#### AHA CODING CLINIC CORNER

Third Quarter 2020, pg 45 Fourth Quarter 2017, pg 20 Fourth Quarter 2016, pg 51

# oscar

# **CLINICAL DOCUMENTATION**

# Pregnancy: Fetal Health

Pregnancy complications related to fetal health includes confirmed or suspected damage to the fetus that alter the management and care of the mother. Malpositions, abnormal growth or heart rhythms, congenital conditions, malformations or abnormalities, and other problems in the fetus are some of the conditions that may warrant the additional care.

# ICD-10 CODES

		O35.4XX-	damage
Fina	I digit for codes below represents the fetus number	O35.5XX-	damage
		O35.6XX-	damage
): SIngle : Fetus	e gestation only 4: Fetus 4 5: Fetus 5	O35.7XX-	damage
Fetus	9: Other Fetus	O35.8XX-	other fet
Fetus	3	O36.011-	anti-D [F
aternal	care for:	O36.012-	anti-D [F
32.0XX-	fetal unstable lie	O36.013-	anti-D [F
32.1XX-	fetal breech presentation	O36.091-	other rhe
32.2XX-	fetal transverse and oblique lie	O36.092-	other rhe
32.3XX-	fetal face, brow and chin presentation	O36.093-	other rhe
32.4XX-	fetal high head at term	O36.111-	Anti-A se
32.6XX-	fetal compound presentation	O36.112-	Anti-A s
32.8XX-	fetal other malpresentation of fetus	O36.113-	Anti-A s
32.9XX-	malpresentation of fetus, unspecified	O36.191-	other isc
33.5XX-	disproportion due to unusually large fetus	O36.192-	other isc
33.6XX-	disproportion due to hydrocephalic fetus	O36.192-	other isc
33.7XX-	disproportion due to other fetal deformities	O36.21X-	
35.00X-	CNS malformation or damage in fetus, unspecified	O36.21X-	hydrops
35.00X- 35.01X-	fetal agenesis of the corpus callosum		hydrops
35.01X- 35.02X-		O36.23X-	hydrops
	fetal abassid playus syste	O36.4XX-	intraute
85.03X-	fetal choroid plexus cysts	O36.511-	placenta
35.04X-	fetal encephalocele	O36.512-	placenta
35.05X-	fetal holoprosencephaly	O36.513-	placenta
35.06X-	fetal hydrocephaly	O36.591-	poor feta
35.07X-	fetal microcephaly	O36.592-	poor feta
35.08X0-	fetal spina bifida	O36.593-	poor feta
35.09X-	other CNS malformation or damage in fetus	O36.61X-	excessiv
35.10X-	chromosomal abnormality in fetus, unspecified	O36.62X-	excessiv
35.11X-	fetal Trisomy 13	O36.63X-	excessiv
35.12X-	fetal Trisomy 18	O36.71X-	viable fe
35.13X-	fetal Trisomy 21	O36.72X-	viable fe
35.14X-	fetal Turner Syndrome	O36.73X-	viable fe
35.15X-	fetal sex chromosome abnormality	O36.80X-	Pregnan
35.19X-	other fetal chromosomal abnormality	O36.812-	Decreas
35.AXX-	fetal facial anomalies	O36.812-	Decreas
35.BXX-	fetal cardiac anomalies	O36.821-	Fetal and
35.CXX-	fetal pulmonary anomalies		
35.CXX-	fetal gastrointestinal anomalies	O36.822-	Fetal and
	9	O36.823-	Fetal and
35.EXX-	fetal genitourinary anomalies	O36.831-	fetal hea
35.FXX-	fetal musculoskeletal anomalies of trunk	O36.832-	fetal hea
35.GXX-	fetal upper extremities anomalies	O36.833-	fetal hea
35.HXX-	fetal lower extremities anomalies	O36.891-	other sp
35.2XX-	hereditary disease in fetus	O36.892-	other sp
35.3XX-	damage to fetus from viral disease in mother	O36.893-	other sp



#### CLINICAL DOCUMENTATION

#### **DOCUMENTATION ACRONYMS**

# **DEEP Diagnosis Elements**

Include elements of DEEP in documentation to clinically support a pregnancy and fetal health.

**Diagnosis:** Pregnancy

**Evidence:** 33 y.o F presents for 37 week, 5 days gestation based on LMP, US today shows single gestation in breech position, noted possible fetal syntactyly on rt toes

**Evaluation:** Pregnancy, third trimester, with single breech gestation, noted fetal syndactyly rt foot

Plan: Return in 1 week to monitor fetal positioning, to discuss options for delivery if still breech

# **Final Assessment Details**

Include DSP for each addressed condition impacting treatment and patient care.

# Diagnosis:

### **Pregnancy**

- Weeks gestation
- LMP, EDD

# Status:

### Fetal Complications

· Specific complication

### Plan:

- Complication management
- Symptom management
- Pregnancy monitoring

\*\*Many fetal complications in pregnancy are considered suspected based on limited information during pregnancy. On the maternal record these should be treated as present and active, and coded and documented as such because they are necessitating additional care of the pregnancy and cannot be confirmed with certainty until delivery.

# **BEST PRACTICES & TIPS**

- **Specificity is key!** Always indicate the weeks gestation, estimated delivery date, any complications, and use verbiage to represent the expected outcome of the pregnancy.
- Fetal complications in pregnancy should **always include DEEP elements** to show **clinical evidence** of the conditions that warrant additional maternal care. Incorporate history, tests, imaging, signs and symptoms and document any and all associated treatments.
- When documenting a pregnancy be sure to **document all factors** to get a complete picture of the patients' health status.
- Avoid using uncertain terms for present and active pregnancy which include: probable, suspected, likely, questionable, possible, still to be ruled out, compatible with, or consistent with



For more resources go to:

HIOSCAR.COM/PROVIDERS/RESOURCES