

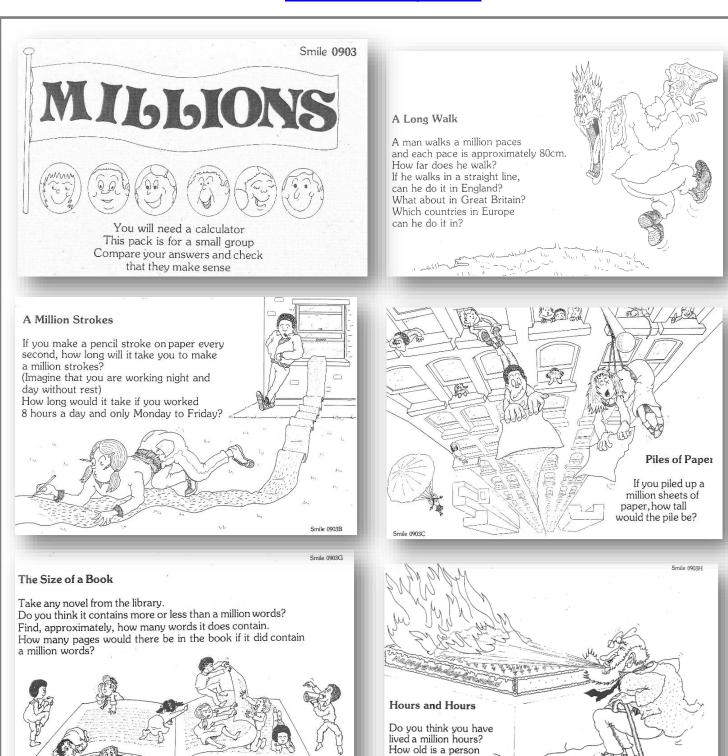


#### Number and Algebra mixed part 4

Whether you are a parent, teacher or home school educator, we've compiled examples of activities, games and puzzles which can be used to support the learning of algebra.

These examples are taken from the 'Number and Algebra mixed' packs found in our SMILE resource collection. The mathematical demand increases as you work through the packs. There are lots more ideas in the complete packs, which can be downloaded at <a href="https://www.stem.org.uk/rxzed">https://www.stem.org.uk/rxzed</a>

Answers to cards can be found at https://www.stem.org.uk/rxxo5



who has lived a million



## smile **0162**

#### The Game of 2, 3, 4 and 5

This game uses 2, 3, 4 and 5.

How many answers can you make by using these numbers in different ways?

e.g. (a) 
$$3 + 5 + 4 - 2 = 10$$

(b) 
$$(3 \times 5) - (4 \times 2) = 15 - 8 = 7$$

(c) 
$$\frac{5(4+2)}{3} = \frac{5 \times \cancel{6}}{\cancel{6}} = \frac{10}{1}$$

#### Rules

- (1) You must use 2, 3, 4 and 5 once and only once.
- (2) You can use the square root sign, e.g.  $\sqrt{4} = 2$ .
- (3) You can use the number as a power e.g.  $2^5 = 32$ .
- (4) You can use a cube root sign and "use up" the 3 e.g.  $\sqrt[3]{4 \times 2} = 2$ .

Try to make all the numbers from 1 to 25 this way.

The answer book gives one way for each number.

Try to find some answers which are not in the book - you can check these with a friend.







Smile 2016

## smile 0179

# Game of Four 4's

This game uses four 4's. You have to try and make as many numbers loss than 20 as you can,

$$(4 \times 4) - (4 + 4) = 16 - 8 = 8$$

### Rules

- (1) You must use four 4's every time.
- (2) You may use decimals •4 =  $\frac{4}{10}$  =  $\frac{2}{5}$  and  $\frac{4}{5}$
- (3) You may use square root sign / = =

You can get 9 by 
$$\frac{1}{4} = 4 \div \frac{4}{9} = 4 \times \frac{9}{2}$$

Try to make as many numbers as you can between 1 and 20.

perhaps you can find some answers not in the book! The answer book gives one answer for each number -

# 4444

# ARGE



A 3 digit problem

making the number 24 using the digit 4. Here are some different ways of

$$4! + \sqrt{4} - \sqrt{4} =$$

24

$$4! \times 4 \div 4 = 24$$

Make 24 using each of the digits 1 to 9.

#### Rules

- · The digit is used three times only, and no other digit is used.
  - The following function keys may be used.













#### **FACTORIALS!**

We use a special notation for products like these:

 $5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$   $7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$   $9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$   $5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$  is written 5! (read as "five factorial")  $7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$  is 7! ("seven factorial")

7! works out to be 5040

Work out the following: 1) 5!

2) 6!

3) (a) 3! + 4!(b)  $3! \times 4!$ (c) (3+4)!(d)  $3 \times 4!$ (e)  $4 \times 3!$ 4) (a)  $\frac{4!}{4}$  (b)  $\frac{4!}{3}$  (c)  $\frac{4!}{3!}$  (d)  $\frac{4!}{4!}$ 5) (3!)!

Answer these questions without multiplying out the factorials. They are not as straightforward as the first five questions.

- 6) Write down 4 factors of 6!
- 7) Is 19! odd or even? Explain.
- 8) Is 3 a factor of 19!
- 9) Is 19! prime? Explain.
- 10) Is 19! + 2 prime?
- 11) (a) How many zeros are there at the end of the number 10! ?
  - (b) How many zeros are there at the end of the number 25! ?
  - (c) What about 100! Try 1000!