

For COVID-19 Business Support Fund Service Eligibility, please return to the main RBP website

Management Capability Development Fund Service Eligibility Guidelines

December 2017.

SERVICE ELIGIBILITY

Services that are Eligible for registration are training services that are delivered to Business Owners and / or managers that will improve the management capability with in the business.

Vouchers may be provided to business owners to enable them to access eligible services that can fulfil a management skill gap identified by the RBP Growth Advisor.

Service types that are NOT eligible for the voucher funding are:

- Consultancy Services (where work is being undertaken by the provider)
- Conferences and Seminars
- Staff and Industry Training. (Vocational or Technical)
- Services offered outside New Zealand.
- Services already subsidised through other Government Funding

Services covering the following subjects may qualify for the Voucher Funding.

MARKETING STRATEGIES	BUSINESS PLANNING
Marketing planning	Goals
Market research	Vision/Mission
Competitive advantage	Growth strategies
Market targeting/segmentation	SWOT analysis
Promotion/lead generation techniques	Competitive advantage/opportunity
Sales strategies	Targets
Branding	Operational and action plans
Client management	CAPITAL RAISING
Pricing for market	Introduction to Capital Raising
Consumer rights	Getting Business Investor Ready
E-commerce	Pitching to Potential Investors
	Completing the Deal
BUSINESS SYSTEMS	FINANCE
Information and financial systems	Financial reports & ratios
Record keeping	Costing and pricing
Organisational efficiency	Budgeting and cash flow planning
Operational systems and procedures	Taxation
E-commerce E-commerce	Credit/debt management
Benchmarking	
Distribution	

BUSINESS SUSTAINABILITY MANAGING RESOURCES What is sustainability? HR planning Factors in creating a sustainable business Recruitment Understanding the implications of your business Motivation choices Leadership/managing people Benefits of sustainability Performance appraisals Customer expectations Conflict resolution Financial cost-benefits **Employment compliance** Reduction strategies Health and safety Procurement selection Time management Business culture Intellectual Property protection Leveraging stakeholders/relationships **GOVERNANCE** Business excellence Obligation under the Companies Act Roles and Responsibilities Benchmarking Governance Documents Business resource planning Legal Structure E-commerce Project management **LEAN MANUFACTURING / BUSINESS EXPORT OPERATIONS** Are you ready for exporting? Introduction to lean manufacturing Principles Getting started in exporting Benefits and pitfalls of lean manufacturing Planning for export success Lean manufacturing process Market entry strategies Lean tools and methods Market research Measurement International sales and negotiation Implementation of lean Exporting online Supporting systems and activities for lean Tender and proposal writing

Eligible Training Topics - Topic definition

BUSINESS PLANNING

- Goals goal setting, planning personal growth and business development.
- Vision/Mission
- Growth Strategies and Strategic Planning
- SWOT Analysis
- **Competitive Advantage/Opportunity** competitor analysis, identifying key selling proposition and competitive advantage.

Trade fairs

- Targets setting realistic and measurable targets, ratios and benchmarking.
- **Action/Operational Plans** developing action plans (human resources, marketing, production, finance, innovation plans) to achieve targets.

MARKETING STRATEGIES

- Marketing Planning developing a marketing plan, setting marketing budgets, measuring results.
- **Market Research and Planning** benefits and methods of market research, analysis of results, product/service development and innovation.
- Competitive Advantage identifying, developing, leveraging and sustaining competitive advantage.
- Market Targeting/Segmentation selection of target markets, customer profiling, developing specific marketing tactics for target markets.

- **Promotion/Lead Generation Techniques** Promotional planning, setting promotional budgets, promotional strategies include personal selling, direct mail, email, website promotions, publicity, public relations, sales promotions, word-of-mouth, advertising etc.
- Sales Strategies selling skills and techniques.
- Branding developing and maintaining a strong brand, using branding to add value to a business.
- Client Management Creating, maintaining and enhancing strong relationships with customers and other stakeholders.
- **Pricing for Market** pricing strategies, discussion of external factors that impact on pricing decisions e.g. the nature of the market, demand, competition, and other environmental considerations.
- Consumer Rights relevant legislation e.g. The Fair Trading Act, The Consumer Guarantees Act, Standards.
- E-commerce e-marketing, strategic use of websites, the Internet and other technology as marketing tools e.g. better communications, improved market research, lower costs and greater customer convenience.

FINANCE

- **Financial Reports and Ratios** layman's understanding of financial reports (i.e. balance sheet, profit and loss) and ratios to facilitate decision making and understanding of the key drivers of profitability.
- Costing and Pricing understanding fixed and variable costs, how to calculate product or service costings, understanding and calculating breakeven, determining the most profitable areas, setting prices.
- **Budgeting and Cash Flow Planning** preparing budgets and cash flow forecasts, setting and managing financial targets.
- **Taxation** types of tax e.g. Provisional and Terminal, GST, PAYE, and FBT; basis of calculation and payment. Reviewing business structure to minimise tax obligations.
- Credit/Debt Management management of debtors and creditors to maintain liquidity, tips for debt collection. This topic needs to draw attention to the need to monitor, encourage good habits of chasing debts and longer term planning and matching of cash needs with cash resources.

BUSINESS SYSTEMS

- **Information and Financial Systems** increasing organisational efficiency, identifying information types, databases, financial systems, storage media, tracking data through processes, managing data, tracking manual and electronic information flows, flow analysis and re-engineering.
- **Record Keeping** processes and procedures for organising, processing and storing business related data relevant to an organisation.
- **Organisational Efficiency** setting up efficient office systems, reducing businesses costs through effective business systems, improving workflow, information technology.
- **Operational Systems and Procedures** identifying, setting up and documenting organisation procedures, retaining "in head" procedures when key staff exit the organisation.
- **E-commerce** on-line trading, e-business applications, b-2-b/b-2-c commerce, integration of backroom systems with front-end.
- Benchmarking the systematic and continuous process of identifying, learning and adapting best
 practices from national and international businesses in the same industry in order to help a business
 improve its business performance.
- **Distribution** best ways to store, handle and move products and services so that they are available to customers at the right time and in the right place.

MANAGING RESOURCES

- HR Planning identifying the human resource requirements e.g. organisational design, capacity and staff contingency, skill planning, current staff skill sets, future staffing needs and recruitment and succession planning.
- **Recruitment** job analysis to determine type of person and skill level required; methods of recruitment; interviewing techniques; selection testing; reference and background checking; induction programmes and early review for new recruits; employment law relating to recruitment.
- **Motivation** how different people are motivated, systems for dealing with those differences, coordination of performance measurement and motivation levels, how business culture can impact on productivity and staff morale and what can be done to influence this.
- **Leadership/Managing People** attributes of good leaders, effective communication, directing, coaching, supporting and delegating to improve the performance of the business.
- **Performance appraisals** systems to measure competency, provide feedback to staff/management, have performance improvement as an outcome, reward performance, facilitate career development and focus the employees on those tasks which are strategically important to the business.
- Conflict Resolution tools and techniques to identify and manage conflict in the workplace.
- **Employment Compliance** employer obligations when employing people, including PAYE (registration, making payments, completing forms), ACC (registration, earner premium, employee premium, and residual levy), the Human Rights Act and the Employment Relations Act.
- **Health and Safety** creating a healthy and safe working environment, including discussion of the Health and Safety in Employment Act, creating and implementing a health and safety plan.
- Time Management a framework for delegation, short-term goal setting and prioritising work.
- Intellectual Property Protection Understanding what intellectual property is, what can be legally protected (copyright, trademarks, patents, registered designs, licenses), how to go about it and costs, non-legal forms of intellectual property protection and formulating your intellectual property strategy.
- Leveraging Stakeholders/Relationships recognising key stakeholders (customer; supplier; community; industry); understanding the relationship that exists with each and how that relationship can be strategically leveraged to create win-win partnerships.
- **Business Excellence** strategy for producing goods or services which meet or exceed the required standards of quality, timing, quantity, consistency and cost, relative to market expectations.
- **Business Resource Planning** capacity planning, production scheduling, equipment requirements, plant layout, material requirements and suppliers, inventory control and quality control requirements.
- **E-commerce** harnessing e-commerce tools to build on and/or maintain the sustainable competitive advantage of your business. Understand the different types of e-commerce, the benefits to be achieved using e-commerce and the costs involved.

GOVERNANCE

- Obligations under the Companies Act
- Roles and Responsibilities— for Directors, Board Members, Trustees
- Governance Documents
- Legal Structure

EXPORTING

- **Are you Ready for Exporting?** why export, overview of the practical side to exporting: freight, finance, pricing, foreign exchange, documentation, terms of sale; an overview of the strategic side: research, marketing, promotion and market entry strategies.
- **Getting Started in Exporting** the export process, strategic market selection and research, freight, finance and documentation, determining the best market entry strategy, selecting the right business partner, intellectual property and branding, pricing for export, developing promotional tactics, emarketing, making the sales pitch, and export planning.
- **Planning for Export Success** strategic market selection, market research, intellectual property protection, pricing and marketing.
- Market Entry Strategies market entry options: direct marketing, distributors and agents, strategic
 alliances, joint venture partners, contract manufacture, sale of technology, licensing, franchising, setting
 up an overseas office, and overlapping models. How to build effective relationships with offshore
 partners, choosing the right partner, achieving a win/win relationship, agreements and contracts, and
 measuring your partner's performance.
- Market Research how to develop a brief and framework to undertake market research, reliable and informative sources of information and resources, using research information as part of your export marketing plan.
- International Sales and Negotiation understanding the sales process and buyer motives, developing
 your sales pitch and point of difference, presenting a strong business case, effective presentation
 techniques, handling objections, sharpening negotiation skills, closing the deal.
- **Exporting Online** The reasons for exporting online, defining your target audience/customer, developing an internet strategy, the components of an effective website, key internationalisation issues including tariffs, language and getting paid, marketing your website and system security.
- **Tender and Proposal Writing** developing tactics for smart tender selection, where to find tender/proposal opportunities, understanding the purchasing process, writing powerful proposals, developing strategies to put the bid with strategic partners, review process to learn from previous tenders.
- **Trade Fairs** integrating trade fairs into your promotional mix, setting specific objectives, knowing your target market, getting on your target market's "must see list", handling booth traffic, effective lead gathering and follow up.

BUSINESS SUSTAINABILITY

- What is Sustainability? Economic, social and environmental sustainability.
- Factors in Creating a Sustainable Business Making sustainability part of your vision. Leader's commitment to sustainability. Choice and use of resources that ensure the most effective use of resources. Business systems and processes that support the most efficient and effective use of key resources. Consideration of external accreditation to verify business practices and operations.
- Understanding the Implications of your Business Choices Sustainability is incorporated into the
 design of products or services, their manufacture or delivery, and the business takes responsibility for
 the whole of the life cycle.
- Benefits of Sustainability cost savings, competitive edge, brand/marketing benefits, environmental, social/community.
- **Customer Expectations** understanding customer expectations, emerging niches, trends, leveraging your sustainability, accreditation programmes.
- Financial Cost-Benefits analysing the financial impact of sustainability.
- Reduction Strategies waste reduction, reducing or switching resources, cost of waste vs. cost of disposal, reuse and/or recycling,

- Procurement selection supplier sustainability practices and credentials and raw material sustainability.
- **Business culture** people and communities are invested in and staff behaviours reinforcing sustainability are supported. Regular communication and feedback on progress towards sustainability.

LEAN MANUFACTURING / BUSINESS OPERATIONS

- Introduction to Lean Manufacturing Principles the systematic approach to eliminating waste from processes so that every part of the process adds value to the customer. Identification of activities or work that are: value adding, non value adding, waste.
- Benefits and Pitfalls of Lean Manufacturing
- **Lean Manufacturing Process** specify value, identify value stream and eliminate waste, create flow, create pull (produce only what is needed when requested), aim for perfection.
- **Lean Tools and Methods** including: value stream mapping, continuous improvement, pull (kanban), flow, total productive maintenance, quality at source, points of use, quick changeover (SMED), standardised work, batch reduction, teams, 5S, visual management, plant layout, poka-yoke.
- Measurement define lean measures, measure, analyse, improve, control.
- **Implementation of Lean** determining the scope, project management structure, responsibilities and accountabilities, integrating and aligning the teams, documentation, communication.
- Supporting Systems and Activities for Lean

CAPITAL RAISING

- **Introduction to Capital Raising –** provides an overview of the capital raising process, the types and sources of finance, how investors work and what they are looking for, determining if a business is investment ready, sources of assistance.
- **Getting Companies Investor Ready** preparing the business case, valuing a business, legal implications of raising funds, Securities Act and exemptions.
- **Pitching to Potential Investors** finding an investor, the deal process and timetable, information investors will require, the importance of the pitch, tools for creating succinct pitches.
- Completing the Deal due diligence, the negotiation process, key legal agreements.