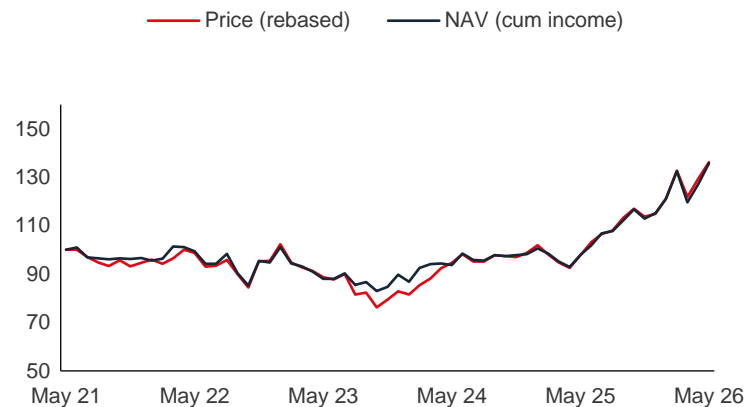


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Share price performance (total return)



Dividend history (pence/share)



Please note that this chart could include dividends that have been declared but not yet paid.

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Please refer to the glossary for the definition of share price total return.

Performance over (%)	1m	3m	6m	1y	3y	5y	10y
Share price (Total return)	5.3	2.6	19.9	39.5	53.6	36.2	114.1
NAV (Total return)	6.8	2.4	20.2	38.8	54.1	35.7	105.8

Discrete year performance (%)	Share price (total return)	NAV (total return)
31/3/2025 to 31/3/2026	28.6	25.7
31/3/2024 to 31/3/2025	7.6	1.2
31/3/2023 to 31/3/2024	-5.0	0.9
31/3/2022 to 31/3/2023	-3.9	-8.0
31/3/2021 to 31/3/2022	-2.4	2.6

Source: at 31/05/26. © 2026 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. **Past performance does not predict future returns.**

All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar.

Company overview

Objective

The Company seeks to provide shareholders with a growing total annual dividend per share, as well as capital appreciation, from a diversified portfolio of investments from the Asia Pacific region.

Highlights

A portfolio of value orientated Asia Pacific equities with a focus on cash flow generation from companies with the ability to sustain and grow dividends.

Company information

NAV (cum income)	260.2p
NAV (ex income)	257.1p
Share price	270.5p
Discount(-)/premium(+)	4.0%
Yield	9.2%
Net gearing	4%
Net cash	-
Total assets	£612m
Net assets	£547m
Market capitalisation	£569m
Total voting rights	210,409,679
Total number of holdings	72
Ongoing charges (year end 31 Aug 2025)	1.12%
Benchmark	-

Source: BNP Paribas for holdings information and Morningstar for all other data. Differences in calculation may occur due to the methodology used.

Please note that the total voting rights in the Company do not include shares held in Treasury.

How to invest

Go to www.janushenderson.com/howtoinvest

Find out more

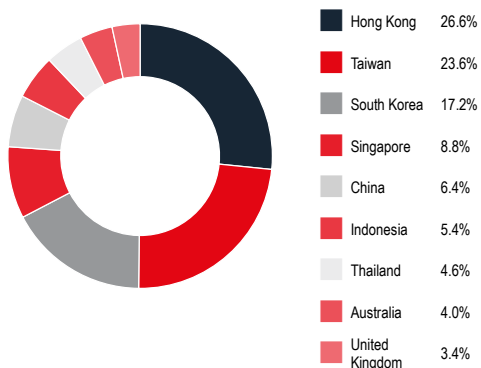
Go to www.hendersonfareastincome.com

Top 10 holdings (%)

MediaTek	6.3
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing	5.0
SK hynix	4.9
United Microelectronics	4.4
Samsung Electronics	4.3
Quanta Computer	3.6
China Resources Land	3.3
SK Square	3.2
Hon Hai Precision Industry	2.9
Midea Group	2.9

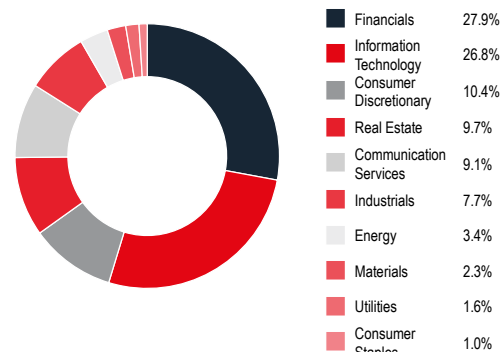
References made to individual securities do not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, investment strategy or market sector, and should not be assumed to be profitable. Janus Henderson Investors, its affiliated advisor, or its employees, may have a position in the securities mentioned.

Geographical focus (%)



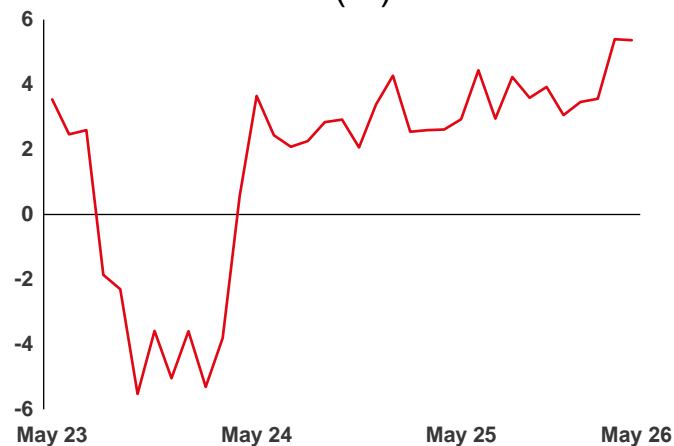
The above geographical breakdown may not add up to 100% as this only shows the top 10.

Sector breakdown (%)



The above sector breakdown may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

Premium/(discount) of share price to NAV at fair value (%)



10 year total return of £1,000



All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar. Share price total return is calculated using mid-market share price with dividends reinvested.

Key information

Stock code	HFEL
AIC sector	AIC Asia Pacific Equity Income
Benchmark	-
Company type	Conventional (Ords)
Launch date	2006
Financial year	31-Aug
Dividend payment	May, August, November, February
Management fee	0.75% of net assets pa
Performance fee	No
<small>(See Annual Report & Key Information Document for more information)</small>	
Regional focus	Asia Pacific ex Japan
Fund manager appointment	Sat Duhra 2019



Sat Duhra
Portfolio Manager

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Please refer to the glossary for the definition of share price total return.

How to invest

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Customer services

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Fund Manager commentary

Investment environment

Asian equities rose sharply in May, boosted by further gains in artificial intelligence (AI)-related stocks and optimism about a potential peace deal between the US and Iran.

South Korean and Taiwanese equities rose strongly, with the former once again the standout performer. They were led by surging technology stocks, particularly in memory chipmakers, which helped the local benchmarks in both markets reach record highs.

Chinese equities fell due to some disappointing economic data and profit-taking in the technology sector. Industrial production growth cooled by more than expected in April, while in the same month the increase in retail sales was much lower than anticipated. However, China's trade surplus was better than forecast in April, with export growth reaching a record high.

Indian equities rose slightly in sterling terms and fell modestly in US dollar terms (due to foreign exchange fluctuations). Tepid earnings growth and a lack of exposure to the AI theme reduced foreign investor interest in the market.

Indonesian shares slumped after the government said it wanted to impose greater control over commodity exports. Australian equities rose modestly. The Reserve Bank of Australia announced its third interest-rate hike in 2026. Meanwhile, the composite purchasing managers' index (PMI) fell into contractionary territory and the unemployment rate increased to a four-year high in April.

Portfolio review

During the month, renewed investor enthusiasm for AI-led investment drove large gains once again for stocks linked to AI and semiconductors. As a result, the underweight positions in heavyweight benchmark constituent stocks such as SK Hynix and Samsung Electronics (given the portfolio's bias towards value-style and income-paying stocks) detracted. Both companies have benefited from a persistent global shortage of memory chips, underpinned by strong demand momentum for AI-related infrastructure, including AI servers.

Conversely, the holdings in contract chipmaker United Microelectronics Corporation (UMC) and chip designer MediaTek contributed. UMC's net sales rose 17.8% year on year in May, reflecting strong operational momentum on the back of increased chip demand. Investor sentiment towards MediaTek improved after the company raised its revenue guidance (forecasts) substantially. Shares in both companies reached all-time highs at the end of the month.

In terms of activity, we exited the positions in ANZ Group and Astra International. We closed the position in the former due to concerns about weakening macroeconomic conditions, while we exited the latter because of its weak first-quarter results.

Manager outlook

Asian investors have faced several exogenous risks in recent years, with conflict in the Middle East the most recent potential shock. However, the growth drivers of these markets are broad-based and have already demonstrated resilience in uncertain times. They stretch across technology, financials, infrastructure and consumer sectors, as well as wide-ranging corporate reform. Asia has a unique position as a hub for technology supply chains, given the region's comparative advantage in hardware and semiconductor manufacturing. There are also opportunities in financials, with millions of consumers being brought into the banking system, accelerated by digital rollouts. Infrastructure spending has continued to benefit from significant power demand boosted by AI. In addition, widespread corporate reform in South Korea, China and Singapore has been supporting shareholder returns.

We believe these trends, in combination with faster-than-expected dividend growth, may offer a compelling and differentiated opportunity for investors. While there are signs of significant uncertainty ahead, we believe these investment themes may prove resilient over time. This could support investors seeking high income against the backdrop of structural growth in the region.

References made to individual securities do not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, investment strategy or market sector, and should not be assumed to be profitable. Janus Henderson Investors, its affiliated advisor, or its employees, may have a position in the securities mentioned.

Glossary

Discount/Premium

The amount by which the price per share of an investment company is either lower (at a discount) or higher (at a premium) than the net asset value per share (cum income), expressed as a percentage of the net asset value per share.

Gearing

The effect of borrowing money for investment purposes (financial gearing). The amount a company can “gear” is the amount it can borrow in order to invest. Gearing is used in the expectation that the returns on the investments bought will exceed the costs of the borrowings that funded the purchase. This Company can also use synthetic gearing through derivatives and foreign exchange hedging and/or other non-fully funded instruments or techniques.

Leverage

The Company's leverage is the sum of financial gearing and synthetic gearing. Details of the Company's leverage limits can be found in both the Key Information Document and Annual Report. Where a company utilises leverage, the profits and losses incurred by the company can be greater than those of a company that does not use leverage.

Market capitalisation

Share price multiplied by the number of shares in issue, excluding treasury shares, at month end. Shares typically priced mid-market at month-end closing.

Net Asset Value (NAV)

The total value of a Company's assets less its liabilities.

NAV (Cum Income)

The value of investments and cash, including current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV (Ex Income)

The value of investments and cash, excluding current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV total return

The theoretical total return on shareholders' funds per share reflecting the change in Net Asset Value (NAV) assuming that dividends paid to shareholders were reinvested at NAV at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. A way of measuring investment management performance of investment trusts which is not affected by movements in discounts/premiums.

Net assets

Total assets minus any liabilities such as bank loans or creditors.

Net cash

A company's net exposure to cash/cash equivalents expressed as a percentage of shareholders' funds, after any offset against its gearing. This is only shown for companies that have gearing in place.

Net gearing

A company's total assets (less cash/cash equivalents) divided by shareholders' funds expressed as a percentage.

Ongoing charges

The total expenses for the financial year (excluding performance fee), divided by the average daily net assets, multiplied by 100.

Share price

Closing mid-market share price at month end.

Share price total return

The theoretical total return to the investor assuming that all dividends received were reinvested in the shares of the company at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. Transaction costs are not taken into account.

Total assets

Cum Income NAV multiplied by the number of shares, plus prior charges at fair value.

Yield

Calculated by dividing the current financial year's dividends per share (this will include prospective dividends) by the current price per share, then multiplying by 100 to arrive at a percentage figure.

For a full list of terms please visit: <https://www.janushenderson.com/en-gb/investor/glossary/>

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Source for fund ratings/awards

Overall Morningstar Rating™ is shown for an investment company achieving a rating of 4 or 5.

Company specific risks

- Shares can lose value rapidly, and typically involve higher risks than bonds or money market instruments. The value of your investment may fall as a result.
- Active management techniques that have worked well in normal market conditions could prove ineffective or negative for performance at other times.
- The Company has significant exposure to Emerging Markets, which tend to be less stable than more established markets. These markets can be affected by local political and economic conditions as well as variances in the reliability of trading systems, buying and selling practices, and financial reporting standards.
- A persistent reduction in dividend income from investee companies could adversely affect the Company's ability to maintain its record of paying a growing dividend each year.
- This Company is suitable to be used as one component of several within a diversified investment portfolio. Investors should consider carefully the proportion of their portfolio invested in this Company.
- The Company could lose money if a counterparty with which it trades becomes unwilling or unable to meet its obligations to the Company.
- The return on your investment is directly related to the prevailing market price of the Company's shares, which will trade at a varying discount (or premium) relative to the value of the underlying assets of the Company. As a result, losses (or gains) may be higher or lower than those of the Company's assets.
- If a Company's portfolio is concentrated towards a particular country or geographical region, the investment carries greater risk than a portfolio that is diversified across more countries.
- The portfolio allows the manager to use options for efficient portfolio management. Options can be volatile and may result in a capital loss.
- Where the Company invests in assets that are denominated in currencies other than the base currency, the currency exchange rate movements may cause the value of investments to fall as well as rise.
- The Company may use gearing (borrowing to invest) as part of its investment strategy. If the Company utilises its ability to gear, the profits and losses incurred by the Company can be greater than those of a Company that does not use gearing.
- All or part of the Company's management fee is taken from its capital. While this allows more income to be paid, it may also restrict capital growth or even result in capital erosion over time.

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