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Clinical Guideline

Oscar Clinical Guideline: Weight Loss Agents (PG070, Ver. 6)

Weight Loss Agents

- Adipex-P (phentermine)
- Alli (orlistat)
- Bontril PDM® (phendimetrazine)
- Bontril Slow Release (phendimetrazine)
- Contrave (naltrexone HCI/bupropion HCI)
- Didrex (benzphetamine)
- Lomaira (phentermine HCL)
- Osymia (phentermine /topiramate)
- Regimex (benzphetamine)
- Saxenda (liraglutide)
- Suprenza (phentermine)
- Tenuate (diethylpropion)
- Wegovy (semaglutide)
- Xenical (orlistat)
- Zepbound (tirzepatide)

Disclaimer

Clinical guidelines are developed and adopted to establish evidence-based clinical criteria for utilization management decisions. Clinical guidelines are applicable according to policy and plan type. The Plan may delegate utilization management decisions of certain services to third parties who may develop and adopt their own clinical criteria.

Coverage of services is subject to the terms, conditions, and limitations of a member's policy, as well as applicable state and federal law. Clinical guidelines are also subject to in-force criteria such as the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) national coverage determination (NCD) or local coverage determination (LCD) for Medicare Advantage plans. Please refer to the member's policy documents (e.g., Certificate/Evidence of Coverage, Schedule of Benefits, Plan Formulary) or contact the Plan to confirm coverage.

Summary

Weight loss medications are used as part of a comprehensive treatment plan for chronic weight management, in addition to diet and exercise. These medications primarily work by reducing appetite and daily caloric intake. Weight loss and management have numerous health benefits, including a decreased risk of diabetes, high blood pressure, and heart conditions, as well as increased energy levels.

A multifaceted approach to weight loss is generally recommended, which includes dietary therapy and exercise. Drug therapy can be added for individuals who are obese or have other comorbid conditions. Weight loss medications are available in various formulations, including oral tablets (such as Contrave and Qsymia) and subcutaneous injections (such as Saxenda and Wegovy).

NOTE: Coverage of prescription drugs prescribed for the treatment of obesity or for use in any weight reduction, weight loss, or dietary control varies depending on a member's benefit policy.

- Please refer to the applicable benefit plan document to determine benefit availability and the terms and conditions of coverage.
- This Clinical Guideline only applies to members whose Plan covers prescription drugs prescribed for the treatment of obesity or for use in any weight reduction, weight loss, or dietary control.

Definitions

"Body Mass Index (BMI)" is a value that is calculated based on an individual's weight and height and helps determine whether a person is underweight, overweight, or normal weight.

"Caloric intake" is the amount of calories (energy that comes from foods such as fats, proteins, and sugars) an individual intakes per day.

"**Compendia**" are summaries of drug information and medical evidence to support decision-making about the appropriate use of drugs and medical procedures. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- 1. American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information
- 2. Clinical pharmacology
- 3. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Drugs and Biologics Compendium
- 4. Thomson Micromedex DrugDex
- 5. United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary (USP-NF)

Medical Necessity Criteria for Initial Authorization

The Plan considers Weight Loss Agents medically necessary when ALL of the following criteria are met:

- 1. The requested medication is age-appropriate based on FDA approval or evidence-based guidelines for the specific medication; **AND**
- 2. Recent documentation [within one (1) month] showing **BOTH** of the following:
 - a. **ONE** of the following, as applicable:
 - i. For adults:
 - 1. Body mass index (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m²; or
 - BMI greater than or equal to 27 kg/m² AND has at least one (≥1) weight-related comorbid condition (e.g., cardiovascular disease, dyslipidemia, hypertension, obstructive sleep apnea, type 2 diabetes mellitus); or
 - For pediatrics, usage aligned to the specific medication's FDA approval or evidence-based guidelines based on BMI percentile standardized for age and sex; and
 - b. The member's baseline (i.e., pre-treatment) body weight; AND
- Medication will be used as an adjunct to a reduced-calorie diet and increased physical activity;
 AND
- 4. Requested medication will NOT be used in combination with other weight loss products (including prescription drugs, over-the-counter drugs, and herbal preparations) or coadministered with similar products (i.e., with a similar mechanism of action, in the same drug class) unless specifically recommended per the drug's official label/prescribing information.

If the above prior authorization criteria are met, the requested weight loss medication will be approved as follow:

- For 12 weeks:
 - Adipex-P (phentermine)
 - Alli (orlistat)
 - Bontril PDM® (phendimetrazine)
 - Bontril Slow Release (phendimetrazine)
 - Contrave (naltrexone HCI/bupropion HCI)
 - Didrex (benzphetamine)
 - Lomaira (phentermine HCL)
 - Osymia (phentermine /topiramate)
 - Regimex (benzphetamine)
 - Suprenza (phentermine)

- Tenuate (diethylpropion)
- Xenical (orlistat)

• For 6-months:

- Saxenda (liraglutide)
- Wegovy (semaglutide)
- Zepbound (tirzepatide)

Medical Necessity Criteria for Reauthorization

Alli (orlistat), Contrave (naltrexone HCI/bupropion HCI), Qsymia (phentermine/topiramate), Saxenda (liraglutide), Wegovy (semaglutide), Xenical (orlistat), or Zepbound (tirzepatide) will be reauthorized for six (6) months if the member has recent chart documentation within one (1) month showing:

- 1. Continued lifestyle modifications (e.g., reduced calorie diet in conjunction with physical activity and behavioral therapy); **AND**
- 2. The member has achieved or sustained clinically meaningful weight loss, defined as:
 - a. For adults, at least 5% of baseline body weight; or
 - b. For pediatrics, a reduction of at least 5% of baseline BMI.

Adipex-P (phentermine), Bontril PDM ® (phendimetrazine), Bontril Slow Release (phendimetrazine), Didrex (benzphetamine), Lomaira (phentermine HCL), Regimex (benzphetamine), Suprenza (phentermine), and Tenuate (diethylpropion), are **NOT** eligible for reauthorization.

Experimental or Investigational / Not Medically Necessary

Weight loss medications for any other indication is considered not medically necessary by the Plan, as it is deemed to be experimental, investigational, or unproven. The use of Adipex-P (phentermine), Bontril PDM (phendimetrazine), Bontril Slow Release (phendimetrazine), Didrex (benzphetamine), Lomaira (phentermine HCL), Regimex (benzphetamine), Suprenza (phentermine), and Tenuate (diethylpropion) for long-term weight management is considered not medically necessary.

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Clinical Guideline Revision / History Information

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