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CSCI 330 Problems (Chapter 3)
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(38 pts)
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<assign> -> <id> = <expr>
<id> -> A | B | C
<expr> -> <expr> + <term> | <term>
<term> -> <term> * <factor> | <factor>
<factor> -> ( <expr> ) | <id>
```

- 1. Rewrite the BNF grammar above to give + precedence over * and force + to be right associative.
- 2. Using the grammar provided above, show a parse tree and a leftmost derivation for each of the following statements:

a. A = (A + B) * Cb. A = B * (C * (A + B))

3. Prove that the following grammar is ambiguous:

<S> -> <A> <A> -> <A> + <A> + <A> | <id> <id> -> a | b | c

4. Consider the following grammar:

<S> -> <A> a b <A> -> <A> b | b -> a | a

Which of the following sentences are in the language generated by this grammar?

- a. baab
- b. bbbab
- c. bbaaaaa
- d. bbaab
- 5. Write a grammar for the language consisting of strings that have *n* copies of the letter a followed by the same number of copies of the letter b, where n > 0.

6. Write an attribute grammar whose BNF basis is the grammar below but whose language rules are as follows: Data types cannot be mixed in expressions, but assignment statements need not have the same types on both sides of the assignment operator.

<assign> -> <var> = <expr> <expr> -> <var>[2] + <var>[3] | <var> <var> -> A | B | C

7. Consider the syntax rule and the semantic function below: <bin_num> -> '0' | '1' | <bin_num> '0' | <bin_num> '1' M_{bin}('0') = 0 M_{bin}('1') = 1 M_{bin}(<bin_num> '0') = 2 * M_{bin}(<bin_num>) M_{bin}(<bin_num> '1') = 2 * M_{bin}(<bin_num>) + 1

What is the value of the sequence of characters '1001'? (Show your work)

8. Axiomatic Semantics

Compute the weakest precondition for each of the following:

a. a = 2 * (b - 1) - 1 {a > 0}
b. a = 2 * b + 1;
b = a - 3;
{b < 0}</pre>

Prove that the following program segment is correct:

c. {b > 4}
c = b - 3;
a = c + 2;
{a >= 2}