



### Ordering and rounding

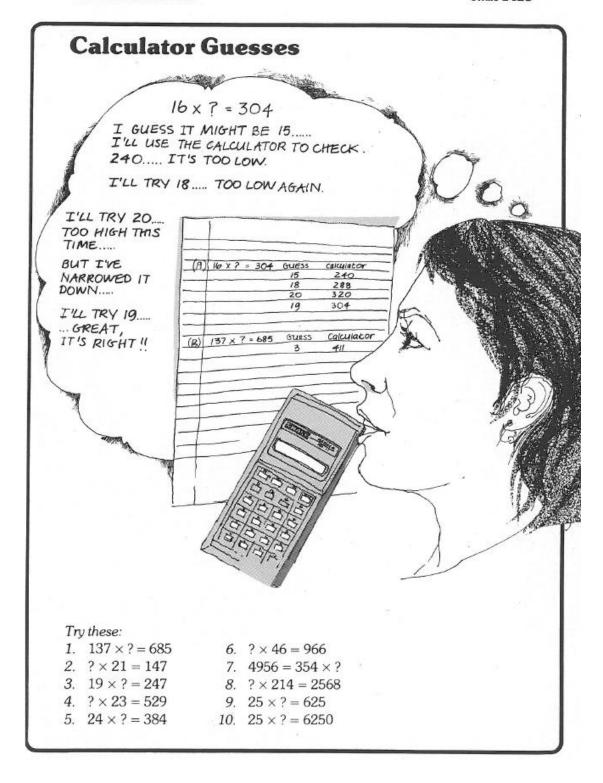
Here are some examples of activities, games or puzzles which can be used to support mathematics learning.

These examples are taken from the ordering and rounding pack. The mathematical demand increases as you work through the pack. The complete packs can be downloaded at <a href="https://www.stem.org.uk/rxzdx">https://www.stem.org.uk/rxzdx</a>

Answers to cards can be found at <a href="https://www.stem.org.uk/rxxo5">https://www.stem.org.uk/rxxo5</a>

You will need a calculator

Smile 1423







## **Higher decimal win**

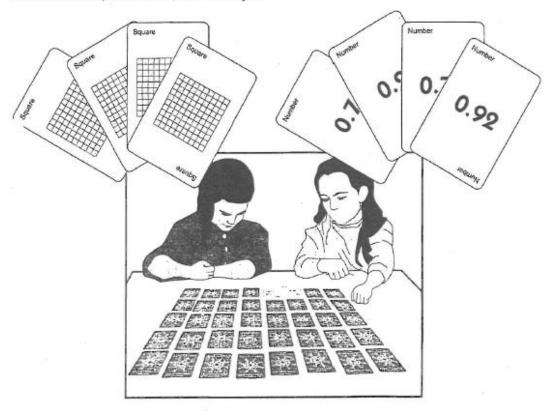
Smile 2365

A game for 2 players.

You will need the SMILE Decimal Playing Cards.

Take out the 13 cards with 'Squares' and the 13 cards with 'Numbers'. Shuffle the cards.

Deal the cards, face down, in front of you.



Each player turns over one card.

The player with the higher decimal wins that round and keeps both cards.

Carry on until you have used all the cards.

The player with the most cards wins.

#### Variation

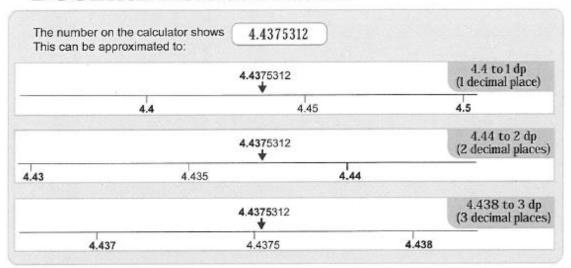
Try turning over 2 cards at a time, adding the two numbers together. The player with the higher decimal wins.





#### Smile Worksheet 2398

# **Decimal Places Match**



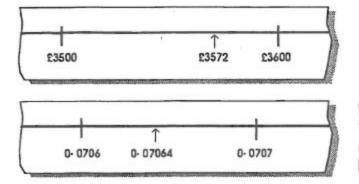
Number on calculator	Number to 2 decimal places	Number to 1 decimal place	Number to 3 decimal places
3.4457982	3.45 to 2 dp	3.6 to 1 dp	3.456 to 3 dp
Number to 1 decimal place	Number to 3 decimal places	Number on calculator	Number to 2 decimal places
3.5 to 1 dp	3.557 to 3 dp	3.5471035	3.47 to 2 dp
Number to 2 decimal places	Number on calculator	Number to 3 decimal places	Number to 1 decimal place
3.46 to 2 dp	3.4561207	3.547 to 3 dp	3.4 to 1 dp
Number to 1 decimal place	Number to 3 decimal places	Number on calculator	Number to 2 decimal places
3.5 to 1 dp	3.446 to 3 dp	3.5568156	3.56 to 2 dp
Number to 1 decimal place	Number to 3 decimal places	Number to 2 decimal places	Number on calculator
3.5 to 1 dp	3.467 to 3 dp	3.55 to 2 dp	3.4672331





## Significant Figures

### Smile 1202



£3572 is closer to £3600 than £3500 so £3572 = £3600 (to 2 significant figures).

0-07064 is between 0-0706 and 0-0707 and is closer to 0.0706.

0-07064 = 0-0706 (to 3 sig.fig.)

Note The first significant figure is the first non-zero digit. After the first significant figure, at figures are significant figures.

The following answers were found using a calculator. Write each of the answers (a) correct to 2 significant figures (b) correct to 3 significant figures. Putting your answers in a table like this may help. 1. 49-7327 cm<sup>2</sup> 50 cm<sup>3</sup> 49-7cm<sup>2</sup> 1. 49-7327 cm<sup>2</sup> 6. 8.937 kg 11. 40-96 kg 7. 10·785 m 12. 20-81 litres 2. £283 721 3. 7-8241 cm 8. £37 694 13. 0-9008 km 9. 40-038 cm3 4. 0.06736 m 14. 5-942 m 5. 0.0004842 10. 0.70683 m² 15. 10-94 cm<sup>2</sup>

> Some fractions and their equivalent decimal values are given below.

Write each decimal correct to 3 significant figures.

1. 
$$\frac{2}{3} = 0.6$$

6. 
$$\frac{5}{7} = 0.714285$$

$$2.\frac{5}{6} = 0.83$$

$$7. \frac{11}{12} = 0.916$$

$$7. \frac{1}{12} = 0.916$$

3. 
$$\frac{5}{11} = 0.45$$

8. 
$$\frac{7}{13} = 0.538461$$

$$4. \frac{7}{2} = 0.0875$$

4. 
$$\frac{7}{80} = 0.0875$$
 9.  $\frac{5}{13} = 0.384615$ 

$$5. \frac{5}{10} = 0.416$$

5. 
$$\frac{5}{12} = 0.416$$
 10.  $\frac{1}{7} = 0.142857$ 

Note: The dot above a figure shows that the figure recurs. e.g.

$$0.83 = 0.8333...$$

Two dots show that the figures between the dots recur. e.g.

0.835 = 0.835835835.