Step-by-step planner: UDL lesson design

Step 1: Proactively design Analyze the lesson goal Record what students will know, do, and care about in this Ask yourself or a planning part of the lesson. (Think about the content they need to partner: understand, group work there may be, and different skills in the activity or task.) Is my goal clear and specific? Have I separated the **primary goal** Next, decide on the primary goal for this part of the lesson. from the other Craft a clear, specific goal for students to focus on. parts of the lesson? **Optional tool:** Top 10 UDL Tips for Developing Goals **Anticipate variability: Engagement** What do you anticipate the range of student interest and Ask yourself or a planning effort will be for this part of the lesson? partner: Do the design strategies support the learning goal? What do you anticipate as barriers to student engagement? Do the design strategies support the range of my students' interest, What one or two design strategies can you include in your effort, or selflesson to increase engagement? regulation? Optional tool: Use CAST's UDL Engagement Guidelines to explore options for engagement. Examples: Choice boards to get students' interest · Options for collaboration to sustain effort



Options for self or group reflection for self-regulation

Anticipate variability: Representation	
What do you anticipate the range of student background experience, vocabulary, and perception will be for this part of the lesson?	Ask yourself or a planning partner:
	Do the design strategies support the learning goal?
What do you anticipate as barriers to student comprehension?	Do the design strategies support the range of my students' perception, language and symbol knowledge, and comprehension?
What one or two design strategies can you include in your lesson to increase options for representation?	
Optional tool: Use CAST's UDL Representation Guidelines to learn more. Examples: Different ways of presenting directions Clarifying vocabulary to support with language Activating background knowledge to improve comprehension	

Anticipate variability: Action and expression	
What do you anticipate the range of student action and expression will be for this part of the lesson?	Ask yourself or a planning partner:
What do you anticipate as barriers to students demonstrating what they know?	 Do the design strategies support the learning goal? Do the design strategies support the range of my students' physical action, expression and communication, and executive function?
What one or two design strategies can you include in your lesson to increase options for action and expression?	
Optional tool: Use CAST's UDL Action & Expression Guidelines for more ideas about how students can show what they know. Examples: Different tools for physical action Different forms of media to communicate Goal-setting to support executive functioning	
Step 2: Implement	
Facilitate the lesson and observe	
How are students using the available options, resources, and tools?	Ask yourself or a planning partner:
Where are students getting stuck or not achieving what you had hoped?	Am I using feedback from my students about how they're learning during the lesson?



Where do you have to reteach?

Am I keeping the focus on the

intended goal?

Step 3: Reflect and redesign Reflect on your lesson How did the lesson go? Were all students able to Ask yourself or a planning progress toward the goal? How could you tell? partner: Do I need to reframe or refocus the goal? What are some ideas you want to integrate into the lesson design next time? Did the design anticipate variability? Did the additional How did the goal drive the design decisions? design strategies further reduce barriers?