Telemedicine and Telematics in Rural Areas in XXI Century: A Brazilian Experience

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INTRODUCTION

One of the most serious problems that afflict the health sector in Brazil is the enormous in equalityin the distribution of health care resources across the national territory. On one hand, thereare interior cities with the most advanced resources; while at the other, there are about 2000 Brazilian municipalities without single doctor or hospital. Thus, Telemedicine and Telematics become valuable tools for the rural health system, from the expansion of care, covering more needy places to the exchange of information between health professionals about patientsto discuss diagnosis and treatment.

MATERIALS AND METHODS:

Qualitative and quantitative study conducted in January 2020, in the city of Pentecost (35 412 in habitants), acity 107,8 km away from Fortaleza (Ceará's capital), Brazil. Fifteen health professionals were interviewed, including nurses, physiotherapists, dentists and doctors. Questionnaire applied with 10 objective and 2 subjective questions about difficulties and advances, as well as experience in tele health.

RESULTS:

Based on the analyzed the data, 80% are men,over 50yearsold,90% report their salary is higher than if they performed the same function in the capital, 50% are dissatisfied with working conditions, 2 out of 3 say do not have telematicsas a support tool, and of these, about half do not consider themselves able touse the internet as a mean of support for better treatment of thepatient. 100% denied having specific training to conduct online consultation so information platforms.

CONCLUSIONS:

The Brazilian reality is still far from the objectives proposed bytelemedicine. Since the interior of the country is managed bythe public sector almost exclusively and given the precariousconditions of the population and work, the salary has been the biggest attraction for the specialized mass to go to such regions with out preparation. It is suggested that public measures with in the scope of better training professionals and modernizing health centers, as well as making the connection between rural are as and central centers become reality.

BIOGRAPHY:

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