

# Insights from EU as a Science Nation Report

**Federica Rosetta**

VP Academic Relations and Public Affairs EMEA  
Elsevier



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# In this session

**1**

**Europe in the world**

**2**

**Inside the EU27: distributed excellence**

**3**

**The ERA opportunity**



***“This is a pivotal report that appears at a **decisive moment** for European science, providing an essential tool for decision-makers.”***

*Pawel Rowinski, President, ALLEA,  
Director, Polish Academy of Science*

***“As this report highlights, Europe stands at a **pivotal moment** in its pursuit of global competitiveness through research and innovation.”***

*Manuel Heitor, Chair of the High-Level Group of  
Horizon Europe’s assessment (2024),  
former Minister of Science of Portugal*

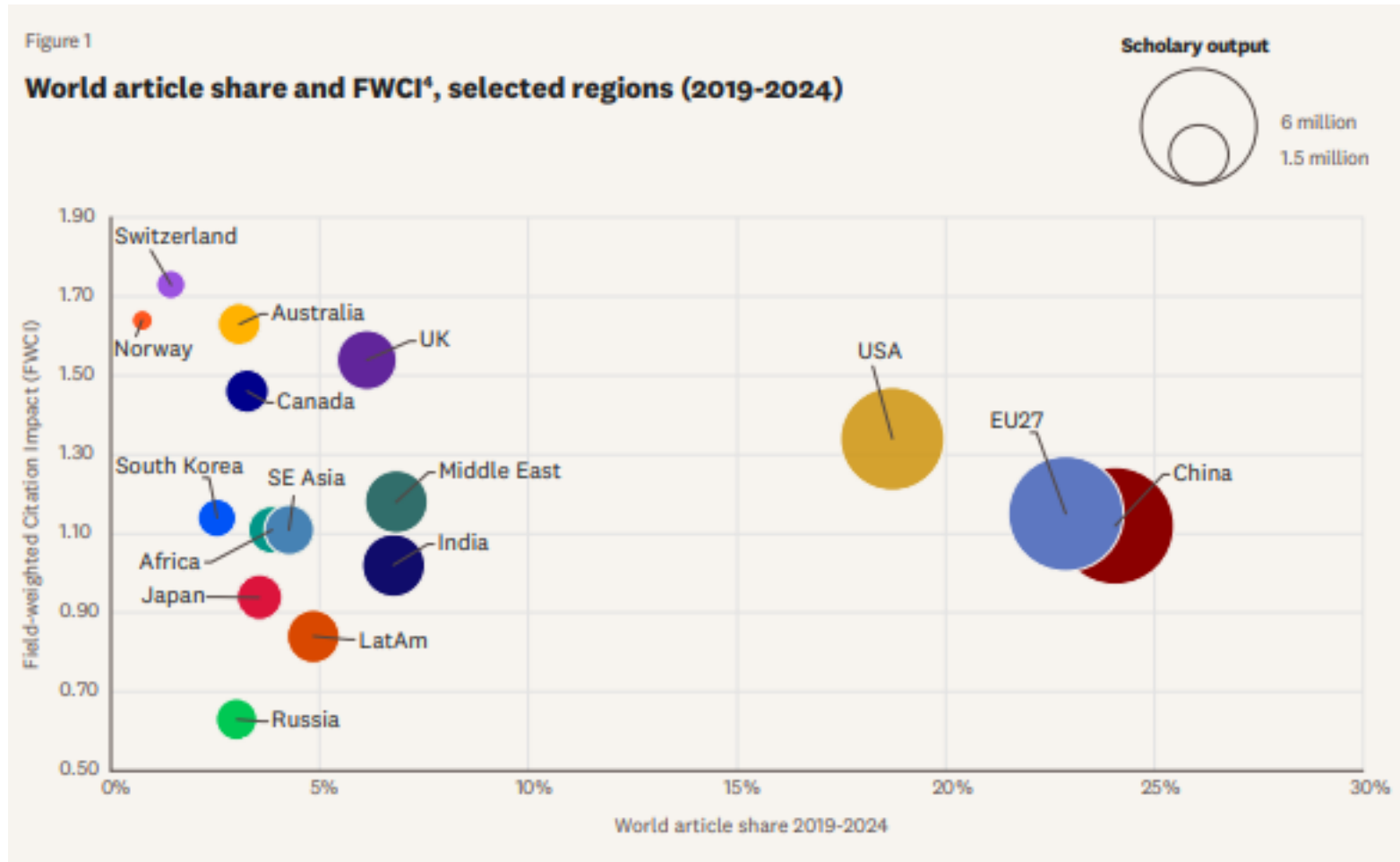
***“This report is timely. It arrives at a moment when **Europe must reflect on its role in the emerging global landscape**. The report provides data and thought-provoking insights that are very useful for analyzing how science—and, to some extent, innovation—are developing on our continent. I hope that the content of **this report, along with others, will help deepen our understanding of the evolving scientific landscape, raise awareness in society, and inform responsible policies.**”***

*Josep M. Garrell, President,  
European University Association (EUA)*

***“The battle is not lost, but can be won by **sharper choices**, is my conclusion of the Elsevier report.”***

*Michiel Scheffer, President of the Board  
European Innovation Council (EIC)*

# Europe is a research powerhouse

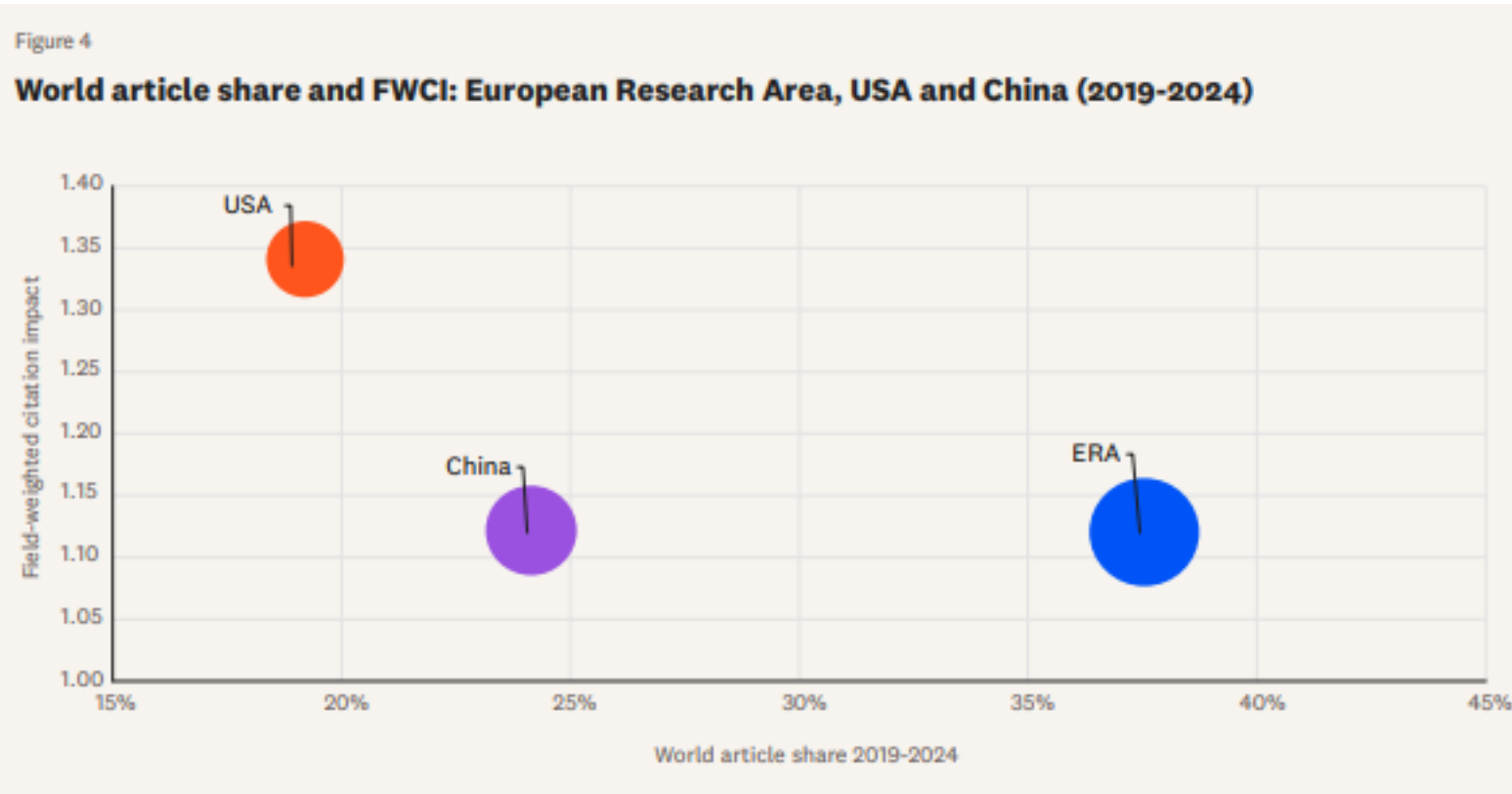


**EU27:** 23% of global scholarly output

**FWCI 1.15** – 15% above world average

Comparable to USA in volume, above China in impact

# The Europe Research Area: the role of associated countries



## ERA

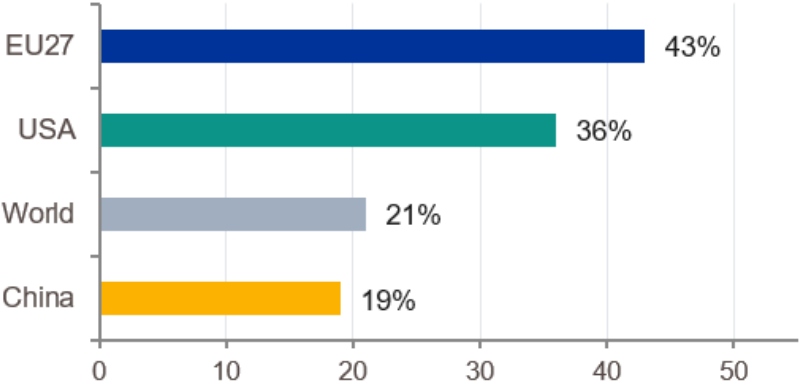
(EU27 + associated countries)

**37.4% of global output** –  
outperforming China in both  
scale and citation impact

# Research collaboration, impact & policy influence

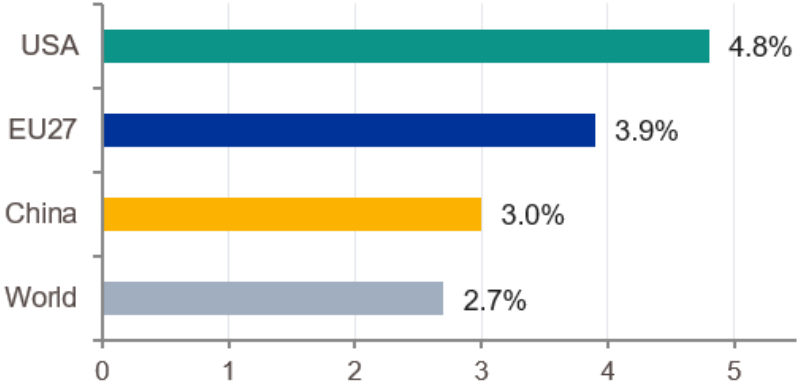
## INTERNATIONAL COLLABORATION

Int'l collaboration rate 2020–2024



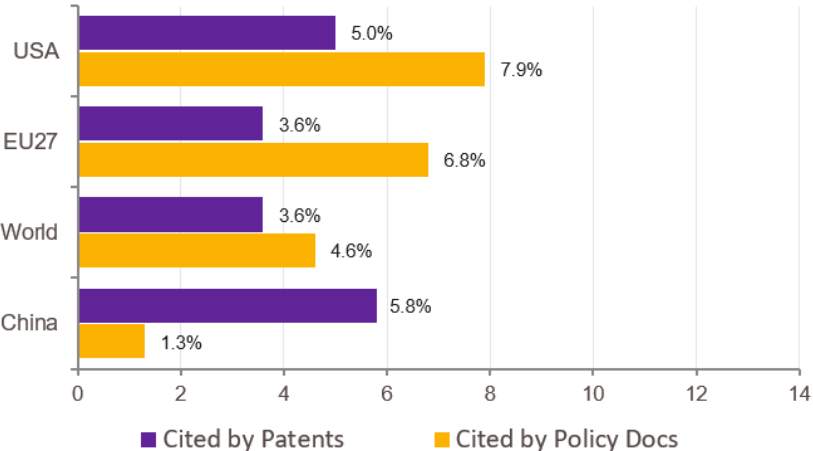
## INDUSTRY-ACADEMIA COLLABORATION

Academic-corporate co-authorship rate

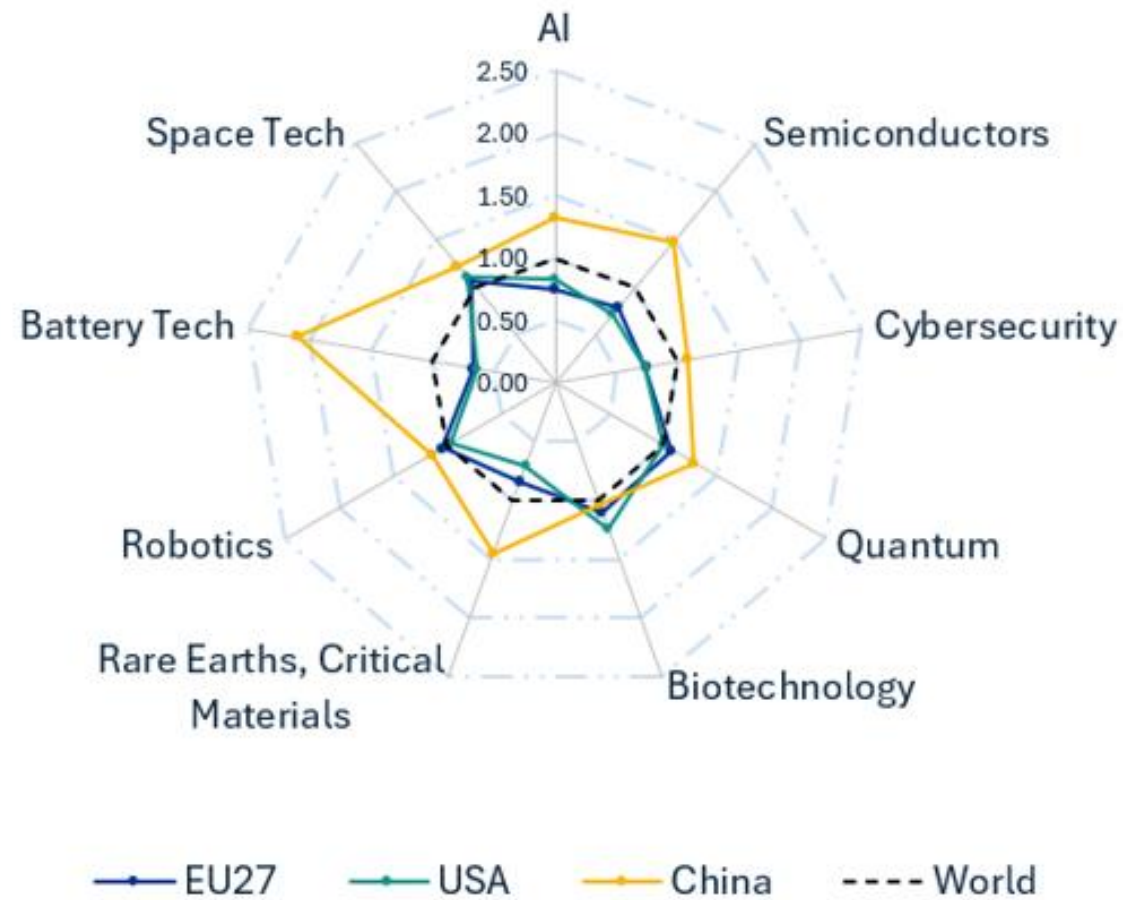


## RESEARCH IMPACT BEYOND ACADEMIA

Share of publications cited in policy documents vs patents (2014–2024)



# EU27 key technologies RAI



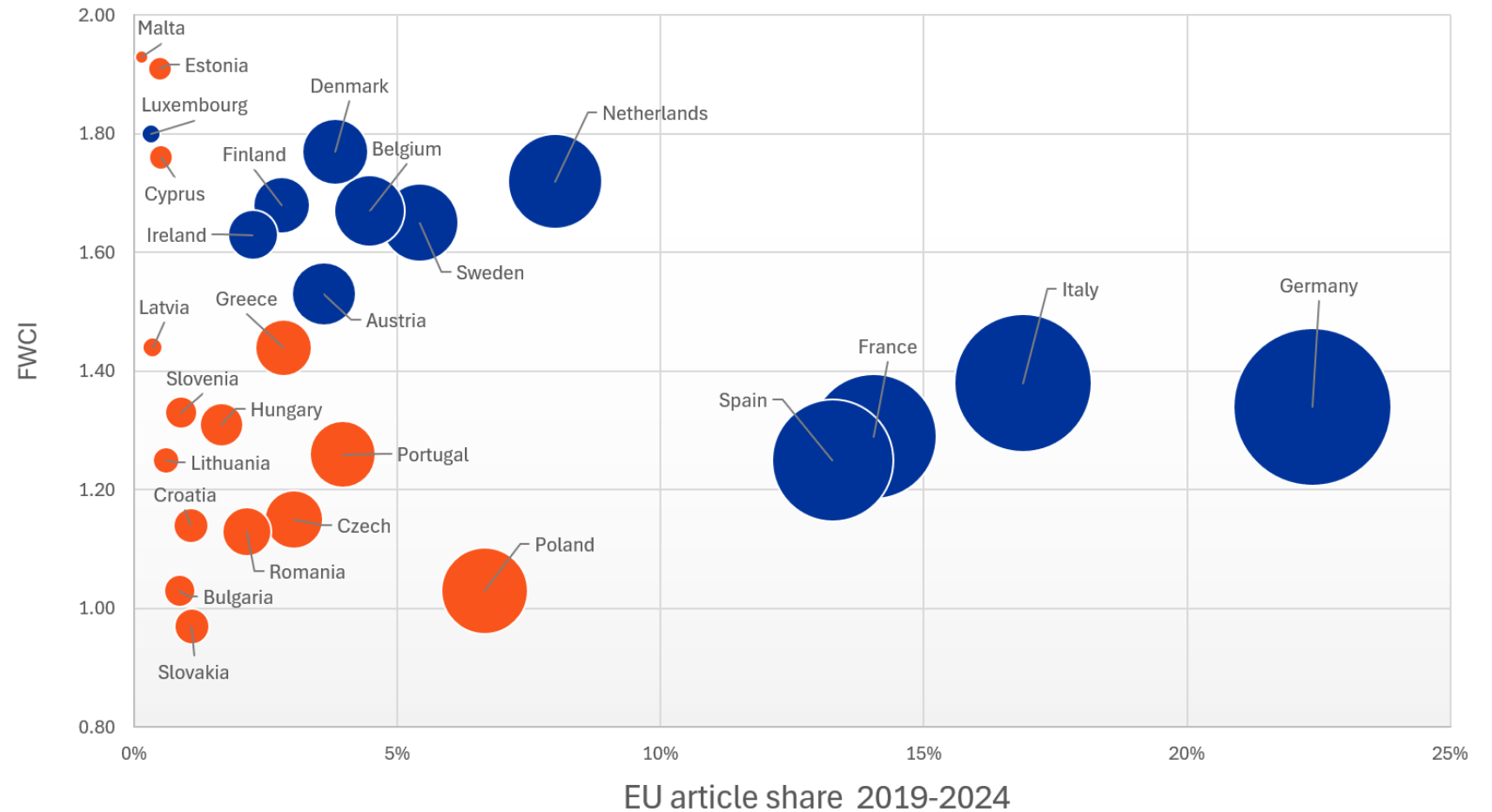
# Inside the EU27

Distributed excellence

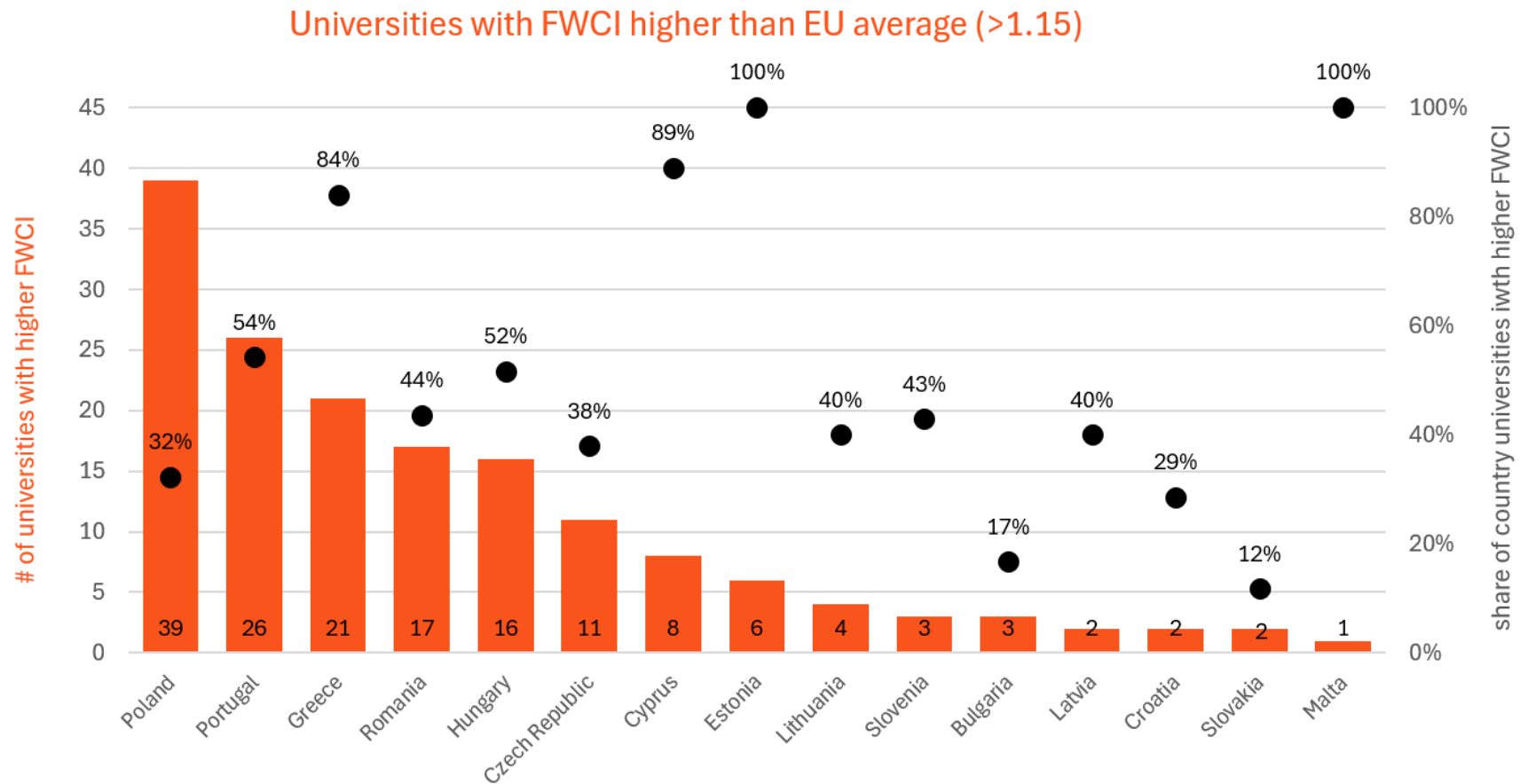
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# The '*widening*' label not tells the full story

Research output across these 15 countries varies widely in both volume and citation impact, reflecting differences in size and stage along the research journey.



# Distributed excellence across 15 countries



# Central & Eastern European countries (*‘Widening’* group)

## The scale of the opportunity

25%

of EU scholarly output

Equivalent to 1.15 million papers in five years (2020-2024)

704,000

Number authors 2020–2024

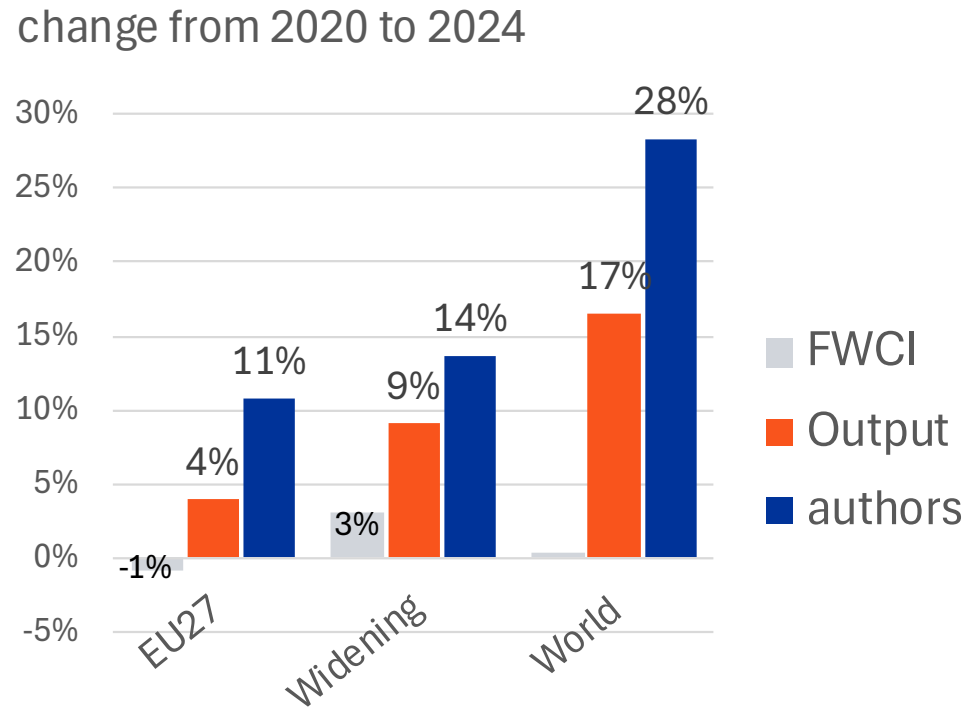
The number of authors grew by 13.6% over the period – representing 21% of EU active researchers.

3%

FWCI growth 2020–2024

Signals rapid quality acceleration.

# ‘Widening’ group: Growth in 5 years

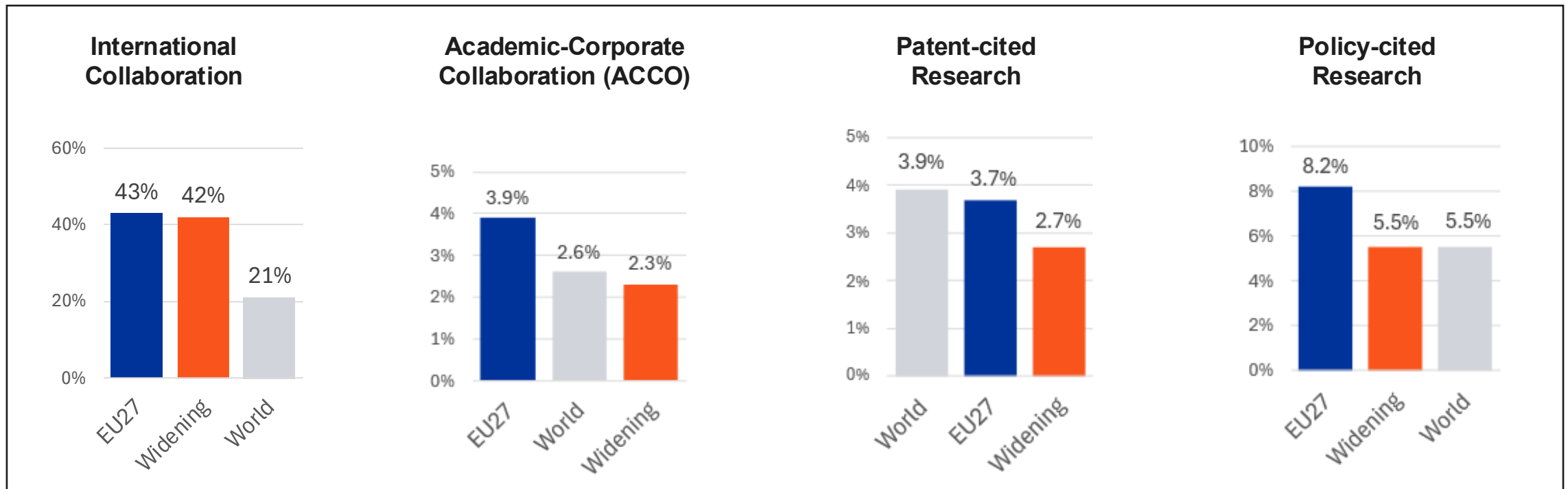


## Five years of accelerating momentum

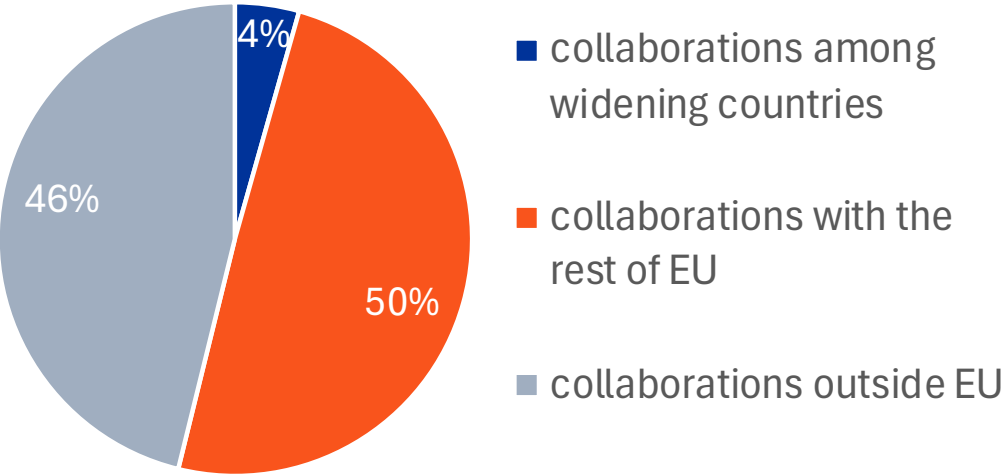
- Research output grew at **more than twice the EU average** (2020-2024).
- Researcher numbers and citation impact increased faster than the EU average, indicating **sustained structural progress**.

As global research output grows much faster than Europe's (17% vs 4%), ‘Widening’ countries are helping the EU remain competitive and keep pace internationally.

# Connected, but not yet converting



# International collaboration in ‘Widening’ countries



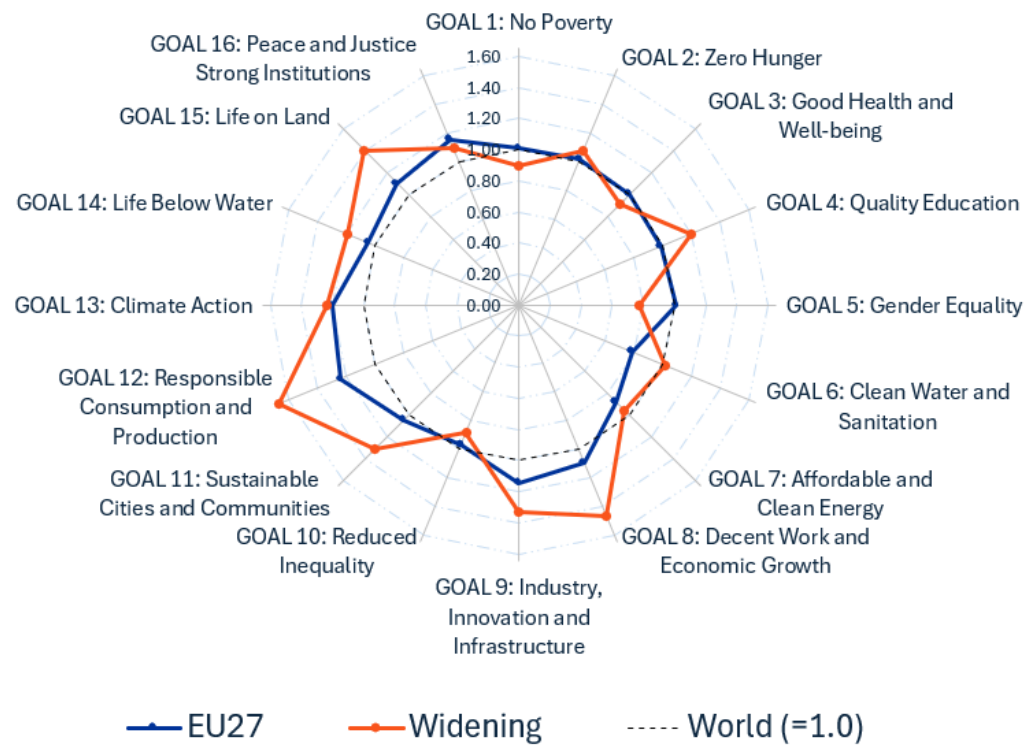
Top Partnering countries (% of Widening total)

| Partner     | Co-pubs % | Partner     | Co-pubs % |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| USA         | 8.1%      | Brazil      | 2.6%      |
| UK          | 7.2%      | Switzerland | 2.6%      |
| Germany     | 7.1%      | India       | 2.4%      |
| Italy       | 6.1%      | Sweden      | 2.2%      |
| France      | 4.6%      | Austria     | 2.2%      |
| China       | 3.4%      | Belgium     | 2.2%      |
| Netherlands | 3.0%      | Canada      | 2.2%      |

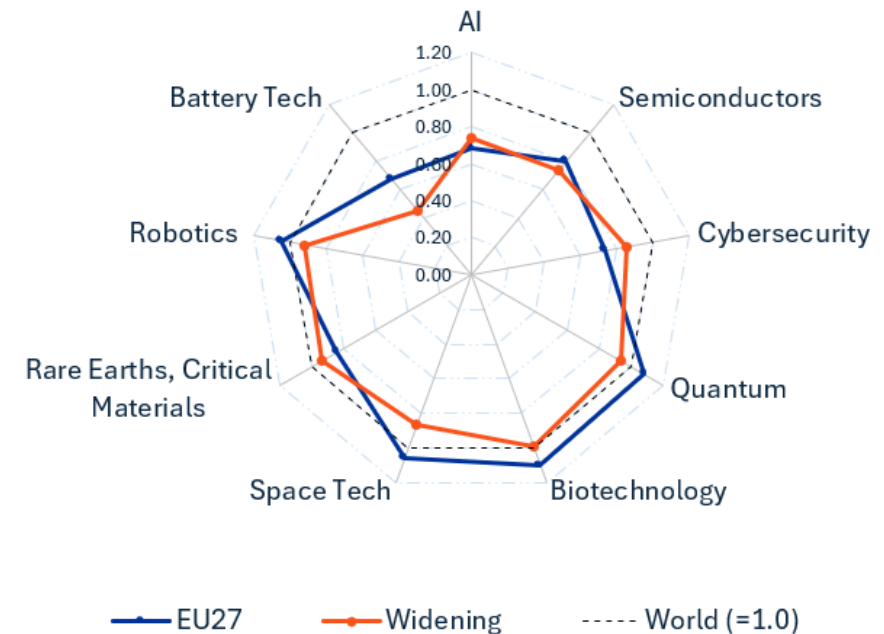
**Widening countries connect outward, not to each other:**  
only 4% of collaboration is peer-to-peer, with the balance split between the rest of the EU (50%) and the wider world (46%).

# Leading on green, catching up on deep tech

## Sustainable Development Goals (RAI)



## Key Technologies (RAI)



# The ERA opportunity

# Widening Countries: Strengthening Europe's Research Ecosystem

## What the evidence shows

### ❖ Quality is already here

Most widening countries perform above the EU27 FWCI average.

### ❖ Scale is significant

25% of EU scholarly output comes from widening countries.

### ❖ The challenge is structural, not scientific

Gaps in research infrastructure, stable funding, and industry-academia collaboration – not in research quality – are holding these systems back.

### ❖ Brain drain risks reversing progress

Senior-heavy researcher profiles in widening countries signal early-career outflows.

## The ERA opportunity

### ❖ Integrate, don't just support

The report calls for widening countries to be 'further integrated in the broader ERA ecosystem' – as co-architects, not recipients.

### ❖ Ground the next Framework Programme in ERA

The next Framework Programme must be designed to leverage distributed excellence.

### ❖ Foster circulation and return

The ERA Policy Agenda 2025–2027 should move beyond enabling mobility to actively incentivising return.

### ❖ Build industry-academia bridges

Academic-corporate collaboration rates in widening countries remain low. Policy and institutional design – not just funding – to close this gap.

