# The World **needs** *Full-stack* Craftsmen



#### Anton Keks @antonkeks

#### Tallinn, Estonia - the IT capital of EU



#### codeborne well-crafted software

#### Founded in 201<mark>0</mark>

33 craftsmen, almost no other roles

Most biggest Estonian companies are our customers

Foreign customers as well, including Russia, Japan, USA, Norway, ...

Incredible efficiency thanks to craftsmanship

lam going to share our secrets, don't tell anyone!

#### A reminder: IT exists only because we support businesses, governments, etc

Despite that we constantly fight each other

#### In the past, there were only full-stack craftsmen

#### They were just called "Programmers"



#### Most were actually (crafts)women



#### You even had to deal with hardware a lot more



#### Then, everything has changed



#### Introduction to Conflicts and toxicity in IT



#### Admins vs Developers

IT became bigger and roles started to appear

Internet and Servers - somebody had to take care of them

Admins **hate** changes, but devs' job is to **change** things

"Giving admin rights to devs will result in chaos!" - I heard this in 2019!!!



#### 2000s: DB vs App devs

Back in the days, Oracle has invented a new profession - DBA

Also the phrase "data assets"

Different mindsets: Logic **inside** or **outside**?

DB devs stayed conservative

Other extreme - let's ditch RDBMS and re-implement everything manually with NoSQL solutions



#### Separate isolated communities

Static vs dynamic languages

Open source vs proprietary

e.g. Ruby, Python, .NET, Java EE Ruby/Node devs **reinvented a lot**, now they start to value *multithreading* and *backwards* compatibility

Game devs, working in "studios"

Those who still program in C or C++ vs Go, Rust

#### 2010s - Rise of Frontend vs Backend devs

New trends in web UIs brought lots of complexity

Clearer UI/backend separation was needed, different technologies

Young devs started to specialize in UI, and reinventing stuff

Ever-changing frameworks Transpilation, Unit testing, etc

Backend devs now reduced to "API developers"





LUMBERJACK

WEB DEVELOPER





2016

LUMBERJACK

WEB DEVELOPER









#### In 2007

"The full Safari engine is inside of iPhone. And so, you can write amazing **Web 2.0 and Ajax** apps that look exactly and behave exactly like apps on the iPhone."

Then Jailbreak was followed by AppStore

Many mobile apps are actually unnecessary, but we have to deal with more specialization now

# Split communities of iOS vs Android vs <del>Windows Phone</del> vs ...

Even Android devs reinvent what "backend" devs did for years

Testing, languages, build tools

Nowadays, companies reimplement the same UI at least **3x** By separate teams, producing different bugs...

Plus there are backend devs (or even microservice teams)

What a waste!



#### How incredibly similar they are! But compare checked exceptions

#### I am **function-x** developer And you are **function-y**



![](_page_20_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_0.jpeg)

Overspecialization Inflated teams Low truck factor Slow and expensive projects

#### **Overengineering** We need to seek simplicity instead

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#### Full-stack developer comes to the rescue

#### **Broad-minded**

### Experienced in many fields/stacks Can choose the right tool for the job No need for finger pointing Can learn new technologies quickly

## A more rare kind in bigger markets/companies Big = can afford being inefficient The less important you become

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#### Being a full-stack developer

XP: collective code ownership

You build/learn all aspects of your project

You can contribute in any area

You don't leave anything to others

You are in control

Power = Responsibility

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#### Becoming a full-stack developer

"Full-stack" refers to the collection of technologies needed to complete your project

"Polyglot" developer

You learn the **essence** and can apply it in **any** language/technology

You still learn most needed parts **deeply** as you gain **experience** Structuring, design, security, logging, auto testing, simplicity, etc Also deployment - you don't want to be called during the night

#### Why me?

Technologies and specialization areas come and go

AI and automation is coming

You need to be flexible, never stop learning

Multidisciplinary teams have more "chemistry"

Full-stack developers are more useful, therefore earn more

Some do startups or business

#### Big picture

You understand where the actual problem is, and where to apply the fix

Instead of creating workarounds, and later fixing them again

Easier not to overengineer

Brings deep understanding of how stuff works

Efficiency - less useless work, fewer mistakes

#### Your project is most likely **doomed** without a single Full-stack member

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#### Architect? Not if they **overspecialize** and **stop coding!**

#### Side effects

You are more pragmatic

You don't jump for every fresh and sexy thing (framework), only for it to be abandoned a year later

E.g. many webapps are better-off being server-side rendered

You know the costs of implementing things in one stack or another

You care about long-term maintainability

You avoid more invasive frameworks (that control you)

Having a team of **multidisciplinary** people means for a company that can **adapt quickly**, branching out to your team when a new opportunity appears

It is also something that helps **create chemistry** within a team. The developers work together **longer**.

Even if a project starts with the **construction of an API**, then moves to **mobile** and **web clients**, the same people can make that trip together Do you know how to build your current project **from scratch**?

Including storytelling (requirements)? Could you do it by yourself? Would it be better than now?

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#### **Communication problems**

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#### Devs vs Testers, Analysts, PM's

Swedbank in 2010: only 50 devs out of 700 IT personnel

Many "supporting roles" just because devs are not able to do their job properly

Necessity of analysts reduces devs to **code monkeys** 

Allows not to develop communication skills,

Lots of finger pointing, blaming, and "broken phone"

![](_page_37_Picture_6.jpeg)

#### Chinese whispers / Broken phone game

![](_page_38_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Talking to customers through a middleman (proxy) makes **negotiations impossible**

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#### Hoping for testers to find your bugs?

#### They should be the last line of defense

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Of course, we still earn good money, despite producing wrong results, inefficiently

Poor customers accept that they get bugs and wrong stuff from **IT** 

I am sorry for those who can't get time to market of 1-2 days

#### **Manifesto for Agile Software Development**

We are uncovering better ways of developing software by doing it and helping others do it. Through this work we have come to value:

Individuals and interactions over processes and tools Working software over comprehensive documentation Customer collaboration over contract negotiation Responding to change over following a plan

> That is, while there is value in the items on the right, we value the items on the left more.

#### Downfall of Agile

Nowadays everyone says they do some kind of Agile Usually meaning top-bottom Scrum

Where is excellence?

Ken Schwaber left Scrum alliance

It became a management **buzzword** 

A **religion** that nobody knows how to practice

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Raising the bar.

Manifesto for Software Craftsmanship

A s aspiring Software Craftsmen we are raising the bar of professional software development by practicing it and helping others learn the craft. Through this work we have come to value:

Not only working software, but also **well-crafted software** 

Not only responding to change, but also **steadily adding value** 

Not only individuals and interactions, but also **a community of professionals** 

Not only customer collaboration, but also **productive partnerships** 

That is, in pursuit of the items on the left we have found the items on the right to be indispensable.

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Craftsmen Craftsmen Craftsmen Craftswomen

#### Software craftsman should be able to

- Talk to customer directly
- Understand the underlying problem, not how customer proposes to solve it
- Propose solutions
- Break the problem into small chunks, write down as user-centric stories
- Design UI flow

#### Old-fashioned software developer

- Write working code
- Write automated tests to avoid regressions
- Deploy the system to the end users ("DevOps")
- Evolve the system design/architecture by refactoring

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#### Codeborne and Digital Prescriptions

And what if solution is not only in the IT? It happens quite often

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Startup people should do **full-stack craftsmanship** to survive Everyone should try as well!

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But nowadays, too much money (and spending not your own) makes also startups **inefficient** 

![](_page_54_Picture_0.jpeg)

"Make everything as simple as possible, but not simpler." – Albert Einstein

## We May Need More Than Refactoring to Fix This!

#### Underengineering

The other extreme

Very common in startups, and elsewhere

You don't have time to write bad code because it slows you down

Lack of basic practices

e.g. lack of Continuous Integration **always** leads to a broken project

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#### Extreme Programming (XP) practices

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#### At the 3rd level of professionalism

- 1. You are very good at doing it
- 2. You are so good, so you can innovate
- 3. You are so good, so you can teach others to innovate, too

(then your innovation becomes the new norm)

#### Project routine in Codeborne

- Before start: make sure we have **business** and **tech** contacts
- Kick-off meeting with them
  - Storytelling
- Iterations (1 week)
  - Stand-up meetings (mostly over video)
  - Developers focus on user stories
  - Continuous integration server builds and tests every change
  - Continuous delivery to a demo server
- Iteration planning
  - Demo
  - Prioritization & storytelling
- Until agreed deadline or can finish anytime for any reason

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If you think you are good enough technically - try low level, drivers, assembler, etc

But also learn to explain technical concepts to normal people

Differentiate important from not-so-important

Do you have pet projects? GitHub account?

Next level: start a business

#### Pair Programming

Allows to transfer skills more quickly

You are never left alone with a problem

A pair with different "specialization" compliments each other Extreme code review - catches mistakes Your produce better quality because "someone is watching" And it's fun!

#### Good developer can be **5x** more productive Craftsman can be **5x** even more efficient by knowing what **not to do**

We not only write code, but solve problems

Surely you want to be one

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# Perfection is achieved, not when there is nothing more to add, but when there is nothing left to take away

Antoine de Saint-Exupery

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#### Anton Keks @antonkeks