Explore these common classroom accommodations for language disorders. They can help kids at school — and even at home.

### Classroom materials and environment
- Give students extra time to process directions.
- Use visual supports like photos and symbols.
- Highlight written directions.
- Seat the student at the front of the classroom to reduce distractions.
- Provide graphic organizers.
- Provide lists of key vocabulary words for topics.

### Completing assignments and tests
- Adjust the length of written tasks.
- Reduce the number and complexity of questions on worksheets.
- Provide two options for open-ended questions.
- Break directions into short, manageable steps.
- Present directions one at a time.
- Have students repeat instructions to make sure they understand them.
- Provide vocabulary lists that relate to the topic of the writing task.
- Check in with the student at the start of the task.
- If appropriate, give a sample of the finished task.

### Teaching strategies
- Add videos, pictures, and hands-on activities to lectures.
- Explicitly teach the parts of a complete sentence.
- Provide sentence frames if needed.
- Expand students’ statements with more detail.
- Allow extra time for students to ask and answer questions.
- Give examples of how to answer or ask questions, make requests, or solve problems.
- Use games to help students learn and practice new vocabulary.
- Provide opportunities for students to talk about personal events or retell stories.
- Help students with sequencing and providing key details.