

coinbase DERIVATIVES

March 7, 2024

VIA CFTC Portal

Mr. Christopher J. Kirkpatrick
Secretary of the Commission
Office of the Secretariat
Commodity Futures Trading Commission
Three Lafayette Centre
1155 21st Street, NW
Washington, DC 20581

Re: CFTC Regulation 40.2(a) Certification: Listing of Dogecoin Futures Contract

Dear Mr. Kirkpatrick:

Pursuant to Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC” or “Commission”) Regulation 40.2(a), Coinbase Derivatives, LLC (the “Exchange” or “COIN”) hereby submits for self-certification its initial listing of the Dogecoin Futures contract to be offered for trading on the Exchange on or after April 1, 2024.

Contract Description

The Dogecoin Futures contract (the “Contract”) will be a monthly cash-settled and margined Contract with the following specifications:

Product	Dogecoin Futures
Product Type	USD-settled index future
Contract Size	5,000 Dogecoin (DOGE)
Displayed Price Example	\$0.12005
Contract Notional	~\$600.00 Contract notional (i.e. ~\$0.12 x 5000)
Contract Code	DOG
Minimum Tick Size and Value	Min tick size: \$0.00001 per DOGE Min tick value: \$0.05 per Contract
Listed Contracts	3 nearest monthly Contracts
Daily Settlement	Daily Settlement: 3:00 PM CT 1. 1-min VWAP of futures Contract rounded to the nearest tradable tick 2. 1-min TWAP of futures Contract midpoint of the bid/ask rounded to the nearest tradable tick 3. If a two-sided market is not available during the sixty (60) seconds prior to 3:00 PM CT, then the Settlement Price will be the Market Vector Coinbase Dogecoin index value - (difference between previous day's index value and previous day's futures settlement)

Final Settlement	<p>Final settlement price of the expiring Contract will be the value of the Market Vector Coinbase Dogecoin benchmark reference rate at 4:00 PM London time, calculated and disseminated by Market Vector. Contracts will be cleared by Nodal Clear.</p> <p>The index value is determined using a 2-hour settlement window, MVIS breaks the period into 40 3-minute intervals. In each of these intervals, MVIS aggregates all trades and volume from the constituent exchange and calculates a volume weighted median price for the interval. The settlement is based on a simple average of the 40 volume weighted median prices calculated.</p> <p>Should any abnormal activity occur during the settlement window, any combination of the following measures will be considered:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Should the index provider detect an abnormal price during the settlement window, the price shall be removed from the calculation 2. Should the Coinbase Derivatives Command Center determine the settlement price is not representative of the market, it will manually settle the Contract using sources of historical data and prices on other exchanges and indexes.
Daily Price Limits	30% daily price limits based on previous day settlement
Price Fluctuation Limits	10% of hourly calculated reference price
Last Trading Day	Trading terminates at 4:00 PM London time on the last Friday of the Contract month. If that day is not a business day in the U.S., trading terminates on the preceding day that is a U.S. business day.
Position Limits	20,000 DOG Futures
Large Trader Reporting	25 contracts
Trading Hours	5:00 - 4:00 PM CT Sunday - Friday, with a trading halt from 4:00 PM - 5:00 PM CT Monday - Thursday.

Contents:

- I. Dogecoin Overview
- II. Contract Description
- III. Volatility
- IV. Analysis of Deliverable Supply
- V. Compliance with Core Principles

I. Dogecoin Market Overview

Dogecoin (DOGE) is a unique and widely recognized cryptocurrency which was created by Billy Markus and Jackson Palmer in December 2013. Dogecoin has quickly developed a vibrant community and gained a reputation for a friendly and welcoming approach to newcomers in the crypto space.

Unlike Bitcoin or Litecoin, Dogecoin does not have a cap on the total supply of coins. Over 140 billion Dogecoins are in circulation, with new blocks added to the Dogecoin blockchain every minute, and a reward of 10,000 DOGE per block. This design leads to an inflationary supply model, which contrasts with the deflationary model of Bitcoin and many other cryptocurrencies. The inflationary nature of Dogecoin is intended to encourage spending and use in tipping on social media and online forums, rather than holding as a digital investment.

Dogecoin utilizes the Scrypt algorithm, similar to Litecoin, for its proof-of-work consensus mechanism. This choice means that, like Litecoin, Dogecoin can be mined with consumer-grade hardware, supporting a more decentralized and accessible mining community. The relatively low transaction fees and fast transaction times make Dogecoin suitable for small, everyday transactions and online tipping, reinforcing its position as the "internet currency."

The culture and community around Dogecoin are significant aspects of its identity and appeal. The Dogecoin community is known for its charitable contributions and fundraising efforts, supporting a wide range of causes from Olympic bobsled teams to clean water projects in developing countries.

In terms of market dynamics, Dogecoin's price has experienced notable volatility. Despite its origins as a meme, Dogecoin has achieved substantial market capitalization, making it one of the top cryptocurrencies by market value at various points in time.

Dogecoin's enduring popularity and the active community support suggest that it has transcended its origins as a meme to become a staple of the cryptocurrency world.

As of February 29, 2024, the price of Dogecoin is ~\$0.12 with a market cap of ~\$17.2B:¹

¹Per coinmarketcap.com

 Dogecoin DOGE



\$0.1203 ▼ 5.51% (1d)

 Add to watchlist



 Track in portfolio



Market cap ⓘ ▼ 5.58% \$17,238,154,311

| #9

Volume (24h) ⓘ > ▼ 26.20% \$3,804,799,913

| #7

Volume/Market cap (24h) ⓘ 22.34%

Circulating supply  ⓘ 143,282,006,384 DOGE

Total supply ⓘ 143,282,006,384 DOGE

Max. supply ⓘ ∞

Fully diluted market cap ⓘ \$17,222,771,236

II. Contract Description

The Dogecoin Futures Contract is a cash-settled Contract based on the Market Vector Coinbase Dogecoin Benchmark Rate (“Index”). This Index tracks the price of Dogecoin traded on the Coinbase, Inc. spot exchange. Market Vector is an Index Provider based in Frankfurt, Germany and is regulated by the Federal Financial Supervisory Authority (“BaFin”).

Each Contract represents 5,000 Dogecoin. The Exchange will initially offer the three front months of the Contract for trading.

III. Volatility

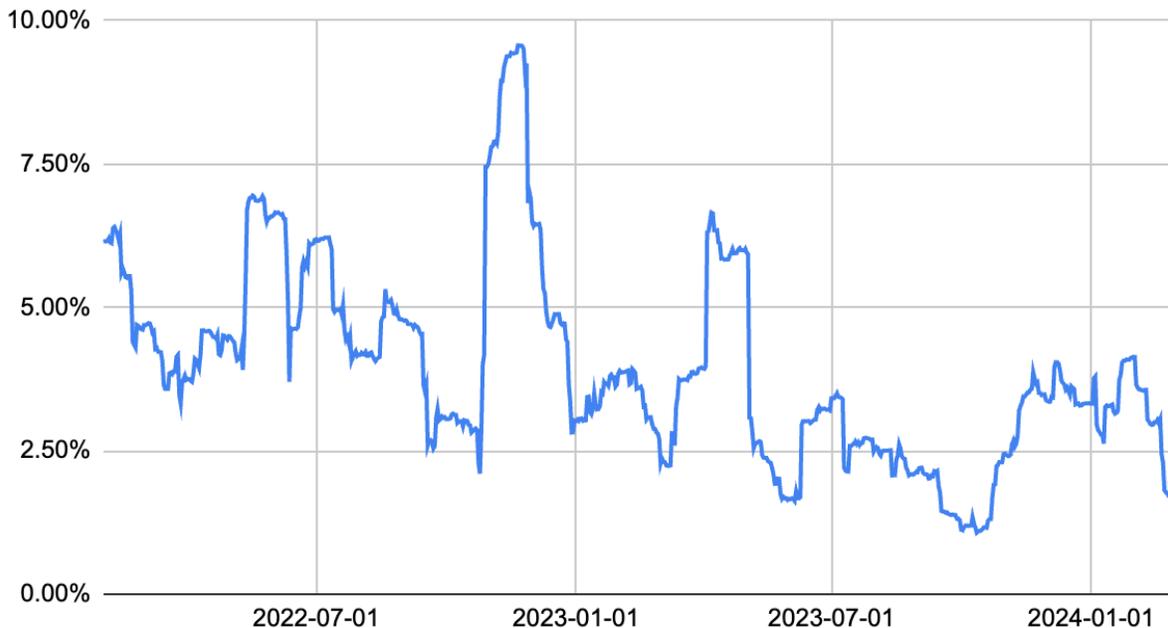
Dogecoin is considered a relatively volatile commodity. Some of the reasons include its later adoption as a cryptocurrency and lower market cap. Since the start of 2022, the 30-day trailing standard deviation of daily price changes has averaged 4.0%. Spikes in volatility occur periodically, similar to our other product classes, such as oil futures.

While Dogecoin prices can be volatile as described above, the Exchange has managed both periods of prolonged volatility as well as unexpected spikes in volatility in its existing products. The Exchange is prepared to deploy its proven risk controls, applied to all of its listed contracts, including daily price limits, price banding, exposure limits, kill switches, and margin levels that appropriately reflect the volatility of Dogecoin.

Dogecoin's current 30D volatility is just under 3%. Under comparable timeframes, other commodities have experienced realized volatility levels that are in line with Dogecoin realized volatility. For reference current Gold and Bitcoin 30D volatility are just under 2%².

Since launch, the Exchange has had multiple instances of successful management of high volatility environments in its existing commodity contracts, as Bitcoin volatility was above 4% and Oil volatility was above 5% in 2022.

Dogecoin 30 Day Volatility



² <https://buybitcoinworldwide.com/volatility-index/>

IV. Analysis of Deliverable Supply

As stated above, the supply of DOGE has no limit. Today the circulating supply of DOGE stands at approximately 143 billion, and will continue to increase by approximately 5 billion in each subsequent year³.

Because the Contract will be settled in U.S. dollars (USD), the deliverable supply analysis herein conservatively focuses on the proportion of Dogecoin globally traded versus USD, which is estimated at 13% of total Dogecoin traded⁴. Using this as a proxy results in a deliverable supply of 18.6 billion Dogecoin.

Given that each of the COIN Dogecoin cash-settled Contract represents 5,000 Dogecoin, a single contract is <0.00003% of the deliverable supply.

A common practice is to set the position limit so that a market participant holds no more than 25% of the deliverable supply of a commodity. This would result in a position limit of 4.6 million Dogecoin, or 930,000 Dogecoin futures. The Exchange does not recommend using this approach to set the position limit.

Rather, the Exchange will be referencing the position limits to market cap ratio for existing crypto currency futures such as Bitcoin and adjusting downwards.

The Exchange will set the position limit to 20,000 DOG futures, which is equivalent to 100,000 DOGE. With a \$0.12 price of DOGE, this is equal to \$12M notional, which would be 0.07% of the DOGE market cap, currently at \$17.4B.

As a comparison, the COIN Bitcoin Futures position limits are currently 0.10% of the Bitcoin market cap. The proposed DOG position limits would be 30% lower as a percentage of the underlying asset's market cap.

V. Compliance with Core Principles

The Exchange has reviewed the designated contract market ("DCM") core principles ("Core Principles") set forth in the Commodity Exchange Act and has identified that the Contract may most directly implicate the following Core Principles:

Core Principle 2 -- Compliance with Rules

Trading in the Contract is subject to the Exchange Rulebook (the "Rulebook") including Chapter 5, which prohibits fraud, non-competitive trading, market manipulation and abusive and disruptive trade practices. Additionally, as with all contracts traded on the Exchange, trading will be subject to monitoring and surveillance by the Market Regulation Department, which has the authority to investigate and enforce Exchange Rules, as described in Chapter 7.

Core Principle 3 -- Contracts Not Readily Subject to Manipulation

The Dogecoin future is based on the Market Vector Coinbase Dogecoin Benchmark Rate, which was first published in March 2024. MV Index Solutions GmbH ("MVIS") is governed by the

³<https://atomicwallet.io/academy/articles/how-many-doge-coins-are-there#:~:text=This%20means%20new%20Doge%20coins%20are,around%205%20billion%20per%20year.>

⁴ <https://www.cryptocompare.com/coins/doge/analysis/USD>

European Benchmark Regulation (the “EUBMR”) and supports the International Organisation of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) “Principles for Financial Benchmarks” (the IOSCO Principles). COIN has a licensing agreement for the use of Market Vector for Coinbase Dogecoin futures. Market Vector manages the governance and oversight of the Index, as described in Appendix A below. COIN has signed an information sharing agreement with Coinbase, Inc. to allow the Exchange to request spot market data when necessary. Given that the Dogecoin token is traded on multiple exchanges both in the United States and abroad, and the manner in which the Index is calculated, it would be difficult, if not impossible, to manipulate the price of the underlying market in a way that would affect the futures Contract. In addition Coinbase, Inc. has in place an experienced surveillance team and policies and procedures to detect suspected manipulation in the spot market. Given this oversight, the Index is not readily subject to manipulation.

Core Principle 4 -- Prevention of Market Disruption

Chapter 5 of the Rulebook prohibits Participants from manipulating, distorting the price of, and disrupting the settlement process of the Contract. As with all contracts traded on the Exchange, trading in the Contract will be subject to monitoring and surveillance by the Market Regulation Department. Further, trading in the Contract shall be subject to price limits consistent with the US equity market-wide circuit breakers. In addition, the Index Provider uses a Methodology which makes potential manipulation of the underlying spot market unlikely to have an effect on the Index price.

Core Principle 5 -- Position Limits or Accountability

The Contract shall be subject to a position limit of no more than 20,000 Dogecoin futures, or 100,000 Dogecoin, with a reportable level of 25 Contracts.

Core Principle 7 -- Availability of General Information

The Exchange shall publish on its website and in its Rulebook the specifications, terms and conditions of the Contract.

Core Principle 8 -- Daily Publication of Trading Information

The Exchange shall publish on its website on a daily basis the trading volumes, open interest, and price information for the Contract.

Core Principle 9 -- Execution of Transactions

The Contract shall be listed for trading on the Exchange’s trading system, which provides for efficient, competitive, and open execution of transactions.

Core Principle 10 -- Trade Information

All requisite trade information shall be included in the audit trail and is sufficient for the Market Regulation Department to monitor for market abuse.

Core Principle 11 -- Financial Integrity of Transactions

The Contract shall be cleared by Nodal Clear, LLC, a CFTC registered derivatives clearing organization subject to the CFTC regulations related thereto.

Core Principle 12 -- Protection of Markets and Market Participants

Chapters 4 and 5 of the Rulebook require all market participants, including futures commission merchants (“FCMs”) carrying customer accounts, to observe high standards of integrity, market conduct, commercial honor, fair dealing, and just and equitable principles of trade and prohibits, among other things, fraud, non-competitive trading, market manipulation, and abusive and disruptive trade practices. As with all contracts traded on the Exchange, trading will be subject to monitoring and surveillance by the Market Regulation Department.

Core Principle 13 -- Disciplinary Procedures

Rulebook Chapter 7 sets forth the rules and procedures for the investigation, enforcement, and sanctioning of persons that violate the Exchange’s Rules.

Core Principle 14 - Dispute Resolution

Disputes related to the Contract are governed by Chapter 8 of the Rulebook, which provides for arbitration procedures overseen by the National Futures Association.

Certification

The Exchange has spoken with FCMs and market participants who support the decision to launch a Dogecoin Contract. The Exchange is not aware of any substantive opposing views to the Contract. The Exchange certifies that the Contract and related rules certified herein comply with the Commodity Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

The Exchange certifies that this submission has been concurrently posted on the Exchange’s website at: www.coinbase.com/derivatives.

If you have any questions or require any further information, please contact me at jane.downey@coinbase.com.

Sincerely,

/s/

Jane Downey
Chief Regulatory Officer

Attachments:

- Appendix A Market Vector Dogecoin Coinbase Benchmark Rate Index Methodology
- Appendix B Amendments to COIN Rulebook Chapter 11
- Appendix C Amendments to COIN Rulebook Chapter 5
- Appendix D Amendments to COIN Fee Schedule

APPENDIX A

Market Vector Coinbase Dogecoin Benchmark Rate Contract Methodology and Oversight

The Market Vector Coinbase Dogecoin Benchmark Rate (“Index”) is produced by Market Vector Indexes of Frankfurt, Germany, an affiliate of Van Eck Associates Corporation (“MVIS”). The Index is calculated and disseminated in USD and tracks the price of Dogecoin as traded on the Coinbase, Inc. spot exchange.

Advisory Board

The MVIS Advisory Board is governed by the Rules of Procedure for the Advisory Board. The Advisory Board is responsible to supervise and advise the Managing Directors of MV. The approval of the Advisory Board is required for certain important decisions.

Independent Oversight Function

MVIS has implemented an Independent Oversight Function (“IOF”) that consists of employees of the Legal and Compliance department of VanEck (Europe) GmbH. Some of the key task and responsibilities of the IOF are:

- Periodic review of the Index Guide and Methodology;
- Review and approval of the procedures for index cessation;
- Oversee third parties involved in the provision of the indices, including calculation or dissemination agents;
- Assess internal and external audits or reviews, and monitor the implementation of identified remedial actions; and
- Monitor input data and contributors and MVI’s related actions in challenging or validating contributions of input data.

Managing Directors

MVIS has two Managing Directors (MD), the Operations and the Shared Services MD. The roles and responsibilities of the two different MDs are documented and serve to ensure mitigation of conflicts of interest and enhance governance standards. The Managing Directors are responsible for the ongoing review and monitoring of compliance with MVIS’ policies and procedures by all involved parties and the notification of possible breaches or incidents to the IOF.

The MVIS Dogecoin Benchmark Rate Index is not Subject to Manipulation

The Index is calculated as an average of 2-hour quantity weighted median prices, which are calculated for 40 3-minute intervals. The Contract price is determined by using a median price, which filters out any prices that might be considered outliers, either high or low.

$$Index\ Value = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n M(i).$$

where the quantity weighted median price for each interval i is

$$M(i) = \begin{cases} p_{i,k} & \text{if } k \text{ satisfies } \sum_{j=1}^{k-1} q_{i,j} < \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{J_i} q_{i,j} \text{ and } \sum_{j=k+1}^{J_i} q_{i,j} \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{J_i} q_{i,j}, \\ p_{i,1} & \text{if } q_{i,1} \geq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{J_i} q_{i,j}, \\ \frac{p_{i,k} + p_{i,k+1}}{2} & \text{if } \sum_{j=k+1}^{J_i} q_{i,j} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{J_i} q_{i,j}, \end{cases}$$

with the number of intervals calculated as the total index time window divided by the interval window:

$$n = \frac{T}{b},$$

and

- $p_{i,j}$ = j th price in i th interval,
- $q_{i,j}$ = j th quantity/volume traded in i th interval,
- J_i = number of trades in i th interval,
- b = interval window for the calculation of the median prices,
- n = number of intervals,
- T = total index time window for the calculation of an index price.

The set of trades for the total index calculation consists of transactions occurring within the total index time window as follows:

$$\theta_t = \{a_{i,j}(s_{i,j}, p_{i,j}, q_{i,j}) | t - T \leq s < t\},$$

with

- θ_t = set of trades for the calculation of the index price at time t ,
- $a_{i,j}$ = trade j in trade set A_i ,
- $s_{i,j}$ = time of trade $a_{i,j}$.

Each interval consists of a subset of trades of θ_t :

$$A_i \subset \theta_t$$

A_i being the set of trades for the calculation of the median price in interval i , where each trade $a_{i,j}$ within A_i is sorted by price $p_{i,j}$ in ascending order and it holds that trades occur within the interval window as follows:

$$A_i = \{a_{i,j}(s_{i,j}, p_{i,j}, q_{i,j}) | (t - T) + (i - 1)b \leq s < (t - T) + ib\}.$$

Due to the sheer number of times the price is recalculated, and the use of median prices, any attempt to manipulate the price of the Index would be extremely difficult. In addition to the calculation safeguards, MVI has procedures in place to prevent manipulation, MVIS has a number of policies and procedures in place to ensure a fair marketplace. MVIS has instituted measures to investigate and correct a potentially erroneous price due to bad data, late or delayed transactions and non-reporting exchanges. Incorrect or missing data is corrected immediately.

Disruptions with calculation agents are handled by Compliance and Senior Management at MVIS. MVIS will communicate any error to all affected clients. In addition, if MVIS identifies any conduct that may involve manipulation of an index by calculation/dissemination agent, it will report this to its regulator, BaFin.

The Exchange has in place an agreement with Coinbase, Inc. to share information and trade data occurring on Coinbase, Inc. in connection with regulatory inquiries. This agreement gives the Exchange the opportunity to investigate activity in the spot market which may have an impact on the listed futures Contract.

How Settlement is Calculated

During the 2-hour settlement window, MVIS breaks the hour into 40 3-minute intervals. In each of these intervals, MVIS aggregates all trades and volume from the Coinbase spot exchange and calculates a volume weighted median price for the interval. The settlement is based on a simple average of the 40 volume weighted median prices calculated.

APPENDIX B

Additions underscored; deletion are ~~struckthrough~~

CHAPTER 11: CONTRACTS

* * *

RULE 1112. Dogecoin Futures

- (a) Scope. Rule 1112 is limited in application to the trading of the Dogecoin futures (“DOG Contract”). In addition to Rule 1112, the Dogecoin Contract is subject to all Rules of the Exchange as applicable. Unless otherwise stated, all times referred to herein are Central Time Zone. The relevant index for the DOG Contract is the MarketVector™ Coinbase Dogecoin Benchmark Rate (“Index”), as calculated and disseminated by MarketVector Indexes GmbH as the index provider and calculation agent (the “Index Provider”).
- (b) Trading Schedule. The Dogecoin Contract shall be offered for monthly trading in the front three (3) months during such hours as the Exchange shall determine from time-to-time.
- (c) Contract Size. The Contract size is equal to the price of 5,000 Dogecoin.
- (d) Price Increments. The minimum price increment shall be 0.00001 Index points (\$0.05 DOG Contract).
- (e) Position Limits, Position Accountability, and Reportable Levels. Pursuant to Rules 530 to 533 and subject to the requirements and exceptions therein, the Dogecoin Contract is subject to the following:
 - (1) Position Limit. 20,000 DOG Contracts.
 - (2) Reportable Level. 25 DOG Contracts.
- (f) Price Fluctuation Limits. Trading in the DOG Contract shall be subject to price fluctuation limits. If a price fluctuation limit is reached on the lead month of DOG Contract, all related instruments will be halted. If a price fluctuation limit is reached on the non-lead month DOG Contracts, only the specific instrument which reached the price fluctuation limit will be halted.
 - (1) Each hour, a Reference Price is calculated for each Contract using the Lead Month settlement procedures outlined in Rule 906(b)(ii)(1) (the “Reference Price”).
 - (2) A 10% up and down price limit will be applied to that Contract’s Reference Price.
 - (3) The market will enter a halt state for two (2) minutes if a price fluctuation limit is reached. Orders can be submitted, canceled, and amended during this state but no matching will occur.

- (4) If a price fluctuation limit is reached, the new Reference Price will be the last price fluctuation limit for the remainder of that hour.
- (5) If Price Limits are hit on the Lead Month contract, all related instruments will be Halted.
- (6) If Price Limits are hit on non-Lead Month contracts, only the specific instrument which reached the Price Limit will be Halted.
- (g) Daily Price Limits. Trading in the DOG Contract shall be subject to the following daily price limits:
 - (1) 30% daily price limits using the previous day's Settlement Price will be applied to the next trading session.
 - (2) If daily price limits are reached the market will remain Open but will not trade beyond the daily price limit.
- (h) Termination of Trading. Trading terminates at 4:00 PM London time on the last Friday of the Contract month. If that day is not a Business Day, trading terminates on the preceding day that is a Business Day ("Termination of Trading").
- (i) Settlement. The DOG Contract is cash settled.
 - (1) Daily Settlement Price of the Contract, which is an Exchange Futures Contract based on a crypto currency, will be determined pursuant to the process set forth in Exchange Rule 906(b)(ii).
 - (2) On the day of expiration, the Final Settlement of the Contract, which is an Exchange Futures Contract based on a crypto currency, will be determined pursuant to the process set forth in Exchange Rule 906(c)(ii).
 - (3) Final Settlement. Clearing Firms holding open positions in an expiring DOG Contract at the Termination of Trading shall make or receive payment in accordance with the rules of the Clearing House.
- (j) Forks. In the event of a hard fork, the DOG Contract will settle to the Index. The Exchange may, in its sole discretion, take alternative action with respect to hard forks in consultation with its Index Provider, its Clearing House and its market Participants.
- (k) Disclaimer.

The MarketVector™ Coinbase Dogecoin Benchmark Rate is a trademark of MarketVector Indexes GmbH and its affiliates (collectively "MarketVector"). MarketVector or MarketVector's licensors own all proprietary rights in the MarketVector™ Coinbase Dogecoin Benchmark Rate. MarketVector is NOT affiliated with Coinbase Derivatives, LLC, and neither approves, endorses, reviews or recommends the DOG Contract. MarketVector does not guarantee the timeliness, accurateness or completeness of any data or information relating to the MarketVector™ Coinbase Dogecoin Benchmark Rate, and neither shall be liable in any way to Coinbase Derivatives, LLC, investors in the

DOG Contract or other third parties in respect of the use or accuracy of the MarketVector™ Coinbase Dogecoin Benchmark Rate or any data included therein.

APPENDIX C

Additions underscored; deletion are ~~struckthrough~~

CHAPTER 5: TRADING PRACTICES AND BUSINESS CONDUCT

* * *

RULE 533. Position Limit, Position Accountability, Reportable Level, and Volume Threshold Level Table

The reportable levels for all Contracts covering Position Limit, Position Accountability, Reportable Level, and Volume Thresholds will be made available to Market Participants.

Product	CDE Code	Contract Size	Aggregate Into Futures	Aggregate Ratio	Exchange Reporting Level	Position Limit
Nano Bitcoin Futures	BIT	0.01	BTI	100 BIT = 1 BTI	25	20,000 (BTI Aggregate)
Bitcoin Futures	BTI	1	BTI	N/A	25	
Nano Ether Futures	ET	0.1	ETI	100 ET = 1 ETI	25	40,000 (ETI Aggregate)
Ether Futures	ETI	10	ETI	N/A	25	
<u>Dogecoin Futures</u>	<u>DOG</u>	<u>5.000</u>	<u>DOG</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>20,000</u>
Micro Crude Oil Futures	OIL	100	OIL	N/A	350	5,000 three (3) days prior to the end of trading in the spot month

APPENDIX D

Additions underscored; deletion are ~~struckthrough~~

Fee Schedule

~~December 22, 2023~~ April 1, 2024

Coinbase Derivatives, LLC charges fees according to the below schedule:

Exchange Product Symbol	Symbol	Fees Charged Per Side					
		Market Maker		Non-Pro		Pro	
		Electronic	Block	Electronic	Block	Electronic	Block
Bitcoin Futures	BTI	\$0.45	\$0.60	\$0.75	\$1.00	\$0.75	\$1.00
Ether Futures	ETI	\$0.45	\$0.60	\$0.75	\$1.00	\$0.75	\$1.00
nano Bitcoin Futures	BIT	\$0.07	N/A	\$0.10	N/A	\$0.07	N/A
nano Ether Futures	ET	\$0.07	N/A	\$0.10	N/A	\$0.07	N/A
<u>Dogecoin Futures</u>	<u>DOG</u>	<u>\$0.07</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>\$0.10</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>\$0.07</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Micro Crude Oil Futures	OIL	\$0.30	N/A	\$0.02	N/A	\$0.05	N/A
Delivery Fee All	All	\$0.00		\$0.00		\$0.00	

*For purposes of determining the fee amount the following definitions apply:

Market Maker - Account in the name of any person that has signed a market maker agreement with Coinbase Derivatives.

Non-Professional Trader - Account in the name of an individual or entity that is:

A. Not registered, qualified, or otherwise identified as a professional trader, market maker, liquidity provider, money manager, commodity trading advisor, or investment adviser with any stock, commodities or futures exchange or contract market, or with any financial regulatory authority;

B. Not engaged in brokerage, banking, investment, or financial activities, as part of their regular course of business;

C. Not using a fully automated order generating computer system; and

D. Trading for its own account.

Professional Trader - Account in the name of any person that is not a Market Maker or a Non-Professional Trader.