemical reaction.
- 10. Solutions and solubility. Concentration and related calculations.
- 11. Electrolytes and nonelectrolytes. Ionization. Arrhenius and Bronsted-Lowry definitions of acid and base
- 12. Ionization of water. pH definition. Calculations of pH of a strong acid or base.
- 13. Hydrolysis of salts.
- 14. Electrolysis. Electrolytic cells.
- 15. Periodic table of elements. General characteristic of the groups.
- 16. The utilization of the periodic table for predicting oxidation numbers. Properties, chemical formulas and types of bond within the compounds.

Organic Chemistry

- 1. Classification of organic compounds. Isomers.
- 2. Saturated, unsaturated and aromatic hydrocarbons.
- 3. Organic halides.
- 4. Alcohols, phenols and ethers.
- 5. Aldehydes and ketones.
- 6. Carboxylic acids (mono- and polyfunctional).
- 7. Functional and substitutional derivatives of carboxylic acids.
- 8. Amines. Nitro compounds.
- 9. Monosaccharides, disaccharides, and polysaccharides.
- 10. Triglycerides. Fats and oils.
- 11. Amino acids. Peptides. Proteins.