Clinical Guideline



Oscar Clinical Guideline: Diagnosis and Treatment of Infertility (CG016, Ver. 13)

Diagnosis and Treatment of Infertility

Disclaimer

Clinical guidelines are developed and adopted to establish evidence-based clinical criteria for utilization management decisions. Clinical guidelines are applicable according to policy and plan type. The Plan may delegate utilization management decisions of certain services to third parties who may develop and adopt their own clinical criteria.

Coverage of services is subject to the terms, conditions, and limitations of a member's policy, as well as applicable state and federal law. Clinical guidelines are also subject to in-force criteria such as the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) national coverage determination (NCD) or local coverage determination (LCD) for Medicare Advantage plans. Please refer to the member's policy documents (e.g., Certificate/Evidence of Coverage, Schedule of Benefits, Plan Formulary) or contact the Plan to confirm coverage.

Summary

The Plan considers the diagnosis and treatment of infertility medically necessary when the cause of infertility is a result of anatomical, acquired disease, inherited disease or other conditions resulting in an inability to conceive or establish pregnancy. Basic services (e.g., diagnostic) to determine the cause of infertility may include semen analysis, serum hormone levels, hysterosalpingogram, and evaluation of ovulatory function. If basic infertility services do not result in a pregnancy, comprehensive services (e.g., treatment) may include surgical and non-surgical treatments (e.g., ovulation induction, intrauterine insemination).

Note: Services for infertility may include diagnosis, treatment, or fertility preservation, and coverage is subject to the terms, conditions, and limitations of a member's policy as well as applicable state and federal law. Advanced reproductive technologies such as in vitro fertilization (IVF), gamete intrafallopian tube transfers (GIFT), zygote intrafallopian tube transfers (ZIFT), or donor services (oocyte, ovum, sperm) are also subject to the member's benefit plan for eligibility of coverage. Furthermore, infertility medications and delivery (e.g., pumps) may be subject to the member's pharmacy benefit plan.

Note: For sex reassignment surgery among transgender members who have iatrogenic infertility, coverage for fertility preservation (freezing egg, sperm) and/or other infertility services is subject to the member's policy and applicable state and federal law. Please review The Plan's Clinical Guideline: Sex Reassignment Surgery (Gender Affirmation Surgery) and Non-Surgical Services (CG017) for sex reassignment procedures for gender dysphoria.

Definitions

"Infertility" refers to the failure to establish a successful pregnancy after 12 months/cycles for women (biological female) before 35 years of age, or after 6 months/cycles for women greater or equal to 35 years of age with unprotected heterosexual intercourse or therapeutic donor insemination. Infertility may be caused by disease, dysfunction, or malformation.

- Primary infertility refers to couples who have never established a pregnancy.
- Secondary infertility refers to couples who are experiencing infertility after having a history of a live birth.

"latrogenic Infertility" refers to transient or permanent infertility caused by a necessary medical intervention such as chemotherapy, pelvic radiotherapy, gonadotoxic therapies, or the surgical removal of the reproductive organs for the treatment of disease or gender dysphoria.

"In Vitro Fertilization" (IVF) refers to a series of procedures that involve extracting egg and sperm from biological parents (or donors) and fertilizing mature eggs with sperm in a lab. The fertilized egg/s (embryo) are transferred into the uterus of the biological mother, gestational carrier (no genetic connection to the embryo), or traditional surrogate (own egg is fertilized from the intended father to give birth). Embryos not transferred can be cryopreserved (frozen) for future use.

"Cryopreservation" for fertility preservation refers to freezing eggs (oocytes), sperm, or embryos at a storage bank for future reproduction.

"Pregnancy" refers to clinical pregnancy documented by ultrasonography, biochemical or histopathologic examination.

"Recurrent Pregnancy Loss" refers to two or more failed pregnancies, or miscarriages, and is not considered infertility.

"Therapeutic Donor Insemination" refers to the process of inserting laboratory-processed sperm into the reproductive tract of a woman from a man who is not her intimate sexual partner for the purpose of initiating a pregnancy.

A. Clinical Indications

- 1. Medical Necessity Criteria for Clinical Review
 - a. General Medical Necessity Criteria
 - b. California State and New York State Lines of Business
 - c. Indication-Specific Criteria for Clinical Review
- 2. Experimental or Investigational / Not Medically Necessary
- B. Applicable Billing Codes
- C. References

Medical Necessity Criteria for Clinical Review

General Medical Necessity Criteria

The Plan considers infertility services medically necessary when the following criteria are met:

- 1. The requested service is covered per the member's plan benefit policy; and
- 2. The requested service is NOT associated with the reversal of voluntary sterilization, which was originally performed for the primary purpose of preventing pregnancy, in males (e.g., vasectomy) or females (e.g., tubal ligation); and
- 3. The requested infertility service is NOT for a member who has a history of voluntary sterilization (biological male or female) or completed a reversal procedure for sterilization; *and*
- 4. Infertility services are not being requested beyond 10 weeks of pregnancy; and
- 5. Infertility is the result of disease, dysfunction, iatrogenic infertility (see *Definitions* above), or malformation.
 - a. Infertility is not defined to include the inability to conceive due to lack of a sex partner; and
- 6. For ages <35, after trying to conceive after 12 months (including unprotected heterosexual intercourse and/or therapeutic donor insemination); *and/or*
- 7. For ages ≥35, after trying to conceive after 6 months (including unprotected heterosexual intercourse and/or therapeutic donor insemination); and
- 8. For a biological female ≥ 40 years old (who has not yet reached a diagnosis of natural menopause as reflected by the permanent cessation of menses for at least 12 months), more immediate evaluation and treatment may be medically necessary; and
- 9. If the member already has a documented condition to cause infertility, immediate evaluation is warranted. In the scenarios that there are reversible causes of infertility that can be medically managed, the member must have maximized the therapies and treatment (except for a history of voluntary sterilization); and
- 10. For comprehensive infertility services, clinical documentation indicates that basic fertility services did not result in a pregnancy; *and*
- 11. For assisted reproductive technology, clinical documentation indicates that comprehensive fertility services did not result in a pregnancy and MCG A-0504 criteria is met; *and*
- 12. For fertility preservation due to iatrogenic infertility, MCG A-0504 criteria is met. Fertility preservation related to sex reassignment surgery is subject to plan benefits. For fertility preservation services due to iatrogenic infertility associated with sex reassignment surgery, the General Clinical Indications criteria and Gonadectomy and Hysterectomy section criteria must also be met in Sex Reassignment Surgery (Gender Affirmation Surgery) and Non-Surgical Services (CG017).

California State and New York State Lines of Business

- Same-sex couples, non-binary, and transgender individuals may receive infertility services if medically appropriate.
- Oscar does not discriminate based on a member's partnership status or sexual orientation.

• Notwithstanding, all members must meet the definition of infertility and the General Clinical Indications to meet medical necessity for infertility services.

Indication-Specific Criteria for Clinical Review

Basic Infertility Services (Diagnosis)

Basic female infertility services may include:

- 1. Initial Evaluation: History & Physical Exam
- 2. Laboratory:
 - a. Chlamydia trachomatis screening
 - b. Viral status screening (HIV, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, rubella)
 - c. Hormone level testing
 - i. Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH)
 - ii. Prolactin (PRL)
 - iii. Follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH)
 - iv. Estrogens
 - v. Progesterone
 - vi. Luteinizing hormone (LH)
 - vii. Human chorionic gonadotropin (hCG)
 - viii. Androgens (if there is evidence of hyperandrogenism)
 - ix. Anti-mullerian hormone (AMH)
 - d. Ovarian reserve testing
 - e. Karyotype testing
- Imaging: Sonohysterography (Saline Infusion Sonography), Pelvic or Transvaginal
 Ultrasonography, Hysterosalpingography, Hysteroscopy, CT or MR imaging of sella turcica if
 prolactin is elevated
- 4. Diagnostic Procedures: Laparoscopy and chromopertubation

Basic male infertility services may include:

- 1. Initial Evaluation: History & Physical Exam
- 2. Laboratory:
 - a. Chlamydia trachomatis screening
 - b. Viral status screening (HIV, hepatitis B, hepatitis C)
 - c. Hormone level testing (TSH, FSH, LH, PRL, total and free testosterone, estrogens)
 - d. Karyotype testing
 - e. Y-chromosome microdeletion testing
 - f. Cystic fibrosis gene (CFTR) mutation testing in males with congenital bilateral absence of the vas deferens (CBAVD)
- 3. Post-Ejaculatory Urinalysis
- 4. Imaging: CT or MR imaging of sella turcica if prolactin is elevated, Transrectal or Scrotal Ultrasonography, Vasography or Venography
- 5. Tissue Analysis or Testis Biopsy

- 6. Scrotal exploration
- 7. Semen & Sperm Analysis
 - a. Quantification of Leukocytes in Semen
 - b. Sperm concentration and motility
 - c. Seminal fructose
 - d. Cultures of prostatic secretion, semen, urine

Comprehensive Infertility Services (Treatment)

Comprehensive female infertility services may include (please check the member's plan benefit):

- 1. Non-Surgical Treatments
 - a. Endocrine management
 - b. Gonadotropins, Gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH), Gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH) antagonists, Corticosteroids, Estrogens, Progestins, Aromatase inhibitors, Lutropin alfa in combination with human FSH
 - c. Hepatitis B vaccination of partners of people with hepatitis B
 - d. Rubella vaccination of women susceptible to rubella
 - e. Oral clomiphene citrate, tamoxifen, or letrozole for ovulation induction (please check member's pharmacy plan benefit)
 - f. Metformin and/or letrozole for women with anovulatory disorders such as polycystic ovarian syndrome (please check member's pharmacy plan benefit)
 - g. Prolactin inhibitors for women with hyperprolactinemia
 - h. Artificial/intrauterine insemination [IUI] (including sperm washing)
 - i. Donor insemination for ONE of the following indications:
 - i. Obstructive or non-obstructive azoospermia; or
 - ii. Severe deficits in semen quality in couples who do not wish to undergo intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI); or
 - iii. Severe rhesus isoimmunization; or
 - iv. High risk of transmitting a genetic disorder or infectious disease (such as HIV) in the male partner to the offspring.
- 2. Surgery and Imaging, when MCG criteria are met:
 - a. Hysteroscopic adhesiolysis for women with amenorrhea and intrauterine adhesions
 - b. Hysteroscopic or fluoroscopic tubal cannulation (salpingostomy, fimbrioplasty), selective salpingography plus tubal catheterization, or transcervical balloon tuboplasty for women with proximal tubal obstruction (except for a history of voluntary sterilization)
 - c. Laparoscopy for treatment of pelvic pathology
 - d. Open or laparoscopic resection, vaporization, or fulguration of endometriosis implants plus adhesiolysis in women with endometriosis
 - e. Ovarian wedge resection or ovarian drilling for women with polycystic ovarian syndrome who have not responded to clomiphene citrate and comparable estrogen modulators such as letrozole
 - f. Removal of myomas, uterine septa, cysts, ovarian tumors, polyps, hydrosalpinx

g. Surgical tubal reconstruction (unilateral or bilateral tubal microsurgery, laparoscopic tubal surgery, tuboplasty and tubal anastomosis), except in the case of prior tubal sterilization

Comprehensive male infertility services may include (please check the member's plan benefit):

- 1. Non-Surgical Treatments
 - a. Non-parenteral (oral) endocrine management is subject to plan benefits:
 - i. Androgens (e.g., testosterone) for men with documented androgen deficiency
 - ii. Anti-estrogens (e.g., tamoxifen) for men with elevated estrogen levels
 - iii. Selective estrogen receptor modulators (SERMs) and/or aromatase inhibitors (Als) for men with documented testosterone deficiency
 - iv. Corticosteroids (e.g., dexamethasone, prednisone)
 - v. Prolactin inhibitors (dopamine agonists e.g., bromocriptine, cabergoline) for men with hyperprolactinemia
 - vi. Thyroid hormone replacement for men with thyroid deficiency
 - vii. Antibiotics for men with an identified infection (note: intra-prostatic antibiotic injection is considered experimental and investigational)
 - b. Injectable parenteral (subcutaneous/infusion pump) endocrine management is subject to plan benefits
 - i. For men with primary or secondary hypogonadotropic hypogonadism that is <u>not</u> due to primary testicular failure:
 - 1. Human chorionic gonadotropins (hCG)
 - 2. Human menopausal gonadotropins (hMG) (menotropins)
 - 3. Gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH) (luteinizing hormone releasing hormone (LHRH)), by intermittent subcutaneous injections or by GnRH infusion pump
 - 4. Recombinant follitropin products (recombinant FSH) (e.g., follitropin alfa; follitropin beta)
 - ii. Human chorionic gonadotropins (hCG) for men with prepubertal cryptorchidism not due to anatomic obstruction.
 - c. Electroejaculation for diabetic neuropathy, prior retroperitoneal surgery or spinal cord injury
- 2. Surgery and Imaging, when MCG criteria are met:
 - a. Varicocelectomy (spermatic vein ligation):
 - i. For men with palpable varicocele(s), infertility, and abnormal semen parameters
 - 1. Not medically necessary for men with azoospermia
 - 2. Not medically necessary for non-palpable varicocele or those detected solely by imaging
 - b. Spermatocelectomy and hydrocelectomy
 - c. Surgical repair of vas deferens (e.g., vasovasostomy)

- i. Except when done for the reversal of a prior voluntary sterilization procedure such as vasectomy
- d. Surgical correction of epididymal blockage for men with obstructive azoospermia, including:
 - i. Epididymectomy
 - ii. Epididymovasostomy
 - iii. Excision of epididymal tumors and cysts
 - iv. Epididymostomy
- e. Transurethral resection of ejaculatory ducts (TURED) for obstruction of ejaculatory ducts
- f. Orchiopexy
- g. For retrograde ejaculation the following is subject to plan benefits:
 - i. Alpha sympathomimetic agents (for retrograde ejaculation)
 - ii. Alkalinization of the urine with or without ureteral catheterization
 - iii. Induced ejaculation (such as using sympathomimetics, vibratory stimulation, and/or electroejaculation)
 - iv. Surgical sperm retrieval (see below)
- h. For impotence treatments, see the Plan Clinical Guideline: Erectile Dysfunction (CG037).
- i. Sperm retrieval procedures for men with aspermia or azoospermia (except for members seeking treatment associated with reversal of voluntary sterilization, e.g., vasectomy):
 - i. Testicular sperm extraction (TESE)
 - ii. Microsurgical epididymal sperm aspiration (MESA)
 - iii. Testicular sperm aspiration (TESA)
 - iv. Testicular fine needle aspiration (TEFNA)
 - v. Percutaneous epididymal sperm aspiration (PESA)
 - vi. Vasal sperm aspiration
 - vii. Seminal vesicle sperm aspiration

Advanced Reproductive Technologies

Member meets General Medical Necessity Criteria above and MCG A-0504 criteria are met. Advanced reproductive technologies may include:

- 1. In vitro fertilization (IVF)
- 2. Gamete intrafallopian tube transfers (GIFT)
- 3. Zygote intrafallopian tube transfers (ZIFT)
- 4. Donor services (oocyte, ovum, sperm)

Fertility Preservation

Fertility preservation is subject to the member's plan benefit. The member meets medical necessity when the General Medical Necessity Criteria above are met AND one of the below:

- 1. MCG A-0504 criteria are met; or
- 2. A member has a medical procedure/treatment that will lead to iatrogenic infertility.

Fertility preservation may include:

- 1. Cryopreservation and storage of the following:
 - a. Ejaculated or testicular sperm
 - b. Embryo, with or without ovarian stimulation
 - c. Mature oocytes
 - d. Ovarian tissue for prepubertal patients or when there is not time for ovarian stimulation
- 2. Gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH) agonists for patients with breast cancer and potentially other cancers for the purpose of protection from ovarian insufficiency
- 3. Ovarian transposition (oophoropexy) for patients undergoing pelvic radiation
- 4. Radiation (gonadal) shielding
- 5. Cervicectomy/trachelectomy for patients with early stage (IA2 or small IB1) cervical adenocarcinoma
- 6. Laparoscopic cystectomy for patients with ovarian endometriomas or early stage ovarian cancer

Experimental or Investigational / Not Medically Necessary

Infertility service requests for members 40 years or older who have a diagnosis of natural menopause (permanent cessation of menses for at least 12 months) are considered NOT medically necessary.

Services or procedures considered experimental, investigational, or unproven are not covered, including but not limited to:

- Acrosome reaction test
- Acupuncture
- Bariatric surgery
- Comet assay
- Computer-assisted sperm analysis (CASA)/computer-assisted sperm motion analysis
- Cryopreservation, storage, and thawing of immature oocytes
- Cryopreservation, storage, and thawing of testicular tissue
- Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA)
- Direct intra-peritoneal insemination, fallopian tube sperm transfusion, intra-follicular insemination, and the use of sperm precursors
- Double IUI (intrauterine insemination)
- Drainage of ovarian cyst, when billed for egg retrieval
- EmbryoGlue
- Endometrial receptivity testing, uterine receptivity testing
- Fine needle aspiration ("mapping") of testes
- FSH manipulation of women with elevated FSH levels
- Growth hormone (GH) and growth hormone antagonists
- Hemizona assay
- Hyaluronan binding assay

- Hypoosmotic swelling test
- Intravenous immunoglobulins
- In-vitro maturation (IVM) of oocytes
- In-vitro testing of sperm penetration
- Leukocyte immunization (immunizing the female partner with the male partner's leukocytes)
- Microdissection of the zona
- Natural killer (NK) cell measurement
- Partial zonal dissection (PZD)
- Reactive oxygen species (ROS) test
- Sonohysterosalpingography or saline hysterosalpingography for tubal occlusion
- Sperm chromatin assay
- Sperm DNA condensation test
- Sperm DNA fragmentation assay
- Sperm function tests
- Sperm nucleus maturation
- Subzonal sperm insertion (SUZI)
- TUNEL assay
- Uterine Transplant

Applicable Billing Codes

Table 1 - Infertility Services			
CPT/HCPCS codes	CPT/HCPCS codes considered medically necessary if clinical criteria are met:		
Code	Description		
49186	Excision or destruction, open, intra-abdominal (ie, peritoneal, mesenteric, retroperitoneal), primary or secondary tumor(s) or cyst(s), sum of the maximum length of tumor(s) or cyst(s); 5 cm or less		
49187	Excision or destruction, open, intra-abdominal (ie, peritoneal, mesenteric, retroperitoneal), primary or secondary tumor(s) or cyst(s), sum of the maximum length of tumor(s) or cyst(s); 5.1 to 10 cm		
49188	Excision or destruction, open, intra-abdominal (ie, peritoneal, mesenteric, retroperitoneal), primary or secondary tumor(s) or cyst(s), sum of the maximum length of tumor(s) or cyst(s); 10.1 to 20 cm		
49189	Excision or destruction, open, intra-abdominal (ie, peritoneal, mesenteric, retroperitoneal), primary or secondary tumor(s) or cyst(s), sum of the maximum length of tumor(s) or cyst(s); 20.1 to 30 cm		

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49190	Excision or destruction, open, intra-abdominal (ie, peritoneal, mesenteric, retroperitoneal), primary or secondary tumor(s) or cyst(s), sum of the maximum length of tumor(s) or cyst(s); greater than 30 cm	
49320	Laparoscopy, abdomen, peritoneum, and omentum, diagnostic, with or without collection of specimen(s) by brushing or washing (separate procedure)	
49321	Laparoscopy, surgical; with biopsy (single or multiple)	
49322	Laparoscopy, surgical; with aspiration of cavity or cyst (eg, ovarian cyst) (single or multiple)	
52402	Cystourethroscopy with transurethral resection or incision of ejaculatory ducts	
54500	Biopsy of testis, needle (separate procedure)	
54505	Biopsy of testis, incisional (separate procedure)	
54640	Orchiopexy, inguinal or scrotal approach	
54650	Orchiopexy, abdominal approach, for intra-abdominal testis (eg, Fowler-Stephens)	
54692	Laparoscopy, surgical; orchiopexy for intra-abdominal testis	
54800	Biopsy of epididymis, needle	
54830	Excision of local lesion of epididymis	
54840	Excision of spermatocele, with or without epididymectomy	
54860	Epididymectomy; unilateral	
54865	Exploration of epididymis, with or without biopsy	
54900	Epididymovasostomy, anastomosis of epididymis to vas deferens; unilateral	
54901	Epididymovasostomy, anastomosis of epididymis to vas deferens; bilateral	
55000	Puncture aspiration of hydrocele, tunica vaginalis, with or without injection of medication	
55040	Excision of hydrocele; unilateral	
55041	Excision of hydrocele; bilateral	
55110	Scrotal exploration	
55300	Vasotomy for vasograms, seminal vesiculograms, or epididymograms, unilateral or bilateral	
55400	Vasovasostomy, vasovasorrhaphy	
55500	Excision of hydrocele of spermatic cord, unilateral (separate procedure)	

55530	Vasotomy for vasograms, seminal vesiculograms, or epididymograms, unilateral or bilateral	
55540	Vasovasostomy, vasovasorrhaphy	
55870	Electroejaculation	
57530	Trachelectomy (cervicectomy), amputation of cervix (separate procedure)	
58925	Ovarian cystectomy, unilateral or bilateral	
58140	Myomectomy, excision of fibroid tumor(s) of uterus, 1 to 4 intramural myoma(s) with total weight of 250 g or less and/or removal of surface myomas; abdominal approach	
58145	Myomectomy, excision of fibroid tumor(s) of uterus, 1 to 4 intramural myoma(s) with total weight of 250 g or less and/or removal of surface myomas; vaginal approach	
58146	Myomectomy, excision of fibroid tumor(s) of uterus, 5 or more intramural myomas and/or intramural myomas with total weight greater than 250 g, abdominal approach	
58321	Artificial insemination; Intra-cervical	
58322	Artificial insemination; intra-uterine	
58323	Sperm washing for artificial insemination	
58340	Catheterization and introduction of saline or contrast material for saline infusion sonohysterography (SIS) or hysterosalpingography	
58345	Transcervical introduction of fallopian tube catheter for diagnosis and/or re-establishing patency (any method), with or without hysterosalpingography	
58350	Chromotubation of oviduct, including materials	
58545	Laparoscopy, surgical, myomectomy, excision; 1 to 4 intramural myomas with total weight of 250 g or less and/or removal of surface myomas	
58546	Laparoscopy, surgical, myomectomy, excision; 5 or more intramural myomas and/or intramural myomas with total weight greater than 250 g	
58555	Hysteroscopy, diagnostic (separate procedure)	
58558	Hysteroscopy, surgical; with sampling (biopsy) of endometrium and/or polypectomy, with or without D & C	
58559	Hysteroscopy, surgical; with lysis of intrauterine adhesions (any method)	
58560	Hysteroscopy, surgical; with division or resection of intrauterine septum (any method)	
58561	Hysteroscopy, surgical; with removal of leiomyomata	

58562	Hysteroscopy, surgical; with removal of impacted foreign body	
58563	Hysteroscopy, surgical; with endometrial ablation (eg, endometrial resection, electrosurgical ablation, thermoablation)	
58575	Laparoscopy, surgical, total hysterectomy for resection of malignancy (tumor debulking), with omentectomy including salpingo-oophorectomy, unilateral or bilateral, when performed	
58660	Laparoscopy, surgical; with lysis of adhesions (salpingolysis, ovariolysis) (separate procedure)	
58661	Laparoscopy, surgical; with removal of adnexal structures (partial or total oophorectomy and/or salpingectomy)	
58662	Laparoscopy, surgical; with fulguration or excision of lesions of the ovary, pelvic viscera, or peritoneal surface by any method	
58672	Laparoscopy, surgical; with fimbrioplasty	
58673	Laparoscopy, surgical; with salpingostomy (salpingoneostomy)	
58700	Salpingectomy, complete or partial, unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure)	
58720	Salpingo-oophorectomy, complete or partial, unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure)	
58740	Lysis of adhesions (salpingolysis, ovariolysis)	
58750	Tubotubal anastomosis	
58752	Tubouterine implantation	
58760	Fimbrioplasty	
58770	Salpingostomy (salpingoneostomy)	
58800	Drainage of ovarian cyst(s), unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure); vaginal approach	
58805	Drainage of ovarian cyst(s), unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure); abdominal approach	
58900	Biopsy of ovary, unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure)	
58920	Wedge resection or bisection of ovary, unilateral or bilateral	
58970	Follicle puncture for oocyte retrieval, any method	
58974	Embryo Transfer, Intrauterine	
58976	Gamete, zygote, or embryo intrafallopian transfer, any method	

70480	Computed tomography, orbit, sella, or posterior fossa or outer, middle, or inner ear; without contrast material	
70481	Computed tomography, orbit, sella, or posterior fossa or outer, middle, or inner ear; with contrast material(s)	
70482	Computed tomography, orbit, sella, or posterior fossa or outer, middle, or inner ear; without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections	
70551	Magnetic resonance (eg, proton) imaging, brain (including brain stem); without contrast material	
70552	Magnetic resonance (eg, proton) imaging, brain (including brain stem); with contrast material(s)	
70553	Magnetic resonance (eg, proton) imaging, brain (including brain stem); without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sequences	
74440	Vasography, vesiculography, or epididymography, radiological supervision and interpretation	
74740	Hysterosalpingography, radiological supervision and interpretation	
76830	Ultrasound, transvaginal	
76831	Saline infusion sonohysterography (SIS), including color flow Doppler, when performed	
76856	Ultrasound, pelvic (nonobstetric), real time with image documentation; complete	
76870	Ultrasound, scrotum and contents	
76872	Ultrasound, transrectal	
80400	ACTH stimulation panel; for adrenal insufficiency This panel must include the following: Cortisol (82533 \times 2)	
80402	ACTH stimulation panel;for 21 hydroxylase deficiency This panel must include the following:Cortisol (82533 x 2)17 hydroxyprogesterone (83498 x 2)	
80406	ACTH stimulation panel;for 3 beta-hydroxydehydrogenase deficiency This panel must include the following:Cortisol (82533 x 2)17 hydroxypregnenolone (84143 x 2)	
80408	Aldosterone suppression evaluation panel (eg, saline infusion) This panel must include the following:Aldosterone (82088 x 2)Renin (84244 x 2)	
80410	Calcitonin stimulation panel (eg, calcium, pentagastrin) This panel must include the following:Calcitonin (82308 x 3)	
80412	Corticotropic releasing hormone (CRH) stimulation panel This panel must include the following:Cortisol (82533 x 6)Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) (82024 x 6)	

80414	Chorionic gonadotropin stimulation panel;testosterone response This panel must include the following:Testosterone (84403 x 2 on 3 pooled blood samples)		
80415	Chorionic gonadotropin stimulation panel;estradiol response This panel must include the following:Estradiol, total (82670 x 2 on 3 pooled blood samples)		
80416	Renal vein renin stimulation panel (eg, captopril) This panel must include the following:Renin (84244 x 6)		
80417	Peripheral vein renin stimulation panel (eg, captopril) This panel must include the following:Renin (84244 x 2)		
80418	Combined rapid anterior pituitary evaluation panel This panel must include the following:Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) (82024 x 4)Luteinizing hormone (LH) (83002 x 4)Follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) (83001 x 4)Prolactin (84146 x 4)Human growth hormone (HGH) (83003 x 4)Cortisol (82533 x 4)Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) (84443 x 4)		
80420	Dexamethasone suppression panel, 48 hour This panel must include the following:Free cortisol, urine (82530 x 2)Cortisol (82533 x 2)Volume measurement for timed collection (81050 x 2)		
80422	Glucagon tolerance panel;for insulinoma This panel must include the following:Glucose (82947 x 3)Insulin (83525 x 3)		
80424	Glucagon tolerance panel; for pheochromocytoma This panel must include the following: Catecholamines, fractionated (82384 x 2)		
80426	Gonadotropin releasing hormone stimulation panel This panel must include the following: Follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) (83001 \times 4) Luteinizing hormone (LH) (83002 \times 4)		
81220	CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator) (eg, cystic fibrosis) gene analysis; common variants (eg, ACMG/ACOG guidelines)		
82670	Estradiol; total		
82671	Estrogens; fractionated		
82672	Estrogens; total		
82677	Estriol		
82679	Estrone		
83001	Gonadotropin; follicle stimulating hormone (FSH)		
83002	Gonadotropin; luteinizing hormone (LH)		
83498	Hydroxyprogesterone, 17-d		
84144	Progesterone		
84146	Prolactin		

84402	Testosterone; free	
84403	estosterone; total	
84443	Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH)	
84702	Gonadotropin, chorionic (hCG); quantitative	
84703	Gonadotropin, chorionic (hCG); qualitative	
86631	Antibody; Chlamydia	
86632	Antibody; Chlamydia, IgM	
86689	Antibody; HTLV or HIV antibody, confirmatory test (eg, Western Blot)	
86701	Antibody; HIV-1	
86702	Antibody; HIV-2	
86703	ntibody; HIV-1 and HIV-2, single result	
86704	depatitis B core antibody (HBcAb); total	
86705	lepatitis B core antibody (HBcAb); IgM antibody	
86706	Hepatitis B surface antibody (HBsAb)	
86762	Antibody; rubella	
86803	Hepatitis C antibody	
86804	Hepatitis C antibody; confirmatory test (eg, immunoblot)	
87110	Culture, chlamydia, any source	
87270	Infectious agent antigen detection by immunofluorescent technique; Chlamydia trachomatis	
87340	Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay technique, (eg, enzyme immunoassay [EIA], enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay [ELISA], immunochemiluminometric assay [IMCA]) qualitative or semiquantitative, multiple-step method; hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg)	
87341	Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay technique, (eg, enzyme immunoassay [EIA], enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay [ELISA], immunochemiluminometric assay [IMCA]) qualitative or semiquantitative, multiple-step method; hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) neutralization	
88261	Chromosome analysis; count 5 cells, 1 karyotype, with banding	
88262	Chromosome analysis; count 15-20 cells, 2 karyotypes, with banding	
88263	Chromosome analysis; count 45 cells for mosaicism, 2 karyotypes, with banding	

88264	Chromosome analysis; analyze 20-25 cells	
88280	Chromosome analysis; additional karyotypes, each study	
88283	Chromosome analysis; additional specialized banding technique (eg, NOR, C-banding)	
88285	Chromosome analysis; additional cells counted, each study	
88289	Chromosome analysis; additional high resolution study	
88364	In situ hybridization (eg, FISH), per specimen; each additional single probe stain procedure (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)	
88365	In situ hybridization (eg, FISH), per specimen; initial single probe stain procedure	
88366	n situ hybridization (eg, FISH), per specimen; each multiplex probe stain procedure	
89250	ulture of oocyte(s)/embryo(s), less than 4 days	
89251	Culture of oocyte(s)/embryo(s), less than 4 days; with co-culture of oocyte(s)/embryos	
89253	Assisted embryo hatching, microtechniques (any method)	
89254	Oocyte identification from follicular fluid	
89255	Preparation of embryo for transfer (any method)	
89257	Sperm identification from aspiration (other than seminal fluid)	
89260	Sperm isolation; simple prep (eg, sperm wash and swim-up) for insemination or diagnosis with semen analysis	
89261	Sperm isolation; complex prep (eg, Percoll gradient, albumin gradient) for insemination or diagnosis with semen analysis	
89264	Sperm identification from testis tissue, fresh or cryopreserved	
89268	Insemination of oocytes	
89272	Extended culture of oocyte(s)/embryo(s), 4-7 days	
89280	Assisted oocyte fertilization, microtechnique; less than or equal to 10 oocytes	
89281	Assisted oocyte fertilization, microtechnique; greater than 10 oocytes	
89300	Semen analysis; presence and/or motility of sperm including Huhner test (post coital)	
89310	Semen analysis; motility and count (not including Huhner test)	
89320	Semen analysis; volume, count, motility, and differential	

Semen analysis; sperm presence and motility of sperm, if performed Semen analysis; volume, count, motility, and differential using strict morphologic criteria (eg. Kruger) Sperm antibodies Sperm evaluation; hamster penetration test Sperm evaluation; cervical mucus penetration test, with or without spinnbarkeit test Sperm evaluation, for retrograde ejaculation, urine (sperm concentration, motility, and morphology, as indicated) Administration of hepatitis B vaccine Semen analysis; presence and/or motility of sperm excluding Huhner Hepatitis C antibody screening for individual at high risk and other covered indication(s) Injection, chorionic gonadotropin, per 1,000 USP units Injection, depo-estradiol cypionate, up to 5 mg Injection, dexamethasone acetate, 1 mg Injection, dexamethasone sodium phosphate, 1 mg Injection, estradiol valerate, up to 10 mg Injection, estradiol valerate, up to 10 mg Injection, gonadorelin HCI, per 100 mcg Injection, gonadorelin HCI, per 100 mcg Injection, progesterone, per 50 mg Jass Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU J7512 Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg J9218 Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg S0122 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, ganirelix acetate, 250 mcg		,		
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Sperm evaluation; hamster penetration test Sperm evaluation; cervical mucus penetration test, with or without spinnbarkeit test Sperm evaluation; cervical mucus penetration test, with or without spinnbarkeit test Sperm evaluation, for retrograde ejaculation, urine (sperm concentration, motility, and morphology, as indicated) Administration of hepatitis B vaccine Semen analysis; presence and/or motility of sperm excluding Huhner Hepatitis C antibody screening for individual at high risk and other covered indication(s) Injection, chorionic gonadotropin, per 1,000 USP units Injection, depo-estradiol cypionate, up to 5 mg Injection, dexamethasone acetate, 1 mg Injection, dexamethasone sodium phosphate, 1 mg Injection, estradiol valerate, up to 10 mg Injection, estradiol valerate, up to 10 mg Injection, estrogen conjugated, per 25 mg Injection, gonadorelin HCI, per 100 mcg Injection, progesterone, per 50 mg J3355 Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg J9218 Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg S0122 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	89322			
Sperm evaluation; cervical mucus penetration test, with or without spinnbarkeit test 89331 Sperm evaluation, for retrograde ejaculation, urine (sperm concentration, motility, and morphology, as indicated) G0010 Administration of hepatitis B vaccine G0027 Semen analysis; presence and/or motility of sperm excluding Huhner G0472 Hepatitis C antibody screening for individual at high risk and other covered indication(s) J0725 Injection, chorionic gonadotropin, per 1,000 USP units J1000 Injection, depo-estradiol cypionate, up to 5 mg J1094 Injection, dexamethasone acetate, 1 mg J1100 Injection, dexamethasone sodium phosphate, 1 mg J1100 Injection, estradiol valerate, up to 10 mg J1410 Injection, estrogen conjugated, per 25 mg J1620 Injection, gonadorelin HCI, per 100 mcg J2675 Injection, progesterone, per 50 mg J3355 Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU J7512 Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg J9218 Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg S0122 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	89325	Sperm antibodies		
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motility, and morphology, as indicated) G0010 Administration of hepatitis B vaccine G0027 Semen analysis; presence and/or motility of sperm excluding Huhner G0472 Hepatitis C antibody screening for individual at high risk and other covered indication(s) J0725 Injection, chorionic gonadotropin, per 1,000 USP units J1000 Injection, depo-estradiol cypionate, up to 5 mg J1094 Injection, dexamethasone acetate, 1 mg J1100 Injection, dexamethasone sodium phosphate, 1 mg J1380 Injection, estradiol valerate, up to 10 mg J1410 Injection, estrogen conjugated, per 25 mg J1620 Injection, gonadorelin HCI, per 100 mcg J2675 Injection, progesterone, per 50 mg J3355 Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU J7512 Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg J9218 Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg S0122 Injection, menotropins, 75 IU S0126 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	89330	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
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J1380 Injection, estradiol valerate, up to 10 mg J1410 Injection, estrogen conjugated, per 25 mg J1620 Injection, gonadorelin HCI, per 100 mcg J2675 Injection, progesterone, per 50 mg J3355 Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU J7512 Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg J9218 Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg S0122 Injection, menotropins, 75 IU S0126 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	J1094	Injection, dexamethasone acetate, 1 mg		
J1410 Injection, estrogen conjugated, per 25 mg J1620 Injection, gonadorelin HCI, per 100 mcg J2675 Injection, progesterone, per 50 mg J3355 Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU J7512 Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg J9218 Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg S0122 Injection, menotropins, 75 IU S0126 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	J1100	Injection, dexamethasone sodium phosphate, 1 mg		
J1620 Injection, gonadorelin HCI, per 100 mcg J2675 Injection, progesterone, per 50 mg J3355 Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU J7512 Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg J9218 Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg S0122 Injection, menotropins, 75 IU S0126 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	J1380	Injection, estradiol valerate, up to 10 mg		
J2675 Injection, progesterone, per 50 mg J3355 Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU J7512 Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg J9218 Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg S0122 Injection, menotropins, 75 IU S0126 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	J1410	Injection, estrogen conjugated, per 25 mg		
J3355 Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU J7512 Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg J9218 Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg S0122 Injection, menotropins, 75 IU S0126 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	J1620	Injection, gonadorelin HCI, per 100 mcg		
J7512 Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg J9218 Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg S0122 Injection, menotropins, 75 IU S0126 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	J2675	Injection, progesterone, per 50 mg		
J9218 Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg S0122 Injection, menotropins, 75 IU S0126 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	J3355	Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU		
S0122 Injection, menotropins, 75 IU S0126 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	J7512	Prednisone, immediate release or delayed release, oral, 1 mg		
S0126 Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	J9218	Leuprolide acetate, per 1 mg		
S0128 Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU	S0122	Injection, menotropins, 75 IU		
	S0126	Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU		
S0132 Injection, ganirelix acetate, 250 mcg	S0128	Injection, follitropin beta, 75 IU		
	S0132	Injection, ganirelix acetate, 250 mcg		

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S4011	In vitro fertilization; including but not limited to identification and incubation of mature oocytes, fertilization with sperm, incubation of embryo(s), and subsequent visualization for determination of development		
S4013	Complete cycle, gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT), case rate		
S4014	Complete cycle, zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT), case rate		
S4015	Complete in vitro fertilization cycle, not otherwise specified, case rate		
S4016	Frozen in vitro fertilization cycle, case rate		
S4017	Incomplete cycle, treatment cancelled prior to stimulation, case rate		
S4018	Frozen embryo transfer procedure cancelled before transfer, case rate		
S4020	In vitro fertilization procedure cancelled before aspiration, case rate		
S4021	In vitro fertilization procedure cancelled after aspiration, case rate		
S4022	Assisted oocyte fertilization, case rate		
S4023	Donor egg cycle, incomplete, case rate		
S4025	Donor services for in vitro fertilization (sperm or embryo), case rate		
S4026	Procurement of donor sperm from sperm bank		
S4028	Microsurgical epididymal sperm aspiration (MESA)		
S4030	Sperm procurement and cryopreservation services; initial visit		
S4031	Sperm procurement and cryopreservation services; subsequent visit		
S4035	Stimulated intrauterine insemination (IUI), case rate		
S4037	Cryopreserved embryo transfer, case rate		
S4042	Management of ovulation induction (interpretation of diagnostic tests and studies, nonface-to-face medical management of the patient), per cycle		
Table 2	Table 2		
ICD-10 codes cons	ICD-10 codes considered medically necessary with Table 1 codes if criteria are met:		
Code	Description		
E29.1	Testicular hypofunction		
186.1	Scrotal Varices (Varicocele)		
N53.11	Retarded ejaculation		
N53.12	Painful ejaculation		

N53.13	Anejaculatory orgasm	
N53.14	Retrograde ejaculation	
N46.0 - N46.9	Male Infertility	
N97.0 - N97.9	Female infertility	
Q55.4	Other congenital malformations of vas deferens, epididymis, seminal vesicles and prostate	
R86.4	Abnormal immunological findings in specimens from male genital organs	
R86.5	Abnormal microbiological findings in specimens from male genital organs	
R86.9	Unspecified abnormal finding in specimens from male genital organs	
Z31.41	Encounter for fertility testing	
Z31.7	Encounter for procreative management and counseling for gestational carrier	
Z31.83	Encounter for assisted reproductive fertility procedure cycle	
Z31.89	Encounter for other procreative management	
Table 3		
ICD-10 codes not	considered medically necessary with Table 1 codes:	
Code	Description	
N92.4	Excessive bleeding in the premenopausal period	
N95.0 - N95.9	Menopausal and other perimenopausal disorders	
Q50.02	Congenital absence of ovary, bilateral	
Q55.0	Absence and aplasia of testis	
Z31.0	Encounter for reversal of previous sterilization	
Z78.0	Asymptomatic menopausal state	
Z79.890	Hormone replacement therapy (postmenopausal)	
Z98.51	Tubal ligation status	
Z98.52	Vasectomy status	

Table 4 -	Fertility	Preservation
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CPT/HCPCS codes considered medically necessary if clinical criteria are met:	
Code	Description
57520	Conization of cervix, with or without fulguration, with or without dilation and curettage, with or without repair; cold knife or laser
57522	Conization of cervix, with or without fulguration, with or without dilation and curettage, with or without repair; loop electrode excision
57530	Trachelectomy (cervicectomy), amputation of cervix (separate procedure)
57531	Radical trachelectomy, with bilateral total pelvic lymphadenectomy and para-aortic lymph node sampling biopsy, with or without removal of tube(s), with or without removal of ovary(s)
58323	Sperm washing for artificial insemination
58970	Follicle puncture for oocyte retrieval, any method
89254	Oocyte identification from follicular fluid
89257	Sperm identification from aspiration (other than seminal fluid)
89258	Cryopreservation; embryo(s)
89259	Cryopreservation; sperm
89260	Sperm isolation; simple prep (eg, sperm wash and swim-up) for insemination or diagnosis with semen analysis
89261	Sperm isolation; complex prep (eg, Percoll gradient, albumin gradient) for insemination or diagnosis with semen analysis
89264	Sperm identification from testis tissue, fresh or cryopreserved
89300	Semen analysis; presence and/or motility of sperm including Huhner test (post coital)
89310	Semen analysis; motility and count (not including Huhner test)
89320	Semen analysis; volume, count, motility, and differential
89321	Semen analysis; sperm presence and motility of sperm, if performed
89322	Semen analysis; volume, count, motility, and differential using strict morphologic criteria (eg, Kruger)
89325	Sperm antibodies
89329	Sperm evaluation; hamster penetration test
89330	Sperm evaluation; cervical mucus penetration test, with or without spinnbarkeit test

89331	Sperm evaluation, for retrograde ejaculation, urine (sperm concentration, motility, and morphology, as indicated)
89337	Cryopreservation, mature oocyte(s)
89342	Storage (per year); embryo(s)
89343	Storage (per year); sperm/semen
89344	Storage (per year); reproductive tissue, testicular/ovarian
89346	Storage (per year); oocyte(s)
89352	Thawing of cryopreserved; embryo(s)
89353	Thawing of cryopreserved; Sperm/Semen, Each Aliquot
89354	Thawing of cryopreserved; reproductive tissue, testicular/ovarian
89356	Thawing of cryopreserved; oocytes, each aliquot
89398	 Unlisted reproductive medicine laboratory procedure <u>Due to the broad nature of this code and lack of specificity in certain scenarios, clarification is provided below:</u> When this code is billed for ovarian reproductive tissue, it is considered medically necessary
J0725	Injection, chorionic gonadotropin, per 1,000 USP units
J1000	Injection, depo-estradiol cypionate, up to 5 mg
J1094	Injection, dexamethasone acetate, 1 mg
J1380	Injection, estradiol valerate, up to 10 mg
J1410	Injection, estrogen conjugated, per 25 mg
J3355	Injection, urofollitropin, 75 IU
S0122	Injection, menotropins, 75 IU
S0126	Injection, follitropin alfa, 75 IU
S0132	Injection, ganirelix acetate 250 mcg
S4027	Storage of previously frozen embryos
S4030	Sperm procurement and cryopreservation services; initial visit
S4031	Sperm procurement and cryopreservation services; subsequent visit
S4040	Monitoring and storage of cryopreserved embryos, per 30 days
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S4042	Management of ovulation induction (interpretation of diagnostic tests and studies, nonface-to-face medical management of the patient), per cycle	
Table 5		
ICD-10 codes considered medically necessary with Table 4 codes include but are not limited to the following (please see the member's plan benefit for fertility preservation related to gender-affirming procedures and hormone therapy):		
Code	Description	
C00.0 - D49	Neoplasms	
D27.0	Benign neoplasm of right ovary	
D27.1	Benign neoplasm of left ovary	
D39.10 - D39.12	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of ovary	
D40.10 - D40.12	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of testis	
N70.01 - N70.03	Acute salpingitis and oophoritis	
N70.11 - N70.13	Chronic salpingitis and oophoritis	
N83.511 - N83.519	Torsion of ovary and ovarian pedicle	
Z31.62	Encounter for fertility preservation counseling	
Z31.84	Encounter for fertility preservation procedure	

Table 6		
CPT/HCPCS codes considered experimental or investigational for infertility:		
Code	Description	
0664T	Donor hysterectomy (including cold preservation); open, from cadaver donor	
0665T	Donor hysterectomy (including cold preservation); open, from living donor	
0666T	Donor hysterectomy (including cold preservation); laparoscopic or robotic, from living donor	
0667T	Donor hysterectomy (including cold preservation); recipient uterus allograft transplantation from cadaver or living donor	
0668T	Backbench standard preparation of cadaver or living donor uterine allograft prior to transplantation, including dissection and removal of surrounding soft tissues and preparation of uterine vein(s) and uterine artery(ies), as necessary	

	Packbanch reconstruction of endavor or living departutories allograft arises to
0669T	Backbench reconstruction of cadaver or living donor uterus allograft prior to transplantation; venous anastomosis, each
0670T	Backbench reconstruction of cadaver or living donor uterus allograft prior to transplantation; arterial anastomosis, each
10004	Fine needle aspiration of additional lesion
10005	Fine needle aspiration of first lesion using ultrasound guidance
10006	Fine needle aspiration of additional lesion using ultrasound guidance
10007	Fine needle aspiration of first lesion using fluoroscopic guidance
10008	Fine needle aspiration of additional lesion using fluoroscopic guidance
10009	Fine needle aspiration of first lesion using CT guidance
10010	Fine needle aspiration of additional lesion using CT guidance
10011	Fine needle aspiration of first lesion using MR guidance
10012	Fine needle aspiration of additional lesion using MR guidance
10021	Fine needle aspiration; without imaging guidance
43631	Gastrectomy, partial, distal; with gastroduodenostomy
43632	Gastrectomy, partial, distal; with gastrojejunostomy
43633	Gastrectomy, partial, distal; with Roux-en-Y reconstruction
43634	Gastrectomy, partial, distal; with formation of intestinal pouch
43635	Vagotomy when performed with partial distal gastrectomy (List separately in addition to code[s] for primary procedure)
43644	Laparoscopy, surgical, gastric restrictive procedure; with gastric bypass and Roux-en-Y gastroenterostomy (roux limb 150 cm or less)
43645	Laparoscopy, surgical, gastric restrictive procedure; with gastric bypass and small intestine reconstruction to limit absorption
43770	Laparoscopy, surgical, gastric restrictive procedure; placement of adjustable gastric restrictive device (eg, gastric band and subcutaneous port components)
43771	Laparoscopy, surgical, gastric restrictive procedure; revision of adjustable gastric restrictive device component only
43772	Laparoscopy, surgical, gastric restrictive procedure; removal of adjustable gastric restrictive device component only
43773	Laparoscopy, surgical, gastric restrictive procedure; removal and replacement of adjustable gastric restrictive device component only

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43774	Laparoscopy, surgical, gastric restrictive procedure; removal of adjustable gastric restrictive device and subcutaneous port components
43775	Laparoscopy, surgical, gastric restrictive procedure; longitudinal gastrectomy (ie, sleeve gastrectomy)
43842	Gastric restrictive procedure, without gastric bypass, for morbid obesity; vertical-banded gastroplasty
43843	Gastric restrictive procedure, without gastric bypass, for morbid obesity; other than vertical-banded gastroplasty
43845	Gastric restrictive procedure with partial gastrectomy, pylorus-preserving duodenoileostomy and ileoileostomy (50 to 100 cm common channel) to limit absorption (biliopancreatic diversion with duodenal switch)
43846	Gastric restrictive procedure, with gastric bypass for morbid obesity; with short limb (150 cm or less) Roux-en-Y gastroenterostomy
43847	Gastric restrictive procedure, with gastric bypass for morbid obesity; with small intestine reconstruction to limit absorption
43848	Revision, open, of gastric restrictive procedure for morbid obesity, other than adjustable gastric restrictive device (separate procedure)
43886	Gastric restrictive procedure, open; revision of subcutaneous port component only
43887	Gastric restrictive procedure, open; removal of subcutaneous port component only
43888	Gastric restrictive procedure, open; removal and replacement of subcutaneous port component only
82626	Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA)
86357	Natural killer (NK) cells, total count
89240	Unlisted miscellaneous pathology test • Due to the broad nature of this code and lack of specificity in certain scenarios, clarification is provided below: • When this code is billed for perm DNA fragmentation testing, it is considered experimental/investigational
89335	Cryopreservation, reproductive tissue, testicular
89398	Unlisted reproductive medicine laboratory procedure • <u>Due to the broad nature of this code and lack of specificity in certain scenarios, clarification is provided below:</u> • When this code is billed for cryopreservation of immature oocytes or hyaluronan binding assay, it is considered experimental/investigational

97810	Acupuncture, 1 or more needles; without electrical stimulation, initial 15 minutes of personal one-on-one contact with the patient
97811	Acupuncture, 1 or more needles; without electrical stimulation, each additional 15 minutes of personal one-on-one contact with the patient, with re-insertion of needle(s)
97813	Acupuncture, 1 or more needles; with electrical stimulation, initial 15 minutes of personal one-on-one contact with the patient
97814	Acupuncture, 1 or more needles; with electrical stimulation, each additional 15 minutes of personal one-on-one contact with the patient, with re-insertion of needle(s)
S9558	Home injectable therapy; growth hormone, including administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem

References

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