

About this report

PRI reporting is the largest global reporting project on responsible investment. It was developed with investors, for investors.

PRI signatories are required to report publicly on their responsible investment activities each year. In turn, they receive a number of outputs, including a public and private Transparency Report.

The public Transparency Reports, which are produced using signatories' reported information, provide accountability and support signatories to have internal discussions about their practices and to discuss these with their clients, beneficiaries, and other stakeholders.

This public Transparency Report is an export of the signatory's responses to the PRI Reporting Framework during the 2023 reporting period. It includes the signatory's responses to core indicators, as well as responses to plus indicators that the signatory has agreed to make public.

In response to signatory feedback, the PRI has not summarised signatories' responses – the information in this document is presented exactly as it was reported.

For each of the indicators in this document, all options selected by the signatory are presented, including links and qualitative responses. In some indicators, all applicable options are included for additional context.

Disclaimers

Responsible investment definitions

Within the PRI Reporting Framework Glossary, we provide definitions for key terms to guide reporting on responsible investment practices in the Reporting Framework. These definitions may differ from those used or proposed by other authorities and regulatory bodies due to evolving industry perspectives and changing legislative landscapes. Users of this report should be aware of these variations, as they may impact interpretations of the information provided.

Data accuracy

This document presents information reported directly by signatories in the 2023 reporting cycle. This information has not been audited by the PRI or any other party acting on its behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented.

The PRI has taken reasonable action to ensure that data submitted by signatories in the reporting tool is reflected in their official PRI reports accurately. However, it is possible that small data inaccuracies and/or gaps remain, and the PRI shall not be responsible or liable for such inaccuracies and gaps.

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SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT (SLS)

SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT

SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Senior Leadership Statement	GENERAL

Section 1. Our commitment

- Why does your organisation engage in responsible investment?
- What is your organisation's overall approach to responsible investment, and what major responsible investment commitment(s) have you made?

The scope of this Ageas PRI report is limited to the controlled entities in Europe. This report consolidates the responsible investment practices of these European consolidated entities including AG, the Group's Belgian subsidiary, representing some 80% of Ageas's investment portfolio and that also reports its own activities via a separate PRI report. Ageas is also active in Asian countries mainly via non-controlling stakes. For these activities Ageas adopts, in line with its overall governance, a more general recommendation approach to implement the same sustainability related principles.

Sustainability is an important part of Ageas corporate identity. Since 2018, Ageas has aligned its corporate strategy with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDG). Out of the 17 goals, we have selected 10 where we believe we can have an impact via our activities, services and products, and thereby contribute to reaching these long-term objectives. Ageas strategy, Impact24, launched in 2021 aimed at creating value for all its stakeholders and confirmed that we are putting sustainability at the heart of our business to drive growth and stimulate the transition to a more inclusive and sustainable world.

In terms of managing its investments, Ageas applies a long-term vision based on prudence, responsibility and sustainability. As a long-term investor, Ageas is fully committed to support the transition to a more sustainable economy. When making our investment decisions, we take environmental, social and governance factors into consideration. We believe that these ESG factors are key investment performance drivers, both from a risk and return perspective.

Ageas has set up its own approach to sustainable and responsible investing (SRI). Ageas's SRI framework is based on 5 pillars a) We exclude: Exclusion of controversial activities and countries such as controversial weapons, arms, tobacco, coal mining, unconventional oil \square gas, tax heavens, financial embargoes, and recurrent and severe breaches of UN Global Compact. b) We integrate: Not only do we analyze the financial figures, but we also consider the integration of environmental, social and governance factors in each investment decision. AG believes that these ESG factors can create risks and opportunities for companies and impact their long-term value and

- c) We engage: Directly or indirectly through external managers or collective engagement initiatives, we are in dialogue with companies we're invested in. Active ownership, including voting at annual general meetings and engagement with invested companies, is an integral part of our responsible investment approach.
- d) We promote a wide range of sustainable pension, long term savings and investment products, some of them having the "Towards Sustainability" label for clients who want more in terms of sustainability.



e) We want to create a positive impact for the environment and the society with our investments by investing in assets making a positive contribution to the transition towards a more sustainable world and by reducing the carbon footprint of our investment portfolio

Since the launch of our first sustainable mandates back in 2007, Ageas has achieved quite an extensive track record when it comes to sustainable and responsible investing. Some important steps were our signature of the UN PRI in 2018, the publication of our SRI framework, the Towards Sustainability label awarded to more than 40 of our commercialized funds in Belgium, our support to the Climate Action100+ collective engagement initiative and our participation to CDP SBTi campaigns via AG and more recently Ageas Impact24 strategy including the importance granted to sustainability and the adherence to the Net Zero Asset Owner Alliance in December 2022.

Ageas Impact24 launched in 2021 is the 3-year strategic plan of the group. Sustainability is fully embedded in this strategy and specifically for its investments, Ageas has set 3 sustainable investment targets

- Ageas will invest a minimum of 10 billion Euros in assets making a positive contribution to the transition towards a more sustainable world by 2024.
- Ageas will take ESG into considerations in 100% of our investment decisions by 2024
- Ageas is fully committed to the zero-emission ambition of the European Green Deal by 2050 at the latest.

Within Impact24, Ageas expressed explicitly its ambition to contribute towards global efforts to mitigate climate change. In December 2022, Ageas joined the Net Zero Asset Owner Alliance (NZAOA). By doing this, Ageas has paved the road to a net zero carbon emission investment portfolio by 2050. As an intermediate target, Ageas has committed to decrease by 50% the carbon intensity by 2030 of its investment portfolios as detailed in the section 2.

Section 2. Annual overview

- Discuss your organisation's progress during the reporting year on the responsible investment issue you consider most relevant or material to your organisation or its assets.
- Reflect on your performance with respect to your organisation's responsible investment objectives and targets during the reporting year. Details might include, for example, outlining your single most important achievement or describing your general progress on topics such as the following (where applicable):
- refinement of ESG analysis and incorporation
- stewardship activities with investees and/or with policymakers
- collaborative engagements
- attainment of responsible investment certifications and/or awards

NZAOA - carbon reduction target

The signature of the NZAOA has been one of our main achievements last year and will remain a focus point for the years to come. Not only are we aiming at the target of having a net zero carbon emission for our investment portfolio by 2050. But to achieve this long-term engagement, we have set an intermediate target in 2030 for the European consolidated entities to decrease the emissions of greenhouse gasses by 50% in the consolidated equity and corporate bonds portfolios. For the real estate assets, we will decarbonize our portfolio in line with the CREEM pathways.

On top of this carbon reduction target, we commit to engage with companies to encourage them to improve their carbon footprint. We also aim to invest by 2024 at least 10 billion Euro in assets having a positive social and environmental impact and dedicate at least 5 billion Euro to climate related investments.



Towards sustainability label

We have continued to grow our offering of sustainable products. Ageas defines these sustainable products as products that stimulate the transition to a more sustainable world. Last year, in Belgium, 15 new products received the towards sustainability label. At the end of 2022, we had 40 commercialized investment solutions having the Towards Sustainability label, gathering more than 9 billion euros of assets under management.

Assets with a positive contribution

Also in 2022, Ageas continued contributing to solutions related to sustainable cities, the climate challenges and strengthening local economies. Within Impact24, Ageas confirmed its ambition to contribute to the transition towards a more sustainable world also via its investment activities. Ageas has set a target to invest at least EUR 10 billion in these positive assets by 2024. To monitor this, Ageas has developed a framework where investments are assessed on their sustainable characteristics and value and where only those assets that have a positive impact on the environment or society are retained. At the end of 2022, we had more than 10.3 billion euros invested in assets making a positive contribution towards the transition to a more sustainable world.

SFDR - classification and disclosures

Another major step in the area of responsible investments was the classification of the vast majority of our commercialized investment funds into the article 8 SFDR category in Belgium. More than 99% of our products are classified Article 8. 2 products are classified Article 9. Among others, we have developed a proprietary approach to identify sustainable investments in our funds. Furthermore, transparency in what Ageas does in view of sustainable and responsible investing is key when it comes to our customers. So, the implementation of the SFDR disclosures has been a major step forward in the communication towards our clients. We've adapted our pre contractual documents to enhance the ESG criteria transparency towards our customers.

In view of further transparent communication, the annual Principle Adverse Impact statement has been disclosed.

SRI Framework – update and implementation

In 2022, we have reviewed the criteria to set up our exclusion lists. All issuers in breach of the UN Global Compact as identified by our external ESG data provider are mentioned on the exclusion lists implemented for the assets managed internally and those managed externally through mandates. About the engagement pillar, Ageas participated in 2022 for the first time to the CDP Science-based campaign that urges companies to set science based GHG emissions reduction targets. This reinforces our commitment to decrease the carbon emissions of our investment portfolio.

Section 3. Next steps

■ What specific steps has your organisation outlined to advance your commitment to responsible investment in the next two years?

Our responsible investment framework and processes will continue to evolve over the coming years. Over the next 2 years, the main actions should take place in the following areas.

- Decarbonization of our investment portfolio: set up of a climate transition plan and full deployment and implementation of the NZAOA requirements with a.o. measurement of climate metrics (e.g. GHG intensity), engagement with companies, growth of investments in with a positive impact on society and environment including climate transition solutions,
- Reinforcement our engagement approach: engagement plays a pivotal role in the way Ageas takes up its responsibility towards sustainability. We will target to have an active role in some collective engagements, to address emerging topics like biodiversity and to improve the monitoring of engagement activities done on our behalf performed by external parties. We will aim to have the consolidated European entities of the group working together to reinforce this pillar of our responsible investment framework.



- Further development of our ESG integration approach and ESG reporting: work on data collection for unlisted issuers and more illiquid asset classes such as infrastructure
- Continuous development of the product range with the Towards sustainability label and launch of other new sustainable products to meet ESG client's needs and appetite
- Implementation of EU regulation related to the development of a sustainable economy including its Green deal: track new and evolving EU regulation, further development and automatization of monitoring and reporting processes (EU Taxonomy, CSRD, SFDR, PAI, SI), implementation of the necessary changes to our ESG disclosures and RI processes.

Section 4. Endorsement

'The Senior Leadership Statement has been prepared and/or reviewed by the undersigned and reflects our organisation-wide commitment and approach to responsible investment'.

Name

Wim Vermeir

Position

CIO Ageas

Organisation's Name

Ageas

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'This endorsement applies only to the Senior Leadership Statement and should not be considered an endorsement of the information reported by the above-mentioned organisation in the various modules of the Reporting Framework. The Senior Leadership Statement serves as a general overview of the above-mentioned organisation's responsible investment approach. The Senior Leadership Statement does not constitute advice and should not be relied upon as such. Further, it is not a substitute for the skill, judgement and experience of any third parties, their management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions'.

ORGANISATIONAL OVERVIEW (00)

ORGANISATIONAL INFORMATION

REPORTING YEAR

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Reporting year	GENERAL

What is the year-end date of the 12-month period you have chosen to report for PRI reporting purposes?



	Date	Month	Year
Year-end date of the 12-month period for PRI reporting purposes:	31	12	2022

SUBSIDIARY INFORMATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 2	CORE	N/A	OO 2.1	PUBLIC	Subsidiary information	GENERAL

Does your organisation have subsidiaries?

o (B) No

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 2.1	CORE	00 2	OO 2.2	PUBLIC	Subsidiary information	GENERAL

Are any of your organisation's subsidiaries PRI signatories in their own right?

(A) Yes

o (B) No

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 2.2	CORE	00 2.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Subsidiary information	GENERAL

How many subsidiaries of your organisation are PRI signatories in their own rights?

- **1**
- o 2
- o 3
- o 4
- o **5**
- 67
- 0 8
- o **9**
- 0 10



List any subsidiaries of your organisation that are PRI signatories in their own right and indicate if the responsible investment activities of the listed subsidiaries will be reported in this submission.

> (1) Yes, the responsible investment activities of this subsidiary will be included in this report

(2) No, the responsible investment activities of this subsidiary will be included in their separate report

(A) Signatory name:

AG Insurance

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ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT

ALL ASSET CLASSES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 4	CORE	00 3	N/A	PUBLIC	All asset classes	GENERAL

What are your total assets under management (AUM) at the end of the reporting year, as indicated in [OO 1]?

	USD
(A) AUM of your organisation, including subsidiaries, and excluding the AUM subject to execution, advisory, custody, or research advisory only	US\$ 90,278,090,600.00
(B) AUM of subsidiaries that are PRI signatories in their own right and excluded from this submission, as indicated in [OO 2.2]	US\$ 0.00
(C) AUM subject to execution, advisory, custody, or research advisory only	US\$ 0.00



ASSET BREAKDOWN

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 5	CORE	OO 3	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a percentage breakdown of your total AUM at the end of the reporting year as indicated in [OO 1].

	(1) Percentage of Internally managed AUM	(2) Percentage of Externally managed AUM
(A) Listed equity	>0-10%	>0-10%
(B) Fixed income	>50-75%	>10-50%
(C) Private equity	0%	>0-10%
(D) Real estate	>0-10%	>0-10%
(E) Infrastructure	>0-10%	>0-10%
(F) Hedge funds	0%	>0-10%
(G) Forestry	0%	0%
(H) Farmland	0%	0%
(I) Other	>0-10%	>0-10%
(J) Off-balance sheet	0%	0%

(I) Other - (1) Percentage of Internally managed AUM - Specify:

Cash, derivatives

(I) Other - (2) Percentage of Externally managed AUM - Specify:

Cash, derivatives



ASSET BREAKDOWN: EXTERNALLY MANAGED ASSETS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.1	CORE	OO 5	Multiple	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown: Externally managed assets	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your organisation's externally managed listed equity and/or fixed income AUM.

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income - SSA	(3) Fixed income - corporate	(4) Fixed income - securitised	(5) Fixed income - private debt	
(A) Active	>75%	>10-50%	>50-75%	>0-10%	>0-10%	
(B) Passive	>0-10%	>0-10%	>0-10%			

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2	CORE	00 5, 00 5.1	SAM 3, SAM 8	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown: Externally managed assets	GENERAL

Provide a breakdown of your organisation's externally managed AUM between segregated mandates and pooled funds or investments.

	(1) Segregated mandate(s)	(2) Pooled fund(s) or pooled investment(s)
(A) Listed equity - active	>50-75%	>10-50%
(B) Listed equity - passive	>75%	>0-10%
(C) Fixed income - active	>50-75%	>10-50%
(D) Fixed income - passive	>75%	>0-10%
(E) Private equity	>0-10%	>75%
(F) Real estate	0%	>75%



(G) Infrastructure	0%	>75%
(H) Hedge funds	0%	>75%

ASSET BREAKDOWN: INTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED EQUITY

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 5.3 LE	CORE	OO 5	Multiple	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown: Internally managed listed equity	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your internally managed listed equity AUM.

(A) Passive equity	>0-10%
(B) Active – quantitative	0%
(C) Active – fundamental	>75%
(D) Other strategies	0%

ASSET BREAKDOWN: INTERNALLY MANAGED FIXED INCOME

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle	
00 5.3 FI	CORE	OO 5	Multiple	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown: Internally managed fixed income	GENERAL	
Dravide a further hypotedous of your internally managed fixed income ALIM							

Provide a further breakdown of your internally managed fixed income AUM.

(A) Passive – SSA	0%
(B) Passive – corporate	0%
(C) Active – SSA	>50-75%



(D) Active – corporate	>10-50%
(E) Securitised	0%
(F) Private debt	>10-50%

ASSET BREAKDOWN: INTERNALLY MANAGED REAL ESTATE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 5.3 RE	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown: Internally managed real estate	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your internally managed real estate AUM.

(A) Retail	>10-50%
(B) Office	>10-50%
(C) Industrial	>10-50%
(D) Residential	>0-10%
(E) Hotel	0%
(F) Lodging, leisure and recreation	0%
(G) Education	>0-10%
(H) Technology or science	0%
(I) Healthcare	>10-50%
(J) Mixed use	0%
(K) Other	>10-50%

(K) Other - Specify:

Miced



ASSET BREAKDOWN: INTERNALLY MANAGED INFRASTRUCTURE

0%

Ir	ndicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
C	O 5.3 INF	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown: Internally managed infrastructure	GENERAL
Р	rovide a further	breakdown of your i	internally manage	d infrastructure	e AUM.		
	(A) Data infrasti	ructure	0%				
	(B) Diversified (C) Energy and water resources (D) Environmental services		0%				
			0%				
			0%				
	(E) Network util	ities	0%				
	(F) Power gene renewables)	eration (excl.	0%				
	(G) Renewable	power	>75%				
	(H) Social infras	structure	0%				
	(I) Transport		0%				



(J) Other

MANAGEMENT BY PRI SIGNATORIES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 6	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Management by PRI signatories	GENERAL

What percentage of your organisation's externally managed assets are managed by PRI signatories?

>75%

GEOGRAPHICAL BREAKDOWN

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
007	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Geographical breakdown	GENERAL

How much of your AUM in each asset class is invested in emerging markets and developing economies?

AUM in Emerging Markets and Developing Economies

(A) Listed equity	(2) >0 to 10%
(B) Fixed income – SSA	(2) >0 to 10%
(C) Fixed income – corporate	(2) >0 to 10%
(D) Fixed income – securitised	(2) >0 to 10%
(E) Fixed income – private debt	(1) 0%
(F) Private equity	(2) >0 to 10%
(G) Real estate	(1) 0%
(H) Infrastructure	(1) 0%



(I) Hedge funds (1) 0%

STEWARDSHIP

STEWARDSHIP

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 8	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Stewardship	GENERAL

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities, excluding (proxy) voting, for any of your assets?

	(1) Listed equity - active	(2) Listed equity - passive	(3) Fixed income - active	(4) Fixed income - passive	(5) Private equity
(A) Yes, through internal staff	V		V		
(B) Yes, through service providers					
(C) Yes, through external managers	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	
(D) We do not conduct stewardship	0	0	0	0	•



	(6) Real estate	(7) Infrastructure	(8) Hedge funds	(11) Other
(A) Yes, through internal staff	\square			
(B) Yes, through service providers				
(C) Yes, through external managers				
(D) We do not conduct stewardship	0	•	•	•

STEWARDSHIP: (PROXY) VOTING

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 9 HF	CORE	OO 5	OO 9	PUBLIC	Stewardship: (Proxy) voting	GENERAL

Does your organisation have direct investments in listed equity across your hedge fund strategies?

o (A) Yes

⊚ (B) No

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Stewardship: (Proxy) voting	GENERAL

Does your organisation conduct (proxy) voting activities for any of your listed equity holdings?



	(1) Listed equity - active	(2) Listed equity - passive
(A) Yes, through internal staff	Z	
(B) Yes, through service providers		
(C) Yes, through external managers		
(D) We do not conduct (proxy) voting	0	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9.1	CORE	OO 9	PGS 10.1, PGS 31	PUBLIC	Stewardship: (Proxy) voting	GENERAL

For each asset class, on what percentage of your listed equity holdings do you have the discretion to vote?

Percentage of your listed equity holdings over which you have the discretion to vote

(A) Listed equity – active	(12) 100%
(B) Listed equity - passive	(12) 100%

STEWARDSHIP NOT CONDUCTED

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 10	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship not conducted	2

Describe why your organisation does not currently conduct stewardship and/or (proxy) voting.

Stewardship, excluding (proxy) voting



(E) Private equity

Limited exposure

(G) Infrastructure

Limited exposure

(H) Hedge funds

Limited exposure

(K) Other

Not applicable

ESG INCORPORATION

INTERNALLY MANAGED ASSETS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Internally managed assets	1

For each internally managed asset class, does your organisation incorporate ESG factors into your investment decisions?

	(1) Yes, we incorporate ESG factors into our investment decisions	(2) No, we do not incorporate ESG factors into our investment decisions
(A) Listed equity - passive	•	0
(C) Listed equity - active - fundamental	•	0
(E) Fixed income - SSA	•	0
(F) Fixed income - corporate	•	0
(H) Fixed income - private debt	•	0
(J) Real estate	•	0
(K) Infrastructure	•	0



EXTERNAL MANAGER SELECTION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 12	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	External manager selection	1

For each externally managed asset class, does your organisation incorporate ESG factors when selecting external investment managers?

	(1) Yes, we incorporate ESG factors when selecting external investment managers	(2) No, we do not incorporate ESG factors when selecting external investment managers
(A) Listed equity - active	•	ο
(B) Listed equity - passive	•	ο
(C) Fixed income - active	•	О
(D) Fixed income - passive	•	О
(E) Private equity	•	О
(F) Real estate	•	О
(G) Infrastructure	•	О
(H) Hedge funds	•	0
(K) Other: Cash, derivatives	•	0



EXTERNAL MANAGER APPOINTMENT

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 13	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	External manager appointment	1

For each externally managed asset class, does your organisation incorporate ESG factors when appointing external investment managers?

	(1) Yes, we incorporate ESG factors when appointing external investment managers	(2) No, we do not incorporate ESG factors when appointing external investment managers
(A) Listed equity - active	•	0
(B) Listed equity - passive	•	0
(C) Fixed income - active	•	o
(D) Fixed income - passive	•	o
(E) Private equity	•	o
(F) Real estate	•	o
(G) Infrastructure	•	o
(H) Hedge funds	•	o
(K) Other: Cash, derivatives	•	0



EXTERNAL MANAGER MONITORING

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 14	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	External manager monitoring	1

For each externally managed asset class, does your organisation incorporate ESG factors when monitoring external investment managers?

	(1) Yes, we incorporate ESG factors when monitoring external investment managers	(2) No, we do not incorporate ESG factors when monitoring external investment managers
(A) Listed equity - active	•	0
(B) Listed equity - passive	•	0
(C) Fixed income - active	•	0
(D) Fixed income - passive	•	O
(E) Private equity	•	O
(F) Real estate	•	Ο
(G) Infrastructure	•	Ο
(H) Hedge funds	•	0
(K) Other: Cash, derivatives	•	0



ESG IN OTHER ASSET CLASSES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 15	CORE	OO 11, OO 12- 14	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG in other asset classes	1

Describe how your organisation incorporates ESG factors into the following asset classes.

Internally managed

(C) Other

Other is mainly cash and cash equivalent ==> we use a.o. ESG risk scores of banks where deposits are made or ESG risk rating of issuer of commercial paper. At AG, Cash & cash equivalent positions are reviewed at least once a year in SRI Monitoring Committee.

Externally managed

(F) Other

Other is mainly cash and cash equivalent ==> we integrate ESG factors in selection and monitoring of external managers including for money market funds. We privilege asset managers that are PRI signatories.

ESG STRATEGIES

LISTED EQUITY

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 17 LE	CORE	00 11	OO 17.1 LE, LE 12	PUBLIC	Listed equity	1

Which ESG incorporation approach and/or combination of approaches does your organisation apply to your internally managed active listed equity?

Percentage out of total internally managed active listed equity (A) Screening alone 006

(A) Screening alone	0%
(B) Thematic alone	0%
(C) Integration alone	0%
(D) Screening and integration	>75%



(E) Thematic and integration	0%
(F) Screening and thematic	0%
(G) All three approaches combined	0%
(H) None	0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 17.1 LE	CORE	00 17 LE	LE 9	PUBLIC	Listed equity	1

What type of screening does your organisation use for your internally managed active listed equity assets where a screening approach is applied?

	Percentage coverage out of your total listed equity assets where a screening approach is applied
(A) Positive/best-in-class screening only	0%
(B) Negative screening only	>75%
(C) A combination of screening approaches	>10-50%

FIXED INCOME

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 17 FI	CORE	OO 5.3 FI, OO 11	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Fixed income	1

Which ESG incorporation approach and/or combination of approaches does your organisation apply to your internally managed active fixed income?



	(1) Fixed income - SSA	(2) Fixed income - corporate
(A) Screening alone	0%	0%
(B) Thematic alone	0%	0%
(C) Integration alone	0%	0%
(D) Screening and integration	>75%	>75%
(E) Thematic and integration	0%	0%
(F) Screening and thematic	0%	0%
(G) All three approaches combined	0%	0%
(H) None	0%	0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 17.1 FI	CORE	00 17 FI	N/A	PUBLIC	Fixed income	1

What type of screening does your organisation use for your internally managed active fixed income where a screening approach is applied?

(1) Fixed income - SSA	(2) Fixed income - corporate
0%	0%
>75%	>75%
0%	>0-10%
	0% >75%



ESG/SUSTAINABILITY FUNDS AND PRODUCTS

LABELLING AND MARKETING

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 18	CORE	OO 11–14	OO 18.1	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	1

Do you explicitly market any of your products and/or funds as ESG and/or sustainable?

Provide the percentage of AUM that your ESG and/or sustainability-marketed products or funds represent:

>10-50%

- o (B) No, we do not offer products or funds explicitly marketed as ESG and/or sustainable
- o (C) Not applicable; we do not offer products or funds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 18.1	CORE	OO 18	OO 18.2	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	1

Do any of your ESG and/or sustainability-marketed products and/or funds hold formal ESG and/or RI certification(s) or label(s) awarded by a third party?

(A) Yes, our ESG and/or sustainability-marketed products and/or funds hold formal labels or certifications Provide the percentage of AUM that your labelled and/or certified products and/or funds represent:

>10-50%

o (B) No, our ESG and/or sustainability-marketed products and/or funds do not hold formal labels or certifications

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 18.2	CORE	OO 18.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	1

Which ESG/RI certifications or labels do you hold?

\sqcup (A) Commodity type label (e.g. B	CI)	
---	-----	--

☐ (B) GRESB

☐ (C) Austrian Ecolabel (UZ49)

 \square (D) B Corporation

☐ (E) BREEAM

 $\hfill\Box$ (F) CBI Climate Bonds Standard

☐ (G) DDV-Nachhaltigkeitskodex-ESG-Strategie

☐ (H) DDV-Nachhaltigkeitskodex-ESG-Impact



☐ (I) EU Ecolabel
☐ (J) EU Green Bond Standard
\square (K) Febelfin label (Belgium)
\square (L) Finansol
\square (M) FNG-Siegel Ecolabel (Germany, Austria and Switzerland)
\square (N) Greenfin label (France)
\square (O) Grüner Pfandbrief
☐ (P) ICMA Green Bond Principles
☐ (Q) ICMA Social Bonds Principles
☐ (R) ICMA Sustainability Bonds Principles
\square (S) ICMA Sustainability-linked Bonds Principles
\square (T) Kein Verstoß gegen Atomwaffensperrvertrag
\square (U) Le label ISR (French government SRI label)
☐ (V) Luxflag Climate Finance
\square (W) Luxflag Environment
☐ (X) Luxflag ESG
☐ (Y) Luxflag Green Bond
☐ (Z) Luxflag Microfinance
\square (AA) Luxflag Sustainable Insurance Products
☐ (AB) National stewardship code
☐ (AC) Nordic Swan Ecolabel
\square (AD) Other SRI label based on EUROSIF SRI Transparency Code (e.g. Novethic)
\square (AE) People's Bank of China green bond guidelines
☐ (AF) RIAA (Australia)
☑ (AG) Towards Sustainability label (Belgium)
☑ (AH) Other
Specify:

A minority of our sustainable products have a certification of the Forum Ethibel

PASSIVE INVESTMENTS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 19	CORE	OO 5.3 FI, OO 11	LE 8, FI 10	PUBLIC	Passive investments	1

What percentage of your total internally managed passive listed equity and/or fixed income passive AUM utilise an ESG index or benchmark?

Percentage of AUM that utilise an ESG index or benchmark

|--|--|



SUMMARY OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

SUMMARY OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 21	CORE	Multiple indicators	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Summary of reporting requirements	GENERAL

The following table shows which modules are mandatory or voluntary to report on in the separate PRI asset class modules. Where a module is voluntary, indicate if you wish to report on it.

Applicable modules	(1) Mandatory to report (pre-filled based on previous responses)	(2.1) Voluntary to report. Yes, I want to opt-in to reporting on the module	(2.2) Voluntary to report. No, I want to opt-out of reporting on the module
Policy, Governance and Strategy	•	0	0
Confidence Building Measures	•	0	0
(T) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – listed equity - active	0	•	0
(U) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – listed equity - passive	0	•	0
(V) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – fixed income - active	•	0	0
(W) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – fixed income - passive	0	•	0



(X) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – private equity	0	•	0
(Y) External manager selection,appointment and monitoring (SAM)real estate	0	•	0
(Z) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – infrastructure	0	•	0
(AA) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – hedge funds	0	Ο	•

SUBMISSION INFORMATION

REPORT DISCLOSURE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 32	CORE	00 3, 00 31	N/A	PUBLIC	Report disclosure	GENERAL

How would you like to disclose the detailed percentage figures you reported throughout the Reporting Framework?

 \circ (A) Publish as absolute numbers

(B) Publish as ranges



POLICY, GOVERNANCE AND STRATEGY (PGS)

POLICY

RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT POLICY ELEMENTS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 1	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	1, 2

Which elements are covered in your formal responsible investment policy(ies)?

- ☑ (A) Overall approach to responsible investment
- ☑ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors
- ☑ (C) Guidelines on social factors
- ☑ (D) Guidelines on governance factors
- $\ \square$ (E) Guidelines on sustainability outcomes
- ☑ (F) Guidelines tailored to the specific asset class(es) we hold
- **☑** (G) Guidelines on exclusions
- ☑ (H) Guidelines on managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment
- ☑ (I) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with investees
- ☐ (J) Stewardship: Guidelines on overall political engagement
- \square (K) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with other key stakeholders
- ☑ (L) Stewardship: Guidelines on (proxy) voting
- \square (M) Other responsible investment elements not listed here
- o (N) Our organisation does not have a formal responsible investment policy and/or our policy(ies) do not cover any responsible investment elements

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 2	CORE	PGS 1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	1

Does your formal responsible investment policy(ies) include specific guidelines on systematic sustainability issues?

- ☑ (A) Specific guidelines on climate change (may be part of guidelines on environmental factors)
- ☑ (B) Specific guidelines on human rights (may be part of guidelines on social factors)
- \square (C) Specific guidelines on other systematic sustainability issues
- o (D) Our formal responsible investment policy(ies) does not include guidelines on systematic sustainability issues



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 3	CORE	PGS 1, PGS 2	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	6

Which elements of your formal responsible investment policy(ies) are publicly available?

$\ensuremath{\square}$ (A) Overall approach to responsible investment

Add link:

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-04/Responsible%20Investment%20Framework%20-%20Update%20March%202023.pdf

☑ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors

Add link:

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-04/Responsible%20Investment%20Framework%20-%20Update%20March%202023.pdf

☑ (C) Guidelines on social factors

Add link:

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-04/Responsible%20Investment%20Framework%20-%20Update%20March%202023.pdf

☑ (D) Guidelines on governance factors

Add link:

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-04/Responsible%20Investment%20Framework%20-%20Update%20March%202023.pdf

☑ (F) Specific guidelines on climate change (may be part of guidelines on environmental factors) Add link:

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-04/Responsible%20Investment%20Framework%20-w20Update%20March%202023.pdf

(G) Specific guidelines on human rights (may be part of guidelines on social factors) Add link:

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-04/Responsible%20Investment%20Framework%20-w20Update%20March%202023.pdf

☑ (I) Guidelines tailored to the specific asset class(es) we hold

Add link:

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-04/Responsible%20Investment%20Framework%20-%20Update%20March%202023.pdf

☑ (J) Guidelines on exclusions

Add link:

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-04/Responsible%20Investment%20Framework%20-%20Update%20March%202023.pdf

☑ (K) Guidelines on managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment



Add link:

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-06/Conflict%20of%20Interest%20-%20Our%20approach%202023.pdf

(L) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with investees Add link:

https://ag.be/a-propos-d-ag/content/dam/transversal/aboutus/documents/fr/Politique_engagement_FR.pdf

 $\ensuremath{\square}$ (O) Stewardship: Guidelines on (proxy) voting

Add link:

https://ag.be/a-propos-d-ag/content/dam/transversal/aboutus/documents/fr/politique_exercice_des_droits_de_vote.pdf

o (Q) No elements of our formal responsible investment policy(ies) are publicly available

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 5	CORE	PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	2

Which elements are covered in your organisation's policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship?

- ☑ (A) Overall stewardship objectives
- ☑ (B) Prioritisation of specific ESG factors to be advanced via stewardship activities
- ☑ (C) Criteria used by our organisation to prioritise the investees, policy makers, key stakeholders, or other entities on which to focus our stewardship efforts
- \Box (D) How different stewardship tools and activities are used across the organisation
- ☑ (E) Approach to escalation in stewardship
- ☑ (F) Approach to collaboration in stewardship
- ☑ (G) Conflicts of interest related to stewardship
- ☑ (H) How stewardship efforts and results are communicated across the organisation to feed into investment decision-making and vice versa
- ☐ (I) Other
- o (J) None of the above elements is captured in our policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 6	CORE	PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	2

Does your policy on (proxy) voting include voting principles and/or guidelines on specific ESG factors?

- ☑ (A) Yes, it includes voting principles and/or guidelines on specific environmental factors
- \square (B) Yes, it includes voting principles and/or guidelines on specific social factors
- ☑ (C) Yes, it includes voting principles and/or guidelines on specific governance factors
- o (D) Our policy on (proxy) voting does not include voting principles or guidelines on specific ESG factors



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 7	CORE	OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	2

Does your organisation have a policy that states how (proxy) voting is addressed in your securities lending programme?

- o (A) We have a publicly available policy to address (proxy) voting in our securities lending programme
- o (B) We have a policy to address (proxy) voting in our securities lending programme, but it is not publicly available
- o (C) We rely on the policy of our external service provider(s)
- (D) We do not have a policy to address (proxy) voting in our securities lending programme
- o (E) Not applicable; we do not have a securities lending programme

RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT POLICY COVERAGE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 8	CORE	PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	1

What percentage of your total AUM is covered by the below elements of your responsible investment policy(ies)?

Combined AUM coverage of all policy elements

(A) Overall approach to responsible investment
(B) Guidelines on environmental factors
(C) Guidelines on social factors
(D) Guidelines on governance factors



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 9	CORE	PGS 2	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	1

What proportion of your AUM is covered by your formal policies or guidelines on climate change, human rights, or other systematic sustainability issues?

	AUM coverage
(A) Specific guidelines on climate change	(1) for all of our AUM
(B) Specific guidelines on human rights	(1) for all of our AUM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 10	CORE	OO 8, OO 9, PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	2

Per asset class, what percentage of your AUM is covered by your policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship with investees?

☑ (A) Listed equity

- (1) Percentage of AUM covered
 - o (1) >0% to 10%
 - o (2) >10% to 20%
 - o (3) >20% to 30%
 - o (4) >30% to 40%
 - o (5) >40% to 50%
 - o (6) >50% to 60%
 - o (7) >60% to 70%
 - o (8) >70% to 80%
 - (9) >80% to 90%(10) >90% to <100%
 - **(11)** 100%

☑ (B) Fixed income

- (1) Percentage of AUM covered
 - o (1) >0% to 10%
 - o (2) >10% to 20%
 - o (3) >20% to 30%
 - o (4) >30% to 40%
 - o (5) >40% to 50%
 - o (6) >50% to 60%
 - o (7) >60% to 70%
 - o (8) >70% to 80%
 - o (9) >80% to 90%
 - (10) >90% to <100%



- o (11) 100%
- (2) If your AUM coverage is below 100%, explain why: (Voluntary)

☑ (D) Real estate

- (1) Percentage of AUM covered
 - o (1) >0% to 10%
 - o (2) >10% to 20%
 - o (3) >20% to 30%
 - o (4) >30% to 40%
 - o (5) >40% to 50%
 - o (6) >50% to 60%
 - o (7) >60% to 70%
 - o (8) >70% to 80%
 - o (9) >80% to 90%
 - o (10) >90% to <100%
 - **(11) 100%**

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 10.1	CORE	OO 9.1, PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	2

What percentage of your listed equity holdings is covered by your guidelines on (proxy) voting?

☑ (A) Actively managed listed equity

- (1) Percentage of your listed equity holdings over which you have the discretion to vote
 - o (1) >0% to 10%
 - o (2) >10% to 20%
 - o (3) >20% to 30%
 - o (4) >30% to 40%
 - o (5) >40% to 50%
 - o (6) >50% to 60%
 - o (7) >60% to 70%
 - o (8) >70% to 80%
 - o (9) >80% to 90%
 - o (10) >90% to <100%
 - **(11) 100%**

☑ (B) Passively managed listed equity

- (1) Percentage of your listed equity holdings over which you have the discretion to vote
 - o (1) >0% to 10%
 - o (2) >10% to 20%
 - o (3) >20% to 30%
 - o (4) >30% to 40%
 - o (5) >40% to 50%
 - o (6) >50% to 60%
 - o (7) >60% to 70%
 - o (8) >70% to 80%
 - o (9) >80% to 90%
 - o (10) >90% to <100%
 - **(11) 100%**

GOVERNANCE

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

Which senior level body(ies) or role(s) in your organisation have formal oversight over and accountability for responsible investment?

☑ (A) Board members, trustees, or equivalent

 $\ensuremath{\square}$ (B) Senior executive-level staff, or equivalent

Specify:

Ageas Board, supported by board subcommittees (e.g. Risk and Capital Committee) is the ultimate responsible for overseeing strategic decisions regarding Ageas investment strategy.

An ESG Steering Committee chaired by the Group CEO and including a.o. CIO have formal oversight over and ensure accountability for responsible investment

At least on a yearly basis, CIO presents the SRI Business plan to the ESG SteerCo as well as progress to the Board on a bi-annual basis.

☑ (C) Investment committee, or equivalent

Specify:

At Ageas level: AGICO (Ageas Investment Committee) led by the Group CFO and including a.o. CIO has formal oversight over and accountability for responsible investment implemented in all European consolidated entities

At local level, Investment Committee have formal oversight over and accountability for responsible investment. Specifically at AG, SRI Steering/Monitoring Committee and Credit Risk Committee have a supporting role.

☑ (D) Head of department, or equivalent

Specify department:

Local CIO, Head of Front Office, Head of SRI

o (E) None of the above bodies and roles have oversight over and accountability for responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11.1	CORE	PGS 1, PGS 2, PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1, 2

Does your organisation's senior level body(ies) or role(s) have formal oversight over and accountability for the elements covered in your responsible investment policy(ies)?



(1) Board members, trustees, or equivalent

(2) Senior executive-level staff, investment committee, head of department, or equivalent

(A) Overall approach to responsible investment	Ø	
(B) Guidelines on environmental, social and/or governance factors	Ø	
(D) Specific guidelines on climate change (may be part of guidelines on environmental factors)	Ø	
(E) Specific guidelines on human rights (may be part of guidelines on social factors)		
(G) Guidelines tailored to the specific asset class(es) we hold	Ø	
(H) Guidelines on exclusions		
(I) Guidelines on managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment	Ø	
(J) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with investees	Ø	
(M) Stewardship: Guidelines on (proxy) voting	Ø	
(N) This role has no formal oversight over and accountability for any of the above elements covered in our responsible investment policy(ies)	o	0



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11.2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1-6

Does your organisation have governance processes or structures to ensure that your overall political engagement is aligned with your commitment to the principles of PRI, including any political engagement conducted by third parties on your behalf?

o (A) Yes

Explain why:

No structures/management processes have been put into place today

o (C) Not applicable, our organisation does not conduct any form of political engagement directly or through any third parties

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 12	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

In your organisation, which internal or external roles are responsible for implementing your approach to responsible investment?

☑ (A) Internal role(s)

Specify:

Local CIO / Local Team Sustainable [] responsible investing / Local Head of Front Office. Specifically at AG, all members of the SRI Steering and SRI Monitoring Committee

(B) External investment managers, service providers, or other external partners or suppliers Specify:

External asset managers

o (C) We do not have any internal or external roles with responsibility for implementing responsible investment



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 13	CORE	PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

Does your organisation use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of your board members, trustees, or equivalent?

(A) Yes, we use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our board members, trustees, or
 equivalent

Describe: (Voluntary)

The one-year variable remuneration (STI) for the Executive Committee Members is partly determined by the company performance in terms of both financial and non-financial KPIs. Within the Non-financial ('Stakeholders') KPIs, Impact24 -ESG KPIs include, among others, 'the progress made on the investments in sustainable assets'

o (B) No, we do not use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our board members, trustees, or equivalent

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 14	CORE	PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

Does your organisation use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of your senior executive-level staff (or equivalent), and are these KPIs linked to compensation?

Indicate whether these responsible investment KPIs are linked to compensation

- o (2) KPIs are not linked to compensation as these roles do not have variable compensation
- \circ (3) KPIs are not linked to compensation even though these roles have variable compensation Describe: (Voluntary)
- o (B) No, we do not use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our senior executive-level staff (or equivalent)



EXTERNAL REPORTING AND DISCLOSURES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 16	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

What elements are included in your regular reporting to clients and/or beneficiaries for the majority of your AUM?

- ☑ (A) Any changes in policies related to responsible investment
- \square (B) Any changes in governance or oversight related to responsible investment
- **☑** (C) Stewardship-related commitments
- **☑** (D) Progress towards stewardship-related commitments
- ☑ (E) Climate-related commitments
- ☑ (F) Progress towards climate-related commitments
- ☑ (G) Human rights-related commitments
- ☑ (H) Progress towards human rights-related commitments
- ☑ (I) Commitments to other systematic sustainability issues
- ☑ (J) Progress towards commitments on other systematic sustainability issues
- o (K) We do not include any of these elements in our regular reporting to clients and/or beneficiaries for the majority of our AUM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 17	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose climate-related information in line with the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures' (TCFD) recommendations?

- ☑ (A) Yes, including all governance-related recommended disclosures
- ☑ (B) Yes, including all strategy-related recommended disclosures
- ☑ (C) Yes, including all risk management-related recommended disclosures
- ☑ (D) Yes, including all applicable metrics and targets-related recommended disclosures
- (E) None of the above Add link(s):

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2022-06/TCFD%20disclosure%20May%202022.pdf https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-04/Annual%20Report%202022.pdf



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 19	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose its membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement?

(A) Yes, we publicly disclosed our membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement Add link(s):

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-05/Lobbying%20and%20membership%20disclosure%202022 0.pdf

- o (B) No, we did not publicly disclose our membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement
- o (C) Not applicable, we were not members in or supporters of any trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement during the reporting year

STRATEGY

CAPITAL ALLOCATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 20	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Capital allocation	1

Which elements do your organisation-level exclusions cover?

- ☑ (A) Exclusions based on our organisation's values or beliefs regarding particular sectors, products or services
- ☑ (B) Exclusions based on our organisation's values or beliefs regarding particular regions or countries
- ☑ (C) Exclusions based on minimum standards of business practice aligned with international norms such as the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the International Bill of Human Rights, UN Security Council sanctions or the UN Global Compact
- ☑ (D) Exclusions based on our organisation's climate change commitments
- ☐ (E) Other elements
- (F) Not applicable; our organisation does not have any organisation-level exclusions

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 21	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Capital allocation	1



How does your responsible investment approach influence your strategic asset allocation process?

- ☐ (A) We incorporate ESG factors into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns
- ☐ (B) We incorporate climate change–related risks and opportunities into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns
- □ (C) We incorporate human rights—related risks and opportunities into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns
- \Box (D) We incorporate risks and opportunities related to other systematic sustainability issues into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns
- (E) We do not incorporate ESG factors, climate change, human rights or other systematic sustainability issues into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns
- o (F) Not applicable; we do not have a strategic asset allocation process

STEWARDSHIP: OVERALL STEWARDSHIP STRATEGY

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 22	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Overall stewardship strategy	2

For the majority of AUM within each asset class, which of the following best describes your primary stewardship objective?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income	(4) Real estate
(A) Maximise our portfolio-level risk-adjusted returns. In doing so, we seek to address any risks to overall portfolio performance caused by individual investees' contribution to systematic sustainability issues.	•	•	
(B) Maximise our individual investments' risk-adjusted returns. In doing so, we do not seek to address any risks to overall portfolio performance caused by individual investees' contribution to systematic sustainability issues.	0	0	0



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 24	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Overall stewardship strategy	2

Which of the following best describes your organisation's default position, or the position of the external service providers or external managers acting on your behalf, concerning collaborative stewardship efforts?

- (A) We recognise the value of collective action, and as a result, we prioritise collaborative stewardship efforts wherever possible
- o (B) We collaborate on a case-by-case basis
- o (C) Other
- o (D) We do not join collaborative stewardship efforts

STEWARDSHIP: (PROXY) VOTING

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 29	CORE	OO 9, PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: (Proxy) voting	2

When you use external service providers to give recommendations, how do you ensure those recommendations are consistent with your organisation's (proxy) voting policy?

- \Box (A) Before voting is executed, we review external service providers' voting recommendations for controversial and high-profile votes
- \Box (B) Before voting is executed, we review external service providers' voting recommendations where the application of our voting policy is unclear
- \Box (C) We ensure consistency with our voting policy by reviewing external service providers' voting recommendations only after voting has been executed
- o (D) We do not review external service providers' voting recommendations
- (E) Not applicable; we do not use external service providers to give voting recommendations

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 30	CORE	OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: (Proxy) voting	2

How is voting addressed in your securities lending programme?

o (A) We recall all securities for voting on all ballot items



- o (B) When a vote is deemed important according to pre-established criteria (e.g. high stake in the company), we recall all our securities for voting
- o (C) Other
- (D) We do not recall our securities for voting purposes
- o (E) Not applicable; we do not have a securities lending programme

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 31	CORE	OO 9.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: (Proxy) voting	2

For the majority of votes cast over which you have discretion to vote, which of the following best describes your decision making approach regarding shareholder resolutions (or that of your external service provider(s) if decision making is delegated to them)?

- (a) We vote in favour of resolutions expected to advance progress on our stewardship priorities, including affirming a company's good practice or prior commitment
- (B) We vote in favour of resolutions expected to advance progress on our stewardship priorities, but only if the investee company has not already publicly committed to the action(s) requested in the proposal
- o (C) We vote in favour of shareholder resolutions only as an escalation measure
- o (D) We vote in favour of the investee company management's recommendations by default
- o (E) Not applicable; we do not vote on shareholder resolutions

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 32	CORE	OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: (Proxy) voting	2

During the reporting year, how did your organisation, or your external service provider(s), pre-declare voting intentions prior to voting in annual general meetings (AGMs) or extraordinary general meetings (EGMs)?

- ☐ (A) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly through the PRI's vote declaration system on the Resolution Database
- ☐ (B) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly by other means, e.g. through our website
- \square (C) We privately communicated our voting decision to investee companies prior to the AGM/EGM
- (D) We did not privately or publicly communicate our voting intentions prior to the AGM/EGM
- (E) Not applicable; we did not cast any (proxy) votes during the reporting year



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 33	CORE	OO 9	PGS 33.1	PUBLIC	Stewardship: (Proxy) voting	2

After voting has taken place, do you publicly disclose your (proxy) voting decisions or those made on your behalf by your external service provider(s), company by company and in a central source?

- o (A) Yes, for all (proxy) votes
- o (B) Yes, for the majority of (proxy) votes
- o (C) Yes, for a minority of (proxy) votes
- (D) No, we do not publicly report our (proxy) voting decisions company-by-company and in a central source Explain why:

Among others due to a lack of resources we do not report our (proxy) voting decisions company-by-company but at AG, we publish a consolidated voting report: https://ag.be/a-propos-d-ag/content/dam/transversal/aboutus/documents/fr/Engagement and voting report 2022 FR.pdf

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 34	CORE	OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: (Proxy) voting	2

After voting has taken place, did your organisation, and/or the external service provider(s) acting on your behalf, communicate the rationale for your voting decisions during the reporting year?

	(1) In cases where we abstained or voted against management recommendations	(2) In cases where we voted against an ESG-related shareholder resolution
(A) Yes, we publicly disclosed the rationale		
(B) Yes, we privately communicated the rationale to the company		
(C) We did not publicly or privately communicate the rationale, or we did not track this information	•	•



(D) Not applicable; we did not abstain or vote against management recommendations or ESG-related shareholder resolutions during the reporting year

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STEWARDSHIP: ESCALATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	vay to Disclosure Subsection		PRI Principle
PGS 36	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Escalation	2

For your listed equity holdings, what escalation measures did your organisation, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, use in the past three years?

(1) Listed equity (A) Joining or broadening an existing collaborative engagement or creating a new one (B) Filing, co-filing, and/or submitting a shareholder resolution or proposal (C) Publicly engaging the entity, \checkmark e.g. signing an open letter (D) Voting against the re-election of one or more board directors (E) Voting against the chair of the board of directors, or equivalent, e.g. lead independent director (F) Divesting (G) Litigation



(H) Other	
(I) In the past three years, we did not use any of the above escalation measures for our listed equity holdings	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 37	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Escalation	2

For your corporate fixed income assets, what escalation measures did your organisation, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, use in the past three years?

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☑ (B) Publicly engaging the entity, e.g. signing an open letter

☐ (C) Not investing

 \square (D) Reducing exposure to the investee entity

☐ (E) Divesting

☐ (F) Litigation

☐ (G) Other

o (H) In the past three years, we did not use any of the above escalation measures for our corporate fixed income assets

STEWARDSHIP: ENGAGEMENT WITH POLICY MAKERS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	PGS 39.1, PGS 39.2	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2

Did your organisation, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, engage with policy makers as part of your responsible investment approach during the reporting year?

\square (A) Yes, we engaged with policy makers direct		(A)	Yes,	we	engaged	with	policy	makers	direct
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 $[\]Box$ (B) Yes, we engaged with policy makers through the leadership of or active participation in working groups or collaborative initiatives, including via the PRI

^{☑ (}C) Yes, we were members of, supported, or were in another way affiliated with third party organisations, including trade associations and non-profit organisations, that engage with policy makers, excluding the PRI

o (D) We did not engage with policy makers directly or indirectly during the reporting year beyond our membership in the PRI

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39.1	CORE	PGS 39	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2

During the reporting year, what methods did you, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, use to engage with policy makers as part of your responsible investment approach?

- \square (A) We participated in 'sign-on' letters
- ☑ (B) We responded to policy consultations
- ☐ (C) We provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working groups
- ☑ (D) We engaged policy makers on our own initiative

Describe:

Engagement with policy makers was performed by some of our fixed income external managers. They actively engage with policymakers and other country stakeholders, mainly on climate action policies, but also on debt sustainability, governance and social standards such as education and health. This can be done in direct meetings, but also through engaging in collaborative initiatives, issuer road shows, conferences or country research trips. The findings of the engagement are integrated within the financial assessment of the issuing countries

☐ (E) Other methods

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39.2	CORE	PGS 39	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose details of your engagement with policy makers conducted as part of your responsible investment approach, including through external investment managers or service providers?

- \square (A) We publicly disclosed all our policy positions
- \square (B) We publicly disclosed details of our engagements with policy makers
- (C) No, we did not publicly disclose details of our engagement with policy makers conducted as part of our responsible investment approach during the reporting year

Explain why:

Not currently part of our process



CLIMATE CHANGE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 41	CORE	N/A	PGS 41.1	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Has your organisation identified climate-related risks and opportunities affecting your investments?

☑ (A) Yes, within our standard planning horizon

Specify the risks and opportunities identified and your relevant standard planning horizon:

Risk

As part of the ORSA annual exercise, Ageas performs climate change related stress tests. The time horizons cover medium to longer term, as time horizon considered was 2045. For the purposes of the ORSA, the focus Group-wide was the following two transmission channels:

- -The first transmission channel relates to the (macro-)economic impact of climate change through its effects on the prices of financial assets and macro-economic variables such as interest rates and inflation. Furthermore, specific types of assets could be seen a significant decrease in value, either through a higher cost of capital or a higher perceived risk by the nature of their activities or their location. This could directly impact Ageas and its subsidiaries through changes in value in its investment portfolio, as well the economic value of its insurance liabilities, on longer time horizons.
- -The second transmission channel relates to geophysical changes triggered by changing climate conditions. Ageas and its subsidiaries underwrite insurance covers related to specific perils, whose frequency and/or severity can be adversely impacted. These perils are mainly covered by Non-life insurance contracts, however changes in mortality rates might also impact Life insurance.

Regarding short-term analysis, following the outcomes of the Emerging Risk Report in 2021, climate change has been also integrated as of 2022 into business-as-usual activities and therefore moving from the Emerging Risk report into Ageas Group Key Risk Report, including any financial effects in the Multi-Year Budget.

Opportunities

Building upon Ageas' ESG materiality survey conducted in 2022 among its stakeholders, the domains in which it was identified that Ageas can make most impact have been linked to its investments, products and to a lesser extent also its operations. In terms of investments, within Impact 24 strategy Ageas defined a specific climate related the target to reach of net-zero investments portfolio by 2050, as well as investing at least EUR 10 billion in assets making a positive contribution towards a more sustainable world by 2024.

Stakeholders are expecting Ageas to provide solutions to societal challenges in a changing world, more specifically "Socially responsible investments focusing on societal challenges". Hence, the focus of Impact24 strategy to have a positive impact on a wide range of societal challenges, and for investments in particular to focus on those that will positively contribute to the transition to a more sustainable world while also start the transition of the investment portfolio towards net zero carbon emissions.

This is a long journey, but the transition has already started by capturing the opportunities of increasing investments in renewable energy (including solar panels, winds farms) and in green infrastructure projects (including train, metro, tramways, etc), together with excluding certain sectors and engaging with some companies. This ambition is strengthened by the commitment to NZAOA taking up December 2022.

☑ (B) Yes, beyond our standard planning horizon

Specify the risks and opportunities identified and your relevant standard planning horizon:



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o (C) No, we have not identified climate-related risks and/or opportunities affecting our investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 41.1	CORE	PGS 41	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Does your organisation integrate climate-related risks and opportunities affecting your investments in its overall investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products?

(A) Yes, our overall investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products integrate climate-related risks
 and opportunities

Describe how climate-related risks and opportunities have affected or are expected to affect your investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products:



While determining the focus area for Ageas' new strategy, the outcome of the latest materiality assessment was taken into account, in which climate change was assessed by stakeholders as one of the topics of focus both in underwriting products as in investments. These aspects influenced the determination of the areas of impact within Ageas' new strategy Impact24, launched in June 2021.

Impact24 puts sustainability at the heart of our company, translated, amongst others, in 4 impact targets related to climate change (directly or indirectly):

- Product innovation, aiming to address societal challenges (of which climate change is an important one): By 2024, Ageas aims to reach 25% of Gross Written Premiums from products stimulating our customers in the transition towards a more sustainable world;
- Responsible investments contributing to solutions for a.o. sustainable cities, local economies and climate change: By 2024, Ageas aims to have 10 billion EUR investments that make a positive contribution towards a more sustainable world;
- Carbon emission from own operations: Carbon neutrality by 2024; and
- Carbon emissions of our investment portfolio: net zero by 2050 at the latest, in line with the European Green Deal

Investments

Ageas has, and it is continuously finetuning, its Responsible Investment Framework (RIF) in place to ensure, amongst others, the integration of ESG criteria, including climate related aspects, in its investment decisions. The integration of ESG factors, has become mainstream in Ageas investment decision process. Almost reaching the Impact24 strategy target to reach 100% ESG integration in investment decision.

Furthermore, Ageas participates in Climate Action100+ and the CDP Capital Market initiative to collectively encourage companies to measure and to act on their environmental impact.

In December 2022, Ageas formally joined the NZAOA reconfirming its commitment made earlier in 2021 with the launch of Impact24 to transition its investment portfolios to net-zero GHG emissions by 2050. Ageas has also set intermediate targets for its European consolidated entities, confirmed by the NZAOA framework:

- Sub-portfolio Target: Reduce GHG intensity in the equities, corporate bonds and infrastructure portfolios (held by European consolidated entities) by 50% by 2030 (base year: 2021).
- Decarbonise real estate investments based on CRREM 1.5°C national pathways by 2030.
- Engagement Target: Through asset managers and/or collective engagement initiatives, focus on the portfolio's 20 highest GHG detractors and encourage them to take action to meet the European Commission's net-zero ambition.
- Climate Solution Investment Target: Invest EUR 10 billion towards making a positive social and environmental impact by 2024 and dedicate at least EUR 5 billion towards climate related investments.

Products

Ageas is committed to broadening its offer towards more impactful savings and investment products. While Ageas Portugal Grupo started the development of their first ESG fund offering, AG in Belgium consolidated its leadership position offering a broad and increasingly large range of sustainable products including pensions, long terms savings and unit linked products. In 2022, AG classified the majority of its products under the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) category Article 8. For some products, Ageas implements stricter ESG criteria than in RIF such as the requirements of the Towards Sustainability label or with a focus on environmental, climate or social themes. Ageas continues to grow these products. In 2022, the total amount of these products increased to EUR 13 billion, despite market movements. More specifically, AG closed 2022 with some 40 products attaining the Belgian Towards Sustainability label, an increase of close to 50% compared to 2021.

o (B) No, our organisation has not yet integrated climate-related risks and opportunities into its investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 43	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General



Has your organisation assessed the resilience of its investment strategy in different climate scenarios, including one in which the average temperature rise is held to below 2 degrees Celsius (preferably to 1.5 degrees Celsius) above pre-industrial levels?

□ (A)	Yes, using the Inevitable Policy Response Forecast Policy Scenario (FPS) or Required Policy Scenario (RPS)
□ (B)	Yes, using the One Earth Climate Model scenario
□ (C)	Yes, using the International Energy Agency (IEA) Net Zero scenario
√ (D)	Yes, using other scenarios
Sp	pecify:

Ageas performs climate change related stress tests as part of the ORSA annual exercise. Building upon its first Group-wide climate risk assessment of 2021 (including qualitative but for the first time also quantitative aspects), stress tests were further refined within Ageas ORSA 2022 exercise. Ageas uses economic scenarios developed together with an external provider and starting from the Network for Greening the Financial System (NGFS). It covers medium to longer term time horizons and seek to better understand potential impacts of Transition Risk and Physical Risk on Ageas assets and liabilities

The stress test consisted of three alternate climate scenarios (Early, late and Current Policy scenario) which were compared to a baseline scenario. The time horizon considered was 2045. The narrative underlying the three scenarios was the following:

- Early Policy Scenario: Policy changes to shift to carbon neutrality in 2050 are enacted immediately. These policy changes (such as carbon pricing) are reflected in asset prices and macro-economic variables and are gradually absorbed over the projection horizon.
- Late Policy Scenario: Policy changes to shift to carbon neutrality in 2050 are delayed till 2031. The delay causes the transition to occur less gradually and in a more disorderly fashion. This leads to a more abrupt repricing of assets and a more severe shock to macro-economic variables.
- Current Policy Scenario: No further policy actions are taken, and the transition to carbon neutrality does not occur. Focus is on physical risks as climate change continues unchallenged.
- (E) No, we have not assessed the resilience of our investment strategy in different climate scenarios, including one that holds temperature rise to below 2 degrees

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 44	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Does your organisation have a process to identify, assess, and manage the climate-related risks (potentially) affecting your investments?

☑ (A) Yes, we have a process to identify and assess climate-related risks

(1) Describe your process

The Key Risk Reporting (KRR) consists of a systematic approach to identify and mitigate key (existing) risks that threaten the realization of Ageas's business and strategic objectives. The process considers all types of risks in our risk taxonomy with a view to identifying key risks, analysing risk causes and deploying appropriate risk response strategies. During this process, identified risks are assessed and managed using Ageas's risk rating methodology. Likelihood and impact criteria (financial and non-financial) are used to determine a level of concern, which acts as a guide when actions need to be taken. Each region (set of OpCos and/or Joint Ventures with common regional oversight) and/or OpCo re-evaluates key risks on at least a quarterly basis, and the most significant risks are also monitored and reported on at Group level. The key outputs of the process are documented in a quarterly Group Top Risk Report.



Ageas has also implemented an Emerging Risk Process (including sustainability risks). This is a risk identification exercise to determine possible threats / risks that stem from emerging trends / opportunities for the business that, by their nature, are uncertain and difficult to quantify. The Horizon Scan report (results of an internal scanning exercise to define the most relevant trends), Regional / OpCo emerging risk radars and reports together with numerous external sources (insurance industry reports, forums, peer reports...) provide key inputs into the Emerging Risk Reporting Process. Regions / OpCos compile local emerging risk reports on an annual basis which feed into a Group Emerging Risk Report. The annual Group Emerging Risk Report is presented at risk governing bodies including the Board of Directors. Actions and emerging risk evolutions are then followed up on a quarterly basis within the Group Top Risk Report.

It should be noted that some of these emerging risks are also reported as key risks. The (currently) existing impacts of these risks are managed through the KRR process, whilst the emerging / future anticipated risk impacts are followed up through the emerging risk reporting process.

(2) Describe how this process is integrated into your overall risk management

Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") framework

Ageas has established and implemented an Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") framework which encompasses key components that act as a supporting foundation of the risk management system (this includes climate-related risks)

ERM can be defined as the process of systematically and comprehensively identifying critical risks, assessing their impact and implementing integrated strategies to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of the company's objectives Ageas's ERM framework sets the following high-level objectives:

- Defines a risk appetite to ensure that the risk of insolvency is constantly managed within acceptable levels, and that the risk profile is kept within set limits.
- Influences a strong culture of risk awareness whereby managers carry out their duty to understand and be aware of the risks to their business, to manage them adequately, and report them transparently.
- Ensures identification & validation, assessment & prioritization, recording, monitoring, and management of risks which affect, or can affect, the achievement of strategic and business objectives.
- Supports the decision-making process by ensuring that consistent, reliable, and timely risk information is available to decision makers.
- Embeds strategic risk management into the overall decision making process.

Governance

A strong and effective risk governance framework, underpinned by a sound risk culture, is critical to the overall effectiveness of Ageas's risk management arrangements. The Board is ultimately responsible for the overall Risk Management. It is assisted in the discharge of its duties by several key governance bodies.

Ageas Risk Committee (ARC) advises the Executive Committee on all risk related topics ensuring that all risks that affect the achievement of strategic, operational and financial objectives are promptly identified, measured, managed, reported and monitored (through adequate risk appetite limits) and that adequate risk management governance and organisations are in place and followed (as stipulated in the context of the ERM Framework). The Group, regional and local Chief Risk Officers and Chief Financial Officers from the regions are members of the ARC, which ensures that decisions or recommendations made by the ARC take into account the views and expertise of the operations. The most significant risk issues and methodologies are also reviewed and decided upon by the Executive Committee and by the Board.

☑ (B) Yes, we have a process to manage climate-related risks

(1) Describe your process



For our investments, we implemented our responsible investment framework

- Exclusion a.o. of most polluting sectors and activities such as coal mining, unconventional oil ☐ gas extratcion
- ESG integration a.o. using ESG score embedding a.o environmental and climate-related factors
- Engagement (direct or indirect through external managers or collective initiative (e.g. Climate Action 100+, CDP SBTI campaign) wtih a.o. high GHG emitters

Furthermore, we monitor the principal adverse impact (PAI) of our investments including the GHG intensity of our portfolios and at entity level and since end 2022, we have joined the NZAOA and have set targets a.o. to decrease the carbon footprint of our investment portfolio and to increase our investments in climated related solutions.

(2) Describe how this process is integrated into your overall risk management

Governance

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AGICO (Ageas Investment Committee) led by the Group CFO and including a.o. CIO advises the Executive Committee and monitors overall asset exposures. It advises management on decisions regarding investments. Its role also includes making recommendations relating to the Strategic Asset Allocation and Asset & Liability management and aims to optimise the overall investment strategy in accordance with the risk framework and within agreed limits. Group Risk participates to ensure risk mitigating actions are taken when necessary

o (C) No, we do not have any processes to identify, assess, or manage the climate-related risks affecting our investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 45	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

During the reporting year, which of the following climate risk metrics or variables affecting your investments did your organisation use and disclose?

ngambation use and disclose?
☐ (A) Exposure to physical risk
\square (B) Exposure to transition risk
☐ (C) Internal carbon price
☐ (D) Total carbon emissions
☑ (E) Weighted average carbon intensity
(1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology
(1) Metric or variable used
(2) Metric or variable used and disclosed
 (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology
(2) Provide link to the disclosed metric or variable, including the methodology followed, as applicable
https://reporting2022.ageas.com/pdf/ageas-ar-en-22.pdf
☐ (F) Avoided emissions
(G) Implied Temperature Rise (ITR)

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☐ (H) Non-ITR measure of portfolio alignment with UNFCCC Paris Agreement goals

(I) Proportion of assets or other business activities aligned with climate-related opportunities



- (1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology
 - o (1) Metric or variable used
 - (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed
 - o (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology
- (2) Provide link to the disclosed metric or variable, including the methodology followed, as applicable

https://reporting2022.ageas.com/pdf/ageas-ar-en-22.pdf#page=26

- \square (J) Other metrics or variables
- o (K) Our organisation did not use or disclose any climate risk metrics or variables affecting our investments during the reporting year

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 46	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

During the reporting year, did your organisation disclose its Scope 1, Scope 2, and/or Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions?

☑ (A) Scope 1 emissions

- (1) Indicate whether this metric was disclosed, including the methodology
 - o (1) Metric disclosed
- (2) Provide links to the disclosed metric and methodology, as applicable

https://reporting2022.ageas.com/pdf/ageas-ar-en-22.pdf

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-06/Environmental%20disclosure%202022.pdf

☑ (B) Scope 2 emissions

- (1) Indicate whether this metric was disclosed, including the methodology
 - o (1) Metric disclosed
 - **(2)** Metric and methodology disclosed
- (2) Provide links to the disclosed metric and methodology, as applicable

https://reporting2022.ageas.com/pdf/ageas-ar-en-22.pdf

https://headless-api.ageas.com/sites/default/files/2023-06/Environmental%20disclosure%202022.pdf

☑ (C) Scope 3 emissions (including financed emissions)

- (1) Indicate whether this metric was disclosed, including the methodology
 - o (1) Metric disclosed
- (2) Provide links to the disclosed metric and methodology, as applicable



o (D) Our organisation did not disclose its Scope 1, Scope 2, or Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions during the reporting year

SUSTAINABILITY OUTCOMES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Has your organisation identified the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

- (A) Yes, we have identified one or more specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities
- o (B) No, we have not yet identified the sustainability outcomes connected to any of our investment activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47.1	CORE	PGS 47	N/A	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Which widely recognised frameworks has your organisation used to identify the intended and unintended sustainability

outcomes connected to its investment activities?	
☐ (A) The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and targets	
☐ (B) The UNFCCC Paris Agreement	
☑ (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs)	

☑ (D) OECD frameworks: OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and Guidance on Responsible Business

- ☑ (E) The EU Taxonomy
- \square (F) Other relevant taxonomies

Conduct for Institutional Investors

- ☑ (G) The International Bill of Human Rights
- ☑ (H) The International Labour Organization's Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the eight core conventions
- ☑ (I) The Convention on Biological Diversity
- ☑ (J) Other international framework(s)

Specify:

Green Bonds ICMA, sustainable bonds ICMA

- \square (K) Other regional framework(s)
- ☐ (L) Other sectoral/issue-specific framework(s)



o (M) Our organisation did not use any widely recognised frameworks to identify the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47.2	CORE	PGS 47	PGS 48	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

What are the primary methods that your organisation has used to determine the most important intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

•
☑ (A) Identify sustainability outcomes that are closely linked to our core investment activities
\square (B) Consult with key clients and/or beneficiaries to align with their priorities
\square (C) Assess which actual or potential negative outcomes for people are most severe based on their scale, scope, and
irremediable character
☑ (D) Identify sustainability outcomes that are closely linked to systematic sustainability issues
☐ (E) Analyse the input from different stakeholders (e.g. affected communities, civil society, trade unions or similar)
\square (F) Understand the geographical relevance of specific sustainability outcome objectives
☐ (G) Other method
 (H) We have not vet determined the most important sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 48	CORE	PGS 47.2	PGS 48.1, SO 1	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Has your organisation taken action on any specific sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities, including to prevent and mitigate actual and potential negative outcomes?

- (A) Yes, we have taken action on some of the specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities
- o (B) No, we have not yet taken action on any specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities



MANAGER SELECTION, APPOINTMENT AND MONITORING (SAM)

OVERALL APPROACH

EXTERNAL INVESTMENT MANAGERS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 1	CORE	OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	External investment managers	4

For the majority of your externally managed AUM in each asset class, which responsible investment aspects does your organisation consider important in the assessment of external investment managers?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)	(3) Fixed income (active)	(4) Fixed income (passive)
Organisation				
(A) Commitment to and experience in responsible investment	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
(B) Responsible investment policy(ies)	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
(C) Governance structure and senior-level oversight and accountability	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
People and Culture				
(D) Adequate resourcing and incentives	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
(E) Staff competencies and experience in responsible investment	Ø	☑	☑	Ø
Investment Process				



(F) Incorporation of material ESG factors in the investment process	 ✓	Ø	\square	Ø
(G) Incorporation of risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in the investment process	V		☑	
(H) Incorporation of material ESG factors and ESG risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in portfolio risk assessment	Ø		V	
Stewardship				
(I) Policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship	Ø	Ø	 ✓	
(J) Policy(ies) or guidelines on (proxy) voting	Ø	Ø		
(K) Use of stewardship tools and activities	Ø	Ø	 ✓	
(L) Incorporation of risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in stewardship practices	☑	☑		
(M) Involvement in collaborative engagement and stewardship initiatives	☑			
(N) Engagement with policy makers and other non-investee stakeholders				
(O) Results of stewardship activities	7		Ø	
Performance and Reporting				
(P) ESG disclosure in regular client reporting	V	V	✓	



(Q) Inclusion of ESG factors in contractual agreements	Ø	\square		
(R) We do not consider any of the above responsible investment aspects important in the assessment of external investment managers	Ο	0	0 0	
	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate	(7) Infrastructure	
Organisation				
(A) Commitment to and experience in responsible investment	Ø		☑	
(B) Responsible investment policy(ies)	Ø	Ø	☑	
(C) Governance structure and senior-level oversight and accountability	Ø	☑		
People and Culture				
(D) Adequate resourcing and incentives				
(E) Staff competencies and experience in responsible investment	Ø		Ø	
Investment Process				
(F) Incorporation of material ESG factors in the investment process	Ø	☑	Ø	



(G) Incorporation of risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in the investment process		
(H) Incorporation of material ESG factors and ESG risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in portfolio risk assessment		
Stewardship		
(I) Policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship		
(J) Policy(ies) or guidelines on (proxy) voting		
(K) Use of stewardship tools and activities		
(L) Incorporation of risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in stewardship practices		
(M) Involvement in collaborative engagement and stewardship initiatives		
(N) Engagement with policy makers and other non-investee stakeholders		
(O) Results of stewardship activities		
Performance and Reporting		
(P) ESG disclosure in regular client reporting	Ø	Ø
(Q) Inclusion of ESG factors in contractual agreements		



(R) We do not consider any of the above responsible investment aspects important in the assessment of external investment managers

0 0

SERVICE PROVIDERS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 2	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Service providers	4

Which responsible investment aspects does your organisation consider important when assessing all service providers that advise you in the selection, appointment and/or monitoring of external investment managers?

- ☑ (A) Incorporation of their responsible investment policy into advisory services
- ☑ (B) Ability to accommodate our responsible investment policy
- ☑ (C) Level of staff's responsible investment expertise
- ☑ (D) Use of data and analytical tools to assess the external investment manager's responsible investment performance
- ☐ (E) Other
- (F) We do not consider any of the above responsible investment aspects important when assessing service providers that advise us in the selection, appointment and/or monitoring of external investment managers
- o (G) Not applicable; we do not engage service providers in the selection, appointment or monitoring of external investment managers

SELECTION

RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT PRACTICES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 4	CORE	00 12, 00 21	SAM 5, SAM 6, SAM 7	PUBLIC	Responsible investment practices	General

During the reporting year, did your organisation select new external investment managers or allocate new mandates to existing investment managers?

- (A) Yes, we selected external investment managers or allocated new mandates to existing investment managers during the reporting year
- o (B) No, we did not select new external investment managers or allocate new mandates to existing investment managers during the reporting year
- o (C) Not applicable; our organisation is in a captive relationship with external investment managers, which applies to 90% or more of our AUM



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 5	CORE	SAM 4	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment practices	4

During the reporting year, what responsible investment aspects did your organisation, or the service provider acting on your behalf, review and evaluate when selecting new external investment managers or allocating new mandates to existing investment managers?

Organisation

☑ (A) Commitment to and experience in responsible investment (e.g. commitment to responsible investment principles and standards)

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our mandates

☑ (B) Responsible investment policy(ies) (e.g. the alignment of their responsible investment policy with the investment mandate)

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our mandates

☑ (C) Governance structure and senior-level oversight and accountability (e.g. the adequacy of their governance structure and reported conflicts of interest)

Select from dropdown list

- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our mandates

People and Culture

☑ (D) Adequate resourcing and incentives (e.g. their team structures, operating model and remuneration structure, including alignment of interests)

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- (2) for a majority of our mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our mandates

 \Box (E) Staff competencies and experience in responsible investment (e.g. level of responsible investment responsible investment training and capacity building)

Investment Process

☑ (F) Incorporation of material ESG factors in the investment process (e.g. detail and evidence of how such factors are incorporated into the selection of individual assets and in portfolio construction)

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our mandates



☑ (G) Incorporation of risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in the investment process (e.g. detail and evidence of how such risks are incorporated into the selection of individual assets and in portfolio construction)

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- (2) for a majority of our mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our mandates

☑ (H) Incorporation of material ESG factors and ESG risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in portfolio risk assessment (e.g. their process to measure and report such risks)

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- (2) for a majority of our mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our mandates

Performance and Reporting

☑ (I) ESG disclosure in regular client reporting

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our mandates

☑ (J) Inclusion of ESG factors in contractual agreements

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- (2) for a majority of our mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our mandates
- o (K) We did not review and evaluate any of the above responsible investment aspects when selecting new external investment managers or allocating new mandates to existing investment managers during the reporting year

STEWARDSHIP

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 6	CORE	OO 8, SAM 4	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	4

During the reporting year, which aspects of the stewardship approach did your organisation, or the service provider acting on your behalf, review and evaluate when selecting new external investment managers or allocating new mandates to existing investment managers?

☑ (A) The alignment of their policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship with the investment mandate

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- (3) for a minority of our mandates

☑ (B) Evidence of how they implemented their stewardship objectives, including the effectiveness of their activities

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- ☑ (C) Their participation in collaborative engagements and stewardship initiatives



Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- (2) for a majority of our mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our mandates
- ☑ (D) Details of their engagements with companies or issuers on risks connected to systematic sustainability issues

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- (3) for a minority of our mandates
- ☑ (E) Details of their engagement activities with policy makers

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- (3) for a minority of our mandates
- ☑ (F) Their escalation process and the escalation tools included in their policy on stewardship

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- (G) We did not review and evaluate any of the above aspects of the stewardship approach when selecting new external investment managers or allocating new mandates to existing investment managers during the reporting year

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 7	CORE	OO 9, SAM 4	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	4

During the reporting year, which aspects of (proxy) voting did your organisation, or the service provider acting on your behalf, review and evaluate when selecting new external investment managers or allocating new mandates to existing investment managers?

☑ (A) The alignment of their policy(ies) or guidelines on (proxy) voting with the investment mandate

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- (B) Historical information on the number or percentage of general meetings at which they voted

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- (3) for a minority of our mandates
- ☑ (C) Analysis of votes cast for and against

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- (3) for a minority of our mandates
- (D) Analysis of votes cast for and against resolutions related to risks connected to systematic sustainability issues

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- (3) for a minority of our mandates
- ☑ (E) Details of their position on any controversial and high-profile votes

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- (3) for a minority of our mandates
- ☑ (F) Historical information of any resolutions on which they voted contrary to their own voting policy and the reasons why

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our mandates
- \square (G) Details of all votes involving companies where the external investment manager or an affiliate has a contractual relationship or another potential conflict of interest
- (H) We did not review and evaluate any of the above aspects of (proxy) voting when selecting new external investment managers or allocating new mandates to existing investment managers during the reporting year
- o (I) Not applicable; our organisation did not select new external investment managers or allocated new mandates to existing investment managers for listed equity and/or hedge funds that hold equity.

APPOINTMENT

SEGREGATED MANDATES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 8	CORE	OO 5.2, OO 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Segregated mandates	4

Which responsible investment aspects do your organisation, or the service provider acting on your behalf, explicitly include in clauses within your contractual agreements with your external investment managers for segregated mandates?

- (A) Their commitment to following our responsible investment strategy in the management of our assets Select from dropdown list

 - o (2) for a majority of our segregated mandates
 - o (3) for a minority of our segregated mandates
- ☑ (B) Their commitment to incorporating material ESG factors into their investment activities

Select from dropdown list

- o (2) for a majority of our segregated mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our segregated mandates
- ☑ (C) Their commitment to incorporating material ESG factors into their stewardship activities

- o (1) for all of our segregated mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our segregated mandates



☑ (D) Their commitment to incorporating risks connected to systematic sustainability issues into their investment activities

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our segregated mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our segregated mandates
- (3) for a minority of our segregated mandates
- ☑ (E) Their commitment to incorporating risks connected to systematic sustainability issues into their stewardship activities

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our segregated mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our segregated mandates
- (3) for a minority of our segregated mandates
- ☑ (F) Exclusion list(s) or criteria

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our segregated mandates
- (2) for a majority of our segregated mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our segregated mandates
- ☑ (G) Responsible investment communications and reporting obligations, including stewardship activities and results

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our segregated mandates
- \circ (3) for a minority of our segregated mandates
- $\hfill\square$ (H) Incentives and controls to ensure alignment of interests
- ☐ (I) Commitments on climate-related disclosure in line with internationally-recognised frameworks such as the TCFD
- ☑ (J) Commitment to respect human rights as defined in the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our segregated mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our segregated mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our segregated mandates
- ☑ (K) Their acknowledgement that their appointment is conditional on the fulfilment of their agreed responsible investment commitments

- (1) for all of our segregated mandates
- o (2) for a majority of our segregated mandates
- o (3) for a minority of our segregated mandates
- ☐ (L) Other
- o (M) We do not include responsible investment aspects in clauses within our contractual agreements with external investment managers for segregated mandates



MONITORING

RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT PRACTICES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 9	CORE	00 14, 00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment practices	4

For the majority of your externally managed AUM in each asset class, which aspects of your external investment managers' responsible investment practices did your organisation, or the service provider acting on your behalf, monitor during the reporting year?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)	(3) Fixed income (active)	(4) Fixed income (passive)
Organisation				
(A) Commitment to and experience in responsible investment (e.g. commitment to responsible investment principles and standards)	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
(B) Responsible investment policy(ies) (e.g. the continued alignment of their responsible investment policy with the investment mandate)	Ø	☑	Ø	Ø
(C) Governance structure and senior level oversight and accountability (e.g. the adequacy of their governance structure and reported conflicts of interest)	Ø	Ø	Z	Ø
People and Culture				
(D) Adequate resourcing and incentives (e.g. their team structures, operating model and remuneration structure, including alignment of interests)	Ø	☑	Ø	Ø



(E) Staff competencies and experience in responsible investment (e.g. level of responsible investment responsibilities in their investment team, their responsible investment training and capacity building)	☑	☑	Ø	
Investment Process				
(F) Incorporation of material ESG factors in the investment process (e.g. detail and evidence of how such factors are incorporated into the selection of individual assets and in portfolio construction)	Ø		☑	
(G) Incorporation of risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in the investment process (e.g. detail and evidence of how such risks are incorporated into the selection of individual assets and in portfolio construction)	Ø		Ø	
(H) Incorporation of material ESG factors and ESG risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in portfolio risk assessment (e.g. their process to measure and report such risks, their response to ESG incidents)	☑		Ø	
Performance and Reporting				
(I) ESG disclosure in regular client reporting (e.g. any changes in their regular client reporting)	Ø		Ø	
(J) Inclusion of ESG factors in contractual agreements	Ø		Ø	



(K) We did not monitor any of the above aspects of our external investment managers' responsible investment practices during the reporting year

	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate	(7) Infrastructure
Organisation			
(A) Commitment to and experience in responsible investment (e.g. commitment to responsible investment principles and standards)	Ø	☑	Ø
(B) Responsible investment policy(ies) (e.g. the continued alignment of their responsible investment policy with the investment mandate)	Ø	Ø	Ø
(C) Governance structure and senior level oversight and accountability (e.g. the adequacy of their governance structure and reported conflicts of interest)	Ø		

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(D) Adequate resourcing and incentives (e.g. their team structures, operating model and remuneration structure, including alignment of interests)	Ø	
(E) Staff competencies and experience in responsible investment (e.g. level of responsible investment responsibilities in their investment team, their responsible investment training and capacity building)	Ø	
Investment Process		
(F) Incorporation of material ESG factors in the investment process (e.g. detail and evidence of how such factors are incorporated into the selection of individual assets and in portfolio construction)		
(G) Incorporation of risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in the investment process (e.g. detail and evidence of how such risks are incorporated into the selection of individual assets and in portfolio construction)		
(H) Incorporation of material ESG factors and ESG risks connected to systematic sustainability issues in portfolio risk assessment (e.g. their process to measure and report such risks, their response to ESG incidents)		
Performance and Reporting		
(I) ESG disclosure in regular client reporting (e.g. any changes in their regular client reporting)		



(J) Inclusion of ESG factors in contractual agreements			
(K) We did not monitor any of the above aspects of our external investment managers' responsible investment practices during the reporting year	Ο	O	ο

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 12	CORE	OO 14, OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment practices	1

For the majority of your externally managed AUM in each asset class, how often does your organisation, or the service provider acting on your behalf, monitor your external investment managers' responsible investment practices?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)	(3) Fixed income (active)	(4) Fixed income (passive)
(A) At least annually	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
(B) Less than once a year				
(C) On an ad hoc basis				
	(5) Private equity	(6) Rea	l estate	(7) Infrastructure
(A) At least annually	☑	Ū.]	Ø
(B) Less than once a year				
(C) On an ad hoc basis				



STEWARDSHIP

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 13	CORE	OO 8, OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	1, 2

For the majority of your externally managed AUM in each asset class, which aspects of your external investment managers' stewardship practices did your organisation, or the service provider acting on your behalf, monitor during the reporting year?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)	(3) Fixed income (active)	(4) Fixed income (passive)
(A) Any changes in their policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship				
(B) The degree of implementation of their policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship	Ø		Ø	
(C) How they prioritise material ESG factors	Ø		Ø	
(D) How they prioritise risks connected to systematic sustainability issues	Ø		Ø	
(E) Their investment team's level of involvement in stewardship activities				
(F) Whether the results of stewardship actions were fed back into the investment process and decisions	Ø		Ø	
(G) Whether they used a variety of stewardship tools and activities to advance their stewardship priorities				



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure Subsection	n PRI Principle
investment m	ot monitor our external nanagers' stewardship ring the reporting year	0	•	0	•
(K) Other					
	they had an active role ve engagements and initiatives				
	hey participated in engagements and initiatives	Ø		Ø	
escalation pr	oyment of their rocess in cases where dship efforts were I				

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 14	CORE	OO 9, OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	1, 2

For the majority of your AUM in each asset class where (proxy) voting is delegated to external investment managers, which aspects of your external investment managers' (proxy) voting practices did your organisation, or the service provider acting on your behalf, monitor during the reporting year?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)
(A) Any changes in their policy(ies) or guidelines on (proxy) voting		
(B) Whether their (proxy) voting decisions were consistent with their stewardship priorities as stated in their policy and with their voting policy, principles and/or guidelines		



(C) Whether their (proxy) voting decisions were consistent with their stated approach on the prioritisation of risks connected to systematic sustainability issues	
(D) Whether their (proxy) voting track record was aligned with our stewardship approach and expectations	
(E) The application of their policy on securities lending and any implications for implementing their policy(ies) or guidelines on (proxy) voting (where applicable)	
(F) Other	
(G) We did not monitor our external investment managers' (proxy) voting practices during the reporting year	

ENGAGEMENT AND ESCALATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 16	CORE	OO 14, OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Engagement and escalation	4

What actions does your organisation, or the service provider acting on your behalf, include in its formal escalation process to address concerns raised during monitoring of your external investment managers' responsible investment practices?



	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)	(3) Fixed income (active)	(4) Fixed income (passive)
(A) Engagement with their investment professionals, investment committee or other representatives				
(B) Notification about their placement on a watch list or relationship coming under review	Ø		Ø	
(C) Reduction of capital allocation to the external investment managers until any concerns have been rectified	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
(D) Termination of the contract if failings persist over a (notified) period, including an explanation of the reasons for termination	Ø		Ø	Ø
(E) Holding off selecting the external investment managers for new mandates or allocating additional capital until any concerns have been rectified	Ø		Ø	
(F) Other				
(G) Our organisation does not have a formal escalation process to address concerns raised during monitoring	0	0	0	0



	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate	(7) Infrastructure
(A) Engagement with their investment professionals, investment committee or other representatives			
(B) Notification about their placement on a watch list or relationship coming under review	Ø		
(C) Reduction of capital allocation to the external investment managers until any concerns have been rectified			
(D) Termination of the contract if failings persist over a (notified) period, including an explanation of the reasons for termination	Ø		
(E) Holding off selecting the external investment managers for new mandates or allocating additional capital until any concerns have been rectified			
(F) Other			
(G) Our organisation does not have a formal escalation process to address concerns raised during monitoring	0	•	•



VERIFICATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 17	CORE	OO 14, OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Verification	1

For the majority of your externally managed AUM in each asset class, how did your organisation, or the service provider acting on your behalf, verify that the information reported by external investment managers on their responsible investment practices was correct during the reporting year?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)	(3) Fixed income (active)	(4) Fixed income (passive)
(A) We checked that the information reported was verified through a third-party assurance process				
(B) We checked that the information reported was verified by an independent third party				
(C) We checked for evidence of internal monitoring or compliance	Ø	Ø	Ø	V
(D) Other				
(E) We did not verify the information reported by external investment managers on their responsible investment practices during the reporting year	0	O	0	0



	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate	(7) Infrastructure
(A) We checked that the information reported was verified through a third-party assurance process			
(B) We checked that the information reported was verified by an independent third party			
(C) We checked for evidence of internal monitoring or compliance			
(D) Other			
(E) We did not verify the information reported by external investment managers on their responsible investment practices during the reporting year	•	•	•



CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES (CBM)

CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES

APPROACH TO CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
CBM 1	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Approach to confidence-building measures	6

How did your organisation verify the information submitted in your PRI report this reporting year?

- \square (A) We conducted independent third-party assurance of selected processes and/or data related to the responsible investment processes reported in our PRI report, which resulted in a formal assurance conclusion
- ☐ (B) We conducted a third-party readiness review and are making changes to our internal controls or governance processes to be able to conduct independent third-party assurance next year
- \Box (C) We conducted an internal audit of selected processes and/or data related to the responsible investment processes reported in our PRI report
- ☑ (D) Our board, trustees (or equivalent), senior executive-level staff (or equivalent), and/or investment committee (or equivalent) signed off on our PRI report
- \Box (E) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings to verify that our funds comply with our responsible investment policy \Box (F) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings as part of risk management, engagement identification or investment decision-making
- ☑ (G) Our responses in selected sections and/or the entirety of our PRI report were internally reviewed before submission to the PRI
- o (H) We did not verify the information submitted in our PRI report this reporting year

INTERNAL REVIEW

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
СВМ 6	CORE	CBM 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Internal review	6

Who in your organisation reviewed the responses submitted in your PRI report this year?

- \square (A) Board, trustees, or equivalent
- ☑ (B) Senior executive-level staff, investment committee, head of department, or equivalent Sections of PRI report reviewed
 - **(1)** the entire report
 - o (2) selected sections of the report
- \circ (C) None of the above internal roles reviewed selected sections or the entirety of the responses submitted in our PRI report this year

