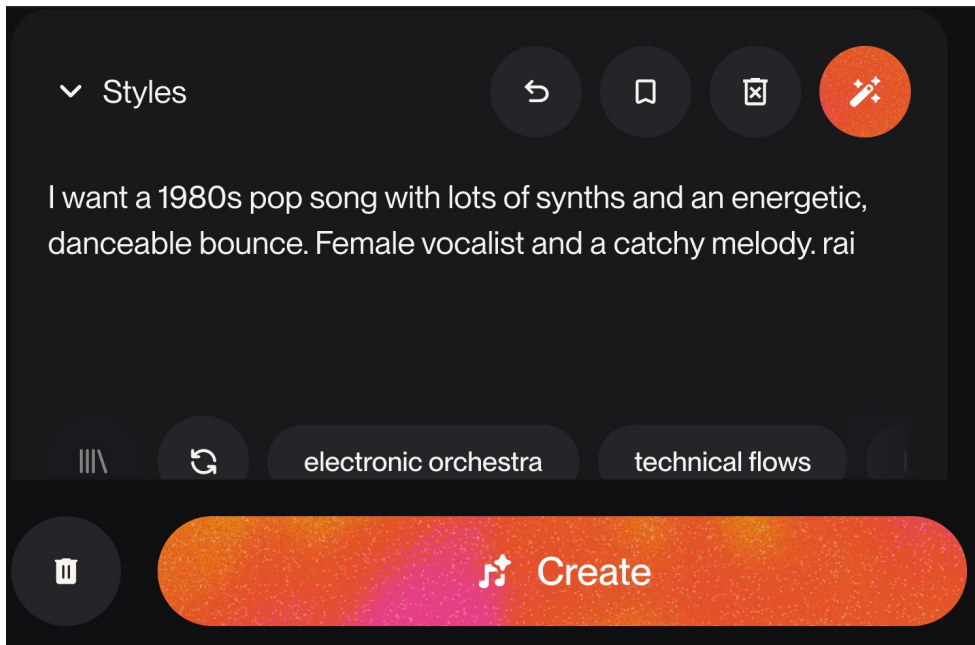


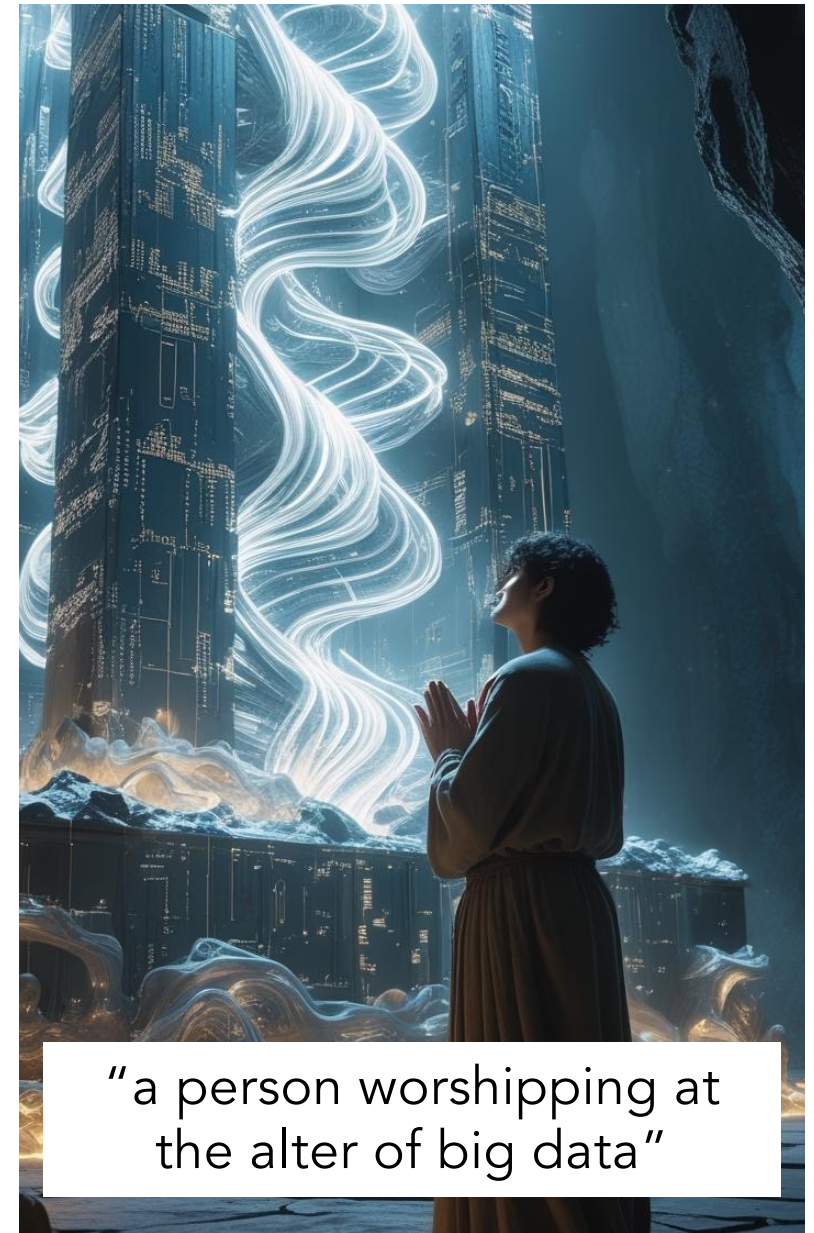


Teaching AI to Creators

Professor Rebecca Fiebrink
Creative Computing Institute, University of the Arts London



AI in creative work can be—and is—
so much more than this!



"a person worshipping at
the alter of big data"

Machine learning is a set of computational tools for
finding patterns in data
and using these patterns to
make **predictions** or **generate** new data

Key questions in my research since ~2008

How can ML—finding and using patterns in data—be of value to musicians, artists, and other creators?

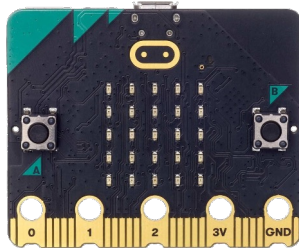
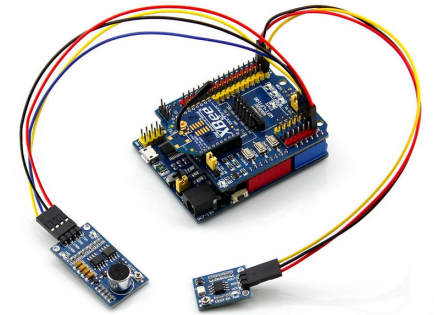
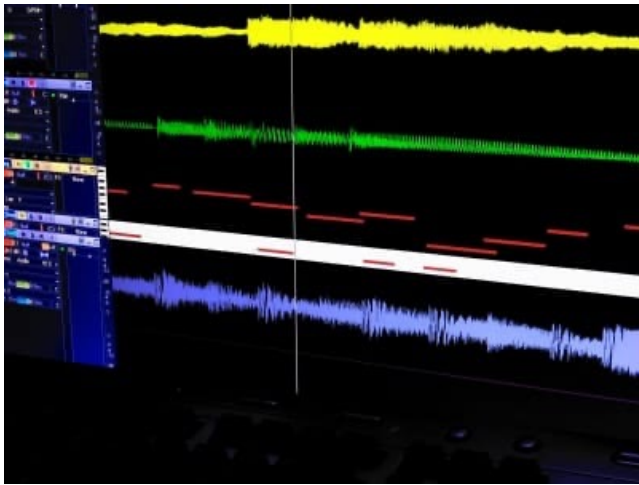
What should ML tools for creators look like?

What do creators need to know about ML to use it effectively, and how can we teach them?

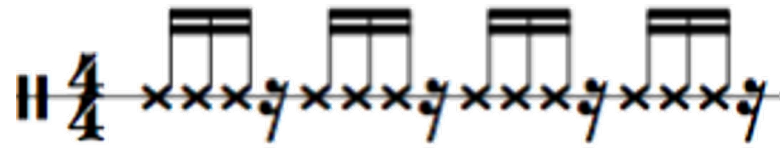
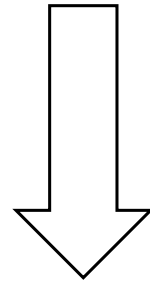
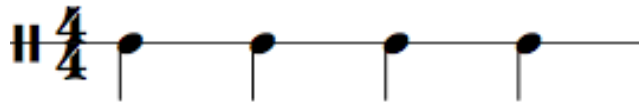
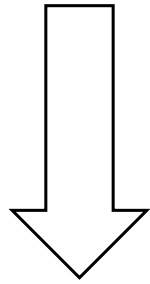
How can ML be of value to musicians and artists?

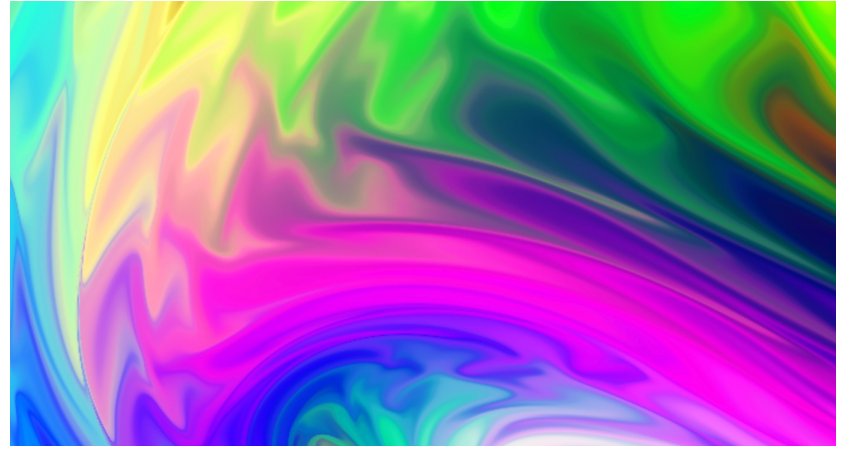
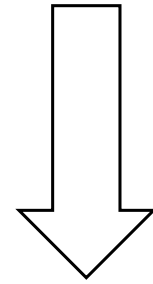
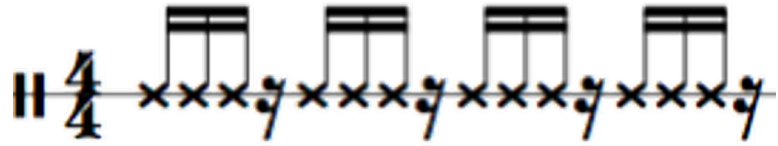
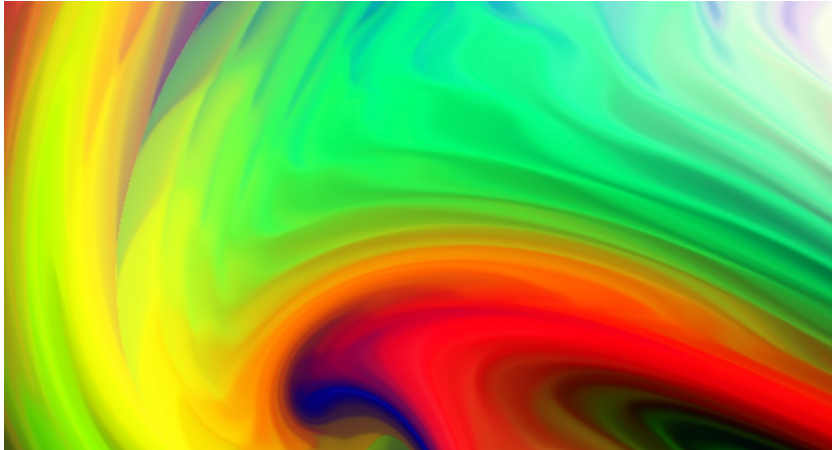
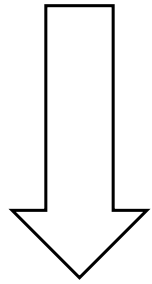
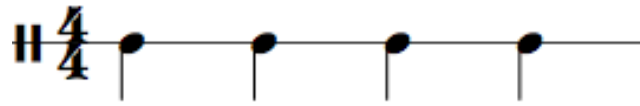
What might ML tools for creators look like?

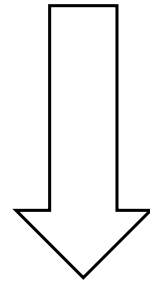
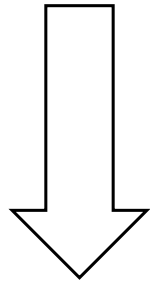
1. Machine learning can help creators work more effectively with data they care about



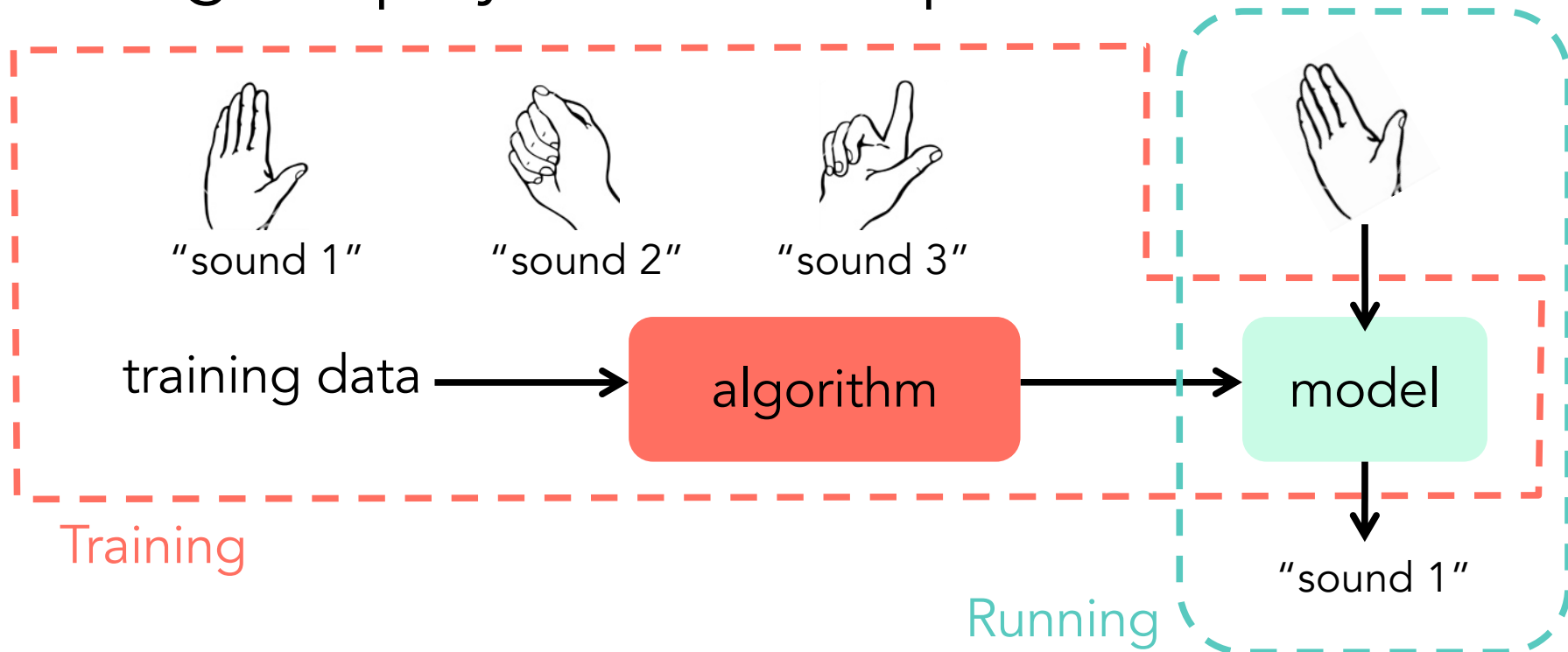
Potential sources of interesting, useful data are everywhere
Getting this data is often easy; **interpreting & using it is hard!**
(even for expert programmers)







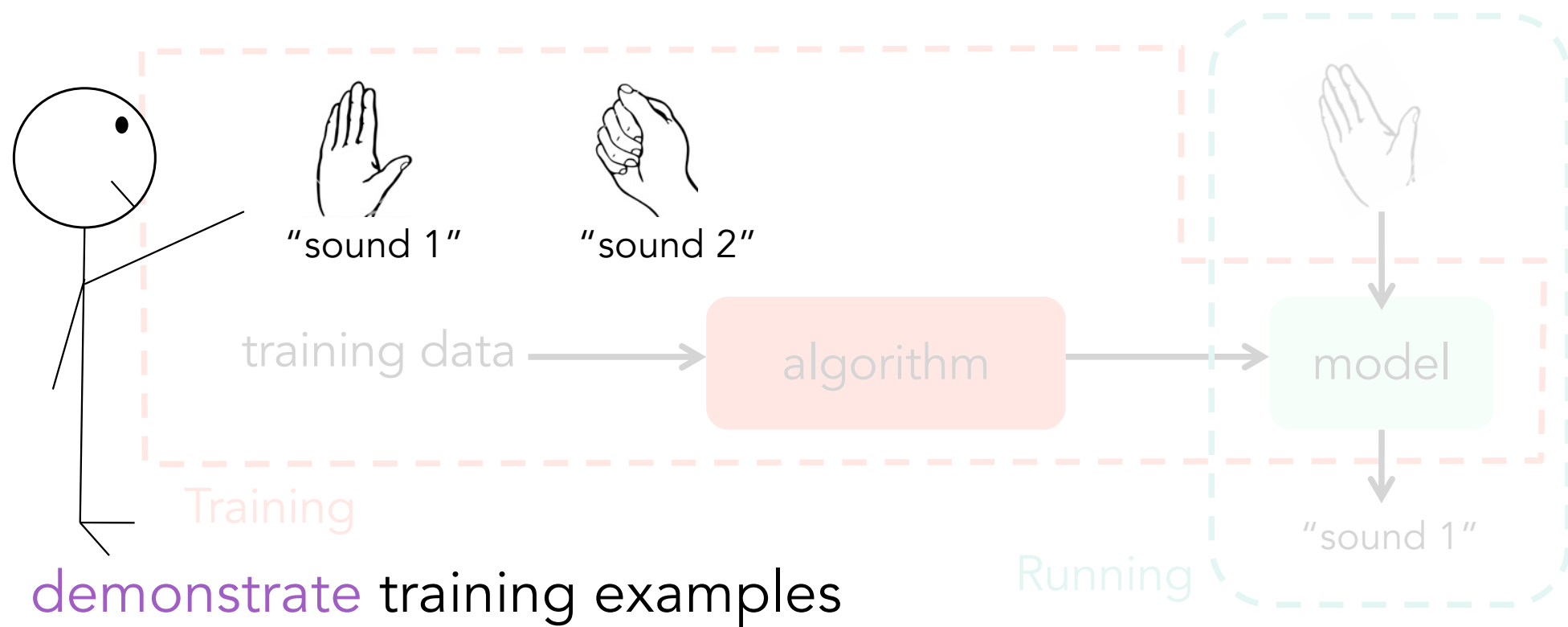
We can use **supervised learning** to infer relationships between human actions and sound / visuals / gameplay / other computer actions



**Making this accessible to creators requires more than a friendly GUI!*

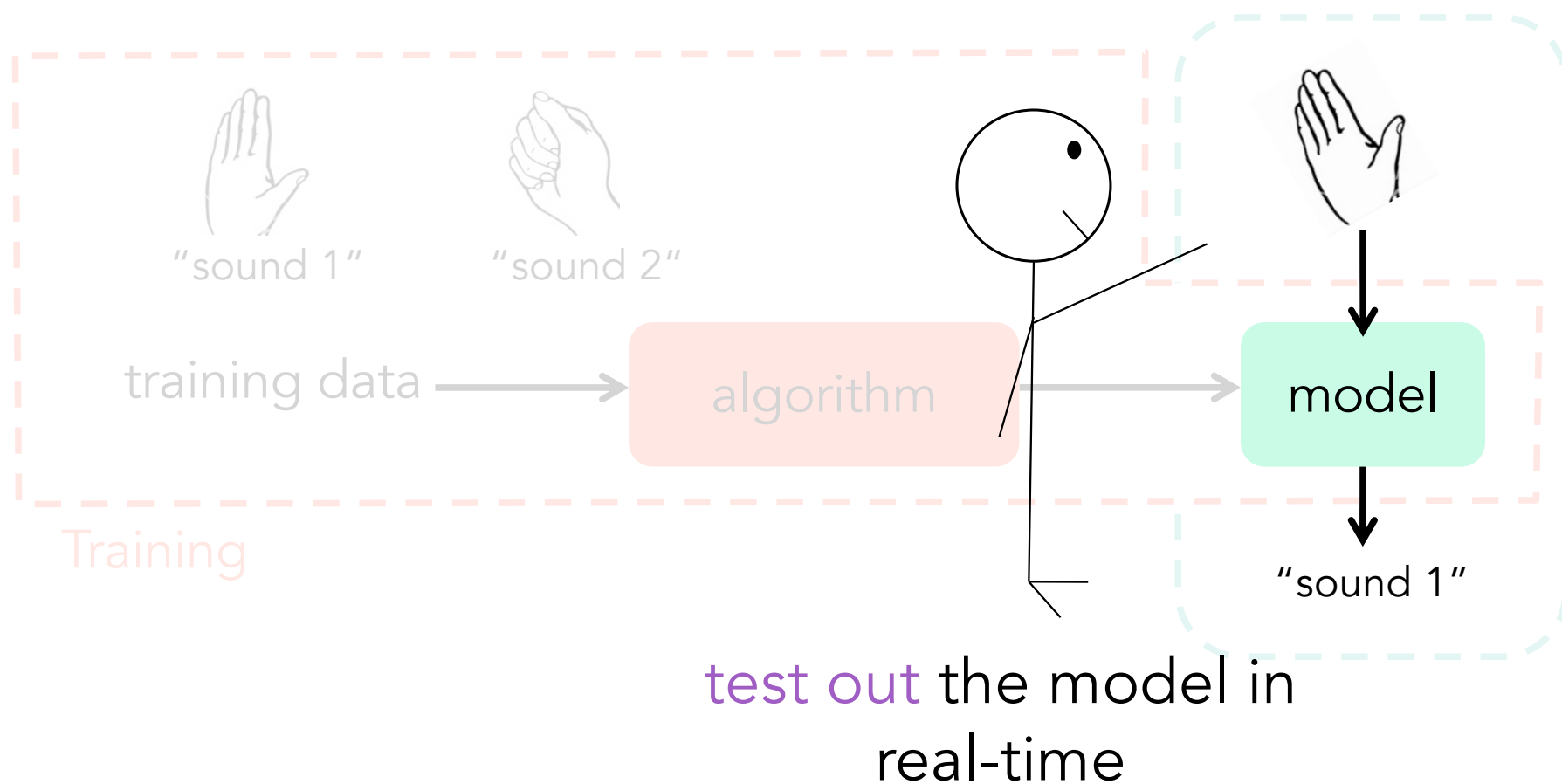
The Wekinator (2008+):

“Interactive machine learning”



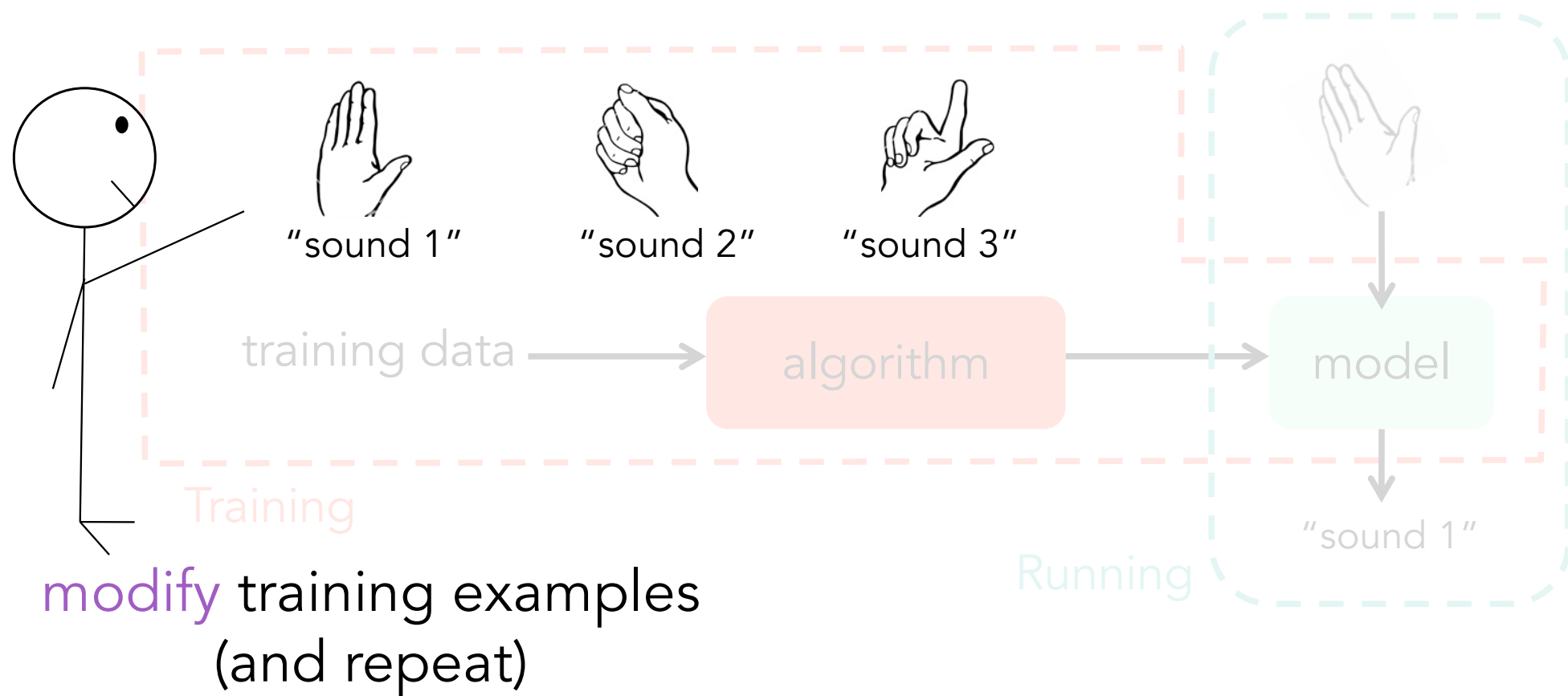
The Wekinator (2008+):

“Interactive machine learning”



The Wekinator (2008+):

“Interactive machine learning”



Wekinator Demo

Create new project

Receiving OSC

Status: Not listening

Wekinator listening for inputs and control on port: 6448

Start listening

Inputs

OSC message: /wek/inputs # inputs: 5 Options

Outputs

OSC message: /wek/outputs # outputs: 5

Host (IP address or name): localhost Port: 12000

Type: All continuous (default settings) Options

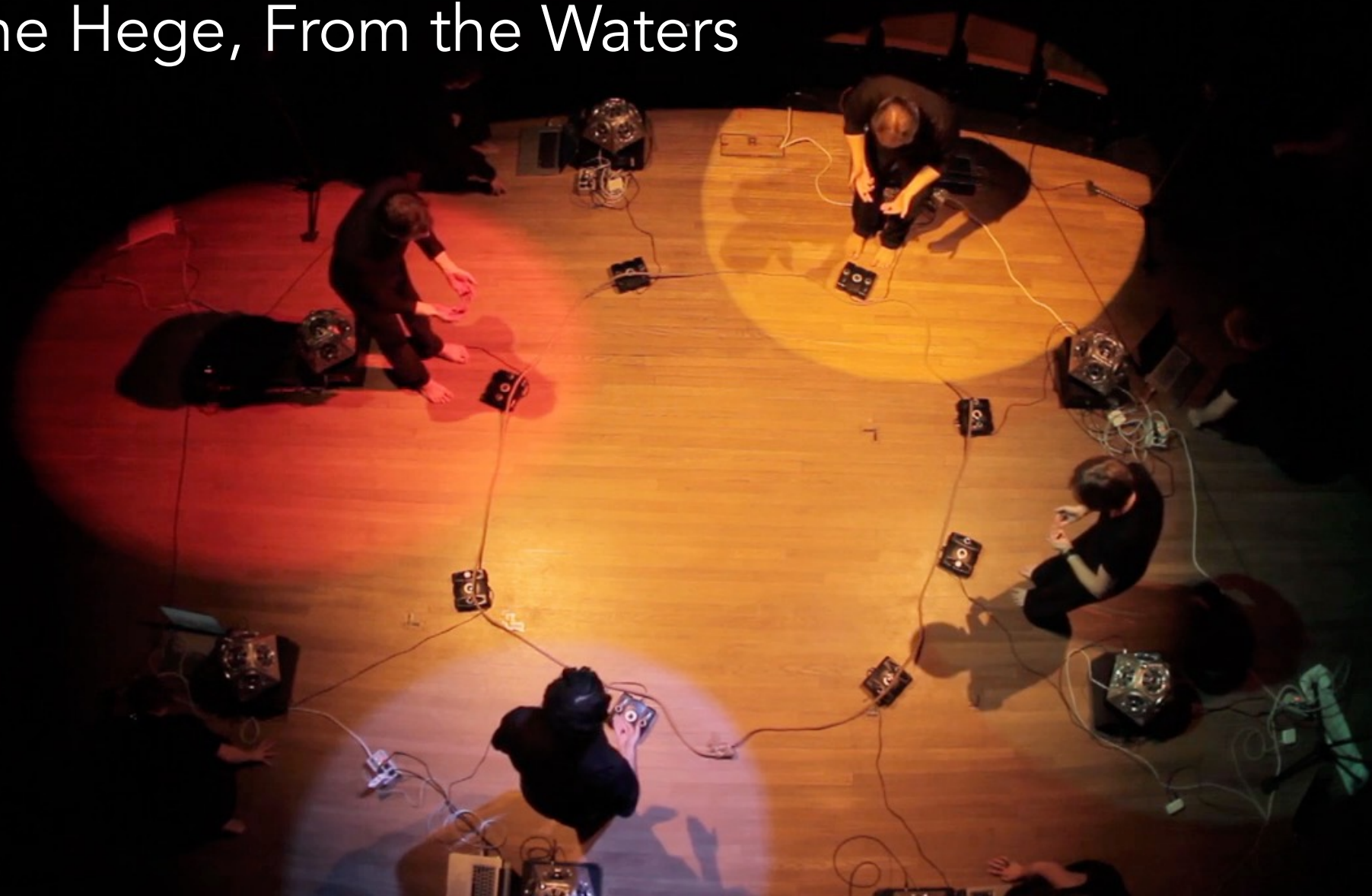
Next >



Wekinator since 2008

- 50,000+ users
- Used in world's first MOOC on ML for musicians and artists (on Kadenze), and in artist workshops worldwide (e.g., at Barbican, BBC Radio 1 Academy)
- Used in teaching at UAL, Stanford, NYU, CalArts, Columbia, Creative Coding Amsterdam, many other universities and institutions

Anne Hege, From the Waters



Michelle Nagai, MARtLET



MACHINES

Wanna Stop Staring at Screens? Try on These Glasses



CAMILO SALAS

Jun 1 2016, 4:40pm



The glasses become opaque, effectively blinding you until you look away.

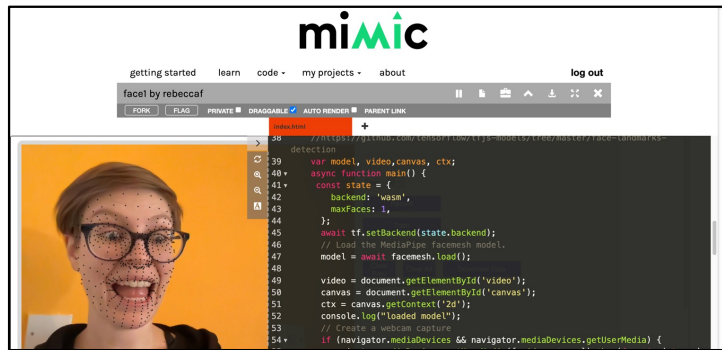
They look like something out of *Black Mirror*, only there's no mechanism or sound or movement behind the scenes. But try on these glasses and every time you look at a screen your vision gets blocked.

In other words, they're glasses that screen screens, according to Chino Kim, the 28-year-old behind [Screeners](#), a project that began as a personal quest to rid his life of screens.

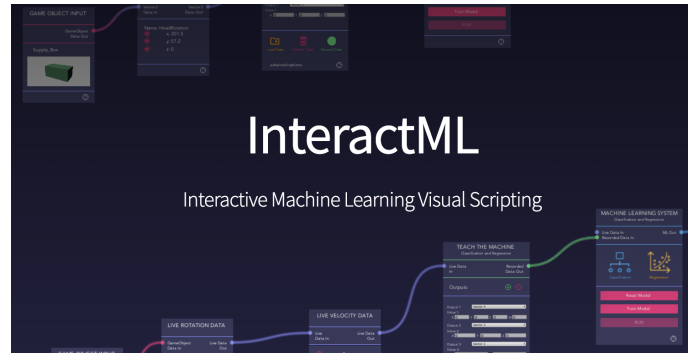


Other Tools for Wekinator-style Interactive ML

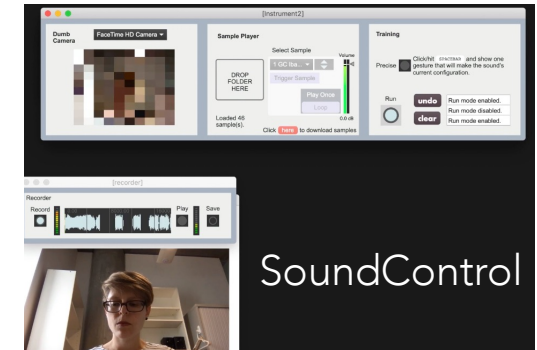
By my team:



For Web + creative coding

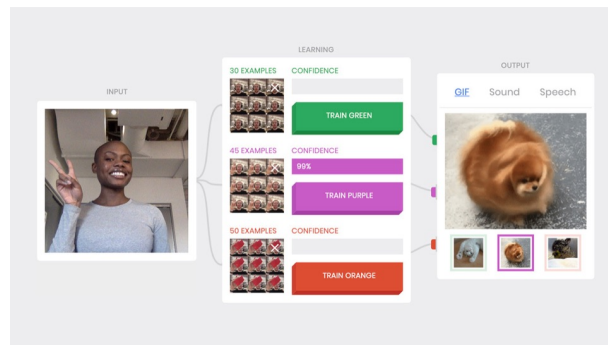


For VR + Games



For kids, music teachers & therapists

By others:



Teachable Machine



Micro:bit CreateAI



MiMu gloves

2. Machine learning allows people to **communicate** ideas and intentions to computers through **data/examples**

Michelle Nagai, MARtLET



Memo Akten: Learning to See



Akten, Fiebrink, and Grierson, SIGGRAPH Art Papers 2019

<https://www.memo.tv/works/learning-to-see/>

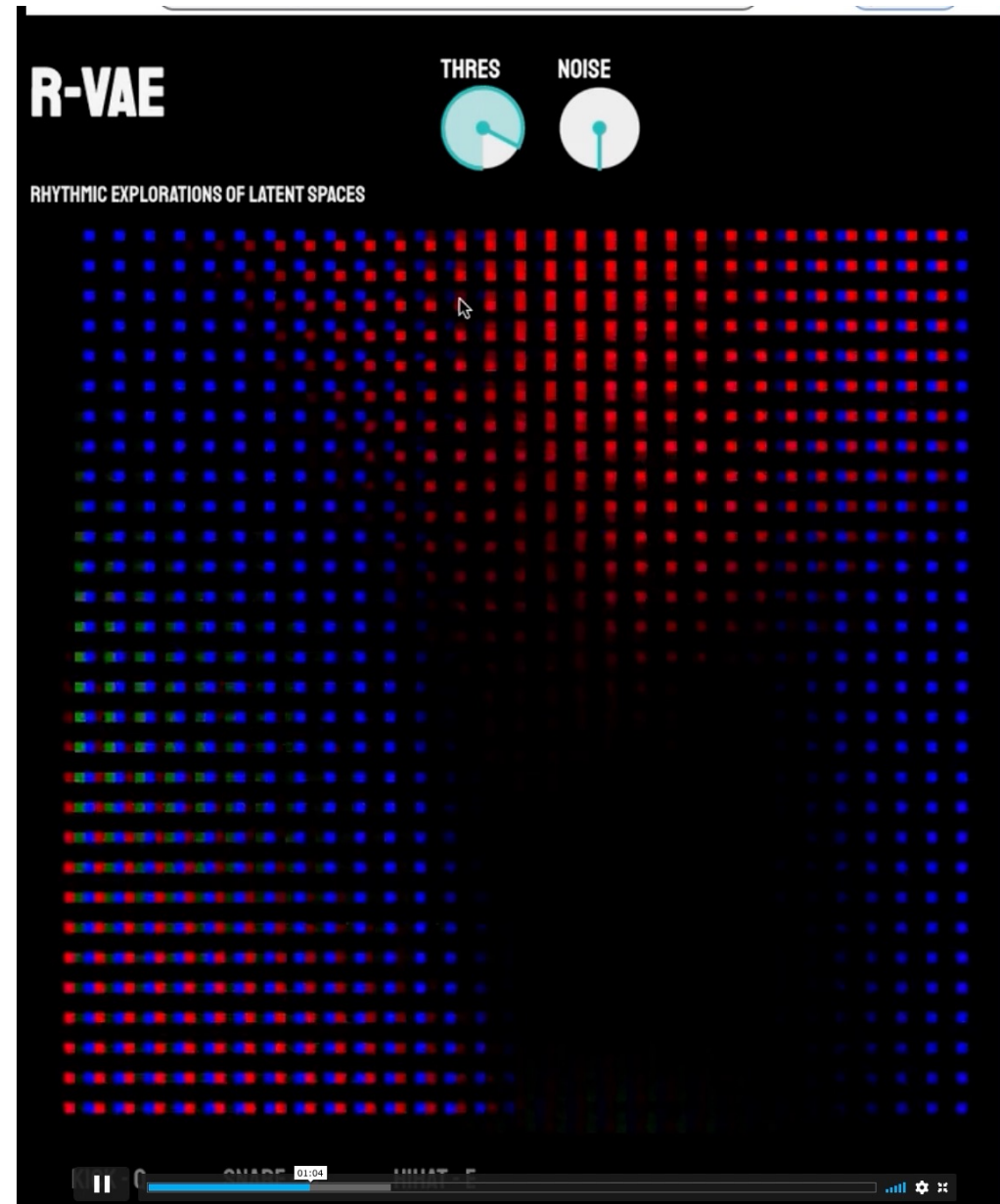
R-VAE

Gabriel Vigliensoni

- Construct a generative model from a **very small dataset** (e.g. dozens of examples) in a small set of genres/styles
 - Models are quite specific!
- Provide a performance interface for navigating a 2D representation of the generative model's "latent space" in realtime

<https://github.com/vigliensoni/R-VAE>

Vigliensoni et al. 2022. Journal of Creative Music Systems





VS

```
int note_package[NUM_VOICES][2];
int cmd_package[NUM_COMMANDS][2];
int drum_package[NUM_DRUMS][2];
// Whether or not to process packages in the given timeslot
int should_process_packages;

// Prepare note / command / drum packages for
// this timeslot across all 8 voices
0 => should_process_packages;
for (0 => int i; i < master_loop_num_tracks(); i++) {

    master_loop[i][master_loop_index] @=> int noteslot[];
    master_loop[i][master_loop_index][0] => int pitch_copy;
    master_loop[i][master_loop_index][1] => int duration_copy;

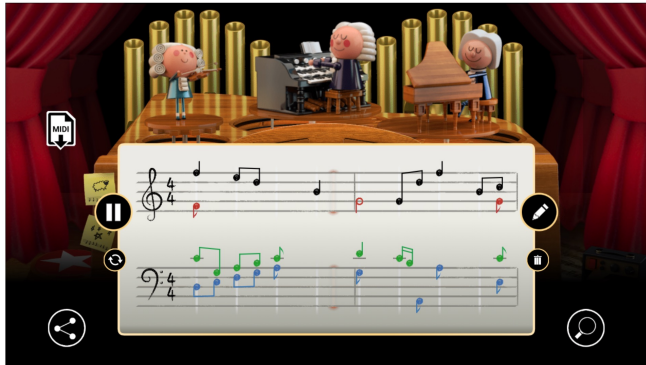
    if (!is_empty(noteslot)) {
        if (noteslot[0] > 0) { // melodic note
            noteslot[0] => note_package[i][0];
            noteslot[1] => note_package[i][1];
            1 => should_process_packages;

            // Consume the note.
            0 => master_loop[i][master_loop_index][0];
            0 => master_loop[i][master_loop_index][1];
            // Do note tracking logistics.
            // When we consume a note, we should
            // increment the notes_added starting
            // index so we don't waste time trying
            // to zero that note out on a "stop"
```

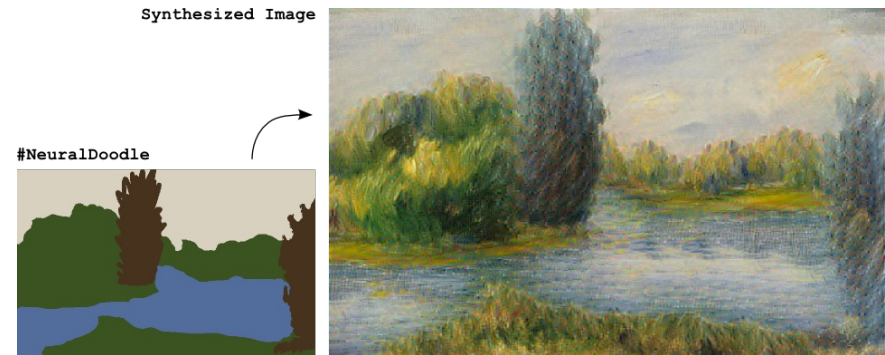
Data/examples can be better than math, code, or language for communicating tacit knowledge and embodied practices to a computer.

3. Designing with ML can enable more people to become creators

Large, one-size-fits-all models can make it easier for novices to conform to a standard



Write music like Bach!



Make an image like Monet!



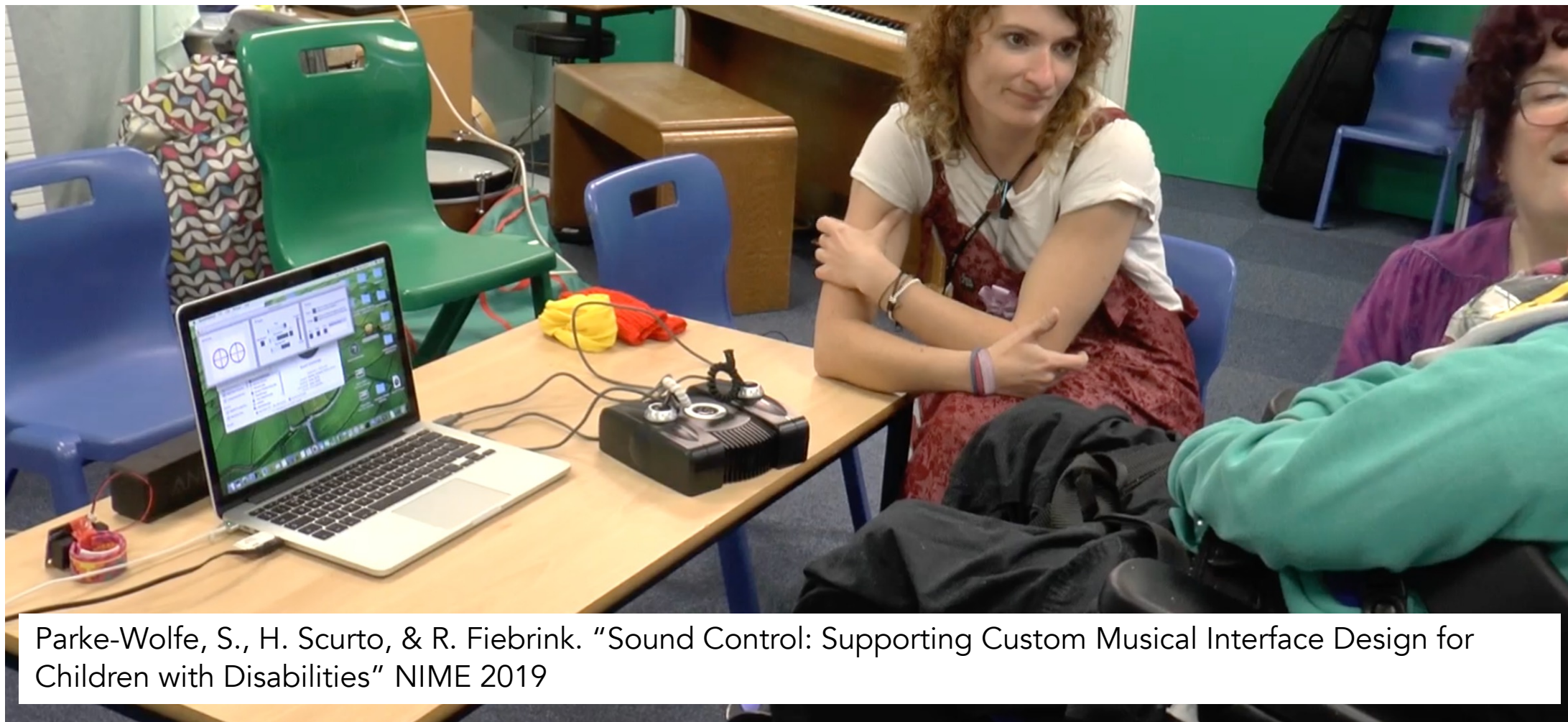
Make a video like Wes Anderson!



Training new models
with new data
allows easy
personalization and
flexibility


Katan, Grierson & Fiebrink, CHI 2015

Empowering creators to build for themselves enables more useful outcomes, unanticipated by “experts”



Parke-Wolfe, S., H. Scurto, & R. Fiebrink. "Sound Control: Supporting Custom Musical Interface Design for Children with Disabilities" NIME 2019

Sometimes, helping novices conform to a standard can facilitate other creative tasks

 Imagination Tool

Design a space that helps meet new friends for your city in 2050.

What is it?

it is a new futuristic place with lots of technology with lots of iPhones 200

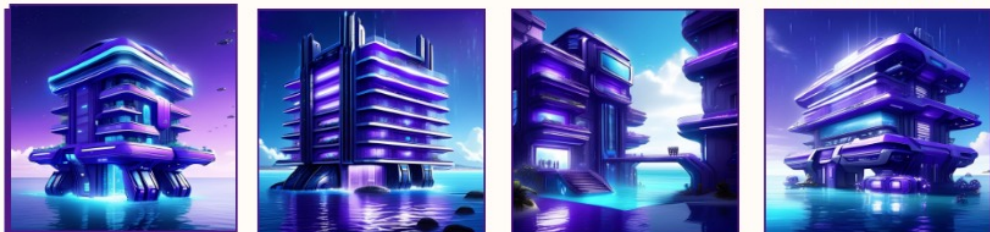
What does it look like?

very purple and light bright shining blue with water proof robots as security at doors and is a 7 story building with a very

Where is it?

it is in the ocean where you need a secret lift the at the beach

Pick the best picture





Does this look right?

If you aren't happy with any of the pictures, some more information or change the answers to the questions to see if we can make it better

Think about what the picture should look like, adding details like "it's made out of glass and metal" or "there are flowers in the background" helps a lot!

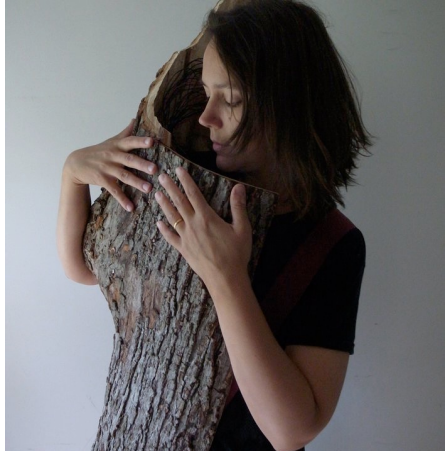
Yes - Submit this image

No - Edit and Make It Again!



4. Machine learning can enable exciting new types of creative work

New instruments



Michelle Nagai



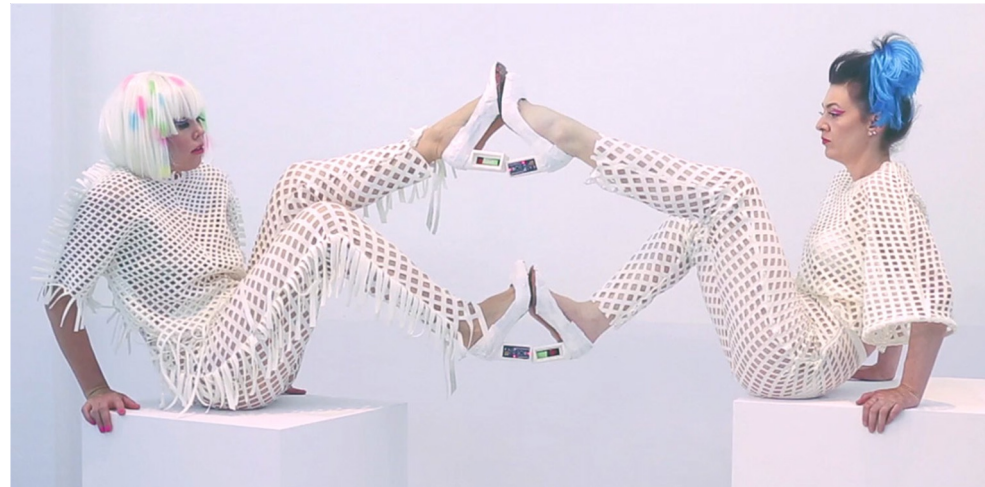
Gabriel Vigliensoni



Marije Baalman



Laetitia Sonami



Chicks on Speed

New
performance
techniques

New interactions, including with audiences



Memo Akten



Snakinator



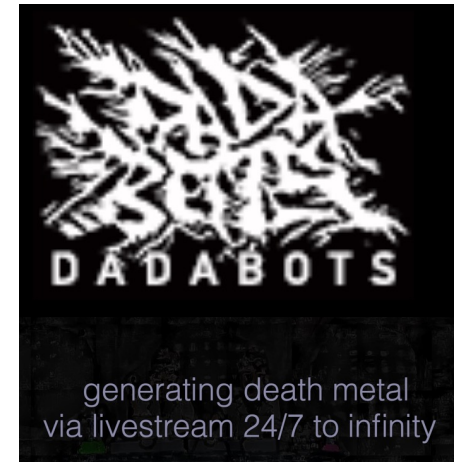
Control Google maps with food



Stephanie Dinkins



Holly Herndon

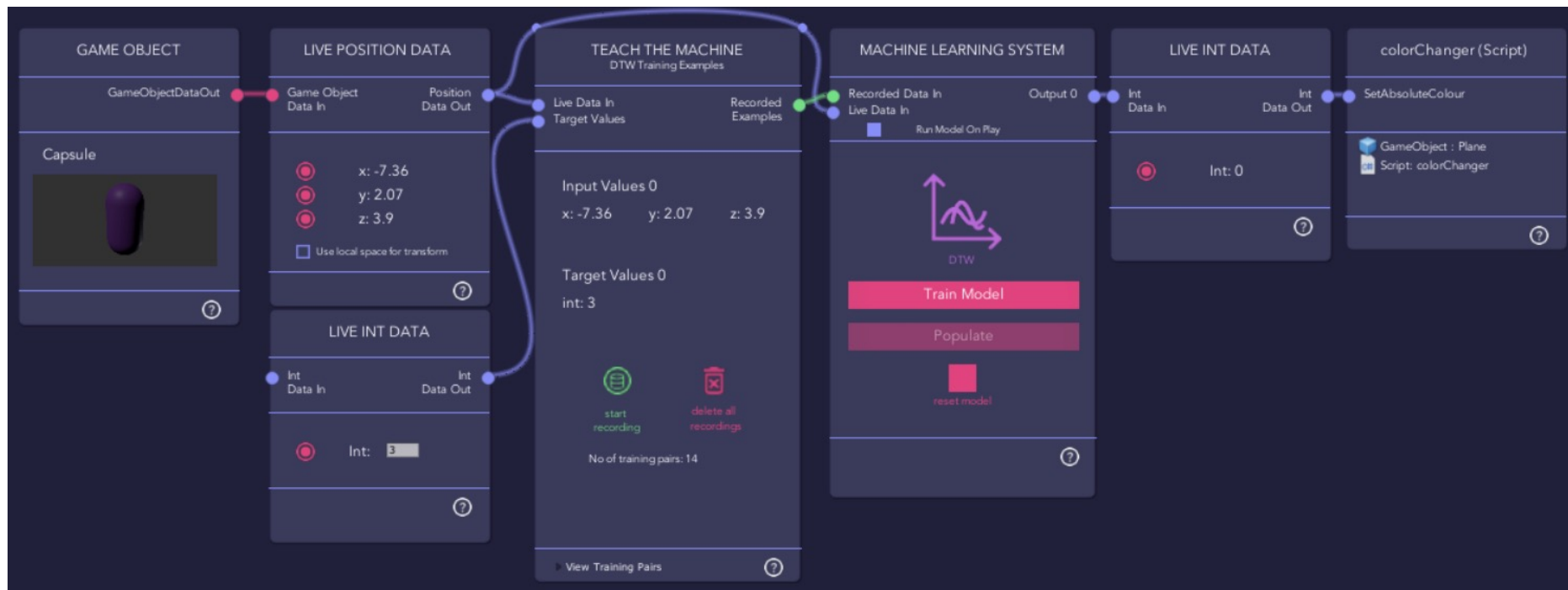


Dadabots



Teaching ML to creators: Principles and challenges

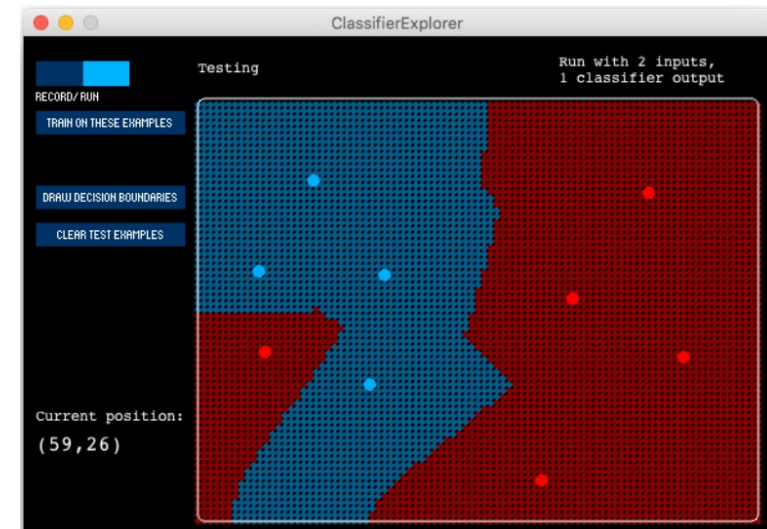
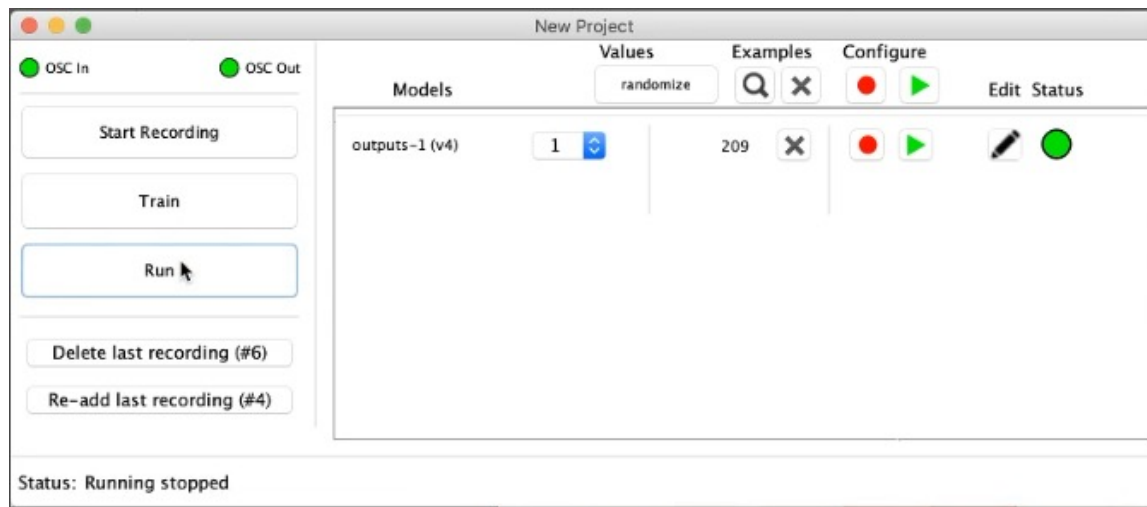
Principle 1: Teach ML at a high level with minimal math, but not as a black box



Interactml.com: Interactive ML for VR in Unity & Unreal

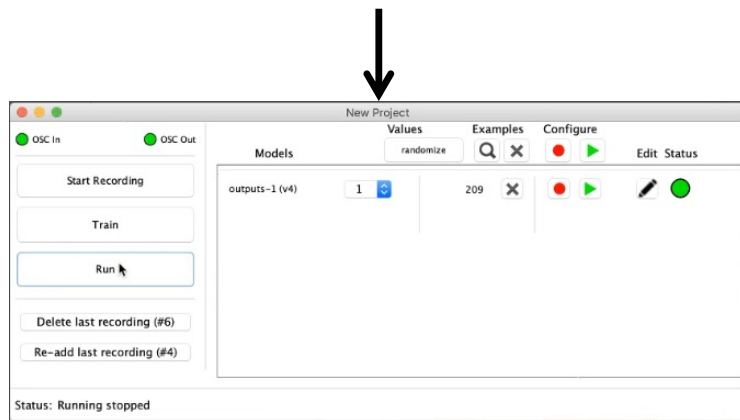
Principle 2: Small data and interactive ML can be very effective

- Quick experimentation
- Creatively useful
- Allows building intuition about big-data systems too
 - E.g., outliers, regularisation, features; bias in data and data as a *choice*

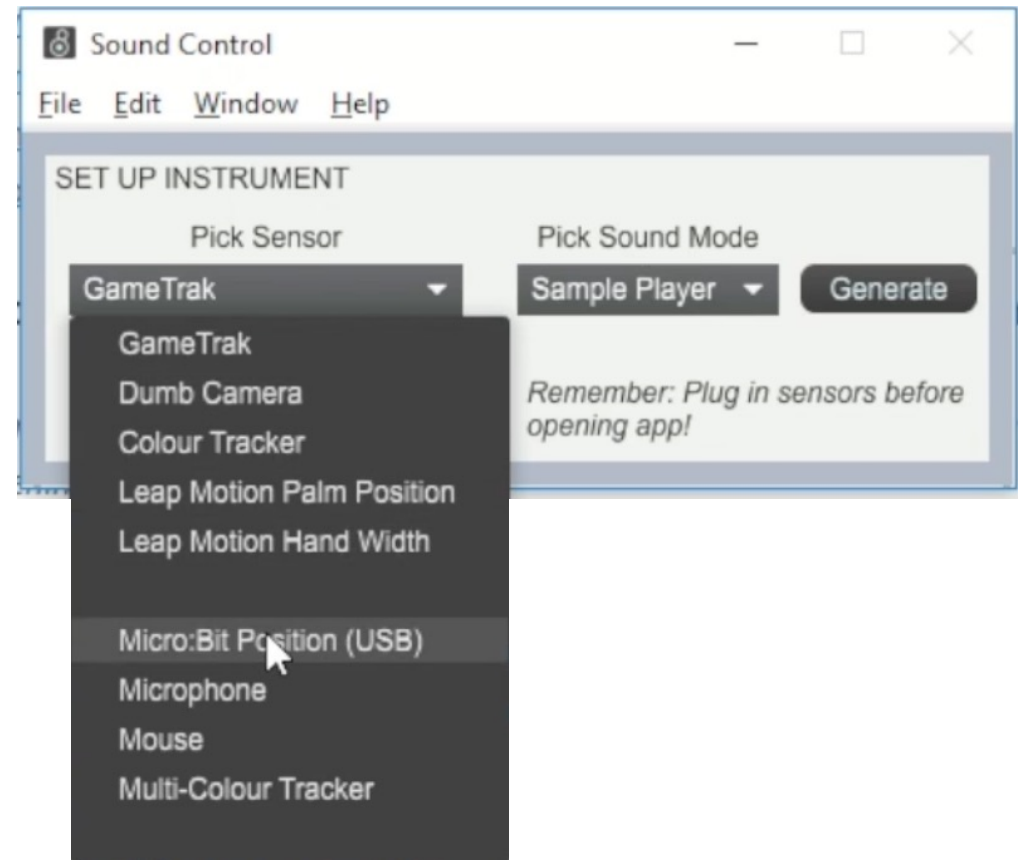


Principle 3: Modular ML tools allow customisation and remixing

OpenSoundControl input
from sensors/video/audio/...



OpenSoundControl output
to sound/animation/game/...



Principle 4:

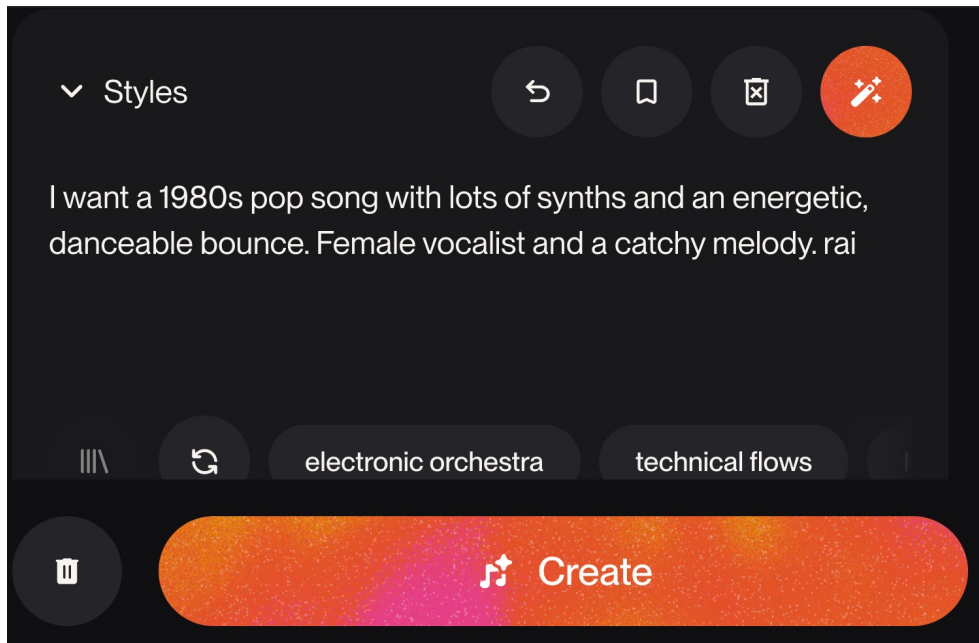
Many ML learning objectives can be framed in terms of the creative design process

Design operation	Learning objectives
Establishing design requirements, Formulation	Understand the structure of ML problems and algorithms' capabilities Identify feasible uses for ML in new projects, and map them onto ML structures
Synthesis	Reason about properties of learning algorithms, data, and problem domains to make good choices Apply knowledge of ML workflows and skill with tools to build and use ML models Pass data/signals between ML tools and other project components
Analysis, Evaluation	Choose and apply appropriate ML evaluation methods
Reformulation	Reason about and exercise appropriate ways to improve an ML system
Other	Understand ways ML has been used in other creative work, and draw on this to contextualise one's own work

As described in: Fiebrink. 2019. "Machine learning education for artists, musicians, and other creative practitioners." *ACM Trans. Computing Education*.

Draws on design operations from: Howard, Culley, and Dekoninck. 2008. "Describing the creative design process by the integration of engineering design and cognitive psychology literature." *Design studies*.

Challenge 1: Commercial tools are not always great for scaffolding learning or genuine creative work



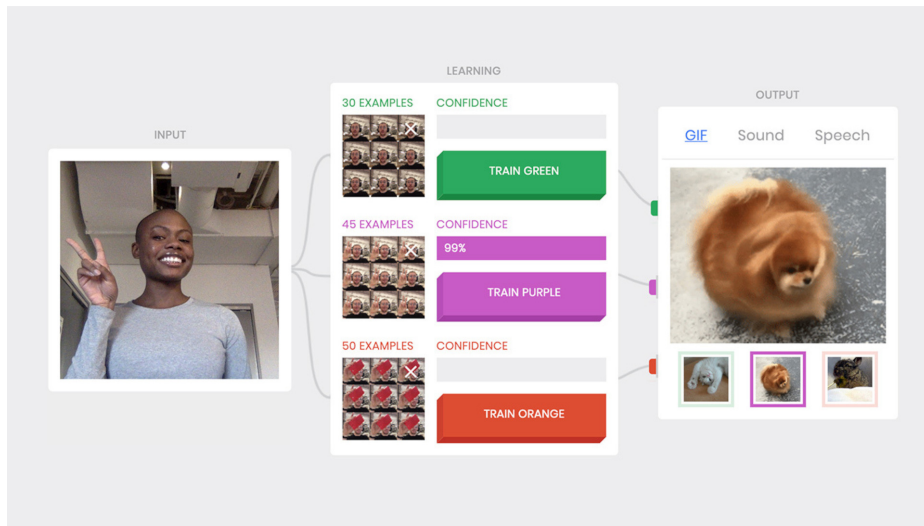
```
best_loss = 100000

num_epochs = 100
for epoch in range(num_epochs):
    train_loss = 0.0
    test_loss = 0.0

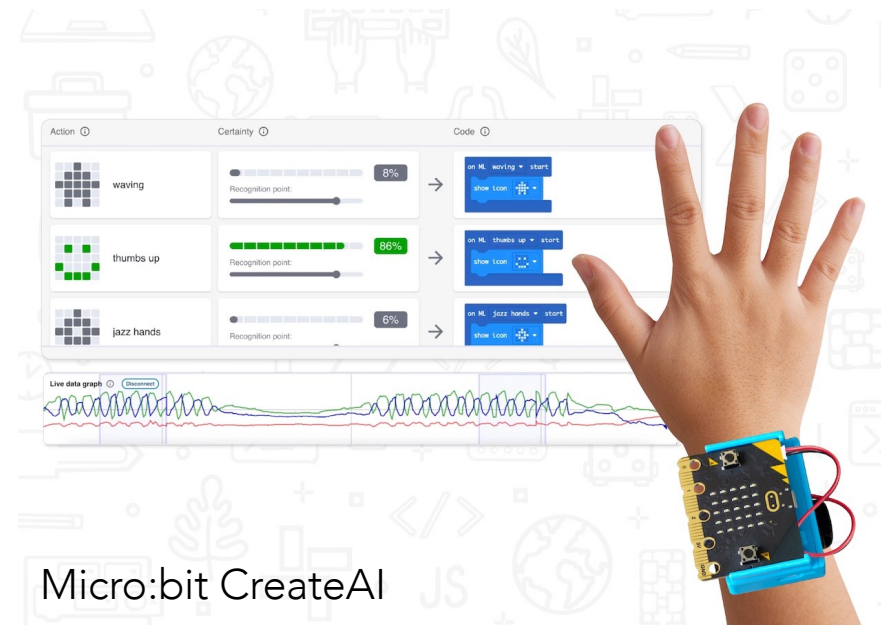
    # Training loop
    for i, data in enumerate(train_loader, 0):
        inputs, labels = data
        inputs = inputs.to(device)
        labels = labels.to(device)
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        outputs = model(inputs)
        loss = criterion(outputs, labels.unsqueeze(1))
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        train_loss += loss.item() / len(train_loader)

    # After 10 epochs
    if (epoch+1) % 10 == 0:
        # Test loop
        with torch.no_grad():
            for i, data in enumerate(test_loader, 0):
                inputs, labels = data
                inputs = inputs.to(device)
                labels = labels.to(device)
                outputs = model(inputs)
                loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
                test_loss += loss.item() / len(test_loader)

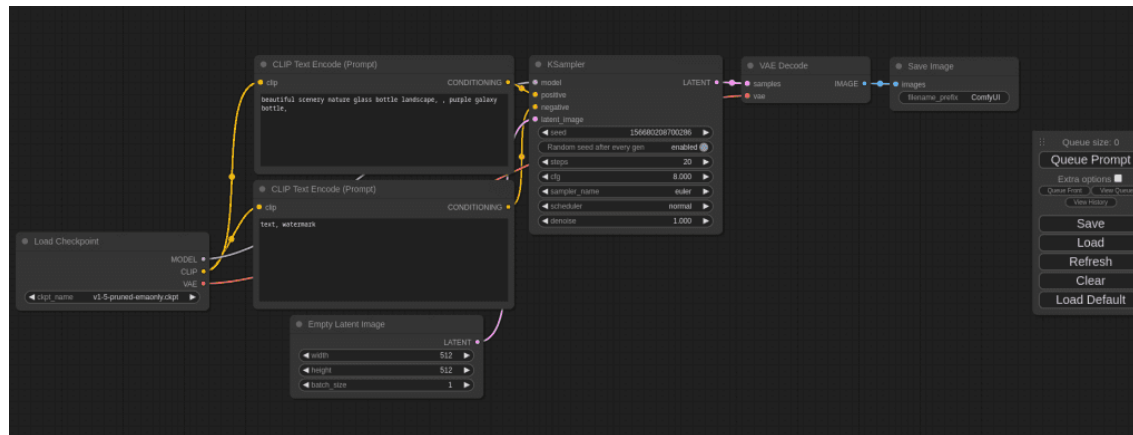
    print(f'Epoch {epoch + 1}, train loss: {train_loss:.3f}, test loss: {test_loss:.3f}')
    if test_loss < best_loss:
        best_loss = test_loss
        torch.save(model.state_dict(), 'best_dog_rating_network.pt')
```



Teachable Machine

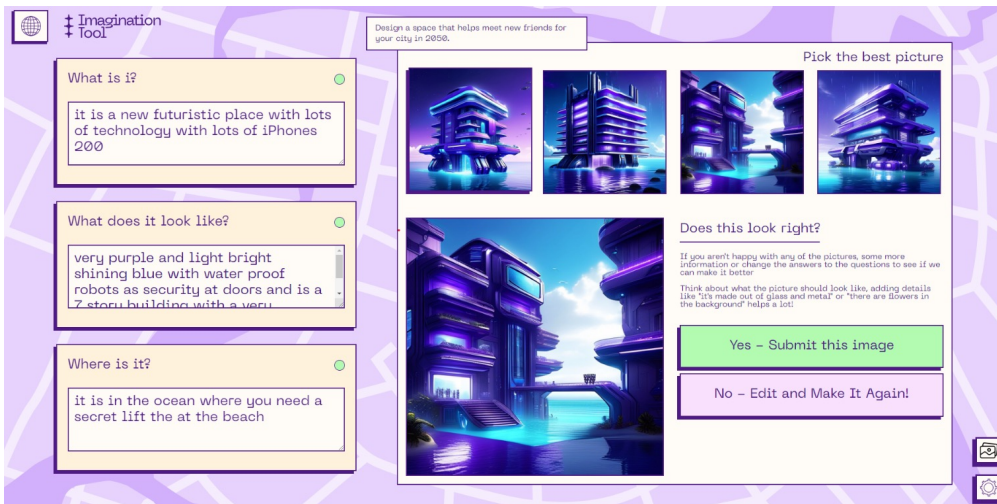


Micro:bit CreateAI



ComfyUI

Challenge 2: Making generative AI tools safe for kids is incredibly difficult



- Chose a model with built-in filter
- Bad/safe words lists
- Toxicity detection
- Human (teacher) moderation
- Prompt engineering
- Extensive testing in advance

Final Remarks

Learning and teaching creative ML is worth it!

- ML can help creators work more effectively with data they care about
- ML allows people to communicate ideas and intentions to computers through examples, which can be especially helpful for embodied practices
- Designing with data can enable more people to become creators—and not just by helping them to conform to existing standards of media creation
- ML can enable exciting new types of creative work

Learning and teaching creative ML is possible!

- A growing set of tools allow meaningful experimentation and original creative work, without (much/any) math or coding
 - Wekinator, MIMIC (browser/JS), InteractML (Unreal)
 - Teachable Machine, Flucoma (music), Microbit CreateAI, TouchDesigner, ComfyUI
- Creative applications can be a fun jumping-off point for broader ML engagement, and a meaningful destination in themselves

Thanks!

www.wekinator.org

mimicproject.com

interactml.com

r.fiebrink@arts.ac.uk

