Clinical Guideline



Oscar Clinical Guideline: Diagnosis and Treatment of Infertility (CG016, Ver. 11)

Diagnosis and Treatment of Infertility

Disclaimer

Clinical guidelines are developed and adopted to establish evidence-based clinical criteria for utilization management decisions. Clinical guidelines are applicable according to policy and plan type. The Plan may delegate utilization management decisions of certain services to third parties who may develop and adopt their own clinical criteria.

Coverage of services is subject to the terms, conditions, and limitations of a member's policy, as well as applicable state and federal law. Clinical guidelines are also subject to in-force criteria such as the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) national coverage determination (NCD) or local coverage determination (LCD) for Medicare Advantage plans. Please refer to the member's policy documents (e.g., Certificate/Evidence of Coverage, Schedule of Benefits, Plan Formulary) or contact the Plan to confirm coverage.

Summary

The Plan considers the diagnosis and treatment of infertility medically necessary when the cause of infertility is a result of anatomical, acquired disease, inherited disease or other conditions resulting in an inability to conceive or establish pregnancy. Basic services (e.g., diagnostic) to determine the cause of infertility may include semen analysis, serum hormone levels, hysterosalpingogram, and evaluation of ovulatory function. If basic infertility services do not result in a pregnancy, comprehensive services (e.g., treatment) may include surgical and non-surgical treatments (e.g., ovulation induction, intrauterine insemination).

Note: Services for infertility may include diagnosis, treatment, or fertility preservation, and coverage is subject to the terms, conditions, limitations of a member's policy and applicable state and federal law. Advanced reproductive technologies such as in vitro fertilization (IVF), gamete intrafallopian tube transfers (GIFT), zygote intrafallopian tube transfers (ZIFT), or donor services (oocyte, ovum, sperm) are also subject to the member's benefit plan for eligibility of coverage. Furthermore, infertility medications and delivery (e.g., pumps) may be subject to the member's pharmacy benefit plan.

Note: For sex reassignment surgery among transgender members who have iatrogenic infertility, coverage for fertility preservation (freezing egg, sperm) and/or other infertility services is subject to the member's policy and applicable state and federal law. Please review The Plan's Clinical Guideline: Sex Reassignment Surgery (Gender Affirmation Surgery) and Non-Surgical Services (CG017) for sex reassignment procedures for gender dysphoria.

Definitions

"Infertility" refers to the failure to establish a successful pregnancy after 12 months/cycles for women before 35 years of age, or after 6 months/cycles for women greater or equal to 35 years of age with unprotected heterosexual intercourse or therapeutic donor insemination. Infertility may be caused by disease, dysfunction, or malformation.

- Primary infertility refers to couples who have never established a pregnancy.
- Secondary infertility refers to couples who are experiencing infertility after having a history of establishing a pregnancy.

"latrogenic Infertility" refers to transient or permanent infertility caused by a necessary medical intervention such as chemotherapy, pelvic radiotherapy, gonadotoxic therapies, or the surgical removal of the reproductive organs for the treatment of disease or gender dysphoria.

"In Vitro Fertilization" (IVF) refers to a series of procedures from extracting egg and sperm from biological parents (or donors) to fertilize mature eggs with sperm in a lab. Then the fertilized egg/s (embryo) are transferred into the uterus of the biological mother, gestational carrier (no genetic connection to the embryo), or traditional surrogate (own egg is fertilized from the intended father to give birth. Or these embryos can be cryopreserved (frozen) for future use.

"Cryopreservation" for fertility preservation refers to freezing eggs (oocytes), sperm, or embryos at a storage bank for future reproduction.

"Pregnancy" refers to clinical pregnancy documented by ultrasonography, biochemical or histopathologic examination.

"Recurrent Pregnancy Loss" refers to two or more failed pregnancies, or miscarriages, and is not considered infertility.

"Therapeutic Donor Insemination" refers to the process of inserting laboratory-processed sperm into the reproductive tract of a woman from a man who is not her intimate sexual partner for the purpose of initiating a pregnancy.

Clinical Indications

General Clinical Indications

The Plan considers infertility services medically necessary when the following criteria are met:

- 1. The requested service is covered per the member's plan benefit policy; and
- 2. The requested service is NOT associated with the reversal of voluntary sterilization for male (e.g., vasectomy) or female (e.g., tubal ligation) for primary purpose of preventing pregnancy; *and*
- 3. Infertility services are not being requested beyond 8 weeks of pregnancy; and
- 4. Infertility is the result of disease, dysfunction, iatrogenic infertility (see *Definitions* above), or

malformation.

- a. Infertility is not defined to include the inability to conceive due to lack of a sex partner; and
- 5. For ages <35, after trying to conceive after 12 months (including unprotected heterosexual intercourse and/or therapeutic donor insemination); *and/or*
- 6. For ages ≥35, after trying to conceive after 6 months (including unprotected heterosexual intercourse and/or therapeutic donor insemination); and
- 7. For comprehensive infertility services, clinical documentation indicates that basic fertility services did not result in a pregnancy; *and*
- 8. For assisted reproductive technology, clinical documentation indicates that comprehensive fertility services did not result in a pregnancy and MCG A-0504 criteria is met; *and*
- 9. For fertility preservation due to iatrogenic infertility, MCG A-0504 criteria is met. Fertility preservation related to sex reassignment surgery is subject to plan benefits. For fertility preservation services due to iatrogenic infertility associated with sex reassignment surgery, the General Clinical Indications criteria and Gonadectomy and Hysterectomy section criteria must also be met in Sex Reassignment Surgery (Gender Affirmation Surgery) and Non-Surgical Services (CG017).

California State and New York State Lines of Business

- Same-sex couples, non-binary, and transgender individuals are able to receive infertility services if medically appropriate.
- Oscar does not discriminate based on a member's partnership status or sexual orientation.
- Notwithstanding, all members must meet the definition of infertility and the General Clinical Indications to meet medical necessity for infertility services.

Basic Infertility Services (Diagnosis)

Basic female infertility services may include:

- Initial Evaluation: History & Physical Exam
- Laboratory: Chlamydia Trachomatis screening, Rubella serology, viral status screening (HIV, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C), TSH, Prolactin, FSH, Estradiol, Progesterone, Luteinizing Hormone, human chorionic gonadotropin, androgens (if there is evidence of hyperandrogenism), anti-mullerian hormone, Clomiphene citrate challenge test, Genetic karyotyping (Chromosome analysis)
- Imaging: Sonohysterography (Saline Infusion Sonography), Pelvic or Transvaginal
 Ultrasonography, Hysterosalpingography, Hysteroscopy, CT or MR imaging of sella turcica if prolactin is elevated
- Diagnostic Procedures: Laparoscopy and chromotubation

Basic male infertility services may include:

- Initial Evaluation: History & Physical Exam
- Laboratory: Chlamydia Trachomatis screening, viral status screening (HIV, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C), TSH, FSH, LH, PRL, Total and free Testosterone (T), estrogens, Genetic karyotyping

- (Chromosome analysis), Y-Chromosome Microdeletions
- Post-Ejaculatory Urinalysis
- Imaging: CT or MR imaging of sella turcica if prolactin is elevated, Transrectal or Scrotal Ultrasonography, Vasography or Venography
- Tissue Analysis or Testis Biopsy
- Scrotal exploration
- Semen & Sperm Analysis
 - Quantification of Leukocytes in Semen
 - Sperm concentration and motility
 - Seminal fructose
 - o Cultures of prostatic secretion, semen, urine

Comprehensive Infertility Services (Treatment)

Comprehensive female infertility services may include (please check the member's plan benefit):

- Non-Surgical Treatments
 - Endocrine management
 - Gonadotropins, Gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH), Gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH) antagonists, Corticosteroids, Estrogens, Progestins, Aromatase inhibitors, Lutropin alfa in combination with human FSH
 - Hepatitis B vaccination of partners of people with hepatitis B
 - Rubella vaccination of women susceptible to rubella
 - Oral clomiphene citrate, tamoxifen, or letrozole for ovulation induction (please check member's pharmacy plan benefit)
 - Metformin and/or letrozole for women with anovulatory disorders such as polycystic ovarian syndrome (please check member's pharmacy plan benefit)
 - o Prolactin inhibitors for women with hyperprolactinemia
 - Artificial/intrauterine insemination [IUI] (including sperm washing)
 - Donor insemination for ONE of the following indications:
 - Obstructive or non-obstructive azoospermia; or
 - Severe deficits in semen quality in couples who do not wish to undergo intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI); or
 - Severe rhesus isoimmunization; or
 - High risk of transmitting a genetic disorder or infectious disease (such as HIV) in the male partner to the offspring.
- Surgery and Imaging, when MCG criteria is met:
 - Hysteroscopic adhesiolysis for women with amenorrhea and intrauterine adhesions
 - Hysteroscopic or fluoroscopic tubal cannulation (salpingostomy, fimbrioplasty), selective salpingography plus tubal catheterization, or transcervical balloon tuboplasty for women with proximal tubal obstruction
 - Laparoscopy for treatment of pelvic pathology

- Open or laparoscopic resection, vaporization, or fulguration of endometriosis implants plus adhesiolysis in women with endometriosis
- Ovarian wedge resection or ovarian drilling for women with polycystic ovarian syndrome who have not responded to clomiphene citrate and comparable estrogen modulators such as letrozole
- Removal of myomas, uterine septa, cysts, ovarian tumors, polyps, hydrosalpinx
- Surgical tubal reconstruction (unilateral or bilateral tubal microsurgery, laparoscopic tubal surgery, tuboplasty and tubal anastomosis), except in the case of prior tubal sterilization

Comprehensive male infertility services may include (please check the member's plan benefit):

- Non-Surgical Treatments
 - Non-parenteral (oral) endocrine management is subject to plan benefits:
 - Androgens (e.g., testosterone) for men with documented androgen deficiency
 - Anti-estrogens (e.g., tamoxifen) for men with elevated estrogen levels
 - Selective estrogen receptor modulators (SERMs) and/or aromatase inhibitors
 (Als) for men with documented testosterone deficiency
 - Corticosteroids (e.g., dexamethasone, prednisone)
 - Prolactin inhibitors (dopamine agonists e.g., bromocriptine, cabergoline) for men with hyperprolactinemia
 - Thyroid hormone replacement for men with thyroid deficiency
 - Antibiotics for men with an identified infection (note: intra-prostatic antibiotic injection is considered experimental and investigational)
 - Injectable parenteral (subcutaneous/infusion pump) endocrine management is subject to plan benefits
 - For men with primary or secondary hypogonadotropic hypogonadism that is <u>not</u> due to primary testicular failure:
 - Human chorionic gonadotropins (hCG)
 - Human menopausal gonadotropins (hMG) (menotropins)
 - Gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH) (luteinizing hormone releasing hormone (LHRH)), by intermittent subcutaneous injections or by GnRH infusion pump
 - Recombinant follitropin products (recombinant FSH) (e.g., follitropin alfa; follitropin beta)
 - Human chorionic gonadotropins (hCG) for men with prepubertal cryptorchidism not due to anatomic obstruction.
 - Electroejaculation for diabetic neuropathy, prior retroperitoneal surgery or spinal cord injury
- Surgery and Imaging, when MCG criteria are met:
 - Varicocelectomy (spermatic vein ligation):

- For men with palpable varicocele(s), infertility, and abnormal semen parameters
 - Not medically necessary for men with azoospermia
 - Not medically necessary for non-palpable varicocele or those detected solely by imaging
- Spermatocelectomy and hydrocelectomy
- Surgical repair of vas deferens (e.g., vasovasostomy)
 - Except when done for the reversal of a prior voluntary sterilization procedure such as vasectomy
- Surgical correction of epididymal blockage for men with obstructive azoospermia, including:
 - Epididymectomy
 - Epididymovasostomy
 - Excision of epididymal tumors and cysts
 - Epididymostomy
- o Transurethral resection of ejaculatory ducts (TURED) for obstruction of ejaculatory ducts
- Orchiopexy
- o For retrograde ejaculation the following is subject to plan benefits:
 - Alpha sympathomimetic agents (for retrograde ejaculation)
 - Alkalinization of the urine with or without ureteral catheterization
 - Induced ejaculation (such as using sympathomimetics, vibratory stimulation, and/or electroejaculation)
 - Surgical sperm retrieval (see below)
- o For impotence treatments, see the Plan Clinical Guideline: Erectile Dysfunction (CG037).
- Sperm retrieval procedures for men with aspermia or azoospermia (except for members seeking treatment associated with reversal of voluntary sterilization, e.g., vasectomy):
 - Testicular sperm extraction (TESE)
 - Microsurgical epididymal sperm aspiration (MESA)
 - Testicular sperm aspiration (TESA)
 - Testicular fine needle aspiration (TEFNA)
 - Percutaneous epididymal sperm aspiration (PESA)
 - Vasal sperm aspiration
 - Seminal vesicle sperm aspiration

Advanced Reproductive Technologies

Member meets General Criteria above and MCG A-0504 criteria is met. Advanced reproductive technologies may include:

- In vitro fertilization (IVF)
- Gamete intrafallopian tube transfers (GIFT)
- Zygote intrafallopian tube transfers (ZIFT)
- Donor services (oocyte, ovum, sperm)

Fertility Preservation

Fertility preservation is subject to the member's plan benefit. The member meets medical necessity when the General Criteria above is met AND one of the below:

- 1. MCG A-0504 criteria is met; or
- 2. A member has a medical procedure/treatment that will lead to iatrogenic infertility.

Fertility preservation may include:

- Cryopreservation and storage of the following:
 - o Ejaculated or testicular sperm
 - o Embryo, with or without ovarian stimulation
 - Mature oocytes
 - Ovarian tissue for prepubertal patients or when there is not time for ovarian stimulation
- Gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH) agonists for patients with breast cancer and potentially other cancers for the purpose of protection from ovarian insufficiency
- Ovarian transposition (oophoropexy) for patients undergoing pelvic radiation
- Radiation (gonadal) shielding
- Cervicectomy/trachelectomy for patients with early stage (IA2 or small IB1) cervical adenocarcinoma
- Laparoscopic cystectomy for patients with ovarian endometriomas or early stage ovarian cancer

Experimental or Investigational / Not Medically Necessary

Services or procedures considered experimental, investigational, or unproven are not covered, including but not limited to:

- Acrosome reaction test
- Acupuncture
- Bariatric surgery
- Comet assay
- Computer-assisted sperm analysis (CASA)/computer-assisted sperm motion analysis
- Cryopreservation, storage, and thawing of immature oocytes
- Cryopreservation, storage, and thawing of testicular tissue
- Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA)
- Direct intra-peritoneal insemination, fallopian tube sperm transfusion, intra-follicular insemination, and the use of sperm precursors
- Double IUI (intrauterine insemination)
- Drainage of ovarian cyst, when billed for egg retrieval
- EmbryoGlue
- Endometrial receptivity testing, uterine receptivity testing
- Fine needle aspiration ("mapping") of testes
- FSH manipulation of women with elevated FSH levels
- Growth hormone (GH) and growth hormone antagonists

- Hemizona assay
- Hyaluronan binding assay
- Hypoosmotic swelling test
- Intravenous immunoglobulins
- In-vitro maturation (IVM) of oocytes
- In-vitro testing of sperm penetration
- Leukocyte immunization (immunizing the female partner with the male partner's leukocytes)
- Microdissection of the zona
- Natural killer (NK) cell measurement
- Partial zonal dissection (PZD)
- Reactive oxygen species (ROS) test
- Sonohysterosalpingography or saline hysterosalpingography for tubal occlusion
- Sperm chromatin assay
- Sperm DNA condensation test
- Sperm DNA fragmentation assay
- Sperm function tests
- Sperm nucleus maturation
- Subzonal sperm insertion (SUZI)
- TUNEL assay
- Uterine Transplant

Applicable Billing Codes

Codes considered medically necessary if clinical criteria are met:

Infertility Services	
Code	Description
49203	Excision or destruction, open, intra-abdominal tumors, cysts or endometriomas, 1 or more peritoneal, mesenteric, or retroperitoneal primary or secondary tumors; largest tumor 5 cm diameter or less
49204	Excision or destruction, open, intra-abdominal tumors, cysts or endometriomas, 1 or more peritoneal, mesenteric, or retroperitoneal primary or secondary tumors; largest tumor 5.1-10.0 cm diameter
49205	Excision or destruction, open, intra-abdominal tumors, cysts or endometriomas, 1 or more peritoneal, mesenteric, or retroperitoneal primary or secondary tumors; largest tumor greater than 10.0 cm diameter
49320	Laparoscopy, abdomen, peritoneum, and omentum, diagnostic, with or without collection of specimen(s) by brushing or washing (separate procedure
49321	Laparoscopy, surgical; with biopsy (single or multiple)
49322	Laparoscopy, surgical; with aspiration of cavity or cyst (eg, ovarian cyst) (single or multiple)

52402	Cystourethroscopy with transurethral resection or incision of ejaculatory ducts
54500, 54505	Biopsy, Testis
54640	Orchiopexy, inguinal or scrotal approach
54650	Orchiopexy, abdominal approach, for intra-abdominal testis (eg, Fowler-Stephens)
54692	Laparoscopy, surgical; orchiopexy for intra-abdominal testis
54800	Biopsy of epididymis, needle
54830	Excision of local lesion of epididymis
54840	Excision of spermatocele, with or without epididymectomy
54860	Epididymectomy; unilateral
54865	Exploration of epididymis, with or without biopsy
54900	Epididymovasostomy, anastomosis of epididymis to vas deferens; unilateral
54901	Epididymovasostomy, anastomosis of epididymis to vas deferens; bilateral
55000	Puncture aspiration of hydrocele, tunica vaginalis, with or without injection of medication
55040	Excision of hydrocele; unilateral
55041	Excision of hydrocele; bilateral
55110	Scrotal exploration
55300	Vasotomy for vasograms, seminal vesiculograms, or epididymograms, unilateral or bilateral
55400	Vasovasostomy, vasovasorrhaphy
55500	Excision of hydrocele of spermatic cord, unilateral (separate procedure)
55530-55540	Excision of varicocele or ligation of spermatic veins for varicocele
55870	Electroejaculation
57530	Trachelectomy (cervicectomy), amputation of cervix (separate procedure)
58925	Ovarian cystectomy, unilateral or bilateral
58140	Myomectomy, excision of fibroid tumor(s) of uterus, 1 to 4 intramural myoma(s) with total weight of 250 g or less and/or removal of surface myomas; abdominal approach

58145	Myomectomy, excision of fibroid tumor(s) of uterus, 1 to 4 intramural myoma(s) with total weight of 250 g or less and/or removal of surface myomas; vaginal approach
58146	Myomectomy, excision of fibroid tumor(s) of uterus, 5 or more intramural myomas and/or intramural myomas with total weight greater than 250 g, abdominal approach
58321	Artificial insemination; Intra-cervical
58322	Artificial insemination; intra-uterine
58323	Sperm washing for artificial insemination
58340	Catheterization and introduction of saline or contrast material for saline infusion sonohysterography (SIS) or hysterosalpingography
58345	Transcervical introduction of fallopian tube catheter for diagnosis and/or re-establishing patency (any method), with or without hysterosalpingography
58350	Chromotubation of oviduct, including materials
58545	Laparoscopy, surgical, myomectomy, excision; 1 to 4 intramural myomas with total weight of 250 g or less and/or removal of surface myomas
58546	Laparoscopy, surgical, myomectomy, excision; 5 or more intramural myomas and/or intramural myomas with total weight greater than 250 g
58555	Hysteroscopy, diagnostic (separate procedure)
58558-58563	Hysteroscopy
58575	Laparoscopy, surgical, total hysterectomy for resection of malignancy (tumor debulking), with omentectomy including salpingo-oophorectomy, unilateral or bilateral, when performed
58660	Laparoscopy, surgical; with lysis of adhesions (salpingolysis, ovariolysis) (separate procedure)
58661	Laparoscopy, surgical; with removal of adnexal structures (partial or total oophorectomy and/or salpingectomy)
58662	Laparoscopy, surgical; with fulguration or excision of lesions of the ovary, pelvic viscera, or peritoneal surface by any method
58672	Laparoscopy, surgical; with fimbrioplasty
58673	Laparoscopy, surgical; with salpingostomy (salpingoneostomy)
58700	Salpingectomy, complete or partial, unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure)
58720	Salpingo-oophorectomy, complete or partial, unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure)

58740	Lysis of adhesions (salpingolysis, ovariolysis)
58750	Tubotubal anastomosis
58752	Tubouterine implantation
58760	Fimbrioplasty
58770	Salpingostomy (salpingoneostomy)
58800	Drainage of ovarian cyst(s), unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure); vaginal approach
58805	Drainage of ovarian cyst(s), unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure); abdominal approach
58900	Biopsy of ovary, unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure)
58920	Wedge resection or bisection of ovary, unilateral or bilateral
58970	Follicle puncture for oocyte retrieval, any method
58974	Embryo Transfer, Intrauterine
58976	Gamete, zygote, or embryo intrafallopian transfer, any method
70480 - 70482	Computed tomography, orbit, sella, or posterior fossa or outer, middle, or inner ear (CT scan of sella turcica)
70551 - 70553	Magnetic resonance (eg, proton) imaging, brain (including brain stem) [MR of sella turcica]
74440	Vasography, vesiculography, or epididymography, radiological supervision and interpretation
74740	Hysterosalpingography, radiological supervision and interpretation
76830	Ultrasound, transvaginal
76831	Saline infusion sonohysterography (SIS), including color flow Doppler, when performed
76856	Ultrasound, pelvic (nonobstetric), real time with image documentation; complete
76870	Ultrasound, scrotum and contents
76872	Ultrasound, transrectal
80400-80424	Serum Hormone Levels (TSH, FSH, LH, PRL, Total Testosterone (T) Concentrations, Inhibin B, Progesterone, Estrogen, Estradiol)
80426	Gonadotropin releasing hormone stimulation panel This panel must include the following: Follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) (83001 x 4) Luteinizing hormone (LH) (83002 x 4)

82670-82679	Non-injectable medication; Estrogen
83001	Gonadotropin; follicle stimulating hormone (FSH)
83002	Gonadotropin; luteinizing hormone (LH)
83498	Hydroxyprogesterone, 17-d
84144	Progesterone
84146	Prolactin
84402	Testosterone; free
84403	Testosterone; total
84443	Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH)
84702	Gonadotropin, chorionic (hCG); quantitative
84703	Gonadotropin, chorionic (hCG); qualitative
86631	Antibody; Chlamydia
86632	Antibody; Chlamydia, IgM
86689	Antibody; HTLV or HIV antibody, confirmatory test (eg, Western Blot)
86701	Antibody; HIV-1
86702	Antibody; HIV-2
86703	Antibody; HIV-1 and HIV-2, single result
86704	Hepatitis B core antibody (HBcAb); total
86705	Hepatitis B core antibody (HBcAb); IgM antibody
86706	Hepatitis B surface antibody (HBsAb)
86762	Antibody; rubella
86803	Hepatitis C antibody
86804	Hepatitis C antibody; confirmatory test (eg, immunoblot)
87110	Culture, chlamydia, any source
87270	Infectious agent antigen detection by immunofluorescent technique; Chlamydia trachomatis
87340	Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay technique, (eg, enzyme immunoassay [EIA], enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay [ELISA],

	immunochemiluminometric assay [IMCA]) qualitative or semiquantitative, multiple-step method; hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg)
87341	Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay technique, (eg, enzyme immunoassay [EIA], enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay [ELISA], immunochemiluminometric assay [IMCA]) qualitative or semiquantitative, multiple-step method; hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) neutralization
88261	Chromosome analysis; count 5 cells, 1 karyotype, with banding
88262	Chromosome analysis; count 15-20 cells, 2 karyotypes, with banding
88263	Chromosome analysis; count 45 cells for mosaicism, 2 karyotypes, with banding
88264	Chromosome analysis; analyze 20-25 cells
88280	Chromosome analysis; additional karyotypes, each study
88283	Chromosome analysis; additional specialized banding technique (eg, NOR, C-banding)
88285	Chromosome analysis; additional cells counted, each study
88289	Chromosome analysis; additional high resolution study
88364-88366	Fluorescent In-Situ Hybridization, Sperm Chromosome Aneuploidy
89250, 89251	Culture of oocyte(s)/embryo(s), less than 4 days
89253	Assisted embryo hatching, microtechniques (any method)
89254	Oocyte identification from follicular fluid
89255	Preparation of embryo for transfer (any method)
89257	Sperm identification from aspiration (other than seminal fluid)
89260	Sperm isolation; simple prep (eg, sperm wash and swim-up) for insemination or diagnosis with semen analysis
89261	Sperm isolation; complex prep (eg, Percoll gradient, albumin gradient) for insemination or diagnosis with semen analysis
89264	Sperm identification from testis tissue, fresh or cryopreserved
89268	Insemination of oocytes
89272	Extended culture of oocyte(s)/embryo(s), 4-7 days
89280	Assisted oocyte fertilization, microtechnique; less than or equal to 10 oocytes
89281	Assisted oocyte fertilization, microtechnique; greater than 10 oocytes

89300	Semen analysis; presence and/or motility of sperm including Huhner test (post coital)
89310	Semen analysis; motility and count (not including Huhner test)
89320	Semen analysis; volume, count, motility, and differential
89321	Semen analysis; sperm presence and motility of sperm, if performed
89322	Semen analysis; volume, count, motility, and differential using strict morphologic criteria (eg, Kruger)
89325	Sperm antibodies
89329	Sperm evaluation; hamster penetration test
89330	Sperm evaluation; cervical mucus penetration test, with or without spinnbarkeit test
89331	Sperm evaluation, for retrograde ejaculation, urine (sperm concentration, motility, and morphology, as indicated)
G0010	Administration of hepatitis B vaccine
G0027	Semen analysis; presence and/or motility of sperm excluding Huhner
G0472	Hepatitis C antibody screening for individual at high risk and other covered indication(s)
J0725	Injection, chorionic gonadotropin, per 1,000 USP units
J1000	Injection, depo-estradiol cypionate, up to 5 mg
J1094	Injection, dexamethasone acetate, 1 mg
J1100	Injection, dexamethasone sodium phosphate, 1 mg
J1380	Injection, estradiol valerate, up to 10 mg
J1410	Injection, estrogen conjugated, per 25 mg
J1620	Injection, gonadorelin HCI, per 100 mcg
J2675	Injection, progesterone, per 50 mg
J3355	Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU
J7512	Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg
J9218	Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg
S0122	Injection, menotropins, 75 IU
S0126	Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU

S0128	Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU
S0132	Injection, ganirelix acetate, 250 mcg
S4011	In vitro fertilization; including but not limited to identification and incubation of mature oocytes, fertilization with sperm, incubation of embryo(s), and subsequent visualization for determination of development
S4013	Complete cycle, gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT), case rate
S4014	Complete cycle, zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT), case rate
S4015	Complete in vitro fertilization cycle, not otherwise specified, case rate
S4016	Frozen in vitro fertilization cycle, case rate
S4017	Incomplete cycle, treatment cancelled prior to stimulation, case rate
S4018	Frozen embryo transfer procedure cancelled before transfer, case rate
S4020	In vitro fertilization procedure cancelled before aspiration, case rate
S4021	In vitro fertilization procedure cancelled after aspiration, case rate
S4022	Assisted oocyte fertilization, case rate
S4023	Donor egg cycle, incomplete, case rate
S4025	Donor services for in vitro fertilization (sperm or embryo), case rate
S4026	Procurement of donor sperm from sperm bank
S4028	Microsurgical epididymal sperm aspiration (MESA)
S4030	Sperm procurement and cryopreservation services; initial visit
S4031	Sperm procurement and cryopreservation services; subsequent visit
S4035	Stimulated intrauterine insemination (IUI), case rate
S4037	Cryopreserved embryo transfer, case rate
S4042	Management of ovulation induction (interpretation of diagnostic tests and studies, nonface-to-face medical management of the patient), per cycle
ICD-10 codes cons	sidered medically necessary if criteria are met:
Code	Description
N97.1 - N97.9	Female infertility
N46.01- N46.9	Male Infertility
Z31.41	Encounter for fertility testing

Z31.7	Encounter for procreative management and counseling for gestational carrier
Z31.83	Encounter for assisted reproductive fertility procedure cycle
Z31.89	Encounter for other procreative management
ICD-10 codes not considered medically necessary for the above procedures:	
N92.4, N95.0 - N95.9	Menopausal and other perimenopausal disorders
Q50.02	Congenital absence of ovary, bilateral
Q55.0	Absence and aplasia of testis
Z31.0	Encounter for reversal of previous sterilization
Z78.0	Asymptomatic menopausal state
Z79.890	Hormone replacement therapy (postmenopausal)
Z98.51-Z98.52	Sterilization status

Codes considered medically necessary if clinical criteria are met:

Fertility Preservation	
Code	Description
57520	Conization of cervix, with or without fulguration, with or without dilation and curettage, with or without repair; cold knife or laser
57522	Conization of cervix, with or without fulguration, with or without dilation and curettage, with or without repair; loop electrode excision
57530	Trachelectomy (cervicectomy), amputation of cervix (separate procedure)
57531	Radical trachelectomy, with bilateral total pelvic lymphadenectomy and para-aortic lymph node sampling biopsy, with or without removal of tube(s), with or without removal of ovary(s)
58970	Follicle puncture for oocyte retrieval, any method
89254	Oocyte identification from follicular fluid
89257	Sperm identification from aspiration (other than seminal fluid)
89258	Cryopreservation; embryo(s)
89259	Cryopreservation; sperm
89260	Sperm isolation; simple prep (eg, sperm wash and swim-up) for insemination or diagnosis with semen analysis

89261	Sperm isolation; complex prep (eg, Percoll gradient, albumin gradient) for insemination or diagnosis with semen analysis
89264	Sperm identification from testis tissue, fresh or cryopreserved
89300	Semen analysis; presence and/or motility of sperm including Huhner test (post coital)
89310	Semen analysis; motility and count (not including Huhner test)
89320	Semen analysis; volume, count, motility, and differential
89321	Semen analysis; sperm presence and motility of sperm, if performed
89322	Semen analysis; volume, count, motility, and differential using strict morphologic criteria (eg, Kruger)
89325	Sperm antibodies
89329	Sperm evaluation; hamster penetration test
89330	Sperm evaluation; cervical mucus penetration test, with or without spinnbarkeit test
89331	Sperm evaluation, for retrograde ejaculation, urine (sperm concentration, motility, and morphology, as indicated)
89337	Cryopreservation, mature oocyte(s)
89342	Storage (per year); embryo(s)
89343	Storage (per year); sperm/semen
89344	Storage (per year); reproductive tissue, testicular/ovarian
89346	Storage (per year); oocyte(s)
89352	Thawing of cryopreserved; embryo(s)
89353	Thawing of cryopreserved; Sperm/Semen, Each Aliquot
89354	Thawing of cryopreserved; reproductive tissue, testicular/ovarian
89356	Thawing of cryopreserved; oocytes, each aliquot
J0725	Injection, chorionic gonadotropin, per 1,000 USP units
J1000	Injection, depo-estradiol cypionate, up to 5 mg
J1094	Injection, dexamethasone acetate, 1 mg
J1380	Injection, estradiol valerate, up to 10 mg
J1410	Injection, estrogen conjugated, per 25 mg

J3355	Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU	
S0122	Injection, menotropins, 75 IU	
S0126	Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU	
S0132	Injection, ganirelix acetate 250 mcg	
S4027	Storage of previously frozen embryos	
S4030	Sperm procurement and cryopreservation services; initial visit	
S4031	Sperm procurement and cryopreservation services; subsequent visit	
S4040	Monitoring and storage of cryopreserved embryos, per 30 days	
ICD-10 codes considered medically necessary:		
C00.0 - D49	Neoplasms	
D27.0 - D27.1, D39.10 - D39.12	Neoplasm of ovary	
D40.10 - D40.12	Neoplasm of testis	
N70.01 - N70.03	Acute salpingitis and oophoritis	
N70.11 - N70.13	Chronic salpingitis and oophoritis	
N83.511 - N83.519	Torsion of ovary and ovarian pedicle	
Z31.84	Encounter for fertility preservation procedure	

CPT/HCPCS codes considered experimental or investigational for infertility:		
Code	Description	
0664T - 0670T	Donor hysterectomy (including cold preservation), [uterus transplant], tissues and veins	
10004	Fine needle aspiration of additional lesion	
10005	Fine needle aspiration of first lesion using ultrasound guidance	
10006	Fine needle aspiration of additional lesion using ultrasound guidance	
10007	Fine needle aspiration of first lesion using fluoroscopic guidance	
10008	Fine needle aspiration of additional lesion using fluoroscopic guidance	
10009	Fine needle aspiration of first lesion using CT guidance	

10010	Fine needle aspiration of additional lesion using CT guidance
10011	Fine needle aspiration of first lesion using MR guidance
10012	Fine needle aspiration of additional lesion using MR guidance
10021	Fine needle aspiration; without imaging guidance [Fine needle aspiration ("mapping") of testes]
43631 - 43635 43644 - 43645 43770 - 43775 43842 - 43848 43886 - 43888	Bariatric Surgery
82626	Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA)
86357	Natural killer (NK) cells, total count
89240	Unlisted miscellaneous pathology test [Sperm DNA Fragmentation Testing]
89335	Cryopreservation, reproductive tissue, testicular
89398	Unlisted reproductive medicine laboratory procedure [when billed for Cryopreservation of immature oocytes]
97810 - 97814	Acupuncture
S9558	Home injectable therapy; growth hormone, including administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem

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