

ANIMAL HEALTH & FOOD SAFETY 5825 Florida Blvd., Suite 4003 Baton Rouge, LA 70806 (225) 922-1358, Fax (225) 925-4103

Poultry Exemption Application Form

Chickens, Turkeys, Ducks, Geese, Guineas, Ratites, and Squabs

Today's Date:	:		Parish of Establishment:		
Type of Application:			Type of Exemption:		
☐ New		Change of Location	≤ 20,000 birds/year □ Producer/Grower □ < 1000 birds/year □ Producer/Grower or Other Person □ Don't know/Undecided		
☐ Char	nge of Owner	Other	Small Enterprise		
Contact Informa	ation of Registrar	nt	Other Names (if any) Under Which Business Will Be Conducted:		
Name:					
Address:			Estimated Operating Schedule		
Phone:			Days/Week		
Email:					
			Hours/Week		
	nd Contact Inform	nation of Establishment			
Official Name:			Estimated Average Slaughter Number Per Year (i.e. Animals)		
Address:			Establishment Mailing Address (if different from above)		
Phone:			Address:		
Email:					
	Printed or 1	yped Name of Person Signing Registration	Title		

Please email completed form to:

MeatInspection@ldaf.la.gov

This is an equal opportunity program. If you believe you have been discriminated against because of Race, Color, National Origin, sex, age, or disability, contact the LDAF, 5825 Florida Blvd., Suite 4003, Baton Rouge, LA 70806; phone (225) 922-1358/State Relay Service (800) 947-5277; or USDA's Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Ave. SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410.



Poultry Exemption Checklist

Processing	Build or acquire an appropriate facility that meets sanitation guidelines.
Facility	Slaughter operations must have an overhead structure and some manner of walls or
1k – 20k Birds	screens throughout the bleeding, scalding and plucking process to prevent airborne
	contaminates, such as insects and dust.
	Processing operations must have an overhead structure, floor and walls made of a
	cleanable, impervious to moisture surface. Processing room must be temperature
	controlled, minimum a window unit.
Annroyed	Descive desumentation that you are connected to a municipal water source if
Approved Water Source	Receive documentation that you are connected to a municipal water source, if applicable, or have well water tested by the Department of Health.
water source	applicable, of have well water tested by the bepartment of freath.
	A clean water supply must be provided. If the water source is not municipal, the
	private supply must be verified biannually that it meets local drinking water standards.
	A sink with hot water must be provided for hand washing and cleaning equipment.
Sewage	Receive documentation from local parish health authority showing approval for
Disposal	sanitary/domestic sewer system, if applicable.
ызрозаг	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Waste	Receive documentation from local trash service stating approval for disposal of offal
Disposal	and other waste in municipal landfill; or
	Submit composting or burying plan for disposal of offal and other compostable waste
	materials.
Pest Control	Have in place a past management program to provent the barbarage and breading of
Pest Control	Have in place a pest management program to prevent the harborage and breeding of pests on the grounds and within the facilities.
	pests on the grounds and maint the radiities.
	
Weigh, Pack,	A certified scale must be provided since all poultry items sold in Louisiana must be sold
and Label	by weight.
	Design and submit labels. Labels must meet the requirements of the chosen
	exemption.
	Packaging materials that contact the product must be food grade, have manufacturer approval for use and be handled in a sanitary manner.
	approval for use and be natically a same y manner.

Please stay in contact with the Compliance Officer, as we can guide you on the necessary Poultry Exemption requirements. Submit copies of all paperwork to the Compliance Officer as well.

EDAF

POULTRY EXEMPTION OPTIONS

PROS AND CONS

	Custom (pg 7)	On Farm Slaughter - Producer/Grower Less than 1,000 (pg 9)	Producer/Grower Less than 20k (pg 10)	P/G/Other Person (PGOP) Less than 20k (pg 11)	Small Enterprise Less than 20k (pg 13)
Pros	No number limit. Further processing allowed.	Only 5 requirements (pg. 16). Further processing allowed. Can sell to grocers. Open air may be allowed.	Allows sales, distribution, further processing and Consumer/HRI sales. Further processing allowed. Can sell to grocers.	Buy live birds or grow your own, then sell to consumers. Further processing allowed.	Buy live birds or grow your own or buy dressed birds, then sell back for distribution by farmer. Can sell to grocers.
Cons	No sales. No distribution	Small limit. Your own birds only. Can't buy or sell poultry other than birds of your own raising. Can't move in interstate commerce.	Your own birds only. Distribute them yourself. Shipping container needs identification. A rented slaughter or processing unit may not be used to slaughter or process another person's poultry while it is on the renter's premises.	Your own birds. No sales to institutions, distributors or retail stores (Customers - Household consumers, restaurants, hotels and boarding houses - not grocers). Shipping container needs identification. Can't slaughter birds owned by someone else.	No further processing other than cut-up. Label requires more features (pg 28)
Non-Custom Plans Require		Application for exe	·	sales only • Records must d by weight	be kept ● Sanitary production

REQUIRED RECORDS

Transaction Records (381.175)	Other Required Records (381.175)
Name or description of the poultry or other articles	Guaranties provided by suppliers of packaging materials
Net weight	Records of canning (Part 431)
Number of outside containers	Records of irradiation (381.149)
Name and address of the buyer of the poultry or other articles sold by you	Records of nutrition labeling (subpart Y)
Name and address of the seller of the poultry or other articles purchased by you	Records of all labeling, along with the product formula,
Name and address of the consignee or receiver (if other than the buyer)	processing procedures, and any additional documentation
Method of shipment	needed to support that the labels are consistent with the
Date of shipment	Federal meat and poultry regulations and policies on
Name and address of the carrier	labeling (412.1)

REQUIRED LABELING

< 1000 P/G and PGOP

Producer's name
Producer's address
"Exempt P.L. 90-492", "Exempt from Inspection" or similar
Weight*

SMALL ENTERPRISE

Name of the product Ingredients statement Handling statement

Safe handling instruction that complies with 381.125(b)(2)(ii)
"Small Enterprise Exemption from Inspection" or similar
Weight*

*"A. Meat, poultry, fish, and seafood shall be sold by weight," LA Rev Stat §3:4615

Name and address of the producer

Reference: Guidance for Determining Whether a Poultry Slaughter or Processing Operation is Exempt from Inspection Requirements of the Poultry Products Inspection Act



Facility Guidelines for Poultry Exemptions

Poultry slaughter operations must have an overhead structure and some manner of walls or screens throughout the bleeding, scalding and plucking process to prevent airborne contaminants, such as insects and dust.

All processing operations must have an overhead structure, floor and walls made of a cleanable, impervious to moisture surface.

A clean water supply must be provided. If the water source is not municipal, the private supply must be tested every six months to ensure that it is free of fecal coliforms.

A sink with hot water must be provided for handwashing and cleaning equipment.

Lighting of sufficient intensity to ensure that sanitary conditions are maintained and that product is not adulterated must be provided in areas where food is processed, handled, stored, or examined; and where equipment and utensils are cleaned.

A Certificate of Approval from local authority over sanitary sewage must be provided. Sanitary wastewater must be separate from other drainage lines or isolated by other means to prevent backup.

Contaminated water must be prevented from reentering the water supply through the use of a backflow prevention device or air gaps.

Waste, such as offal, feathers and blood, must be disposed of in a manner approved by the appropriate regulatory authority.

All food contact surfaces must be cleaned and sanitized daily prior to the beginning of operations. Sanitizers must be used in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Perishable food items must be stored in such a way as to prevent microbial growth and prevent cross-contamination.

Packaging materials that contact the product must be food grade, have manufacturer approval for use and be handled in a sanitary manner.

Labels must meet the requirements of the chosen exemption.

A certified scale must be provided since all meat and poultry items sold in Louisiana must be sold by weight.

Employees must maintain adequate hygiene to prevent contamination of the product. This may be achieved a number of ways, including frequent handwashing, clean clothes/aprons, preventing sick persons from entering the slaughter/processing area, et. al.

Poultry Exemptions Under the Federal **Poultry Products** Inspection Act





Federal Meat Inspection Act of 1906

1957 Wholesome Poultry Products Act



These twentieth century Acts mandated federal inspection at businesses that slaughter and process meat and poultry products for use as human food that enter interstate or foreign commerce.

These Acts did not require federal inspection if the meat or poultry products did not enter interstate commerce.

During the first half of the 20th century slaughterers and processors of livestock and poultry were exempt from any Federal inspection, if the product did NOT enter interstate commerce.



HISTORY - CHANGES WERE MADE

Congress amended the Federal Meat Inspection Act in 1967 and

Wholesome Poultry Products Act in 1968



Extended the mandate for federal inspection to "ALL" slaughtering or processing of meat and poultry for shipment within a State, when the State does not enforce requirements at least equal to the federal inspection requirements in the Acts.

These are two different Acts with two different sets of regulatory requirements.



Exempt from what?



True

- Operations must apply to LDAF for an exemption letter.
- Exempt operations are exempt from continuous bird-by-bird inspection and the presence of FSIS or LDAF inspectors during the slaughter of poultry and processing of poultry products.

False

- An exempt operation is exempt from all requirements of the Poultry Products Inspection Act (PPIA).
- A business may simultaneously claim or operate under more than one exemption in a calendar year.



Personal Use and Custom Exemptions



For Self

The slaughtering and processing of livestock or poultry for the owner's personal use.

As A Service

The **custom slaughter or processing** of an individual's livestock or poultry for the personal use of the owner (a service)

Custom slaughter exempt livestock products must be marked "NOT for SALE" and exempt poultry product marked "Public Law 90 -492".

However... ...these products may **NOT** be sold in commerce. In order to sell poultry, it must be inspected or exempted from inspection.



Retail Exemption



- Only poultry carcasses and parts derived from federally inspected and passed poultry are transported in interstate commerce [Title 9 CFR §381.10(a)(1)]; (Exempt product cannot)
- Poultry products used in the preparation of meals at a restaurant are derived from federally inspected and
 passed poultry products or federally exempt poultry products from exempt operations that may sell to
 restaurants [§381.10(d)(2)(iv)(2)]; (Both are acceptable)
- State inspected and passed or exempt State or exempt federal poultry products used in the preparation of
 poultry products, sold at the retail store, are not transported in interstate commerce, the exempt poultry product
 must be from an acceptable exempt source a Producer/Grower or Small Enterprise [§381.10(d)(2)(iii)(c)] (Note: A
 PGOP cannot sell their products to retailers only to household consumers, boarding houses, hotels and
 restaurants];
- The business does not custom slaughter poultry delivered by the owner; (Only birds purchased at the store)
- The retail business does not prepare exempt products that the business sells to another retail store or a distributor of poultry products; (retailers sell to the end consumer)
- The only poultry slaughtered at a retail store is poultry that is purchased live by the customer, at the retail store, and then the poultry product is prepared according to the customer's instructions and delivered back to the customer; (Only birds purchased at the store)



Retail Exemption

- The business **may custom process** poultry delivered by the owner provided that the poultry is from an acceptable source, **Federal or State inspected and passed**, **or exempt poultry**.
- The facility operates and is maintained in a manner that prevents the creation of insanitary conditions and ensures that the product is not adulterated [PPIA Section 464(c)(2); and Title 9 CFR 381.10(a)(7) and 416.2-416.5);
- Operations of types traditionally and usually conducted at retail stores are conducted in the store and include:
 - o boning, cut up, stuffing, smoking, rendering or salting
- No canning operation is conducted in the retail store;





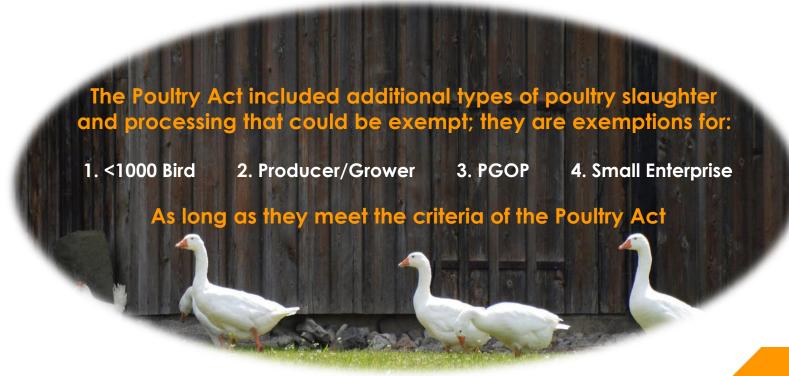
Retail Exemption Label Requirements

- Name of the product
- Ingredients statement
- Statement of the quantity of contents in terms of weight
- Name and address of manufacturer
- Handling statement
- Safe handling instruction that comply with the requirements of 9 CFR 381.125(b) (2) (ii)
- Date of packing
- Explanatory statement indicating why the inspection legend is not permitted; for example, the phrase "Retail Exemption from Inspection" is suggested by LDAF but is not a mandatory requirement.

FARM NAME HERE					
Pasture Rai	sed Poultry				
Keep Refrigerated or Frozen Retail Exemption from Inspection Ingredients: Most to Least					
Some food products may contain bacteria that could cause illines if the pur or cooked improperly. For your protection, follow these safe handlin	roduct is mishandled				
Keep named and pounds or those the control of the c	Keep hot loods hot. Perly grade lethovers immediative of discust. Total \$				



Additional Exemptions





What's < 1000 Bird Exemption?

A producer/grower:



- Slaughters and processes, on his or her own premises, no more than 1,000 poultry, raised by him or her, in a calendar year.
- Only distributes poultry products he or she produced under the <1000 Bird Exemption.



What's A *Producer/Grower* or "P/G" Exemption?

A producer/grower:



- Slaughters and processes, on his or her own premises, no more than 20,000 poultry, raised by him or her, in a calendar year.
- Only distributes poultry products he or she produced under the Producer/Grower Exemption.



What's A Producer/Grower or Other Person or "PGOP" Exemption?

A Producer/Grower or Other Person:



- A poultry grower who slaughters and processes poultry that
 he or she raised for sale directly to household consumers,
 restaurants, hotels, and boarding houses to be used in those
 homes and dining rooms for the preparation of meals served
 or sold directly to customers.
- A person who purchases live poultry from a grower and then slaughters these poultry and processes such poultry for sale directly to household consumers, restaurants, hotels, and boarding houses to be served in those homes or dining rooms for the preparation of meals sold directly to customers. Only distributes poultry products he or she produced under the Producer/Grower Exemption



What's A Small Enterprise?

A Small Enterprise:



- A producer/grower who raises, or
- A business that purchases live poultry that they slaughter and dress, or
- A business that purchases inspected poultry or exempted <1,000 or 20,000 Producer/Grower dressed poultry.

The Small Enterprise can buy poultry and slaughter and process the poultry under exemption provided **processing is limited to cutting up**.



Types of Poultry Exemptions

The PPIA and Federal Regs Provide for Several Types of Exempt Slaughter and Processing Operations



- 1. Slaughter & processing of poultry for personnel use
- 2. Custom slaughter & processing-personal use
- 3. Less than 1,000/calendar yr.
- 4. Producer/Grower no more than 20,000/calendar yr.
- 5. Producer Grower or Other Person (PGOP) no more than 20,000/calendar yr.—meals/processing
- 6. Small Enterprises slaughtering/cutting up no more than 20,000/calendar yr.—carcasses and parts no processing
- 7. Retail Stores
- 8. Restaurants

Note: Religious exemption is not in the list.



Basic Requirements

6 Basic Requirements:



- 1. The poultry is healthy when slaughtered
- 2. The slaughter, processing, and transportation are conducted under sanitary practices and procedures that produce poultry products that are sound, clean, and fit for human food (not adulterated).
- 3. The poultry is not misbranded and is identified as exempt product.
- 4. Business operates under only one exemption in a calendar year.
- 5. Product cannot bare the USDA/LDAF mark of inspection.
- 6. Can't be distributed across state lines (Interstate).



< 1,000 Bird Limit Exemption

A person may:



- ...slaughter and process poultry on his/her premises, poultry that he/she raised.
- ...only slaughter and process under sanitary standards, but without day-to-day on-site inspection.
- ...only slaughter and process if required records are kept.
- ...not move products in interstate commerce.

General label requirements

Weight (Louisiana law)



< 1,000 Bird Labels

Labels for 1,000 Bird Exemption



The shipping containers, when distributed in **intra**state (**inside state**) commerce, (instead of all the required features of a label for inspected product) bear:

- a. the processor's name,
- b. the address, and
- c. the statement, Exempt P.L. 90-492, and
- d. Weight (Louisiana law)

Example Label

FARM NAME	HERE
Pasture Raised I	Poultry
Keep Refrigerated or Frozen • Exempt P.L. 90-492 SAFE HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS Some food products may contain bacteria that couplic cause illines if the product is mishandled or cooled impropenty. For your protection, follow these sale handling instructions.	Date
Keep name met and gouldy separate thouse the foots with the separate through through the separate through the separate through the sepa	Net Wt



< 20,000 Bird Limit Exemptions

3 Types of 20,000 Bird Limit Exemptions:



There Are 8 Requirements For These 3 Exemptions:

1. Producer/Grower 20,000 Bird Limit



PG

2. Producer Grower or Other Person (PGOP) 20,000 Limit exemptions



PGOP

3. Small Enterprise exemption 20,000



SE

6 Basic Requirements Plus...

- 7. The business slaughters and processes no more than 20,000 birds/carcasses in a calendar year under the exemption.
- 8. The facility used to slaughter or process poultry is not used to slaughter or process another person's poultry unless the Administrator of USDA/LDAF grants an exemption [9 CFR 381.10 (b)(2)].



Limits to all three < 20,000 Bird Exemptions

The 8 Limitations to all 3 20,000 Bird Exemptions

PG PGOP & SE

- 1. The poultry is healthy when slaughtered;
- 2. The slaughter and processing are conducted under sanitary standards, practices, and procedures that produce poultry products that are sound, clean, and fit for human food (not adulterated);
- 3. The poultry is not misbranded is identified as exempt product and labeled;
- 4. The business operates under only 1 exemption during calendar year;
- 5. Product cannot bear the Official USDA mark of inspection; and
- 6. Poultry products do not move in **inter**state commerce.
- 7. The business slaughters and processes no more than 20,000 birds/carcasses in a calendar year under the exemption.
- 8. The facility used to slaughter or process poultry is not used to slaughter or process another person's poultry unless the Administrator grants an exemption [9 CFR 381.10 (b)(2)].





Producer/Grower < 20,000 Bird Exemption

A Producer/Grower 20,000 may be:



- slaughters and processes, on his or her own premises, no more than 20,000 poultry, raised by him or her, in a calendar year provided.
- only distributes poultry products he or she produced under the Producer/Grower Exemption.





P/G < 20,000 Labels

Labels for Producer/Grower 20,000 Bird Limit



The shipping containers, when distributed in **intra**state (**inside state**) commerce, (instead of all the required features of a label for inspected product) bear:

- a. the processor's name,
- b. the address, and
- c. the statement, Exempt P.L. 90-492, and
- d. Weight (Louisiana law)

FARM NAME address here -	HERE
Pasture Raised I	Poultry
Keep Refrigerated or Frozen • Exempt P.L. 90-492 Some food products may contain bacteria that could cause illness if the product is mishandled or coosied improperly. For your protection, follow these safe handling instructions.	Date
September of the property of t	Net Wt



PGOP – Producer/Grower or Other Person Exemption

PGOP – Producer/Grower or Other Person:

PGOP

- May be a poultry grower who slaughters and processes poultry that he/she raised for sale, or
- May be a person who purchases live poultry from a grower and then slaughters these poultry and processes such poultry for sale directly to household consumers, hotels, restaurants, and boarding houses to be served in those homes or dining rooms for the preparation of meals sold directly to customers.
- May NOT SELL to Retail stores, other Producer/Grower or other PGOP.





PGOP – Producer/Grower or Other Person Exemption

The 9th Exemption Limitation for PGOP:

PGOP

The 8 limitations from Slide 14 plus...

 9. Exempt product for sale directly to household consumers, restaurants, hotels, and boarding houses for the preparation of meals sold directly to customers.





PGOP – Producer/Grower or Other Person Exemption

Labeling PGOP Product:

PGOP

The shipping containers, when distributed in **intra**state commerce, (instead of all the required features of a label for inspected product) bear:

- a. the processor's name,
- b. the address, and
- c. the statement, Exempt P.L. 90-492, and
- d. Weight (Louisiana law)







- May be a business that purchases live poultry that they slaughter and dress, or
- May be a business that purchases inspected poultry or exempted 1,000 or 20,000 Producer/Grower dressed poultry.
- Can buy poultry and slaughter and process the poultry under exemption provided processing is limited to cutting up
- May handle "pass through" product
- May purchase, cut up, and distribute exempt product produced under the Producer/Grower Exemptions
- May cut up product produced under USDA or LDAF wholesale inspection
- Has no restriction on intrastate customers; but product may not be distributed across state lines.





Small Enterprise exempted businesses may sell within the state to:



- Household Consumer
- Retail Stores (grocery stores)
- Hotels
- Restaurants and Similar Institutions
- Distributors





Small Enterprise Exemption Notes:

SE

Businesses **may sell live poultry** to a customer and then slaughter, dress, and cut up the poultry for the customer.

Selling live poultry is **not the same as buying or selling poultry products**, one of the criteria that prevents a business from claiming the Custom Exemption.





Small Enterprise label requirements:



- 1. Name of the product
- 2. Ingredients statement
- 3. Weight
- 4. Name and address of manufacturer
- 5. Handling statement
- 6. Explanatory statement indicating why the inspection legend is not permitted; for example, the phrase "Small Enterprise Exemption from Inspection" is suggested by USDA/LDAF but is not a mandatory requirement. The "Exempt –PL90-492" is sufficient.
- 7. Safe handling instructions for exempt products

Starting With This:



Not This:



Correct Verbiage:

"Some food products may contain bacteria that could cause illness if the product is mishandled or cooked improperly. For your protection, follow these safe handling instructions."

Safe Handling Instructions



Required for Small Enterprise Exemption

If the labeling does not bear nutrition or health claims, then the nutrition facts feature is **optional** for poultry products produced by a Small Enterprise exempted business. (9 CFR 381.500)







Nutrition Labeling?

Small Enterprise Exemption

SE

Nutrition Facts

33 servings per container

Serving size 3 pcs. (67g)

Amount per serving

Calories 140

Calories	140
	% Daily Value*
Total Fat 6g	8%
Saturated Fat 2g	10%
Trans Fat 0g	
Cholesterol 20mg	7%
Sodium 410mg	18%
Total Carbohydrate 13g	5%
Dietary Fiber 0g	0%
Total Sugars 0g	
Includes 0g Added Su	ugars 0%
Protein 7g	
Vitamin D 0mcg	0%
Calcium 7mg	0%
Iron 1mg	6%
Potassium 28mg	0%

^{*}The % Daily Value tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000 calories a day is used for general nutrition advice.

Basic Sanitation

Basic Sanitation Requirements:

9 CFR 416

- Sanitary operating conditions
- Grounds and Pest Control
- Sewage and Waste Disposal
- Water Supply and Water, Ice and Solution Reuse
- Facilities
- Dressing Rooms, Lavatories, and Toilets
- Inedible Material Control







Summary Table of Exemptions and Limitations

Criteria	Custom	Producer/Grower - 1,000 Bird Limit	Producer/Grower - 20,000 Bird Limit	Producer/Grower or Other Person - 20,000 Bird Limit	Small Enterprise
Slaughter Limit	NO LIMIT	YES - 1,000 PER CALENDAR YEAR	YES - 20,000 PER CALENDAR YEAR	YES - 20,000 PER CALENDAR YEAR	YES - 20,000 PER CALENDAR YEAR
Further Processing	YES	YES	YES	YES	CUT UP ONLY
Sell to Home Consu	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES
Sell to any HRI*	NO	YES	YES	NOT TO ALL HRIs**	YES
Sell to Distributor	NO	YES	YES	NO	YES
Sell to Retail Store	NO	YES	YES	NO	YES
Inter-State Sale	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
Buy Live Birds from Farmers for Processing and Sell Back for Distribution by Farmers (or others).***	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES

^{*}HRI = Hotels, Restaurants, and Institutions **Product produced under the Producer/Grower or Other Person Exemption may not be sold to institutions.

32 *** Restrictions apply, see below for further details.

Figure 1 Decision Flow Chart for Poultry Exemptions Under the PPIA* Ask yourself the question in the bold type and then follow the appropriate Yes or No response arrows to determine whether your poultry slaughter or processing operation may qualify for an exemption. You must read the criteria on the cited page before you can determine whether your operation qualifies for the exemption. (* Some States Laws May Have Different Limitations/Criteria for Exemptions than the PPIA.) Inspection requirements of Do you slaughter or process poultry the PPIA are not applicable for sale as human food? Yes Is the poultry you slaughter or process delivered to you by the owner of the poultry and you are Is the poultry you slaughter or No_ not engaged in the buying and selling of poultry? process for your private use? Yes Ves No Personal Use Do you raise, slaughter, and process Custom Slaughter Exemption for sale as human food no more than Exemption - See page 7 See page 6 1,000 poultry in a calendar year? No Producer/Grower - 1.000 Do you slaughter and process in a calendar year no Limit Exemption - See page 9 more than 20,000 poultry that you raised or you purchased for distribution directly to only household consumers, restaurants, hotels and boarding houses, PGOP Exemption -Yes for use as meals in such businesses? See page 11 No Are you a producer/grower who in a calendar year slaughters, processes, and distributes between no Producer/ Grower -Yes more than 20,000 poultry that you raised? 20,000 Limit Exemption - See page 10 No Small Enterprise Exemption -Are you a business that raises, See page 13 slaughters, and dresses poultry or purchases dressed poultry that you distributed as carcasses or parts? Retail Exemption — See page 15 No Yes Your slaughter or processing operation is not exempt. Contact the FSIS District Office. Do you slaughter and/or See page 4 and Attachment 3, page 25 process poultry for sale No in a retail store?

Exemption Flow Chart



Labeling/Identifying Items:

USDA Food Safety and Inspection Service	Produce Grower – 1,000 Limit	Producer Grower – 20,000 Limit	Producer Grower or Other Person	Small Enterprise
Name of Product				YES
Ingredients				YES
Statement of Quantity/Weight	YES	lue to LA law 3:	4615(A)	YES
Name & Address of Manufacturer/ Processor	YES	YES	YES	YES
Date of Packing				YES
Exempt – PL90-492 or explanation	YES	YES	YES	YES
Safe Handling Instructions	YES	YES	YES	YES

POULTRY EXEMPTION OPTIONS

PROS AND CONS

		On Farm Slaughter - Producer/Grower Less than	Producer/Grower	P/G/Other Person (PGOP)	Small Enterprise
	Custom (pg 7)	1,000 (pg 9)	Less than 20k (pg 10)	Less than 20k (pg 11)	Less than 20k (pg 13)
Pros	No number limit. Further processing allowed.	Only 5 requirements (pg. 16). Further processing allowed. Can sell to grocers. Open air may be allowed.	Allows sales, distribution, further processing and Consumer/HRI sales. Further processing allowed. Can sell to grocers.	Buy live birds or grow your own, then sell to consumers. Further processing allowed.	Buy live birds or grow your own or buy dressed birds, then sell back for distribution by farmer. Can sell to grocers.
Cons	No sales. No distribution	birds only. Can't buy or sell poultry other than birds of your own	Your own birds only. Distribute them yourself. Shipping container needs identification. A rented slaughter or processing unit may not be used to slaughter or process another person's poultry while it is on the renter's premises.	Your own birds. No sales to institutions, distributors or retail stores (<i>Customers</i> - <i>Household consumers, restaurants, hotels and boarding houses</i> - <i>not grocers</i>). Shipping container needs identification. Can't slaughter birds owned by someone else.	No further processing other than cut-up. Label requires more features (pg 28)
Non-Custom Plans Require		Application for ex	emption with LDAF ● In-state sales	s only ● Records must be kept weight	Sanitary production
				<u> </u>	

Records and Labeling

REQUIRED RECORDS

Transaction Records (381.175)	Other Required Records (381.175)
Name or description of the poultry or other articles	Guaranties provided by suppliers of packaging materials
Net weight	Records of canning (Part 431)
Number of outside containers	Records of irradiation (381.149)
Name and address of the buyer of the poultry or other articles sold by you	Records of nutrition labeling (subpart Y)
Name and address of the seller of the poultry or other articles purchased by you	Records of all labeling, along with the product formula,
Name and address of the consignee or receiver (if other than the buyer)	processing procedures, and any additional documentation
Method of shipment	needed to support that the labels are consistent with the
Date of shipment	Federal meat and poultry regulations and policies on

REQUIRED LABELING

< 1000 P/G and PGOP

Name and address of the carrier

Producer's name Producer's address

"Exempt P.L. 90-492", "Exempt from Inspection" or similar

Weight*

SMALL ENTERPRISE

labeling (412.1)

Name of the product Ingredients statement

Handling statement

Safe handling instruction that complies with 381.125(b)(2)(ii)

"Small Enterprise Exemption from Inspection" or similar

Weight*

*"A. Meat, poultry, fish, and seafood shall be sold by weight," LA Rev Stat §3:4615

Name and address of the producer

Louisiana Dept. of Ag. and Forestry Meat and Poultry Inspection

5825 Florida Boulevard Ste. 4003 Baton Rouge, LA 70806 225-922-1358

meatinspection@ldaf.la.gov

