

PEST: Citrus Greening (“Huanglongbing”) (*Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus*)

BASIC PROFILE: CG is a bacterial disease of citrus that is spread through grafting and is vectored (transmitted) by an insect called a ‘psyllid’. CG does not spread through rain or equipment. The disease was first found in Florida in 2005 and in Louisiana in 2008. The following parishes are under federal and state CG quarantine: Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard and Washington. Symptoms include leaf mottling that often ignores the leaf veins. New leaves may show symptoms resembling zinc deficiency; older leaves have green, asymmetrical mottling. Other symptoms are yellow shoots, twig die-back, poor flowering, and stunting. Fruit is inedible (sour), small, poorly colored, and/or lopsided.

LDAF ACTIVITY: LDAF continues to conduct survey jointly with USDA for CG in residential areas, citrus groves and nurseries. LDAF also inspects for CG during routine marketplace inspections and at nursery grower/NSD locations (examining citrus stock for symptoms and checking plant origin paperwork). Parishes infested with CG are not allowed to ship citrus nursery stock outside of those disease-infested parishes unless the nursery stock is grown in an USDA approved structure. CG host plants from Florida are prohibited entry into Louisiana. When prohibited plants are found, stop sales are issued and material is destroyed or may be returned to origin.



CAES-Taiwan

Xiao-an Sun



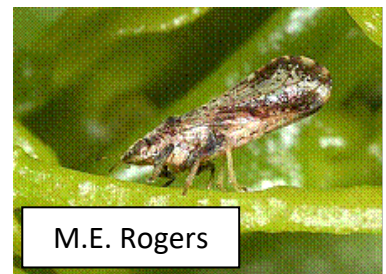
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