

Strong 2016

Pursuit of continuous improvement set to continue



All parts of DFDS' route network and key logistics activities contributed to increase the profit before tax by 52% to DKK 1,588m in 2016. An all-time high for DFDS.

The considerable increase of earnings in 2016 reflects DFDS' agenda of continuous improvement and benefits from volume growth driven by the moderate economic growth in most of our key markets in northern Europe.

In 2017 we expect to be able to continue to improve our financial performance as the outlook for Europe's economy is positive and our pursuit of improvement will continue.

The agenda for 2017 includes four targeted projects, focus on operational agility, decisions on fleet renewal and, not least, exploring digital opportunities.

We are especially excited about adding more digital solutions to our business model to make life easier for our customers and to gain operational efficiencies.

In parallel, we are renewing the fleet as two chartered freight new buildings are delivered this year and two freight new buildings are ordered for delivery in the beginning of 2019. Moreover, we are carefully analysing the options for renewing our passengers ships as well as other long-term investments.

To celebrate DFDS' 150th anniversary in 2016, the Board of Directors awarded 30 shares to each employee in recognition of their contribution to our growth and to strengthen the bond between DFDS and our employees. It was also a fitting tribute to the anniversary.

In line with the higher level of earnings, the distribution to shareholders is increasing through higher dividends and larger share buybacks. At the same time, we have the resources to continue to pursue synergies from acquisitions, to invest in our people and in our relations with all stakeholders, not least our customers.

Niels Smedegaard President & CEO

Key figures 2016

Revenue up **8%** to DKK 13.8bn EBITDA² up **27%** to DKK 2.6bn

Return on invested capital increased to 17.8% **пкк 1.3bn** distributed to shareholders

DFDS Group

Shipping Division

- Ferry services for freight and passengers
- Industry solutions
- Port terminal services

Logistics Division

- Door-door transport solutions
- Contract logistics

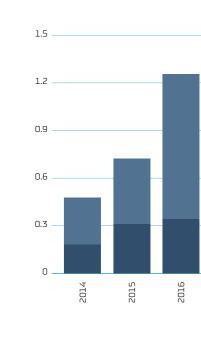
Revenue per division

DFDS Summary 2016

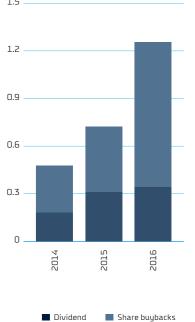
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Logistics Division

EBITDA per division before special items



Distribution to shareholders



¹ Growth adjusted for currency changes and revenue from bunker surcharges

² Before special items

DFDS' European Network

DFDS was established in 1866.

DFDS provides **ferry shipping services and transport solutions** in Europe.

Over 8,000 freight customers rely on our ferry and port terminal services as well as flexible transport and logistics solutions.

We also provide safe overnight and short sea ferry services to **seven million passengers,** many travelling in their own car.

We have **more than 7,000 employees** in 20 countries. DFDS is head-quartered in Copenhagen and listed on Nasdaq Copenhagen.



Narvik

Fauske

●Mo i Rana

Port of call and Shipping sales office

Logistics sales office

Logistics operations

^{····} Rail transport



Shipping Division

- Channel's result boosted by capacity expansion
- Baltic route network adapted to meet higher demand
- Continued high volume growth between the UK and the Continent
- Bunker cost savings benefited passenger activities

Head of division

Peder Gellert Pedersen

Share of DFDS Group revenue 2016

69%

Business areas

- North SeaBaltic Sea
- Channel
- Passenger
- France & Mediterranean

The Shipping Division's revenue increased by 8% adjusted for currency changes and excluding bunker surcharges while reported revenue increased by 4% to DKK 9,468m compared to 2015. EBIT before special items increased by 37% to DKK 1.613m.

The return on invested capital, ROIC, before special items increased to 19.6% in 2016 from 14.9% in 2015. Average invested capital increased by 4% to DKK 8,145m compared to 2015.

North sea

Revenue increased by 7% adjusted for currency changes and excluding bunker surcharges while reported revenue decreased by 1% to DKK 3,365m compared to 2015. EBIT before special items increased by 13% to DKK 515m.

Freight volumes increased by 5% while the overall freight rate level was somewhat above 2015. All routes contributed to the volume growth with the highest growth achieved by the UK-Continent routes and the Sweden-Continent route that carried more automotive volumes.

Baltic Sea

Revenue increased by 13% excluding bunker surcharges while reported revenue increased by 8% to DKK 1,349m compared to 2015. EBIT before special items increased by 57% to DKK 363m.

Freight volumes increased by 15% and by 11% adjusted for the addition of a new route, Paldiski-Hanko, in October 2016. The overall freight rate level was somewhat higher than in 2015. Volumes were in Q1 2016 boosted by a dispute regarding road permits between Poland and Russia which led freight customers from road to sea. Passenger volumes increased by 7% and by 4% adjusted for the addition of Paldiski-Hanko.

Channel

Revenue increased by 33% adjusted for currency changes and excluding bunker surcharges while reported revenue increased by 23% to DKK 2,288m compared to 2015. EBIT before special items increased by 99% to DKK 394m.

Freight volumes increased by 36% and passenger volumes increased by 18% driven by 37% more sailings. The growth was entirely driven by the Dover-Calais route as the number of sailings on Dover-Dunkirk decreased slightly in 2016. The increase in the number of sailings on Dover-Calais was due to the deployment of three ferries since February 2016 while the route was serviced by only one ferry in parts of 2015.

France & Mediterranean

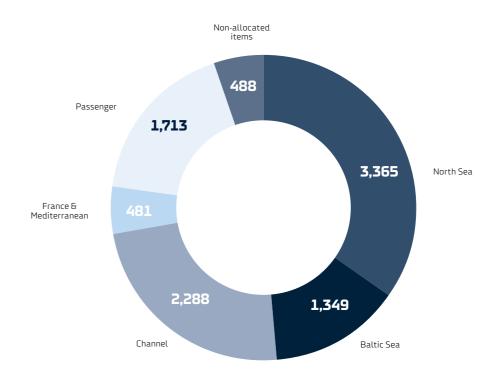
Revenue was flat adjusted for currency changes and excluding bunker surcharges while reported revenue decreased by 4% to DKK 481m compared to 2015. EBIT before special items increased by 119% to DKK 11m. Freight volumes decreased by 2% and passenger volumes decreased by 3%. The lower volumes should be seen in context with the positive impact on volumes in 2015 from the disruptions on the Dover Strait in that year.

Passenger

Revenue was flat adjusted for currency changes and excluding bunker surcharges while reported revenue decreased by 2% to DKK 1,713m compared to 2015. EBIT before special items increased by 16% to DKK 253m.

Passenger volumes were on par with 2015 on both routes. On Copenhagen-Oslo, the passenger mix changed as the share of overseas passengers was increased to offset weaker demand from the Norwegian market. On Amsterdam-Newcastle, volume growth in the UK stalled following the depreciation of GBP in June 2016. Despite the limited growth in revenue, the overall result was improved by a considerable saving on bunker cost due to a lower oil price.

Revenue per business unit, 2016, DKK m



Shipping Division, DKK m	2016	2015	Δ	Δ %
Revenue	9,468	9,071	397	4.4%
EBITDA before special items	2,439	1,906	533	28.0%
Share of profit/loss of associates and joint ventures	-3	-11	9	n.a.
Profit/loss on disposal of non-current assets, net	4	1	3	n.a.
Depreciation and impairment	-828	-716	-112	15.7%
EBIT before special items	1,613	1,180	433	36.7%
EBIT-margin before special items, %	17.0	13.0	4.0	n.a.
Special items, net	-13	-39	26	-66.5%
EBIT	1,600	1,141	459	40.2%
Invested capital, average	8,145	7,799	346	4.4%
ROIC before special items, %	19.6	14.9	4.7	n.a.
Lane metres, '000	37,783	31,195	6,588	21.1%
Passengers, '000	6,964	6,194	770	12.4%



More Asian tourists on Copenhagen-Oslo route

Scandinavia is currently experiencing a massive growth in Asian tourists. A fruitful collaboration between DFDS and a number of Scandinavian tour operators have helped open the gates to the rapidly growing market.

According to VisitDenmark, Asian nationals accounted for 600,000 overnight stays in Denmark in 2016, twice as many as in 2010. Chinese tourists in particular account for a large number of these overnight stays, and they are an interesting customer segment for DFDS' Copenhagen-Oslo route.

"The Chinese want to see the most classic attractions Copenhagen has to offer, such as The Little Mermaid, Nyhavn and Amalienborg, to name a few. Most Chinese tourists visit Scandinavia in tour groups that take them on a round-trip through Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Finland.

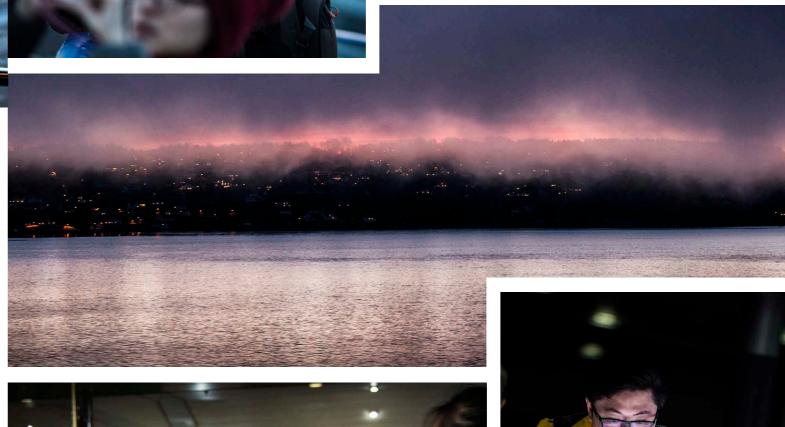
This means DFDS has a very attractive product to offer, because the voyage is an easy and natural way of travelling between Denmark and Norway. At the same time, it is also a great product because it appeals both to experienced travellers and the tour groups," says Flemming Bruhn, Director of VisitDenmark.

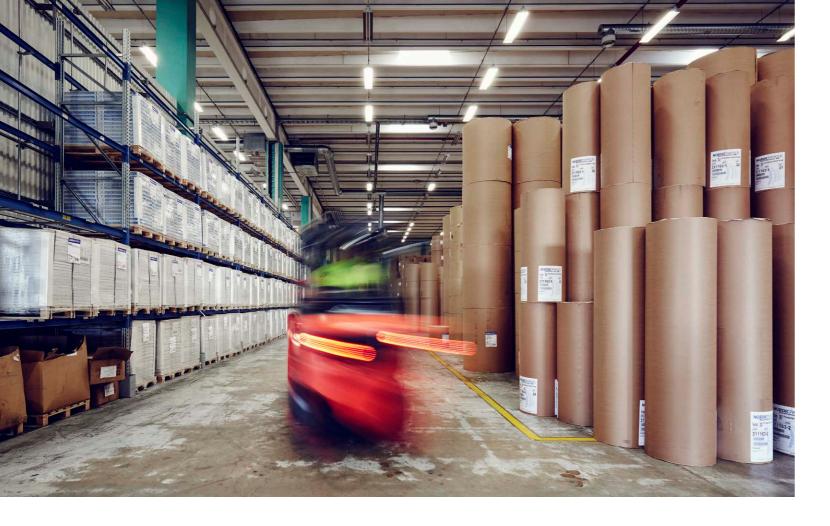
The Copenhagen-Oslo cruise is popular among Asian tourists. From 2015 to 2016, the growth was 46% in tour groups from Thailand and 33% for tour groups from South Korea. The growth in group sales was 7% between 2015 and 2016, while the sale of individual online reservations has increased 51% over three years and there is still a large untapped potential in Asia.

Travellers from Asian countries love Nordic fish and shellfish, and they expect to find them served at the ship's evening buffet which has been upgraded in recent years to meet these expectations

Ivan Tang and his wife are from Hong Kong and part of a larger group travelling around Scandinavia. "We have returned to experience the beautiful scenery up here, which is very different from what we have at home. Being a history teacher, I am also very keen on exploring and learning more about the rich history and culture that you find in the cities. There are so many beautiful castles, characteristic buildings and great museums, and on top of all that, we love the food. This time we have tried roast pork, herring and fish fillets with remoulade," says Ivan Tang.

Read more about this story and other Chinese tourists on DFDS' website: https://www.dfds.com/group/investors/reports-and-presentations/q4-report





Logistics Division

- EBITDA increased by 8%
- Growth in contract logistics key driver of improvement
- More focus on premium services
- Depreciation of GBP reduced result
- Two acquisitions completed in Q4

Head of division

Eddie Green

Share of DFDS Group revenue 2016

36%

Business areas

- Nordic
- Continent
- UK & Ireland

The Logistics Division's revenue increased by 2% adjusted for currency changes while reported revenue decreased by 2% to DKK 4,930m compared to 2015. EBIT before special items increased by 13% to DKK 161m.

The return on invested capital, ROIC, before special items increased to 13.4% in 2016 from 11.9% in 2015. Average invested capital decreased by 2% to DKK 1,084m.

Nordic

Revenue decreased by 3% to DKK 1,613m compared to 2015 while EBIT before special items increased by 23% to DKK 53m.

The forwarding markets of the Scandinavia–UK corridors were in general challenging in 2016 with declining volumes and rates and higher imbalances. This was, however, offset by increasing activity in contract logistics.

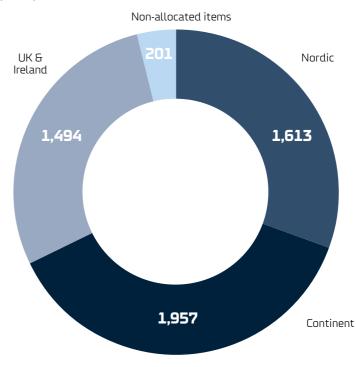
Continent

Revenue increased by 2% to DKK 1,957m compared to 2015 and EBIT before special items increased by 43% to DKK 47m.

The higher result was driven by higher volumes and further optimisation of the forwarding activities in both the Netherlands-UK and Belgium-Scandinavia corridors. Volumes and earnings also increased in the Germany-UK corridor driven by automotive logistics contracts and higher container volumes.

Logistics Division, DKK m	2016	2015	Δ	Δ %
Revenue	4,930	5,034	-104	-2.1%
EBITDA before special items	252	234	18	7.8%
Profit/loss on disposal of non-current assets, net	4	4	0	2.4%
Depreciation and impairment	-94	-95	1	-0.7%
EBIT before special items	161	143	19	13.3%
EBIT-margin before special items, %	3.3	2.8	0.4	n.a.
Special items, net	0	9	-8	n.a.
EBIT	162	151	11	7.0%
Invested capital, average	1,084	1,104	-21	-1.9%
ROIC before special items, %	13.4	11.9	1.5	n.a.
Tons, '000	427.2	403.1	24.1	6.0%
Units, '000	522.3	453.9	68.4	15.1%

Revenue per business unit, 2016, DKK m



UK & Ireland

Revenue increased by 6% adjusted for currency changes while reported revenue decreased by 6% to DKK 1,494m compared to 2015. EBIT before special items decreased by DKK 5m or 8% to DKK 61m as the currency impact on EBIT was negative by DKK 10m due to the depreciation of GBP.

During the first half of the year the alignment into a country structure for the temperature-controlled seafood activities was completed. The contract logistics activities in mid-England expanded with two new cold store contracts and together with higher revenues from existing customers, earnings improved in 2016. The forwarding activities based in Belfast improved results in the first half-year but this was offset by more challenging markets in the second half-year.



Brexit – business as usual or disruption

Both citizens and businesses across Europe are currently asking themselves, what does Brexit mean to me?



As a ferry and logistics operator with many activities and 2,200 employees in the UK, DFDS is at the heart of the ongoing process of the UK's vote to leave the EU and an 'early indicator' of changes in trade and passenger movements. First, it is important to note that any changes to for example trade tariffs will not take effect for at least two years and maybe longer. The same goes for changes to conditions for foreign nationals working in the UK and the EU.

At DFDS, we share a great interest in the potential impact of Brexit on trade with our customers. One of those is the Mars Group – a global manufacturer of confectionery, pet food, and other food products.

"At meetings with the UK Management of the Mars Group, we discussed our experiences and expectations as regards the Brexit situation. Our joint understanding was that so far, we have seen no or very limited effect of Brexit on trade. Neither do we foresee any major decline of trade in the near future. Recently, the Bank of England adjusted their growth expectations upwards to 2% in 2017, and our experience is that when the economy grows then freight volumes also grow," says Eddie Green, Executive Vice President and Head of DFDS' Logistics Division.

"There are also still some uncertainties as to when a Brexit will actually occur. Although the British Prime Minister has set a deadline of 31 March 2017 to invoke Article 50 and commence Brexit negotiations, it is not expected that the UK will leave the EU for at least two years and negotiations on the finer details could take longer. In addition, we support the view that in reality, everyone is benefitting from trade, and therefore we believe that all political groups and nations will share an interest in protecting and stimulating trade," he says.

So far, the major change caused by the Brexit vote has been a depreciation of the British pound. This has impacted some trade flows, but not overall volumes. The impact has been more noticeable on the passenger market as it has become more expensive for UK citizens to travel abroad while London, on the other hand, has seen a rise in tourists on shopping sprees.



Growing with our stakeholders

Our business is to move and connect goods and people. In December 2016 we had been doing so for 150 years. Part of the secret of our company's longevity is a deep-seated belief in taking good care of our customers and all other stakeholders, including the environment.

DFDS' business model revolves around the operation of ferry routes carrying freight and passengers and providing transport and logistics solutions to a diverse range of manufacturers. A large part of the solutions are carried out using the ferry route network.

With regard to the reporting of activities that fit into the umbrella of CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility), the key goals are to limit the impact of activities on the environment, keep people and goods safe, secure jobs and good working conditions, support social initiatives and be a diverse company as regards nationality, gender, race and age.

We also protect our company against fraud and seek to communicate and engage with our stakeholders in a trustworthy manner at all times

This is all part of our efforts to contribute to the growth of businesses and people in the societies in which we operate.

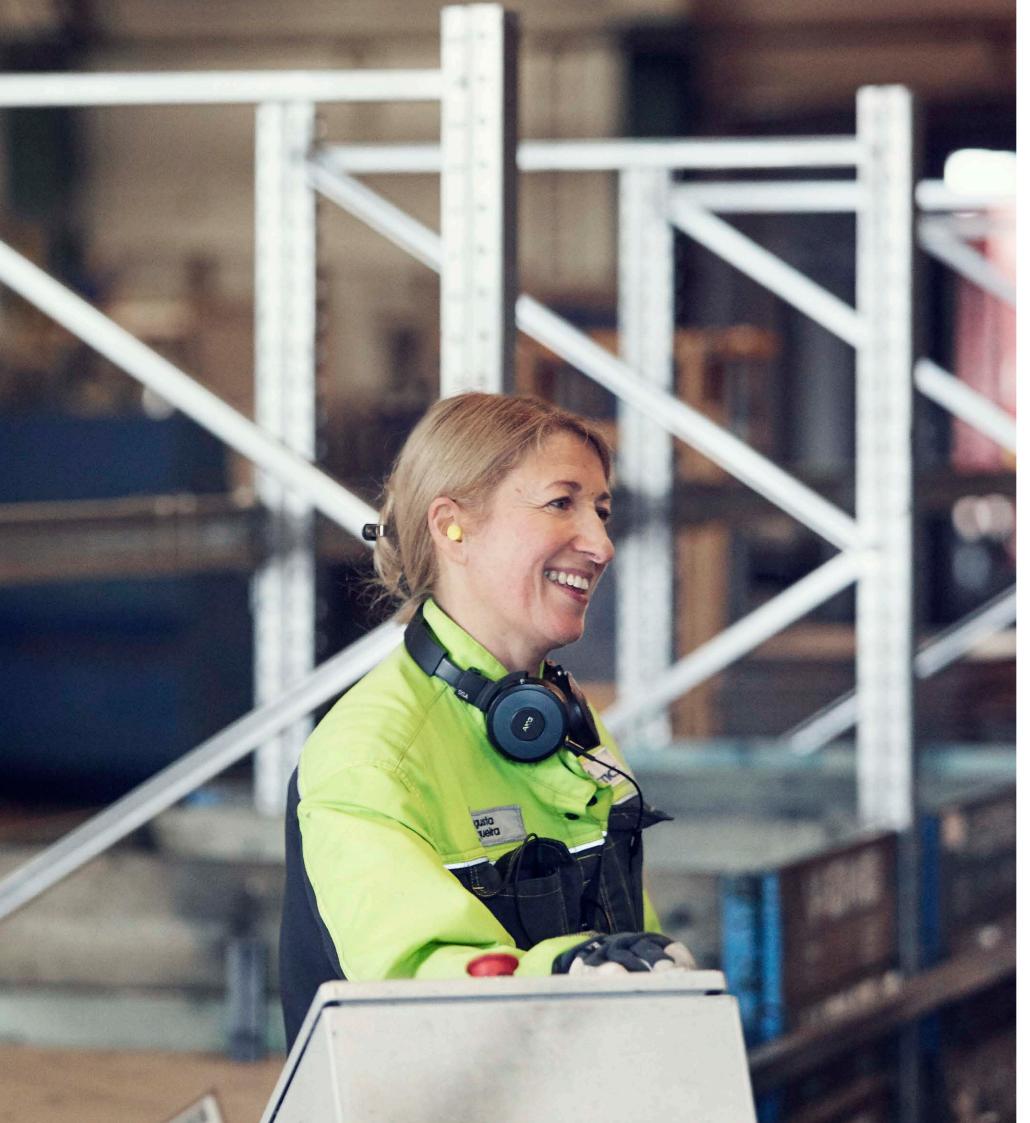
In December 2016, we celebrated DFDS'150th anniversary. In recognition of the contribution made by DFDS' employees in recent years to our growth and as part of the celebration of the anniversary, the Board of Directors awarded 30 restricted shares to all employees. The total number of employees eligible for the award of shares exceeds 7,000.

In our CSR Report 2016, available from this link: http://www.dfdsgroup.com/about/responsibility/, we report on policies, processes and systems, actions and results and how they contribute to our company.

CSR Summary

CSR focus areas	Highlights 2016
DFDS' operations include a number of land-based activities, e.g. handling of trailers and containers in port terminals, ambient and temperature-controlled warehousing, haulage and offices	 4,706 e-learning modules completed, almost twice as many as in 2015 Accident frequency increased
DFDS is responsible for the safe operation of more than 40 ships. This is done by applying safety standards and by training and frequent drills on board the ships to continuously enhance ship crews' ability to protect people, goods and the ship against the consequences of incidents such as fire on board, collisions and other major incidents	Near-miss reporting at satisfactory level Operational issues caused by migrants
In 2016, the average number of employees was 7,065 spread across 20 countries. The purpose of our HR activities is to support recruitment processes, employee and management development, retention, talent spotting, performance management, setting of remuneration and benefits, as well as organizational efficiency	 Improved Onboarding programme to receive new employees 30 shares awarded to each employee to celebrate 150th anniversary of DFDS
Each year, we transport millions of freight units and passengers through communities close to port terminals and other facilities operated by DFDS. In many communities, we are part of local life and take an active interest in community issues, including job creation and support of community initiatives	 11 people benefited from joint foundation with Danish union, DMMA, allowing them to work part-time due to health reasons High:Five project to offer jobs to former criminals celebrated 10th anniversary
95% of DFDS' emissions are due to ship operations. The most important environmental goal is therefore to reduce the energy consumption of our ships. We continue to be on track to achieve a 5% reduction in 2017 compared to 2012	 Scrubbers proven to be more efficient than required by regulations Ballast water convention ratified in September 2016 to come into force in September 2017
Around 80% of DFDS' annual revenue is generated by providing freight shipping services and transport and logistics solutions to around 8,000 customers, mainly freight forwarders and manufacturers. In 2016, we carried seven million passengers across the route network	All time high customer satisfaction scores New app developed and introduced on Copenhagen-Oslo to improve the customer experience
Our suppliers must accept to conform to the DFDS Supplier Code of Conduct and all applicable international conventions and national legislation in the country where production or services are performed	Round Sourcing of goods and services for DKK 9bn, equal to 5,000 purchase orders per month Makers management and supplier relationship management introduced
	DFDS' operations include a number of land-based activities, e.g. handling of trailers and containers in port terminals, ambient and temperature-controlled warehousing, haulage and offices DFDS is responsible for the safe operation of more than 40 ships. This is done by applying safety standards and by training and frequent drills on board the ships to continuously enhance ship crews' ability to protect people, goods and the ship against the consequences of incidents such as fire on board, collisions and other major incidents In 2016, the average number of employees was 7,065 spread across 20 countries. The purpose of our HR activities is to support recruitment processes, employee and management development, retention, talent spotting, performance management, setting of remuneration and benefits, as well as organizational efficiency Each year, we transport millions of freight units and passengers through communities close to port terminals and other facilities operated by DFDS. In many communities, we are part of local life and take an active interest in community issues, including job creation and support of community initiatives 95% of DFDS' emissions are due to ship operations. The most important environmental goal is therefore to reduce the energy consumption of our ships. We continue to be on track to achieve a 5% reduction in 2017 compared to 2012 Around 80% of DFDS' annual revenue is generated by providing freight shipping services and transport and logistics solutions to around 8,000 customers, mainly freight forwarders and manufacturers. In 2016, we carried seven million passengers across the route network

DFDS' CSR Report 2016 is available from this link: https://www.dfds.com/group/about/responsibility



Diversity on the agenda

Women make up 28% of DFDS' workforce, which is on a par with our industry. However, only 4% of all employees at senior management level are women.

DFDS aims to increase not only the total number of women in DFDS, but also focus on increasing the number of women in senior management positions in the coming years.

During 2016 we identified concrete actions to be implemented in 2017. One area to improve is our recruitment process. The process will be changed so shortlisted candidates are interviewed by people of both genders during the process. Moreover, we will review the communication style to ensure we communicate to both genders.

Undoing unconscious bias is where the true value lies to improve diversity in general. Therefore a training package will be introduced to all managers in DFDS to work with unconscious bias to create awareness and remove obstacles that prevent diversity.

A Women's Network will also be established with the objective of accelerating women's careers.

Diversity development

In our Board of Directors there is currently a female representation of 33%, excluding employee-elected members, in line with the recommended minimum ratio of the Danish Committee on Corporate Governance.

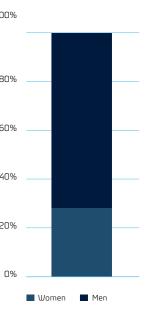
The Board continuously assesses the composition with regard to further increasing gender diversity.

DFDS' HR policy

We lead an international and competent workforce that consistently understands our customers' needs. A passionate workforce that thrives in an environment with inclusive behaviours. At all times we seek the right candidate for a position regardless of gender, age, religion, nationality or ethnicity.

Gender distribution

DFDS' workforce 2016



The DFDS share and shareholders

The total return on the DFDS share was 23% in 2016

Share capital

DFDS has one class of shares. At the end of 2016, the share capital was DKK 1,200m comprising 60,000,000 shares, each with a nominal value of DKK 20. In accordance with DFDS' share buyback programme 1.5m shares were cancelled on 11 May 2016.

Stock exchange trading

The DFDS share is listed on Nasdaq Copenhagen where 23.6m DFDS shares were traded in 2016 equal to an annual turnover of DKK 6.9bn compared to DKK 3.7bn in 2015. The average number of trades per day was 1,030 compared to 548 in 2015 and the average daily turnover was DKK 26m compared to DKK 15m in 2015. The DFDS share is part of the Large Cap index.

Share price performance and yield

DFDS' share price rose by 21% to DKK 323 in 2016. The total market value at the end of the year was DKK 18.4bn, excluding treasury shares. By comparison, the Danish stock market's all share index decreased by 8% in 2016.

The total yield on the DFDS share was 6.9% in 2016 consisting of a combination of dividend yield and buyback of shares.

Distribution policy

DFDS' distribution policy is to pay dividend semi-annually. This facilitates a faster return of capital to shareholders and aligns dividend payments with DFDS' seasonal cash flow cycle that peaks during the third quarter, which is the high season for passenger travel.

In addition, excess capital, as determined by the leverage target, can be distributed through share buybacks and/or dividends

Leverage is defined by the ratio of net interest-bearing debt (NIBD) to operating profit before depreciation (EBITDA). The targeted leverage is a NIBD/EBITDA-multiple of between 2.0 and 3.0. The targets can be exceeded in connection with large investments, including acquisitions, and other strategic events.

Dividend proposal

The Board of Directors proposes to the 2017 annual general meeting (AGM) a dividend of DKK 3.00 per share. In addition, the Board of Directors plan to distribute a further dividend of DKK 5.00 per share in August 2017.

Distribution to shareholders

At the AGM in March 2016, the Board of Directors received a mandate to purchase treasury shares totalling a maximum of 10% of the share capital.

In 2016, DFDS distributed a total of DKK 1,263m to shareholders. DKK 914m was distributed through share buybacks, including a buyback in February 2016 of DKK 400m structured as an auction. Dividends totalled DKK 349m of which DKK 175m was paid in April and DKK 174m was paid in August.

Two new share buybacks totalling

DKK 800m were announced on 7 February 2017.

Shareholders

At the end of 2016, DFDS had 15,010 registered shareholders who owned 96% of the share capital. International shareholders owned 31% (2015: 31%) of the total registered share capital.

The Lauritzen Foundation was the largest shareholder with a holding of 41% of the total share capital at the end of 2016.

Investor relations

Søren Brøndholt Nielsen, Director, IR & Corporate Planning

Phone: +45 3342 3359

E-mail: soeren.broendholt@dfds.com

Shareholder's secretariat

Helle Hvidtfeldt Jensen, Secretary

Phone: +45 3342 3271 E-mail: shareholder@dfds.com

Ownership structure, end of 2016

	% or snare Lapital
Lauritzen Foundation	41.4
Institutional shareholders	41.4
Other registered shareholders	8.2
Treasury shares	4.9
Non-registered shareholders	4.1
Total	100.0

With reference to $\S29$ in the Danish Securities Trading Act, the Lauritzen Foundation domiciled in Copenhagen, Denmark, has notified DFDS A/S that it holds more than 5% of the share capital and voting rights of the company.

Shareholder distribution

No. of shares	No. of shareholders	% of share Capital
1-50	4.756	0,2
51-500	7.808	2,4
501-5000	2.028	4,4
5001-50000	311	8,8
50001-	107	80,1
Total*	15.010	95,9

^{*} Total of registered shareholders

Share related key figures

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Share price, DKK					
Price at year-end	322.6	267.0	118.2	87.4	51.1
Price high	359.9	282.0	118.2	91.1	77.2
Price low	211.1	121.0	80.8	52.4	51.6
Market value year-end, DKK m	18,405	15,840	7,177	5,559	3,706
No. of shares year-end, m	60.0	61.5	63.3	74.3	74.3
No. of circulating shares year-end, m	57.1	59.3	60.7	63.6	72.5
Distribution to shareholders, DKK m					
Dividend paid per share, DKK	6.0	5.4	2.8	2.8	2.8
Total dividend paid ex. treasury shares	349	326	177	203	203
Buyback of shares	914	401	295	628	0
Total distribution to shareholders	1,263	727	472	831	203
FCFE yield, %	7.5	9.7	2.6	7.5	28.3
Total distribution yield, %	6.8	4.6	6.5	14.8	5.4
Cash payout ratio, %	91.4	47.0	253.8	197.2	19.1
Shareholder return					
Share price change, %	20.8	125.9	35.2	71.0	-28.0
Dividend return, %	2.2	4.6	3.2	5.5	3.9
Total shareholder return, %	23.1	130.5	38.4	76.5	-24.1
Share valuation					
Equity per share, DKK	116.3	105.4	100.0	98.5	95.0
Price/book value, times	2.77	2.53	1.18	0.76	0.52

DFDS share price and trading volume, 2016



Share price performance relative to Copenhagen all share index 2016



Financial Review

The earnings level was raised considerably in 2016. Revenue increased to DKK 13.8bn and EBITDA increased by 27% to DKK 2.6bn. Financial gearing was unchanged after a positive free cash flow of DKK 1.5bn

All parts of DFDS' route network and key logistics activities contributed to increasing the profit before tax by 52% to DKK 1,588m in 2016. An all-time high for DFDS.

The further improvement in earnings reflects an agenda of continuous improvement and benefits from moderate economic growth, and thereby volume growth, in most of DFDS' key markets in northern Europe.

Revenue increased by 8% in 2016 adjusted for currency changes and excluding revenue from bunker surcharges. Reported revenue increased by 2% to DKK 13.8bn.

The route network carried 21% more freight volumes and 12% more passengers in 2016. The volume growth was boosted by a considerable expansion of ferry capacity in the Channel business unit during the year. Excluding Channel, the route network carried 6% more freight volumes and 1% more passengers in 2016.

The revenue growth was in line with the latest growth expectation of 4%, excluding revenue from bunker surcharges.

Operating profit before depreciation (EBITDA) and special items increased by 27% to DKK 2,588m. The result was thus in line with the latest expectation of an EBITDA before special items of DKK 2,525–2,625m.

The Shipping Division's EBITDA before special items increased by 28% to DKK 2,439m while the Logistics Division's EBITDA before special items increased by 8% to DKK 252m.

The Group's free cash flow was positive by DKK 1,455m after net investments of DKK 1,207m.

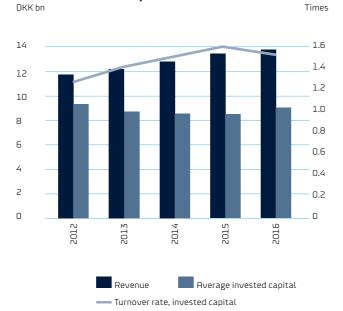
Financial leverage remained on level with 2015 as the increase in EBITDA balanced an increase in debt. The leverage ratio of net-interest-bearing debt (NIBD) to operating profit (EBITDA) before special items was 0.9 at year-end. The equity ratio was 51% at year-end 2016 compared to 52% in 2015.

The average number of employees increased by 7% to 7,065 in 2016. The increase was mainly due to an expansion of shipping capacity on the Channel and additional contract logistics activities.

DFDS group – EBITDA before special items per quarter $\frac{1}{2}$



Revenue and invested capital



Key figures

DKK million	2016 EUR m ¹	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Income statement						
Revenue	1,855	13,790	13,473	12,779	12,097	11,700
Shipping Division	1,274	9,468	9,071	8,733	8,530	8,015
 Logistics Division 	663	4,930	5,034	4,625	4,183	4,259
Non-allocated items and eliminations	-82	-608	-631	-579	-616	-574
Operating profit before depreciations (EBITDA)						
and special items	348	2,588	2,041	1,433	1,213	1,089
Shipping Division	328	2,439	1,906	1,309	1,148	992
 Logistics Division 	34	252	234	200	149	141
Non-allocated items	-14	-103	-99	-76	-84	-44
Profit on disposal of non-current assets, net	1	8	5	9	6	6
Operating profit (EBIT) before special items	221	1,644	1,199	695	503	418
Special items, net	-2	-13	-36	-70	-17	-124
Operating profit (EBIT)	219	1,631	1,164	626	486	295
Financial items, net	-6	-43	-121	-124	-136	-149
Profit before tax	214	1,588	1,043	502	350	146
Profit for the year	208	1,548	1,011	434	327	143
Profit for the year excluding non-controling interest	208	1,548	1,011	435	325	144
Capital						
Total assets	1,749	13,004	12,646	12,249	12,311	12,313
DFDS A/S' share of equity	893	6,636	6,480	6,076	6,263	6,882
Equity	899	6,685	6,530	6,127	6,318	6,936
Net-interest-bearing debt ²	326	2,424	1,773	2,467	2,189	1,929
Invested capital, end of period ² Invested capital, average ²	1,238 1,216	9,205 9,037	8,363 8,535	8,633 8,578	8,555 8,633	8,896 9,207
5-1-5						
Cash flows						
Cash flows from operating activities,	750	2.552	2 200	1.700	1 501	005
before financial items and after tax	358	2,662	2,207	1,398	1,501	905
Cash flows from investing activities Acquistion of enterprises and activities	-162 -7	-1,207 -51	-571 -7	-1,069 -85	-943 -99	239 -5
Other investments, net	-156	-1,156	-564	-984	-844	244
Free cash flow	196	1,455	1,637	329	558	1,144
Van anaustina and astronomica						
Key operating and return ratios Average number of employees		7,065	6,616	6,363	5,930	5,239
Number of ships		7,003 57	54	53	57	درے,د 49
Revenue growth, %		2.4	5.4	5.6	3.4	0.6
EBITDA margin, %		18.8	15.1	11.2	10.0	9.3
Operating margin, %		11.9	8.9	5.4	4.2	3.6
Revenue/invested capital average, (times)		1.5	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3
Return on invested capital (ROIC), %		17.7	13.3	7.2	5.7	3.4
ROIC before special items, %		17.8	13.7	8.0	5.8	4.5
Return on equity, %		23.4	16.1	7.1	4.9	2.1
Key capital and per share ratios						
Equity ratio, %		51.4	51.6	50.0	51.3	56.3
Net-interest-bearing debt/EBITDA, times		0.9	0.9	1.7	1.8	1.8
Earnings per share (EPS), DKK		26.6	16.8	7.0	4.7	2.0
Dividend paid per share, DKK		6.0	5.4	2.8	2.8	2.8
Number of shares, end of period, '000		60,000	61,500	63,250	74,280	74,280
Weighted average number of circulating shares, '000		58,141	60,067	62,246	69,660	72,517
Share price, DKK		322.6	267.0	118.2	87.4	51.1
Market value, DKK m		18,405	15,840	7,177	5,559	3,706

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$ Applied exchange rate for euro as of 31 December 2016: 7.4344

² As from 2015 the fair value of cross currency derivatives on bond loans forms part of Net-interest-bearing debt as these by nature are closely related to the interest-bearing debt. In previous years they formed part of non-interest-bearing items. The comparative figures have not been restated. The fair value of cross currency derivatives on bond loans in the comparative years are 2014; DKK -221m, 2013; DKK -138m, 2012; DKK 15m.

Board of Directors

Bent Østergaard, Chair, 14,165 shares

- Date of birth: 5 October 1944
- Joined the Board: 1 April 2009
- Re-elected: 2010-2016
- Period of office ends: 21 March 2017
- Chair of Nomination and Remuneration

Claus V. Hemmingsen, Deputy Chair, 2,453 shares

- Date of birth: 15 September 1962
- Joined the Board: 29 March 2012
- Re-elected: 2013-2016
- Period of office ends: 21 March 2017
- Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Pernille Erenbjerg, Board member,

- Date of birth: 21 August 1967
- Joined the Board: 26 March 2014
- Re-elected: 2015-2016
- Period of office ends: 21 March 2017
- Chair of Audit Committee

Jørgen Jensen, Board member,

- Date of birth: 21 March 1968
- Joined the Board: 24 March 2015
- Re-elected: 2016
- Period of office ends: 21 March 2017
- Member of Audit Committee

Jens Otto Knudsen, Staff representative, O shares

- Date of birth: 8 August 1958
- Joined the Board: 13 April 2011
- Re-elected: 2014

4,735 shares

• Period of office ends: 24 March 2018

Jill Lauritzen Melby, Board member,

• Joined the Board: 18 April 2001

Kent Vildbæk, Staff representative,

Klaus Nyborg, Board member,

Re-elected: n.a.

tion Committee

• Re-elected: 2014

300 shares

• Date of birth: 16 November 1963

Joined the Board: 31 March 2016

• Period of office ends: 21 March 2017

Lars Skjold-Hansen, Staff representative,

• Date of birth: 23 August 1965

Joined the Board: 22 March 2013

• Period of office ends: 24 March 2018

• Member of Nomination and Remunera-

- Date of birth: 6 December 1958
 - Joined the Board: 13 April 2011
- Period of office ends: 21 March 2017
- Member of Audit Committee

• Re-elected: 2002-2016

O shares

- Date of birth: 15 February 1964
- Re-elected: 2014
- Period of office ends: 24 March 2018



From left to right: Niels Smedegaard, Jørgen Jensen, Claus Hemmingsen, Jill Lauritzen Melby, Jens Otto Knudsen, Kent Vildbæk, Torben Carlsen, Pernille Erenbjerg, Klaus Nyborg, Lars Skjold-Hansen and Bent Østergaard.

From left to right: Henrik Holck, Peder Gellert Pedersen, Niels Smedegaard, Eddie Green, Torben Carlsen. **Executive Management** Niels Smedegaard (1962) 214,168 shares Peder Gellert Pedersen (1958) Henrik Holck (1961) Executive Vice President, Shipping Division Executive Vice President, People & Ships President & CEO Ship broker, HD (O) Employed by DFDS since 2007 Employed by DFDS since 1994 MSc (Finance) Employed by DFDS since 2007 Torben Carlsen (1965) Eddie Green (1958) 99,698 shares Executive Vice President & CFO MSc (Finance) Executive Vice President, Logistics Div BA (Hons) Economics Employed by DFDS since 2010

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