## Pre-contractual disclosure for financial products referred to in Article 9(1), (2) and (3) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088

**Product name/legal identifier:** Elite Alfred Berg Renewable Energy Infrastructure Fund II Ky / 3183619-3 (the "**Partnership**" or the "**Fund**").

The Partnership is an alternative investment fund formed with EAB Fund Management Ltd as its alternative investment fund manager (the "AIFM"). Investors will participate in the Fund as limited partners (the "Limited Partners") and a Finnish limited company, a group company of the AIFM, will act as its general partner (the "General Partner").

The document discloses the manner in which sustainability risks are integrated into the Fund's investment decisions and the results of the assessment of the likely impacts of sustainability risks on the returns of the Fund pursuant to Article 6 of the Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector ("**SFRD**"). This document is attached to the document that discloses information pursuant to Article 23 of the EU Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (2011/61/EU; the "**AIFMD**") and the Finnish Act on Alternative Investment Fund Managers and the Decree of the Ministry of Finance 226/2014 (which implements the requirements of Article 23(1) and Article 23(2) of the AIFMD).

This document is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with the other documentation relating to the Partnership, including the final form of the fund agreement relating to the Partnership (the **"Fund Agreement**"). All information set forth herein is confidential. Any investment in the Partnership will be subject to the final terms of the Fund Agreement.

## Sustainable investment objective

This product has sustainable investment as its objective. Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices

1. A description on the manner in	The Fund's Investment Strategy is to make
which sustainability risks are	sustainable investments into renewable
integrated into their investment	energy infrastructure, with main focus on
decisions.	solar and wind power assets. Solar and
	wind energy are renewable and carbon
	neutral energy sources and investments in
	solar and wind energy infrastructure will
	help to curb carbon emissions and help to
	meet the global objective of climate
	neutrality and the long-term global
	warming objectives of the Paris
	Agreement. Therefore, the Fund has
	sustainable investments as its investment
	objective. Thus, the Fund shall be
	considered as a financial product that has
	a sustainable investment as its objective
	(SFDR Art. 9).
	The Fund will make ESG (environmental,
	social and corporate governance)
	considerations when selecting investment
	opportunities. As an example, the Fund

will consider ESG aspects as a part of its
due diligence process with respect to a
potential investment target. Considering
the Fund's investment strategy,
environmental aspects will have the most
weight of all ESG aspects. As a result of
the due diligence process, the Fund will
either invest in the target if it meets the
criteria of a sustainable investment or
exclude the target Further, the Fund will
demand that all the targets follow
guidelines given by the Fund and these
guidelines also include ESG aspects and
ESG related risk and opportunity analysis
and targets for these. The environmental
factors analyzed and targeted are related
to reducing direct and indirect CO2
emissions, renewable energy produced,
increasing energy efficiency, reducing
water usage, preserving natural capital
(ecosystems, land, water) and combating
climate change. The social factors
analyzed are related to providing good
workplace conditions and workplace
safety, antidiscrimination and diversity
policies and following good bargaining
and union guidelines. Also, important
factors are stakeholder engagement (local
communities included), data security and
privacy and product safety. With regards
to corporate governance, the factors that
are analyzed are related to anti -
competitive behavior, bribery and
corruption, business ethics and
controversies related to taxes and
subsidies. The targets shall not
significantly harm any of the following
objectives: environmental objective, as
measured, for example, by key resource
efficiency indicators on the use of energy,
renewable energy, raw materials, water
and land, on the production of waste, and
greenhouse gas emissions, or on its impact
on biodiversity and the circular economy,
social objective, such as tackling inequality
or social cohesion, social integration and
labour relations, investments in human
capital or economically or socially
disadvantaged communities.
aisaavantagea communities.

<ol> <li>A description on the results of the assessment of the likely impacts of sustainability risks on the returns of the financial products they make available.</li> </ol>	The Fund will also gather relevant ESG data from the targets. In its ESG considerations, the Fund will, among other things, utilize ESA's Final Report on draft Regulatory Technical Standards, as it is available, as well as available information on the EU's classification system for sustainable economic activities. The Fund's investment team members have obtained ESG-related training and the fund management company's risk management team monitor ESG-related risks and activities of the fund. ESG factors and sustainability risks in the Fund's investment decisions may have a non-negative or even a positive effect on the target assets' financial returns and risk measures. This is because, generally, targets that perform well with respect to ESG factors are often better managed.
	ESG factors are often better managed. Further, the Fund aims to achieve higher yield and in an efficient manner manage ESG risks through its active ownership of the businesses it owns. On the other hand, the Fund's exclusion and avoidance strategies with respect to potential investment targets that perform poorly in ESG due diligence, may result in fewer investment targets and accrue unnecessary costs. As a result of weighing these factors the Fund's investment team and the AIFM believe that the Fund's policy with respect to sustainability risks will likely have a non-negative or positive impact on the returns of the Fund.
3. What is the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?	The goal of the investment strategy is to produce renewable energy in largest possible quantities and in an economically sensible way. This in turn reduces the GHG (greenhouse gas) emissions directly and indirectly. Furthermore, the energy efficiency investments reduce energy consumption intensity.
4. What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?	Considering the Fund's investment strategy, environmental aspects will have the most weight of all ESG aspects. The environmental factors analyzed and targeted are related to reducing direct and indirect greenhouse gas emissions, renewable energy produced, increasing

	energy efficiency, reducing water usage, preserving natural capital (ecosystems, land, water) and combating climate change.
5. What investment strategy d financial product follow?	strategy (as described in a more detailed manner in the Art. 23 disclosures documents and the Fund Agreement), the purpose of the Fund is to make investments in renewable energy plants, installations, infrastructure and
6. What are the binding eleme the investment strategy use select the investments to at sustainable investment obje	ed to develop, purchase and manage renewable energy plants, installations, infrastructure
7. How is that strategy implem the investment process on a continuous basis?	
8. What is the policy to assess governance practices of the companies?	good That the policies of the companies are in
<ol><li>Where can I find further det the investment strategy?</li></ol>	tails on In the fund agreement and the associated documents.
10. What is the asset allocation for this financial product?	planned The Partnership will invest directly or indirectly in renewable energy plants,

<ul> <li>#1 Sustainable covers investments that qualify as sustainable investments.</li> <li>#2 Other includes investments which do not qualify as sustainable investments</li> </ul>	installations, infrastructure and supporting technology predominantly located in Europe with the focus of investments in Western Europe. The majority of the investments are classified to be in the Group #1. In the Group #2 belong the cash and bank deposit holdings of the fund.
11. What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?	Cash and/or bank deposits guarantee the sufficient liquidity of the Fund. These investments do not prevent the financial product from attaining its sustainable investment objective and they are in line with the Fund's sustainable investment objective. The funds used to make cash and/or bank deposits originate from the investors of the Fund and such cash and/or bank deposits are made in reputable banks that comply with the "no significant harm principle and with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, including the International Labour Organisation's ("ILO") declaration on Fundamental Rights and Principles at Work, the eight ILO core conventions, and the International Bill of Human Rights.
12. How does the proportion and use of such investments included in "#2 Other" not affect the delivery of the sustainable investment objective?	The proportion of #2 Investments is very small compared to the #1 Group and such investments do have minimum environmental and social safeguards. Therefore, the 2# Investments do not affect the delivery of Fund's sustainable investment objective
13. How does the use of derivatives attain the sustainable investment objective? [include where derivatives are used to attain the sustainable investment objective]	Potentially the fund may use derivatives to hedge currency risk, interest rate risk or power price risk. These instruments help the fund to manage the risks not aligned with its primary investment focus of making investments to renewable energy plants, installations, infrastructure and supporting technology. Furthermore, these derivatives help the fund to be more competitive in the purchasing or development process and thus better attain its environmental goals.
<ol> <li>How will sustainable investments contribute to a sustainable investment objective and not</li> </ol>	The goal of the investment strategy is to produce renewable energy in largest possible quantities and in an economically sensible way. This in turn reduces the GHG

significantly harm any sustainable investment objective?	(greenhouse gas) emissions directly and indirectly. Furthermore, the energy efficiency investments reduce energy consumption intensity. Furthermore, water usage is monitored, and the fund actively seeks to reduce water usage in its investments. Also, protected areas are sought to be kept preserved and waste production is monitored and actively sought to be reduced.
15. How are indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?	The reduction in GHG (greenhouse gas) emissions directly and indirectly is monitored. Furthermore, the energy efficiency investments reduce energy consumption intensity. Furthermore, water usage is monitored, and the fund actively seeks to reduce water usage in its investments. Also, protected areas are sought to be kept preserved and waste production is monitored and actively sought to be reduced.
16. Are sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?	Yes, they are aligned with these guidelines and principles.
17. Does this product take into account principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?	Yes.
18. Can I find I find more product specific information online?	Product-specific information can be found on the website: https://www.eabgroup.fi/vastuullinen- sijoittaminen [information to be updated]
19. Is a specific index designated as a reference sustainable benchmark to meet the sustainable investment objective? [include section for a financial product referred to in Article 9(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088]	There is currently no index designated as a reference benchmark, since no such EU Paris Agreement aligned index exists for this type of investment or asset class. The fund is a private equity-type infrastructure fund.
20. How does the reference benchmark take into account sustainability factors in a way that is continuously aligned with the sustainable investment objective?	Currently no Paris Agreement aligned benchmark index (EU PAB) exist for this type of investment and asset class. The intention is to follow the EU guidelines related to such a benchmark, when assessing the investments of the fund and the aim is to keep the fund's investments' effect on global warming below the 1.5 degrees Paris agreement target. We e.g. intend to take into account the following overall ESG and environmental and social

	characteristics: carbon intensity, degree of
	exposure of the portfolio to infrastructure
	associated with high emitting sectors of
	the economy as % of total weight in
	portfolio, degree of exposure of the
	portfolio to climate-related opportunities
	as % of total weight in portfolio, total
	weighting of portfolio constituents in
	controversial weapon sector or tobacco
	and total weighting of portfolio
	constituents not meeting the principles of
	the UN Global Compact and keep all of
	these values to a minimum.
21. How is the alignment of the	Currently no Paris Agreement aligned
investment strategy with the	benchmark index (EU PAB) exist for this
methodology of the index ensured	type of investment and asset class.
on a continuous basis?	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
22. Why and how does the designated	Currently no Paris Agreement aligned
index differ from a relevant broad	benchmark index (EU PAB) exist for this
market index?	type of investment and asset class.
23. Does the financial product have the	Currently no Paris Agreement aligned
objective of a reduction in carbon	benchmark index (EU PAB) exist for this
emissions? [include section for a	type of investment and asset class. The
financial product referred to in	intention is to follow the EU guidelines
Article 9(3) of Regulation (EU)	related to such a benchmark, when
2019/2088]	assessing the investments of the fund and
	the aim is to keep the fund's investments'
	effect on global warming below the 1.5
	degrees Paris agreement target. We e.g.
	intend to take into account the following
	overall ESG and environmental and social
	characteristics: carbon intensity, degree of
	exposure of the portfolio to infrastructure
	associated with high emitting sectors of
	the economy as % of total weight in
	portfolio, degree of exposure of the
	portfolio to climate-related opportunities
	as % of total weight in portfolio, total
	weighting of portfolio constituents in
	controversial weapon sector or tobacco
	and total weighting of portfolio
	constituents not meeting the principles of
	the UN Global Compact and keep all of
	these values to a minimum.