

Operating Principles for  
Impact Management

# Disclosure Statement 2025





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Crafters, Paraguay

## **This Disclosure Statement affirms Kiva Capital Management's alignment with the Operating Principles for Impact Management.**

This Disclosure Statement applies to the two funds managed under Kiva Capital Management, the Small Business Resilience Fund and the Kiva Refugee Investment Fund.

The total value of covered assets under management equals \$60.3M as of December 31, 2025.



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# Principle 1

Define strategic impact objective(s), consistent with the investment strategy.

*The Manager shall define strategic impact objectives for the portfolio or fund to achieve positive and measurable social or environmental effects, which are aligned with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), or other widely accepted goals. The impact intent does not need to be shared by the investee. The Manager shall seek to ensure that the impact objectives and investment strategy are consistent; that there is a credible basis for achieving the impact objectives through the investment strategy; and that the scale and/or intensity of the intended portfolio impact is proportionate to the size of the investment portfolio.*

## About Kiva Capital Management

Unapologetically impact-first, Kiva Capital leverages the impact mission, network, and global brand of Kiva to provide catalytic private debt investments to expand financial inclusion globally. Launched in 2019, Kiva Capital Management (KCM) is a private asset manager with the goal to activate impact-first capital to address challenges faced by communities often left out of traditional capital markets, such as women, refugees, and small business owners. As a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kiva, KCM operates as a part of Kiva's larger network, leveraging its 20 years of operations and community of over 200 partners. KCM manages a global portfolio of investments across Latin America, Sub-Saharan Africa, Eastern Europe, Southeast Asia, the Middle East and North Africa.

## Impact Objectives

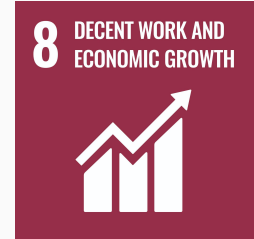
The overarching objective of Kiva Capital is to expand financial access to help underserved communities thrive.

The corresponding investment strategies deliver on the objective to expand financial access by means of providing capital to sustainable financial service providers or intermediaries, with the goal to support the growth and strengthen the capacity of these organizations or institutions in their provision of financial services to their clients.

The investment strategies also deliver on the objective to reach underserved communities by investing in financial service providers or intermediaries that operate in low- to lower-middle income countries where access to financial services is low or provide services to underbanked or unbanked populations with insufficient access to appropriate financial services. Each fund under Kiva Capital has their own ultimate outcome tied to a specific target population, described on the next page.

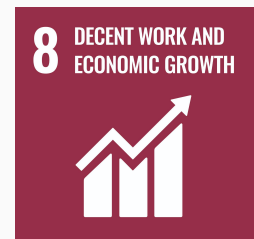
## Small Business Resilience Fund

*Targeted outcome:* Small businesses and other borrowers in targeted countries recover and are resilient to COVID and other crises.

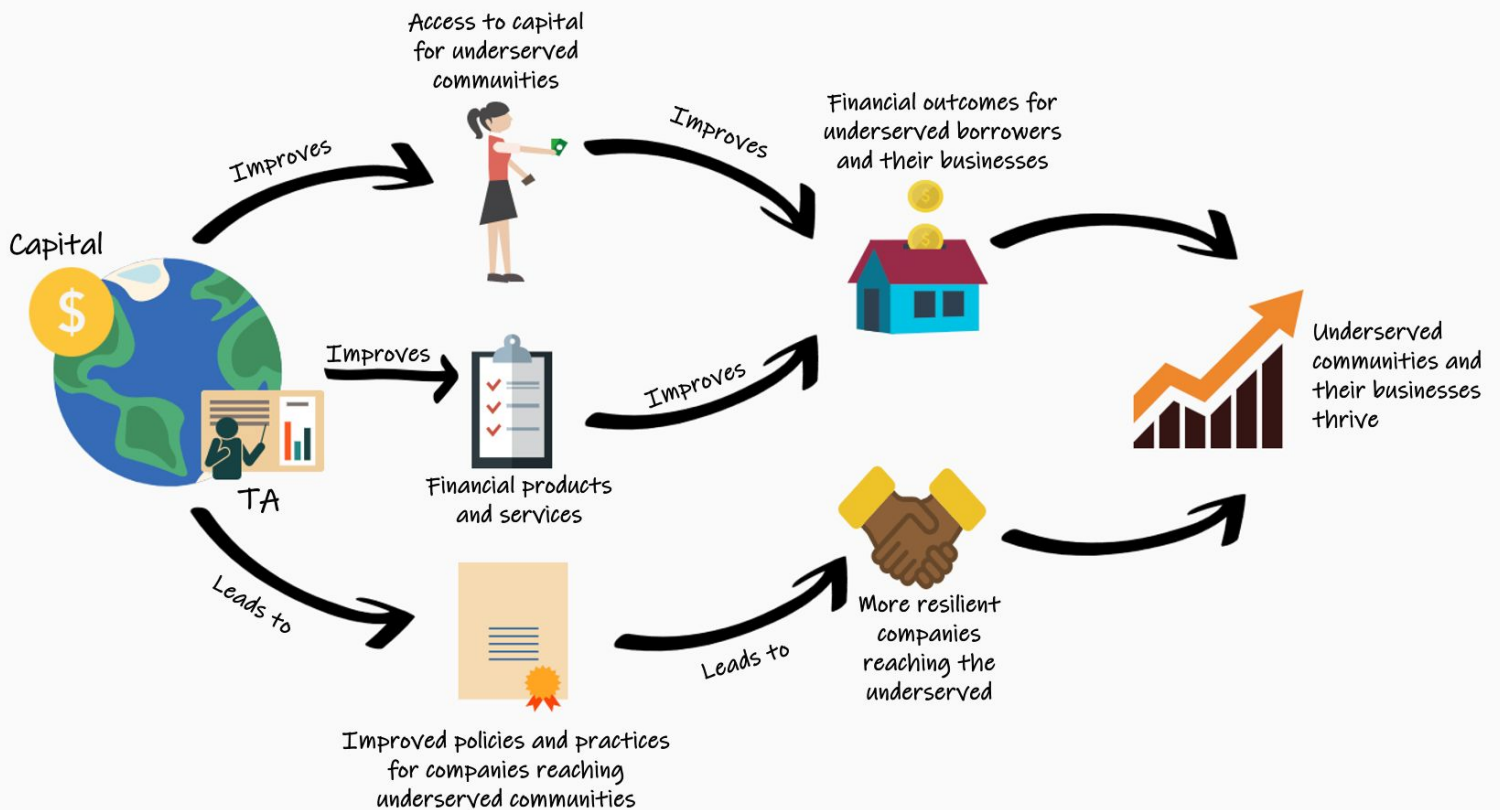


## Kiva Refugee Investment Fund

*Targeted outcome:* Displaced persons and their communities are financially included and those at risk for forced migration and their communities are financially included.



The pathways through which Kiva Capital's investments will contribute to these goals are outlined through fund-specific theories of change. A high level, overarching Kiva Capital theory of change has been developed to show how the provision of capital and technical assistance ultimately leads to expanded financial access that helps underserved communities thrive.



**Figure 1: Overarching Kiva Capital Theory of Change**

By offering debt financing to Financial Service Providers (FSPs) that have tailored products, services, and terms that support financial access for underserved communities, and by providing technical assistance to FSPs to improve existing products, services, policies, and practices, Kiva Capital contributes to improved financial outcomes for underserved borrowers and their businesses and more resilient FSPs, leading to thriving underserved communities and businesses.

Each fund-specific theory of change is supported by existing evidence and research linking the investment strategy to the ultimate outcome. These evidence-based pathways to change have informed each fund's investment strategy, including focus countries for investment. Alignment with a fund's theory of change is considered before each investment decision. Through quarterly and annual impact monitoring, the Funds are able to determine if the investments are in fact contributing to the intended outcomes set forth in the theory of change and determine if the assumptions in the theories of change hold true. Targets set for each outcome are proportionate to the fund size and deal size. Progress against targets is reviewed on an annual basis. Based on this data, criteria under our investment strategies are refined as necessary.

## Principle 2

Manage strategic impact on a portfolio basis.

*The Manager shall have a process to manage impact achievement on a portfolio basis. The objective of the process is to establish and monitor impact performance for the whole portfolio, while recognizing that impact may vary across individual investments in the portfolio. As part of the process, the Manager shall consider aligning staff incentive systems with the achievement of impact, as well as with financial performance.*

Kiva Capital manages impact by assessing the breadth and depth of investments on a quarterly basis. An internal tracking tool allows us to monitor the impact performance of the investments at a portfolio level.

Breadth is assessed by predicting the total number of people reached through each investment. Each fund and Kiva Capital broadly has an annual breadth target. Progress towards this target is tracked quarterly and is taken into consideration in the continual iteration of each fund's investment strategy. Portfolio Managers are expected to meet the breadth of impact targets as part of the measurable performance goals under their individual Objectives and Key Results (OKR) framework.

Depth is assessed using Kiva's proprietary Impact Scorecard, assigning each investment to one of three Impact Bands. Kiva Capital has an annual target of maintaining 80% of investments in the two highest impact bands. Progress against this target is tracked quarterly and is taken into consideration in the continual iteration of each fund's investment strategy.

Although potential breadth and depth are assessed for each prospect, not every investment is optimal in both breadth and depth. Viewing the impact of the portfolio as a whole allows for investments with varying strengths in their depths and breadths to contribute to the overall impact objectives of the Fund.

# Principle 3

Establish the Manager’s contribution to the achievement of impact.

*The Manager shall seek to establish and document a credible narrative on its contribution to the achievement of impact for each investment. Contributions can be made through one or more financial and/or non-financial channels. The narrative should be stated in clear terms and supported, as much as possible, by evidence.*

Each investment is assessed for Mission Alignment as part of their overall Impact Score. In addition to assessing how aligned a partner’s mission and goals are to Kiva’s own impact vision and strategy, the Mission Alignment component helps Kiva understand what kind of a contribution Kiva makes to the impact the partner is making.

**Table 1: Mission Alignment Score**

Partner’s provide responses as to how critical Kiva’s capital is towards their overall mission, as well as indicate what it allows them to do that they otherwise would not be able to do.

Kiva’s expectation is that a partner’s Mission Alignment score should be high to demonstrate a good

strategic fit, which includes Kiva’s investment being either catalytic, or enabling a partner to do something different than what they otherwise are funded to do. Kiva Capital’s contribution is also demonstrated through our evidence-based, fund-specific, theories of change, depicting how the provision of capital ultimately contributes to the achievement of intended impact.

The theory of change sets forth a detailed blueprint for how immediate outcomes achieved through our work contribute to intermediate outcomes, and how these intermediate outcomes contribute to the ultimate outcome. It identifies key assumptions and articulates causal mechanisms to demonstrate how each investment strategy contributes to the changes the fund seeks. Our impact monitoring processes allow each fund to test the assumptions in these theories of change to see if they hold true. As these assumptions hold true over time, an evidenced path to impact demonstrates Kiva’s contribution.

<b>Mission Alignment</b> Do our partners align with Kiva's impact strategy, and what is their impact potential?	<b>Impact Focuses</b> The partner's impact focus are in line with Kiva's Impact Strategy.
	<b>Target Populations</b> The partner's target populations are in line with Kiva's Impact Reach goals.
	<b>Impact Relevance</b> The products and services that the partner offers are relevant to achieving their mission and social goals
	<b>Data Utilization</b> The partner uses the data to better understand clients
	<b>Client First</b> The partner demonstrates that they consistently put the client first in terms of affordability, access, and/or overindebtedness
	<b>Need for Kiva</b> Kiva is vital to the partner carrying out its social mission.

# Principle 4

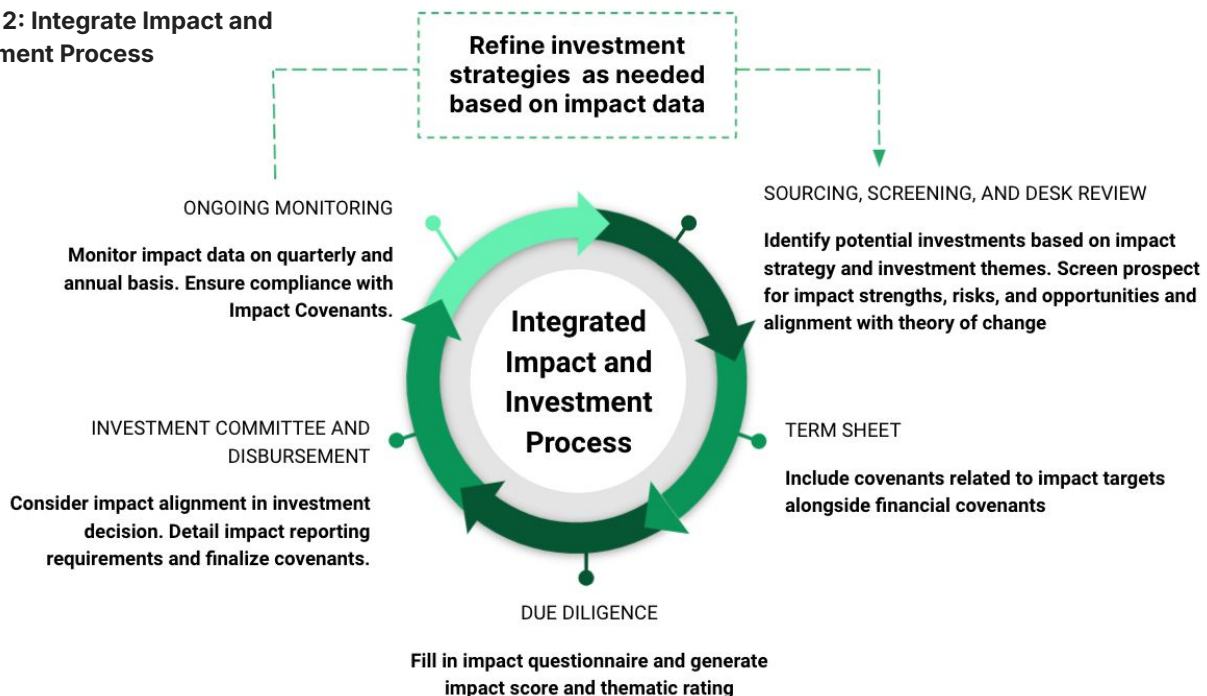
Assess the expected impact of each investment, based on a systematic approach.

*For each investment the Manager shall assess, in advance and, where possible, quantify the concrete, positive impact potential deriving from the investment. The assessment should use a suitable results measurement framework that aims to answer these fundamental questions: (1) What is the intended impact? (2) Who experiences the intended impact? (3) How significant is the intended impact? The Manager shall also seek to assess the likelihood of achieving the investment’s expected impact. In assessing the likelihood, the Manager shall identify the significant risk factors that could result in the impact varying from ex-ante expectations. In assessing the impact potential, the Manager shall seek evidence to assess the relative size of the challenge addressed within the targeted geographical context. The Manager shall also consider opportunities to increase the impact of the investment. Where possible and relevant for the Manager’s strategic intent, the Manager may also consider indirect and systemic impacts. Indicators shall, to the extent possible, be aligned with industry standards and follow best practice.*

## Impact Framework

Kiva Capital has built on Kiva.org’s impact measurement and management practices and tools to design an impact framework that integrates impact into every stage of the investment process, from sourcing to ongoing monitoring. Kiva Capital’s impact frameworks enable the Funds to predict, monitor, and evaluate the impact of their investments.

**Figure 2: Integrate Impact and Investment Process**



## Predict

Each potential investment is assessed for expected impact using Kiva's proprietary Impact Scorecard, which generates an overall impact score, along with a Gender Equity Assessment of Readiness (GEAR), and Readiness Assessment for Displaced and Refugees (RADAR). The Impact Scorecard has been tested and used to assess impact across more than 200 of Kiva's existing partners. It examines impact across four categories: (1) Targeting: What social impact does the partner want to make, and who do they intend to impact? (2) Product: How relevant and meaningful are the partner's products and services to achieve their goals? (3) Process: What capacity (policies and practices) does the partner have to achieve this? (4) Mission Alignment: How aligned is the partner to Kiva's impact vision and goals?

Figure 3: Impact Score Components



The GEAR is calculated as part of the impact score, and provides a view of a partner's gender focus, gender specific practices and policies, and any gender related products and services. The RADAR is applied to partners who have a stated focus on reaching refugee and displaced people. Similar to GEAR it provides a view as to a partner's refugee and displaced people focus and targeting, their policies and practices that are specific to those populations, as well as their products and services that directly are meant for those populations.

Separate from the Impact Scorecard, a third tool called the Climate Compass is an internal framework Kiva uses to assess the climate impact of loans. It measures how loans facilitate y Kiva partners contribute to climate mitigation, climate adaptation, and environmental sustainability more broadly. Using standardized criteria and sector-level indicators, the Climate Compass is key to understanding partners' opportunities and needs in delivering climate-smart products and services to client resilience against climate threats. Overall, the Compass enables Kiva to track climate-related portfolio performance, improve impact reporting, and guide strategy toward greater climate impact.

When taken together, GEAR, RADAR and the Climate Compass enable Kiva Capital to examine gaps and weaknesses of our partners through a more targeted lens. The identification of these gaps and weaknesses enables Kiva Capital's funds to work with portfolio companies to improve in a specific impact area through Capacity Building, sharing of best practices, and other means. Through these consolidated ratings, the fund is able to more easily track a portfolio company's improvement over time in areas that align to the fund's objectives. The fund is also able to track changes over time at a portfolio level.

### Monitor

A comprehensive results framework has been developed for each Fund that aligns with the fund-specific theory of change. Each output and outcome included in the theory of change has at least one associated indicator to measure progress towards the output or outcome. Where possible, without compromising the rigor of the results framework, we have worked to align indicators with existing frameworks, such as IRIS+ and the Joint Impact Indicators. Alignment is important in ensuring reporting is less burdensome on partners and investors are able to compare results across portfolios.

The results frameworks also indicate where the data will be collected from (Data Source) and the reporting frequency. Data sources include the annual impact questionnaire, investee quarterly and annual impact and financial reporting, and impact studies. Outputs are reported on a quarterly basis and outcomes are reported on an annual basis. All data is gender disaggregated. The Impact Team reviews this data each quarter and at the end of each year. The data is analyzed to determine if either the theories of change or investment strategies need to be revised. Results are shared with portfolio managers, investors, and other key stakeholders.

### Evaluate

Kiva Capital evaluates the impact of investments through impact studies, including lean data studies conducted by third-party vendors or the Impact Team and technical assistance case studies. These studies allow the funds to collect outcome-level data that cannot be collected through portfolio company reporting.

## Principle 5

Assess, address, monitor, and manage potential negative impacts of each investment.

*For each investment the Manager shall seek, as part of a systematic and documented process, to identify and avoid, and if avoidance is not possible, mitigate and manage negative impact risks. Where appropriate, the Manager shall engage with the investee to seek its commitment to take action to address potential gaps in current investee systems, processes, and standards, using an approach aligned with good international industry practice. As part of portfolio management, the Manager shall monitor investees' negative impact risk and performance, and where appropriate, engage with the investee to address gaps and unexpected events.*

It is Kiva Capital's belief that our initial diligence standards, when combined with ongoing monitoring, enable Kiva to anticipate, identify, and resolve issues that would negatively impact the communities being served.

As part of the impact scorecard, impact risks are assessed. Given Kiva Capital's investment focus in financial inclusion, social and governance risks are most relevant for the funds. Factors such as prevention of client overindebtedness, client complaint mechanisms, implementation of other client protection principles, and internal staff policies are assessed for all potential investees. To mitigate the risk of causing negative social or environmental impacts, the Manager applies an exclusion list to all its investments under the loan agreements. This list follows restrictions in line with international standards set forth by development finance institutions like the DFC.

Investment Committee decisions are made to prioritize both impact and financial returns, including mitigating any potential risks.

- (i) The Impact Scorecard highlights areas where an investee may be weak in targeting clients appropriately, protecting clients, and offering the most impactful products for clients. Based on these scores, if an Investment Committee member feels the investment would have any material negative impacts, they would vote to not invest in the company.
- (ii) Investments with a greater potential for impact receive a higher impact score. These scores are used in Investment Committee decision making. Therefore, all decisions made by the Investment Committee are made with impact-related opportunities in mind.

When gaps in Client Protection or other risks are identified, Kiva Capital works with select investees through technical assistance to improve in those areas and eliminate potential impact risks.

Reporting on Kiva Capital's impact is a clear mandate of each fund. We therefore would discuss any identified positive and negative impacts with investors on a quarterly and annual basis. Impact reports would also include negative impacts as applicable.

## Principle 6

Monitor the progress of each investment in achieving impact against expectations and respond appropriately.

*The Manager shall use the results framework (referenced in Principle 4) to monitor progress toward the achievement of positive impacts in comparison to the expected impact for each investment. Progress shall be monitored using a predefined process for sharing performance data with the investee. To the best extent possible, this shall outline how often data will be collected; the method for data collection; data sources; responsibilities for data collection; and how, and to whom, data will be reported. When monitoring indicates that the investment is no longer expected to achieve its intended impacts, the Manager shall seek to pursue appropriate action. The Manager shall also seek to use the results framework to capture investment outcomes.*

Progress against the results framework described in Principle 4 is monitored on a quarterly and annual basis. Data is collected by several parties:

- Portfolio Company: Required to report on a set of output indicators on a quarterly basis and a set of outcome indicators on an annual basis. These reporting requirements are included in the portfolio company's loan agreement. Portfolio companies are also required to submit an updated Impact Scorecard questionnaire on an annual basis.
- Investment Managers: Review Impact Scorecard questionnaire and submit final version. Ensure portfolio company compliance with impact covenants.
- Impact Team: Conduct or manage a third-party vendor conducting impact studies, results from which are used to report against outcome-level objectives.

Progress against outputs are shared on a quarterly basis with investors. Progress against outcome results are shared with investees and investors on an annual basis. Following the first full year of disbursements for a fund, portfolio companies will participate in a lessons learned assessment to identify key issues, opportunities and challenges.

On an annual basis, each portfolio is reviewed for achievement of intended impact and data is used to adjust investment strategy and technical assistance strategy for each fund as necessary.

## Principle 7

Conduct exits considering the effect on sustained impact.

*When conducting an exit, the Manager shall, in good faith and consistent with its fiduciary concerns, consider the effect which the timing, structure, and process of its exit will have on the sustainability of the impact.*

Our Funds invest through debt financing, most commonly in the form of a bilateral loan with the borrower. Most of these investments have fixed maturities and/or amortization schedules. The terms around the timing and structure of exiting these investments are hence determined during the underwriting phase of the investments, based on our assessment of the projected financial performance including the asset liability structure, liquidity and repayment capacity of the prospective investees, as well as the intended impact and use of proceeds of the specific investments. Furthermore, our bilateral loan agreements include clauses that cover use of proceeds, change of control, etc. to allow for early exits from the investments, where warranted, in case of material adverse change in the expected impact of the investments.

It is in our Fund's goal to maintain long-term financing relationships with the investees that continue to align with our Funds' investment objectives. As both Funds have concluded their initial deployment period and enter into a reinvestment phase with investees, the Funds will now reconsider whether an investee is suitable for subsequent investments post debt repayments. The Funds will do so by taking into considerations their compliance of non-financial covenants, where applicable, over the prior investment period, in addition to the applicable scope of investment analyses required for all new or repeated investments.

## Principle 8

Review, document, and improve decisions and processes based on the achievement of impact and lessons learned.

*The Manager shall review and document the impact performance of each investment, compare the expected and actual impact, and other positive and negative impacts, and use these findings to improve operational and strategic investment decisions, as well as management processes.*

Impact data is reviewed annually at the portfolio level to understand progress towards expected results. Targets are established for each indicator after the establishment of a baseline. A baseline is established after the first quarter for output targets and after the first year for outcome targets. Annual reviews determine where targets were met and where the fund fell short. This review enables the fund to generate lessons learned and better understand what is working and not working in the achievement of impact goals. Trends across companies are used to adapt investment strategies to more efficiently and effectively achieve intended outcomes. These lessons learned are also shared back with investee companies to advance the relevant impact field.



## Principle 9

Publicly disclose alignment with the Impact Principles and provide regular independent verification of the alignment.

*The Manager shall publicly disclose, on an annual basis, the alignment of its impact management systems with the Impact Principles and, at regular intervals, arrange for an independent verification of this alignment. The conclusions of this verification report shall also be publicly disclosed. These disclosures are subject to fiduciary and regulatory concerns.*

Kiva Capital is committed to publicly disclosing our alignment on an annual basis. This disclosure statement asserts the alignment of Kiva Capital's impact procedures to all nine principles. Kiva Capital will submit a disclosure statement annually and publish the statement to our website.

At the beginning of 2023, Kiva Capital contracted Luminis Advisors, an independent advisory firm that certifies companies for their social and environmental performance (see address below). After Luminis conducted a thorough review and third party audit of our underwriting and impact management policies and procedures, we are proud to share that Kiva Capital has successfully completed the third-party verification of the alignment of our impact management system with the Impact Principles.

Our impact management system is designed to ensure that our activities have a positive impact on the communities we serve. The successful verification is a testament to Kiva Capital's commitment to transparency and accountability throughout its impact practices. Our most recent independent verification results can be found [here](#), as well as on Kiva Capital's website; we commit to commissioning an independent verification every four years.

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