

What did we conclude at last year's Investor Day? The way forward to 2015



Conclusion Ageas Investor Day 2012

Our project to reshape Ageas started in 2009

In 2012, the work is not finished but **foundations** are **strong** to unlock the full potential of Ageas by 2015

- Clear strategic choices& Financial targets
- → People make the difference
- Organization built on local empowerment
 & knowledge transfer
 - → Enhanced financial communication"

Conclusion Ageas's Investor Day 2012 It's all about

ageas.

6 Values

Passionate Focused to deliver. Entrepreneurial. on customers. Teamwork. Trusted. Local.

5 Choices



FOCUS ON



PARTNERSHIPS



EUROPE & ASIA



MULTI-CHANNEL DISTRIBUTION



PORTFOLIO LIFE & NON-LIFE











Challenges & opportunities in Insurance sector Largely unchanged since 2012



- Continued low i-rate environment
- Spread sovereigns & corporates
- Big impact monetary authorities on financial markets
- Forex volatility
- Low Economic growth

- Position of banks: need to improve capital ratios & adjust funding structure
- Change in distribution trends – aggregators, direct

Economic environment Customers

Distribution Regulation

- More demanding & better informed
- Risk aversity: strong preference guaranteed products
- Local influence important
- Use multiple channels at each step of the process

- Solvency II
- Basel III
- Distribution & transparency (e.g. MIFID)
- More rigid regulatory environment
- Tax treatment of products

Some milestones for Ageas over the past few years Growing our Business



streamlining & selective strengthening insurance

acquisition Kwik Fit Insurance Services in UK Non-Life

entrance in Non-Life Italy

from scratch in 2000 to n°5* foreign insurer in 2012 in Asia (excl. Japan)

partnership with Aksigorta in Turkey Non-Life

appointment COO to support business development & realization Vision 2015

acquisition Groupama IJK

→ n°3 position in UK Private Motor

leading market positions in:

Takaful (Islamic Insurance - Malaysia)

Health Insurance (Médis – Portugal)

capital increase to support growth Taiping Life (China)

inflows: EUR 15.8 bn in 2009

→ EUR 21.3 bn in 2012

net profit Insurance: EUR 456 mio in

2009 → EUR 624 mio in 2012

^{*} Based on 100% premium levels

Some milestones for Ageas over the past few years Solving legacies



legal simplification & reverse stock split in 2012

agreement BNP Paribas on Tier 1 financial instrument & CASHES / RPN(i) in 2012

call/tender financial instruments – Hybrone, Nitsh I, Nitsh II in 2013 deal Dutch State & ABN AMRO settling all related outstanding legal disputes in 2012

various judgments received - legal legacies managed in interest of shareholders

deal on RPI & BNP call option in 2013

Some milestones for Ageas over the past few years Financial achievements



share price strongly outperforming the market market cap: ≈ EUR 2 bn at start 2009

→ > EUR 7 bn

changing
shareholdership
towards long term
shareholders

successful debt issue for AICA & AG Insurance in 2013 Solvency Insurance consistently >200%

capital reduction of EUR 1.00 per share approved – pay out in December 2013

recurrent cash dividend

despite turbulent market conditions

EUR 0.80 per share in 2009

→ EUR 1.20 in 2012

2 completed share buy backs
(EUR 450 mio)

3rd buy-back of EUR 200 mio
ongoing

strong cash buffer > EUR 2 bn

Some milestones for Ageas over the past few years Appreciation from the outside world



continued improved financials disclosures since 2009

extensive coverage>20 sell-side analysts

26 awards in 2012 including
Award Best Financial
Information in Belgium

high reputation among brokers in UK & BE outperforming industry & competitors standards

recognized consumer brand awareness HK

successful 3rd
Partnership days
in June 2013

retail investor brand awareness BE

Realizations after Investor Day 2012 Since 2012





Calculation based on Inflows @ Ageas's part

FY 12 at 67/33

6M 13 at 67/33



Calculation based on Non-Life Net Underwriting result in % Net earned premiums

FY 12 at 99.1%

6M 13 at 97.8%



Equity of Turkey, China, Malaysia, Thailand & India as % Insurance equity

FY 12 at 12.1%

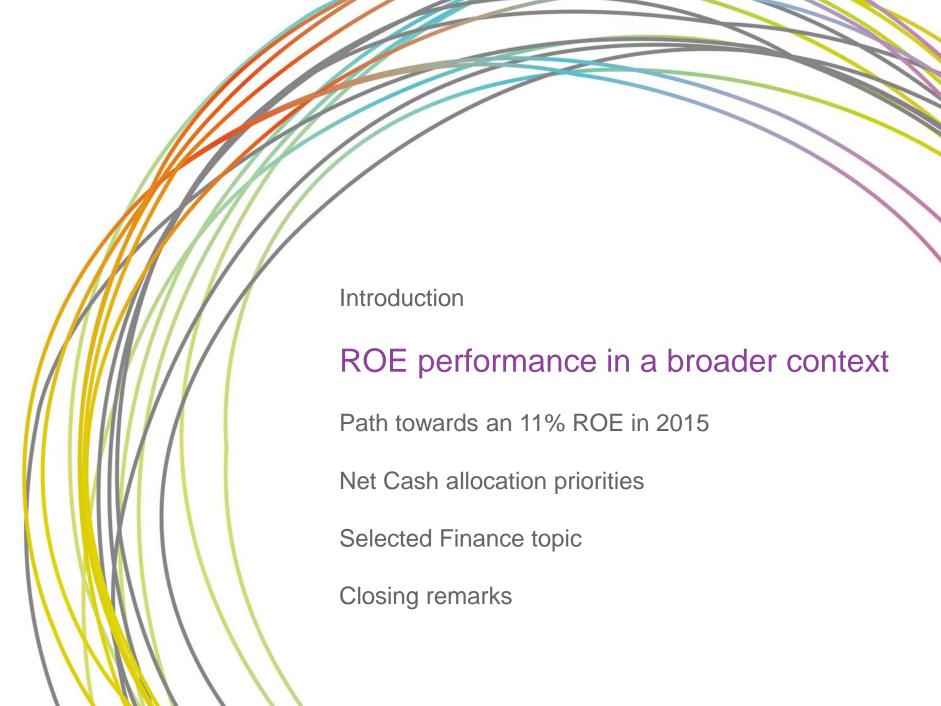
6M 13 at 14.8%



Insurance result in % average Insurance equity (Beginning of period + End of period)/2

FY 12 at 8.7%

6M 13 at 8.4%



A closer look at our targets

Towards a better profitability & a more balanced business profile









Continued improvement

- → results in better Non-Life ROE
- → serves overall ROE target



Increased diversification

Lower dependency of **investment** income More balanced **profit mix**



Fast growing emerging markets already achieve ROE > 11%

- → further shift serves overall ROE target
- → enhances the long term growth profile of the group

A closer look at our targets

Shifting towards Non-Life positive for overall ROE target



ROE Non-Life + Other above 11%



6M 13 (in EUR mio)	Total	Life	Non-Life +Other
Avg insurance equity	7,818	6,040	1,777
Net profit	329	201	128
ROE	8.4%	6.7%	14.4%



Non-Life + Other	6M 12	6M 13
Combined ratio	98.3% →	97.8%
Net profit	97	128
ROE	13.0%	14.4%

- ROE Non-Life + Other already well above 11% ahead of target
- Growing contribution from non-consolidated activities not reflected in reported
 Combined Ratio
- Strategic choice to invest in Non-Life justified by its performance

A closer look at our targets

Shifting towards emerging markets positive for overall ROE target







6M 13 (in EUR mio)	Total	Belgium	UK	CEU	Asia
Avg insurance equity	7,818	3,695	1,102	1,189	1,831
Net profit	329	160	58	46	66
ROE	8.4%	8.6%	10.5%	7.7%	7.2%

Emerging markets	6M 12	6M 13
Avg insurance equity	964	1,054
Net profit *	67	76
ROE	13.9%	14.5%

- Emerging markets = Turkey, China, Thailand, India & Malaysia
- Solid & increasing contribution from emerging markets to Ageas's net profit & ROE

^{*}excluding regional costs

A closer look to Ageas' overall ROE target Definition and interpretation





Dynamics

	FY 12	6M 13
ROE (on avg. insurance equity incl. UG/L)	8.7%	8.4%
ROE (on avg. insurance equity excl. UG/L)	10.5%	10.4%

- A-symmetric valuation assets & liabilities → substantial inflation insurance equity in periods of decreasing yields
- Changes in yields can have material impact on insurance equity & ROE:
 - ✓ bond yields +1.0% → shareholders' equity down ≈ EUR 1.2 bn
 - ✓ sensitivity not linear due to changing impact shadow accounting
- Stable yield → unrealized gains on bonds reduce over time due to pull to par

Conclusion

- Insurance ROE target > 11% reconfirmed based on shareholders' equity including Unrealized Gain/Losses (UG/L) & respecting 200% solvency ratio target
- Ageas will also report Adjusted ROE <u>excluding</u> Unrealized Capital Gain/Losses

Sensitivity unrealized gains on bonds on shareholders' equity Changes in yields & spreads result in volatility in shareholders' equity



AFS Bond portfolio at 6M 13

	Market value	Book Value	Unrealized gain	Duration
Government bonds	29.3 bn	27.0 bn	2.3 bn	8.1
Corporate bonds	24.8 bn	23.5 bn	1.3 bn	4.3
Total	54.1 bn	50.5 bn	3.6 bn	6.3

- market value ≈ book value if yields or spreads increase
 - ✓ 1.0% for government bonds
 - ✓ 1.2% for corporate bonds
 - ✓ 1.0% for total bond portfolio
 - A 1.0% increase in bond yields would eliminate unrealized gains on fixed income
 - → ROE including or excluding UG/L would CONVERGE

A closer look at our ROE target

How to meet the challenge?





FY 12 Challenge

8.7%

2.3%

Calculation:

Insurance result EUR 624 mio /
Average insurance equity EUR 7.1 bn (FY12 – FY11)

Improvements needed:

At constant average insurance equity: EUR 155-160 mio more profit

or

At constant insurance result:

EUR 1.4 bn <u>less average</u> insurance equity

or

a mixed scenario



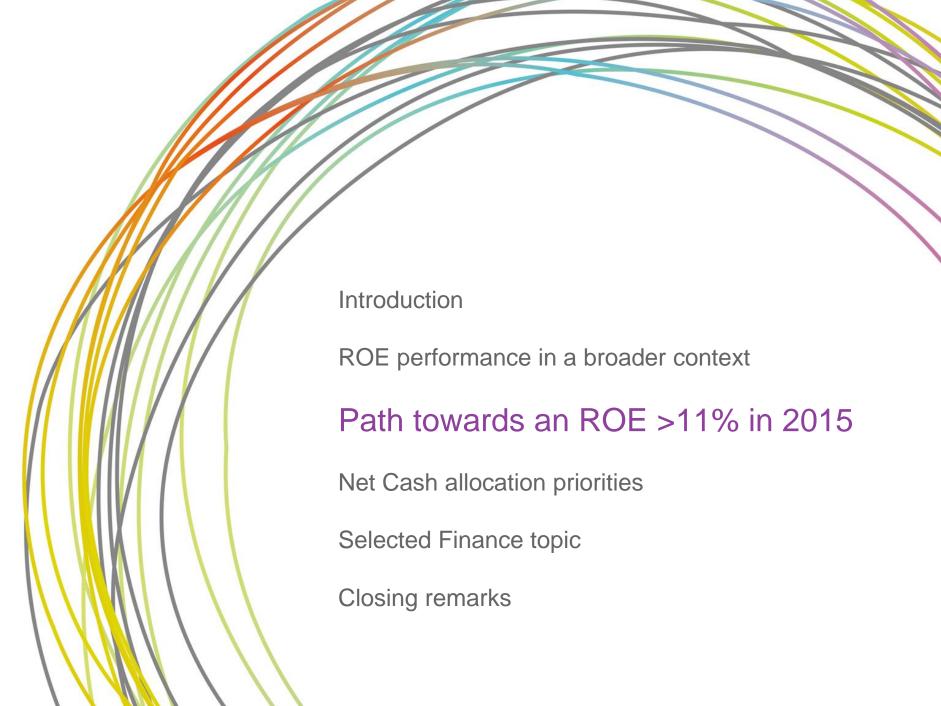
The path towards realizing the Vision 2015 targets

Focuses on:

- 1. ROE **numerator** : net profit
- 2. ROE denominator : insurance equity

Through:

- 1. Improving overall profitability
- 2. Gradually changing the company's profile





Numerator

Improve net profit levels

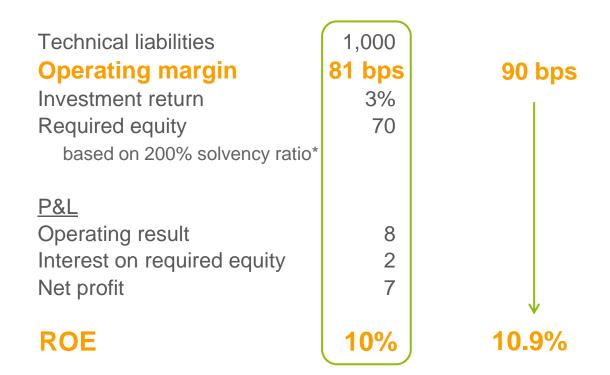
- 1. Improve profitability consolidated Life activities through better operating margin
- 2. Improve profitability consolidated Non-Life activities through better combined ratio
- 3. Work on overall business mix with focus on higher ROE activities & product lines
- 4. Gradually change the company profile by increasing profits from fast growing emerging market activities

Denominator Active capital management

1.Improve profitability through better Life operating margin Operating margin Guaranteed products major markets to 85-90bps







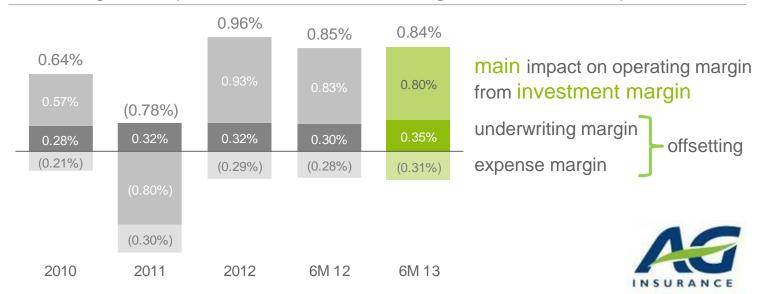
Action plan

 Maintain or further improve operating margin on Guaranteed products in major markets towards operating margin 85 - 90 bps

^{* &}amp; taking into account current level of leverage: around 10% of equity

1.Improve profitability through better Life operating margin Case Belgium: Importance of investment margin for Guaranteed products





Investment margin =

- ✓ investment income incl. cap gains : challenging continued low interest environment
- ✓ technical interest = offered guarantees
- √ profit sharing = discretionary
- Improve operating margin by primarily focusing on investment margin:
 - √ investment income : increase yield
 - ✓ manage guarantees & profit sharing in accordance with market environment

1.Improve profitability through better Life operating margin

Case Belgium: Investment income - Change asset mix to increase new money yield



New money yield down 36bps at 6M 13 (vs. FY 12)

Annualized new money yield fixed income - Life

- To invert the trend, economic asset mix needs to evolve towards:
 - less cash
 - less sovereigns
 - more credits & (infrastructure) loans
- Thanks to diversification to corporate bonds & loans, investment yield resilient to general decrease of market yield



Increase asset duration to match liability duration

Gap	(1.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Liabilities	7.2	7.1	6.9
Assets	5.7	6.4	6.2
Total balance sheet	FY 11	FY 12	6M 13

Duration gap (based on fixed income) = (FV assets x Duration assets – FV liabilities x Duration liabilities) / FV Assets

Economic Asset Mix

	FY 12	6M 13
Cash & cash equivalents	2%	1%
Sovereign exposure	64%	62%
Credit exposure	20%	21%
Loans (incl. mortgage loans)	3%	4%
Equities	2%	2%
Real Estate	9%	10%
Alternative investments	0%	0%

1.Improve profitability through better Life operating margin Case Belgium: Manage guarantees in accordance with market environment



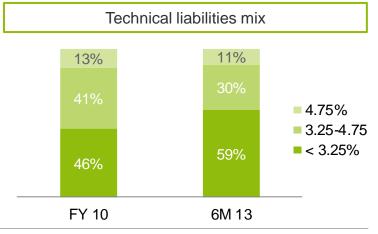
Gradual lowering Savings interest guarantees

- 2012: 5 consecutive decreases of 25 bps :
 2.75% → 1.50% following market interest rate
- → spread OLO return & guarantees again above average of new business 2011-6M 13 (104 bps)



- Bringing average guarantees total Life liabilities
 down from 2.97% at FY 10 to 2.83% at 6M 13
- Average guarantees will further go down thanks to new contracts at lower guarantees





1.Improve profitability through better Life operating margin Case Belgium: Evolution investment margin current portfolio secured



Life main account run off existing portfolio as at 30 June 2013

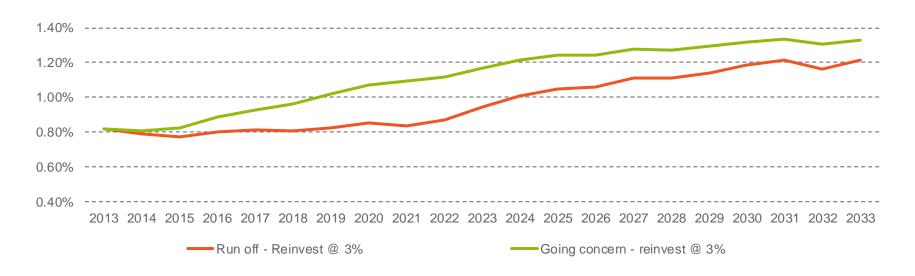


- Liabilities & fixed income portfolio follow similar run off pattern & almost unchanged vs. last year
- 60 100 bps gross investment margin between yield fixed income portfolio & guaranteed i-rate.
 Return on equities & real estate may offer additional margin opportunities
- Guarantees above 4% benefit from extra coverage, representing additional margin on total provisions
- Part of margin returned as discretionary profit sharing
- Protection in case of rising yields on liabilities (Market Value Adjustment clause)

1.Improve profitability through better Life operating margin Case Belgium: Investment margin enhancement potential



Life main account projection of portfolio evolution based on 30 June 2013 portfolio



- Current portfolio including expected future premiums on existing contracts with guarantees
 avg. portfolio guarantee, fixed at payment date, re-invested @ 3%
 - → gross investment margin up to 80-110 bps
- Scenario including new business with guarantee < avg. portfolio guarantee, re-invested @ 3%</p>
 - → gross investment margin above 100 bps



1.Improve profitability through better Life operating margin Case Belgium - Conclusions



- I-guarantees gradually reduced in prudent & pro-active way across businesses
- Asset mix & ALM profile managed carefully in view of revenue enhancement & interest rate risk reduction. Liabilities @ 4.75% guarantee only represent 11% of Life portfolio & benefit from additional provisions

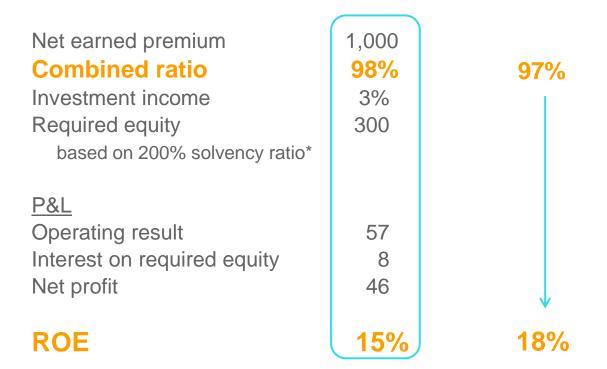


- Strong asset management expertise to deliver solid investment returns & maintain a stable potential on future capital gains
- Leadership position on Belgian market maintained
 Market share Technical Life liabilities: n° 1 @ 27.9% in 2010 → n° 1 @ 27.4% in 6M 13

2.Improve profitability through better Non-Life combined ratio Implies continued improvement operating performance/combined ratio







Action plan

- Improve or consolidate operational performance aiming for an overall combined ratio of 97% in current investment rate environment
- Grow volumes in higher ROE Non-Life countries or segments

^{* &}amp; taking into account current level of leverage: around 10% of equity

2.Improve profitability through better Non-Life combined ratio Case UK: Impact market developments

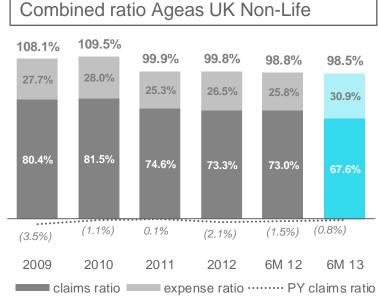


Market trend:

Motor Rates continue to fall

Average quoted comprehensive motor insurance premiums have fallen by 15% 6M 13 vs. 6M 12, with average premiums reducing for 6th consecutive quarter





Response

- Focus on sustainable & profitable returns will result in lower growing premiums
- Maintain pricing discipline supported by introduction of dynamic pricing, increased access to risk data & enhanced anti-fraud measures
- Combination of Ageas Insurance & Groupama provides stronger market offering with ability to generate economies of scale
- Investment in Telematics creates controlled expansion in new customer segments

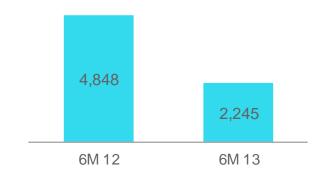
2.Improve profitability through better Non-Life combined ratio Case UK: Impact regulatory developments



Legal Aid, Sentencing & Punishment of Offenders Act 2012 (LASPO) April '13

Referral fees Ageas UK Non-Life GBP (000) - not included in combined ratio

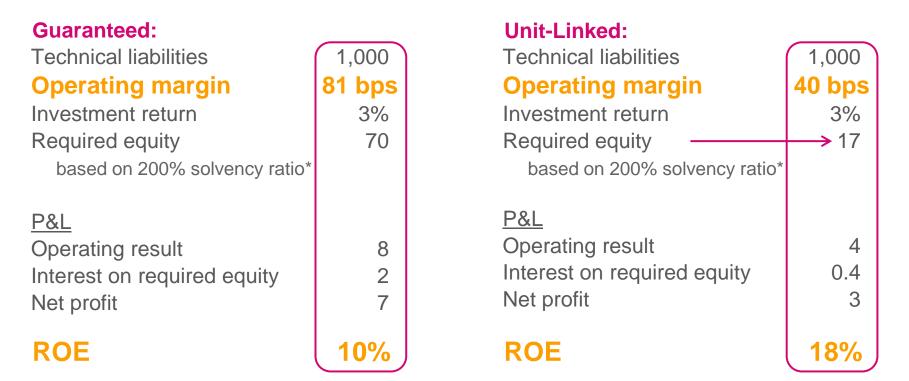
- Referral fees banned
- Significant reduction in fees recoverable by lawyers (from GBP 1,200 to GBP 500)
- Further consultation on number & cost of PI claims arising from motor accidents, particularly whiplash



Response

- Ageas UK fully compliant with LASPO & supportive of reduction in legal fees
- Services offered to customers further enhanced with launch Ageas Law → better joined up service combined with revenue stream
- Referral fee ban impacted Retail income wider benefit from overall claims cost reduction
- Ageas UK fully supports consultation linked to whiplash claims to reduce impact on claims costs

3. Improve overall business mix with focus on high ROE product lines Lower capital requirements Unit-Linked products can generate higher returns ages.



Action plan

- Grow towards Unit-Linked & Life risk related products
- Maintain or further improve operating margin on Unit-Linked products towards operating margin 40 - 45 bps

^{* &}amp; taking into account current level of leverage: around 10% of equity

3. Improve overall business mix with focus on high ROE product lines Case Portugal: Towards Unit-linked products & Life risk related products

Market trend:

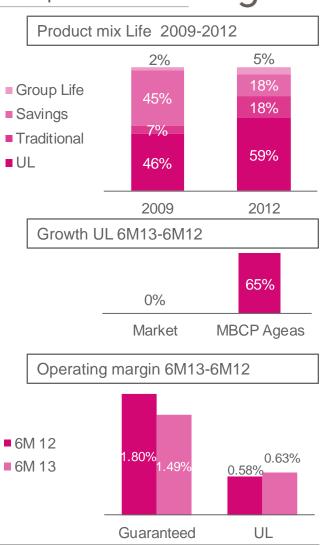
Economic pressure on Life insurance

Strong austerity measures hitting the Portuguese economy (2012: (3.2%); forecast 2013 (2.6%))

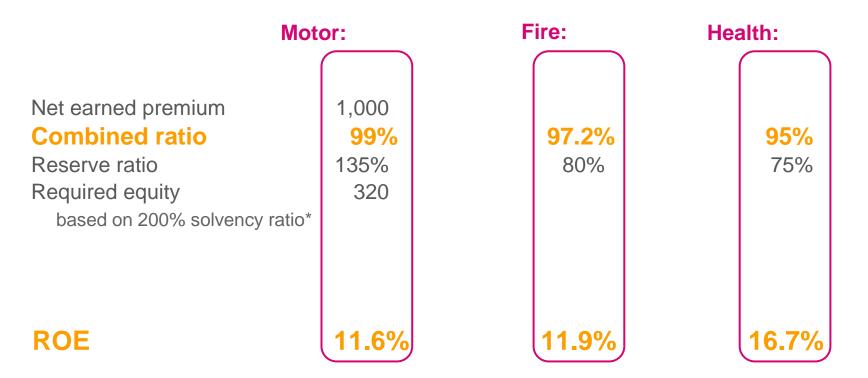


Response

- Reshaping product portfolio towards more UL
- Increasing market share
- Efforts continue over 2013



3. Improve overall business mix with focus on high ROE product lines Lower capital requirements Health & Fire can generate higher returns ages



Action plan

 Grow towards more balance between Non-Life product lines, in favour of Health & Fire

^{* &}amp; taking into account current level of leverage: around 10% of equity

3. Improve overall business mix with focus on high ROE product lines Case Portugal: Towards diversification while continue to build on profitable A&H ages

Market trend:

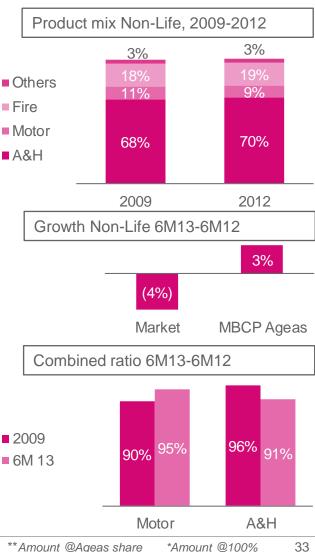
Pressure on Non-Life insurance

- Increased competitive pressure in Non-life market
- Natural disasters in January caused exceptional claims for Fire insurance



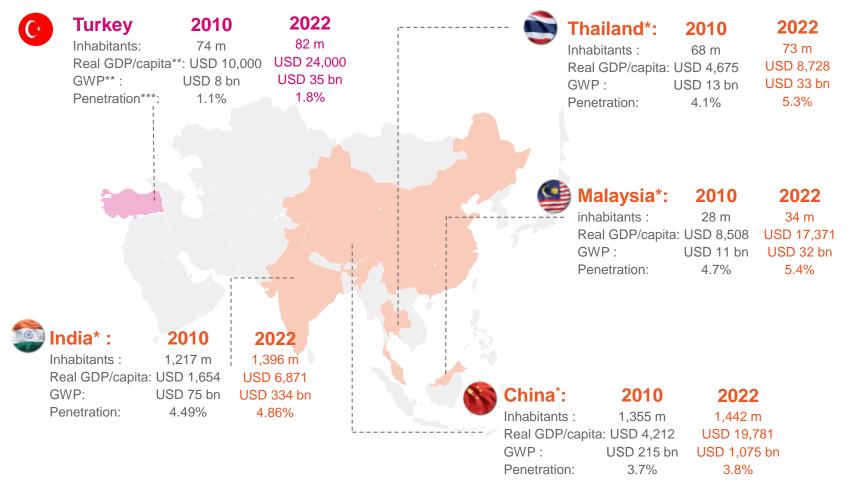


- Continue to build on profitable A&H
- **Diversifying** product portfolio to smoothen profitability cycle
- Strong underwriting discipline in all products
- Measures taken to improve technical margins (e.g. Non-Life Claims platform)



4. Gradually increase profits from fast growing emerging markets Emerging markets: High growth potential in above 11% ROE activities





^{*} Source: Swiss Re – Asian country report, 2012 / ** Source: Insurance Association of Turkey, Vision for Turkish Insurance and Pension Sector, 29 May 2012 / *** Source: Swiss Re – Sigma, No 2/11, World Insurance 2010

4. How to increase net profit in emerging markets Case Thailand: Successful growth since entering 10 years ago



Thailand Life & Non-Life insurance market market entry in 2004

Net investment of EUR 15 mio end 12 (EUR 63 mio original, EUR 41 mio dilution proceeds following increased commitment Kasikorn 2009, ≈ EUR 7 mio dividends received)

- Partnership with Kasikornbank (Thailand # 4 bank) & Lamsam family
- 31% Muang Thai Life /15% Muang Thai Insurance
- #2 Life / #7 Non-Life insurer
- 25,000 Agents 1,150 Bank outlets

Actions taken

- 1. Full activation banca channel
- 2. Strong component protection / risk cover in life portfolio
- 3. Multi channel success: #1 banca, #3 agency, #7 direct
- 4. Improved margins Non-Life
- 5. Maintained strong VNB margins life



Achievements:

- Inflow growth (@ 100%, 5-yr CAGR):
 Life:36% (2012: EUR 1.2 bn)
 Non-Life: 28% (2012: EUR 0.2 bn)
- 2012 Net profit
 Life: EUR 34.2 mio
 Non-Life: EUR (1.0) mio Thai
 floods
- Sustained value creation
 2012 VANB*: EUR 22 mio
 2012 Emb.Value*: EUR 0.3 bn
- Huge expansion of bank channel
- ROE FY 12: 12.1%

expected 2015 ROE
significantly above 11%
Yearly upstreamed dividends expected
to increase

^{*} Ageas share, "local" EV & GAAP basis



Numerator Improve net profit levels

Denominator Active capital management

- Capital efficiency is an operational day-to-day concern
- Capital allocation of means is a strategic choice

Capital efficiency is an operational day-to-day concern



- Leverage beneficiary to weighted average cost of capital
 - → debt funding Hong Kong USD 250 mio, 10 year @ 4.215%
 - → debt funding Belgium USD 550 mio, perpetual @ 6.75%, reset 6 year
- Reinsurance as a way to
 - √ reduce capital needs
 - → Ageas Protect, Hong Kong, China

and/or

- ✓ retain more Non-Life earnings, leveraging on group size & geographical diversification
- Review ownership structure
 - e.g. sale / run-off of unprofitable activities Ukraine, Russia, Germany Life,...

Capital efficiency is an operational day-to-day concern Review of overall group leverage



Optimal leverage

- Solvency I @ 50% RMM
- Solvency II @ 60% SCR
 - √ Rating agencies still judge based on Solvency I
 - √ No clear guidelines from regulators yet (definition Insurance Tier 1 instruments, grandfathering old style hybrid instruments)

Hybrid debt at Ageas group level

- In the past: no optimal use of hybrid debt
- Now: near optimal leverage (@ 47.6% of RMM)
 - √ AG Insurance perp/nc6 expected to be Solvency II compliant T2 instrument
 - √ Hybrone: tender done in 2013, for remainder awaiting grandfathering rules (instrument moves to Euribor 3m + 200 bps in 2016)
 - √ FRESH: see next page



Capital efficiency is an operational day-to-day concern Position on FRESH



Considerations

- True "perpetual": mandatory conversion @ EUR 472,50
- Low cost: 3 M Euribor + 135 bps for perpetual
- Return does not justify buy back: relatively low return, far below 11% hurdle rate, even if floating rate is replaced by 30 year swap rate ((2.74%+1,35%)/58%)
- Legal hurdle: FRESH designed to convert, not be redeemed so called "consent-offering" necessary to change terms & conditions lifting prohibition buy-back
- Regulatory issue: As long as instrument fully qualifies as capital instrument*,
 regulators may request refinancing with same quality permanent hybrid debt
- Complexity would remain as 100% success rate unlikely

Decision

Ageas has no intention to buy back FRESH at current price levels

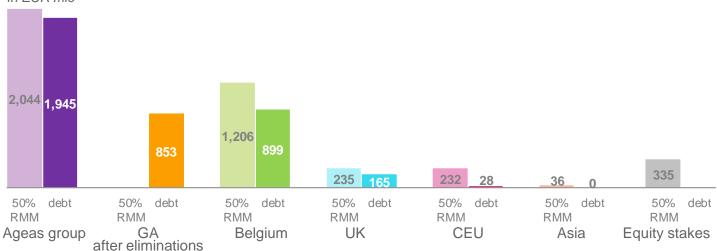
^{*} grandfathering under SII for a period of 10 years seems likely

Capital efficiency is an operational day-to-day concern Increase leverage in Insurance Opco's



Insurance segments hybrid debt

Ageas as group near optimal leverage - Operating companies underleveraged



New strategy

- Holding will partly on-lend FRESH capital to operating companies* via internal
 SII compliant hybrid loans against upstream of around EUR 400 mio capital
 - ✓ Optimizing capital structure improves Insurance ROE
 - Liquidity neutral for holding
 - ✓ Tax optimization
- No intention of new external hybrid debt raising exercises

^{*} only consolidated entities

Capital allocation of means is a strategic choice



Budgeted upstream cash from operating companies to fund annual dividend & corporate costs

Upstreams depending on Ageas standards respecting 200% overall insurance solvency ratio & local solvency requirements

- Additional cash injections ←→ additional cash upstream
 Decision based on business needs & expected return
 ex. capital increase China ←→ capital upstream Belgium > 50%
- Solvency II
 - → more flexibility towards use of debt expected
 - → strong Solvency I level & outcome different stress tests (EIOPA, IMF, own, ...) give comfort with respect to solvency level under Solvency II

Conclusions:

The Ageas' path towards reaching the 2015 targets



Insurance ROE target is leading & reconfirmed at 11%

Realizing ROE target based on 2 tracks & combining a series of small steps :

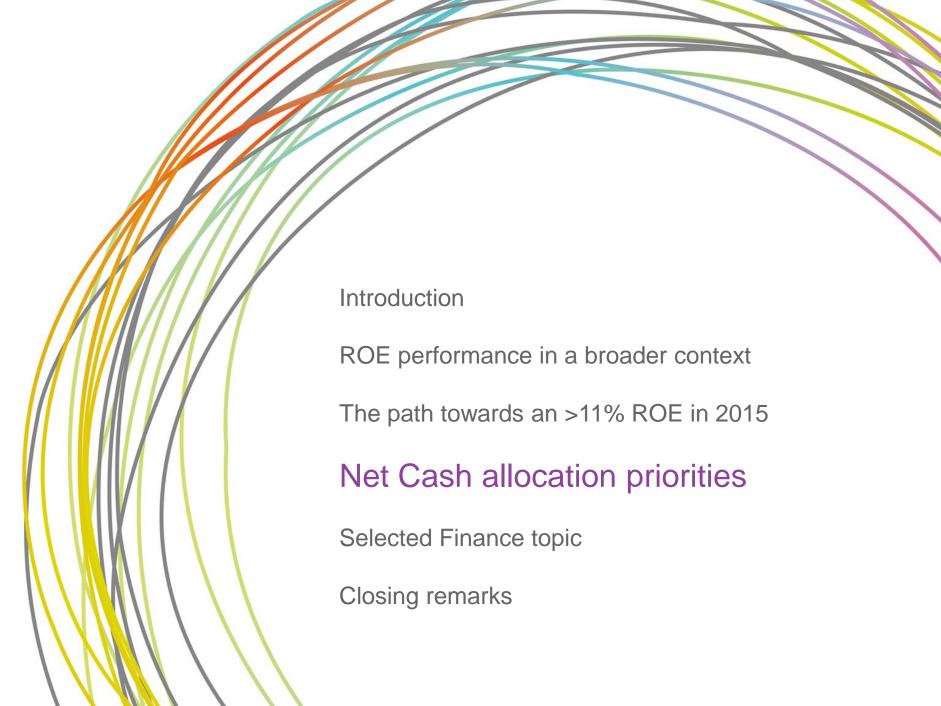
numerator

- Life: maintain or improve operating margin in Guaranteed products to 85-90 bps & strive for growth with 40-45 bps in Unit-Linked
- Non-Life: maintain or improve Combined ratio to 97% in current i-rate environment & volume growth in higher ROE segments

denominator

- No intention to bid on FRESH financial instrument or to raise new external hybrid debt
- Optimization debt funding in Opcos & clear intention to lend on part of FRESH
- Disciplined upstreaming excess cash from Opco's

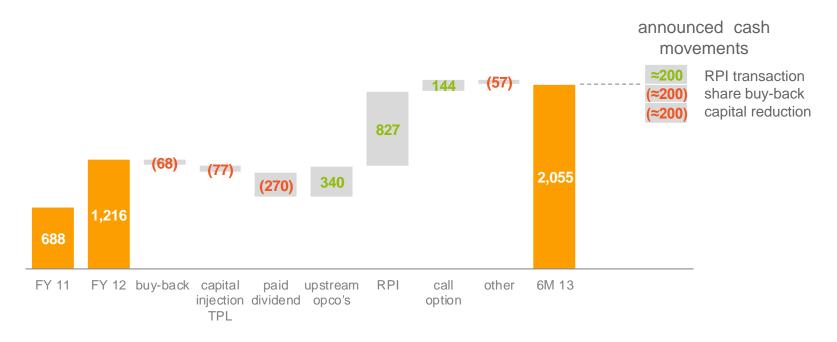
Action plan ultimately leading to more balanced business mix with more stable, sustainable & diversified profit streams



6M 13 net cash position General Account at EUR 2.1 bn



In EUR mio



- Expected cash in of EUR 0.2 bn from transactions RPI & BNPP Call option.
- Expected cash out of EUR 0.4 bn in the coming months related to capital reduction & share buy-back

3 alternative uses for General Account net cash Balanced use of cash since 2009



1. Invest in Businesses

- Organic growth
- Selective acquisitions
- Create new partnerships

2. Return to shareholders

- Dividend payment
- Share buy-back

3. Return to debtholders

- Redemption of EMTN
- Call/tender Hybrids (Hybrone, NITSH I & II)

≈ EUR 1.0 bn from net cash on top of retained earnings

- EUR 600 mio UK (Tesco, KFIS, Castle Cover, Groupama)
- ≈ EUR 200 mio CE (Italy, Turkey)
- ≈ EUR 200 mio Asia (India, HK, China)

≈ EUR 1.8 bn

- ≈ EUR 900 mio cash dividend over '09, '10, '11 & '12
- EUR 450 mio share buybacks finalized early '12 & '13
- EUR 200 mio share buy-back launched 12/08/13
- EUR 230 mio capital reduction from proceeds of BNP Call Option & RPI

Net cash neutral

- EUR 0.9 bn EMTN redemption
- EUR 1.2 bn call NITSH I/II
 & tender Hybrone

Ex.1: China, Life partnership with Taiping since 2001





Net investment of EUR 246 mio (original + additional capital injections, excl.retained profits)

- 24.9% Taiping Life Insurance Cie Ltd 20% Taiping Asset Mgmt
 Cie Ltd 20% Taiping E-Commerce Cie Ltd (since 2013)
- #7 Life insurer in China
- 110,000 Agents, 22,500 Bank outlets
- Strong Multi-Channel distribution: Tied agents, Bancassurance
 & alternative Distribution

2012 Achievements

- Inflow*: EUR 4.6 bn 25% 5-yr CAGR
- Net Profit: EUR 43 mio**
- ROE: 18%, supported by exceptional items
- Sustained value creation VANB***: EUR 57 mio
 EV***: EUR 719 mio
- Huge expansion of agency channel
- Strong bank relationships
- Early adoption of alternative distribution

Challenges:

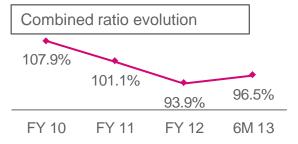
- Balance growth ambitions with profitability & capital requirements
- Protect productivity while expanding agency channel
- Expense management
- Operating in open platform banca market

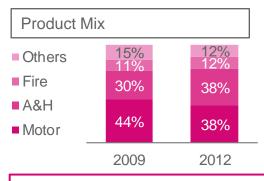
Expected 2015 ROE
≈11% after capital investments
to fund growth

^{*} At 100% / ** Ageas share, IFRS; *** Ageas share, "local" EV & GAAP

Ex.2: Italy Non-Life, bancassurance partnership with BNP Cardif and UBI Banca







UBI > Assicurazioni

Non-Life market - entry December 2009 Net investment of FUR 67 mio

Partnership with BNPP Cardif & UBI Banca

Effective stake Ageas → 25% (+ control)

Bancassurance distribution

2 Non-Life bancassurer - 2012 GWP: EUR 219 mio*

Challenges/ Opportunities:

- Economic slowdown, lower mortgage production, increasing regulation
- Increasing volumes by further increasing penetration in bank (non-associated sales)
- Expanding distribution reach (multichannel, multi-bank distribution)

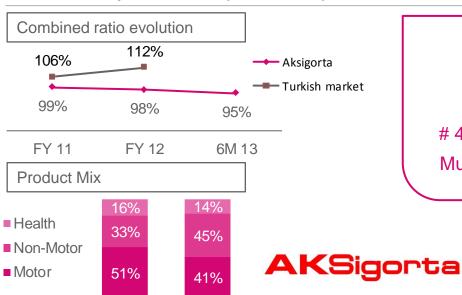
Expected 2015 ROE below but approaching 11%

Achievements: profitability turn-around through

- Sanitization portfolio
- Disciplined underwriting & improved product mix (shift towards non-motor)
- Combining Ageas' expertise in Non-life with BNP Paribas Cardifs in CPI
- Highest productivity per branch amongst bancassurance players in Italy

Ex.3: Turkey Non-Life, partnership with Sabanci in # 4 insurer





Non-Life market entry in February 2011

Partnership with Sabanci – each 36% stake

Net investment of EUR 166 mio

4 Non-Life insurer, 2012 GWP: EUR 567 Mio**

Multichannel Agents, Bancassurance & Brokers

Achievements: business case improved through

- Focus on production profitability while maintaining volume growth profile (CAGR GWP '10-'12: 22%)
- Focus on improving underwriting performance (strategic shift towards non-motor) & growing bancassurance business with Akbank

6M 13

6M 11

 Currently one of the few profitable Non-Life players in Turkey targeting to further increase ROE

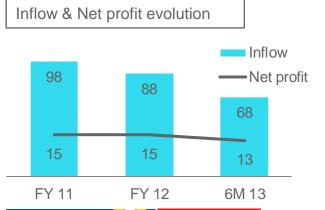
Challenges / Opportunities:

- Market challenges: growth outlook, more disciplined underwriting motor, FX volatility, increasing & changing regulation
- Low insurance penetration levels, with growth opportunities in Home, Health and Protection
- Capture growth in the bank channel

Expected 2015 ROE close to 11%

Ex.4: Kwik Fit Financial Services, acquired in 2010 linked to Retail strategy





UK internet aggregator based Intermediary – acquired 100% stake August 2010

Kwik-Fit Insurance, The Green Insurance Company and Express Insurance brands

Net investment of EUR 223 mio

Firmly established Ageas as #4 UK Personal Lines Intermediary







INSURANCE

Achievements:

- Strengthen multi-channel distribution strategy
- Successful site exit with >80% staff redeployed locally
- Premium Factoring successfully negotiated
- Leverage pricing and distribution expertise
- Extending product/supplier relationships
- Improving Insurance underwriting performance
- Delivered significant synergies

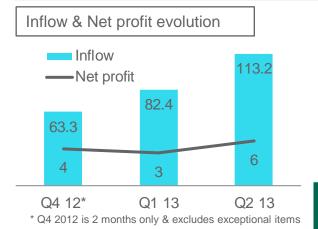
Challenges:

- Market: increased competition for new business reducing margins & volumes
- Volume: adapting customer & panel strategy
- Improve net profit: increase efficiency through further cost reduction initiatives
- Regulatory: ongoing market wide scrutiny challenging claims income & add-on margins

Expected 2015 ROE below 11%

Ex.5: Groupama UK, most recent acquisition to strengthen Non-Life position





UK Non-Life Insurer –

acquired 100% stake in November 2012 Net investment of EUR 145 mio

Established Ageas as #6 UK Non-Life insurer*, #5 personal lines insurer* and #2 Largest private motor**



Achievements:

- 6M 13 COR: 98.5%
- Increase breadth of products (18 → 39) & expertise
- Strengthens presence in UK broker market (2,500 brokers) & complements multi-channel distribution strategy
- Product migration plan well advanced
- High Court approval progressing for the part VII transfer
- Successful site exit with retention of critical skills & London office consolidation
- Integration underway with initial areas complete

Expected 2015 ROE

* Based on GWP ** Based on Ernst & Young UK Motor Insurance Results report, June 2013

Challenges:

- Maintaining high service level for customers & brokers during transition
- Integration with Ageas Insurance to create a single insurance **business**
- Part VII transfer completion end 13
- Product migration delivery

above 11%

Priority 1: M&A: Focus on high ROE accretive activities New businesses need to pass the test on 3 key criteria



1

2

3

Critical size

- Local presence should be such that every entity can compete effectively in its market or niche
- Critical size will ensure each activity is able to comply with Ageas's quality standards

Meaningful contribution

- Each activity should make a meaningful contribution to the insurance earnings in the medium term
- The contribution to the insurance earnings should be significant enough to justify management time

Return in excess of cost of equity

- Return business will have to exceed cost of equity while taking into account the business' specificities
- Return of growth business will also take into consideration the expected value creation

Priority 1: M&A: Focus on high ROE accretive activities Ageas's unique characteristics supporting the ambition to grow



Ageas has developed over the past years some **specific** strengths which will facilitate realization of its targets :

- Strong in partnerships, partner of choice
- Deep insurance knowledge from different countries
- An organization fostering cross-fertilization
- Ability to understand OCal specificities



Inorganic growth

- 1. Priority to strengthen positions in existing markets
- 2. Clear preference for Non-Life. Expansion in Life on a case by case basis
- 3. Further expansion in fast growing emerging markets while
 - respecting Ageas M&A criteria & overall financial targets
 - continuing to build on a successful partnership model
- 4. Flexibility for opportunities where Ageas believes its expertise can create growth & improve the business

Priority 2: Return to shareholders

Ageas delivered upon its dividend policy since 09; positive track record





- Ageas dividend policy reconfirmed: aim to pay out an annual cash dividend of 40-50% of Insurance net profit
- Dividend is funded by sufficient upstreams from Opcos;
 no impact expected on net cash position in General Account

Priority 2: Return to shareholders

Ageas started annual share buy-back programs in 2011





 If no adequate M&A opportunities would arise, Ageas intends to continue returning cash to shareholders in the most appropriate way (share buy backs, dividends, capital reductions...)



Recent initiatives returning cash to debtholders had no impact on net cash position General Account

No intention to bid on FRESH financial instrument

No intention to raise new external hybrid debt

Optimizing debt levels in Opcos

Clear intention to lend on part of FRESH

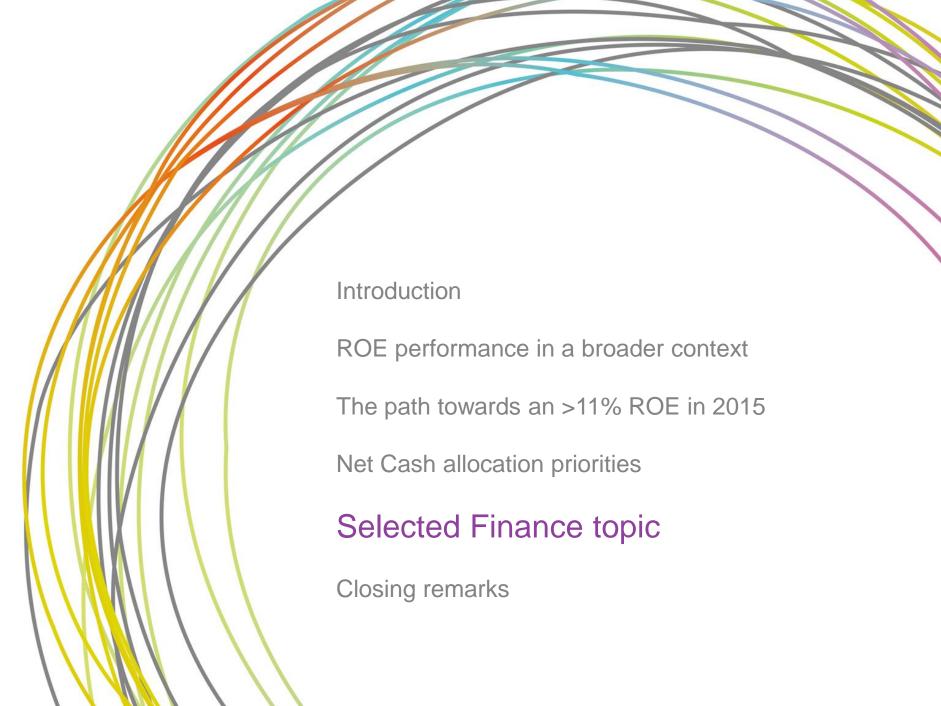
Return cash to debtholders no longer a priority

From now on, Ageas will only report about 2 alternative uses of net cash



Disciplined cash management Use funds in priority to invest in business & return to shareholders

- 1. Discplined M&A approach along precise criteria
- 2. Existing dividend policy reconfirmed
- 3. Intention to return cash to shareholders if no adequate M&A opportunities
- 4. Continued active capital management



RPN(I)

History & recap of main principles



What's RPN(I)

- liability on Ageas balance sheet
- related to CASHES
 - ✓ perpetual Tier 1 hybrid issued by Fortis Bank, 2007 Euribor 3m + 2%
 - ✓ convertible into pre-issued, blocked Ageas shares owned by Fortis Bank @ EUR 239.40 (optional) or @ EUR 359 (mandatory)
- Relative Performance Note (RPN) avoided accounting volatility on balance sheet former bank affiliate (BNP Paribas Fortis).
- after Fortis break-up, Ageas pays interest over RPN → introduction RPN(I) = NPV of modelled future interest payments on RPN-amount

Calculation RPN-amount

- original formula: (EUR 3bn (CASHES in %* EUR 3bn))-(EUR 2.35bn-(125,313,283*Ageas share price))
- since agreement Q1 12: only EUR 1.1 bn par CASHES outstanding, RPN amount limited to 37%

Cash flows

- payments between holding & bank:
 Euribor 3m + 20 bps over RPN
- cost guarantee offered by Belgian State: 70 bps over RPN



RPN(I)

Change of Valuation methodology as of Q3 13



Valuation at creation

 Based on stochastic modelling of value CASHES & Ageas share, future interest payments were modelled. These future payments were then discounted using an estimation of the Ageas perpetual senior credit spread

3M 12: floor introduced

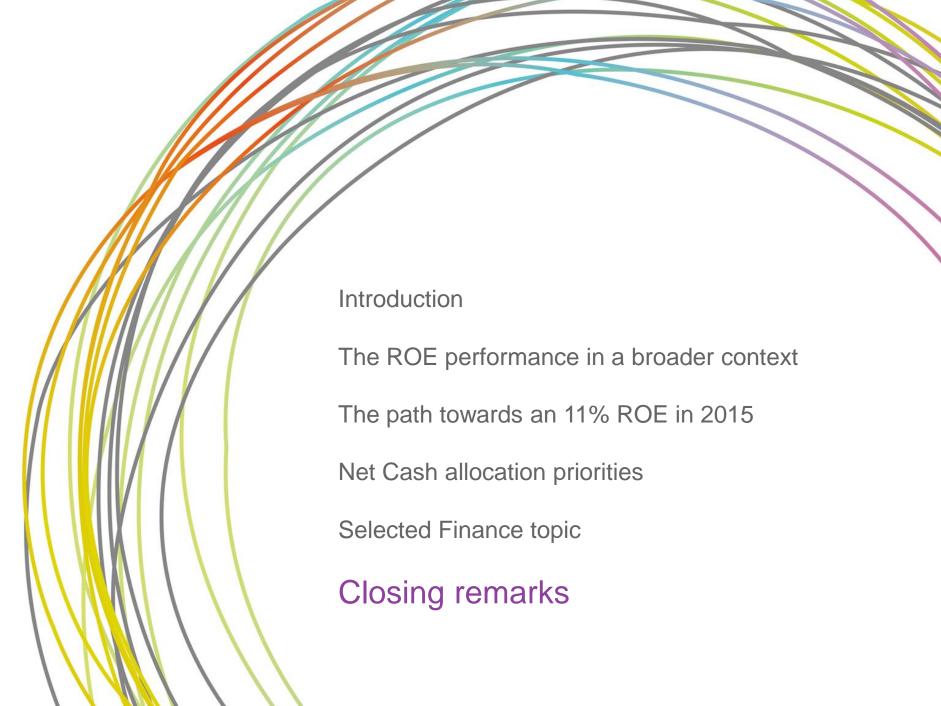
- <u>reason</u>: BNP P tender 63% CASHES & conversion into underlying Ageas shares
- introduction of floor, based on EUR 287 mio indemnity paid to BNP Paribas
- valuation at this less volatile floor

FY 12 - 6M 13

stochastic modelling exceeds floor

As of 9M 13: RPN-amount

- <u>reason</u>: IFRS 13 applicable as from 2013: transfer notion vs. settlement notion
 - ✓ FV = price that would be received to sell an asset / paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at measurement date
- valuation RPN(I) at RPN-amount: very transparent & easy to calculate
 - ✓ non-cash accounting volatility with low cost
 - ✓ pro forma 6M 13 value of EUR 259 mio (vs. EUR 171 mio reported)
 - ✓ calculation aid available on www.ageas .com (Investors Update 2013)





Insurance ROE target is leading & reconfirmed at 11%

The path to realize the 2015 target is clear & well defined

→ targets of 97%, 85-90 bps, 40-45 bps & capital optimization

Disciplined cash management rules all decisions on the use of cash

Priority to first reinvest cash in **business** & return to shareholders if no adequate M&A opportunities

No intention to bid on FRESH instrument

Continued active capital management going forward with focus on debt optimization

Disclaimer

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achieved in the future.