Childbirth Preparation One Day Class
Morning Session Sharp Mary Birch Hospital for Women & Newborns
SHARP

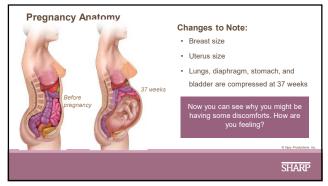
Housekeeping

- For a more interactive class we strongly encourage you to leave your cameras on
 Minimize distractions

- Minimize distractions
 We encourage you to use the chat box feature. There will be plenty of opportunities to ask your questions.
 Please mute your microphone
 Be sure your computer/phone is charged.
 Breaks
 Class materials







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What is Pre-Labor?

- Let's you know that your body is getting ready for labor
- Occurs at any time from a month before labor until the onset of labor
- Does not mean that labor is starting



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Signs Labor Is Near

- Braxton-Hicks/warm-up contractions
 Lightening
- Release of the mucous plug
 Nesting
 Weight loss (1 to 3 pounds)
 Increased backache

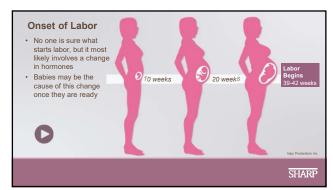
- Diarrhea





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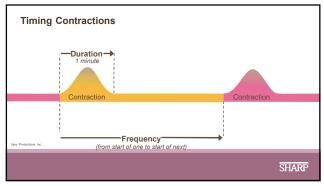


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Warm-Up Contractions	True Contractions	
Tighten portions of the uterus	Eventually tighten the entire uterus	
Have no regular pattern	Grow closer together	
Don't usually cause back pressure	Usually cause lower back and/or belly pressure	
Ease up over time	Last longer over time	
May stop with a change in activity like rest, walking, or taking a warm bath	Do not stop with a change in activity and walking makes them stronger	
Lose intensity over time	Become stronger over time	
Do not cause the cervix to change	Cause the cervix to thin and open	

Water Breaks • Water breaking is the first sign of labor in about 10% of births • Water may release in a trickle or a gush Call your healthcare provider to report the: Color Odor Amount Time

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COVID-19 Visitation Restrictions

- Patient COVID testing Current Policy
- TriageLabor &Delivery
- PostpartumScreeningDuring your stay

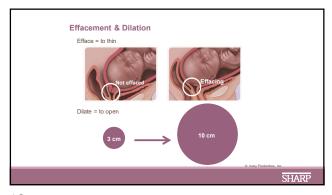


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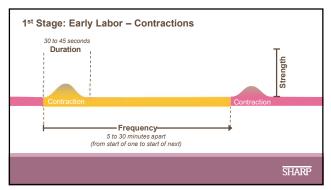
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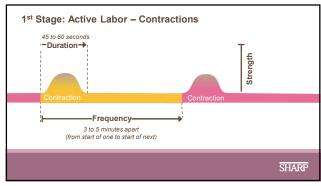


Early Labor Activities

- Rest or sleep
- · Diversions (music, TV, cards)
- Eat lightly
- Drink fluids
- Take a walk
- Shower or bath (call caregiver first if you think your bag of waters is broken!)

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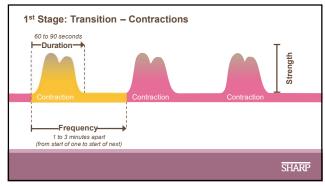


Active Labor Activities

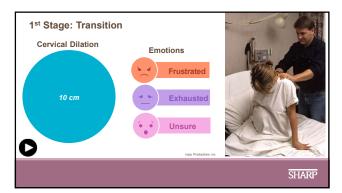
- Shower
- Massage
- Diversions (music, TV, cards)
- Upright positions like the birthing ball
- Breathing & relaxation techniques
- · Ice chips
- Take a walk if not medicated

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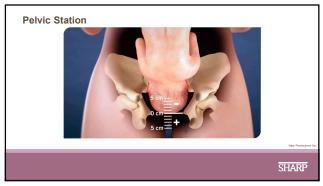


Transition Labor Activities

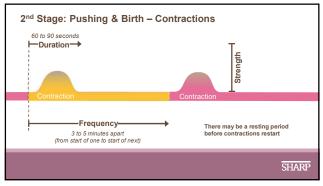
- Diversions
- Upright positions
- Breathing techniques
- Ice chips
- Shower if not medicated
- Eye contact
- Firm, simple directions

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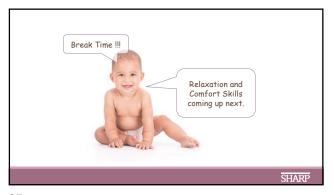


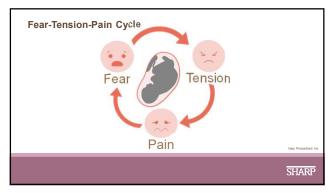
Review of Two Birth Stories	
Similarities	Differences
They both felt informed	One had a medicated birth vs an unmedicated birth
They established their birth preferences	Esmeralda used doulas
They each had support person/people	They used different types of labor and pushing positions
They used some of the same coping techniques (movement, peanut ball, etc.)	Their labors were different lengths
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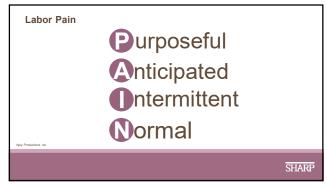


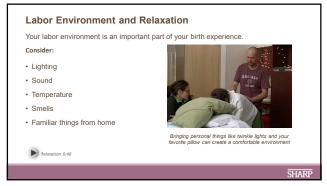












Massage

- · Relieves tension
- Brings oxygen to your muscles
- Find out what kind of touch feels best and where the massage is most helpful
- Some people are too sensitive to be touched during labor. That's OK! Honor your body and what works for you.



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Breathing

- Breathe in and out through your nose or mouth, or use a combination of both
- Begin and end with a cleansing breath
- Use breathing exercises anytime during labor

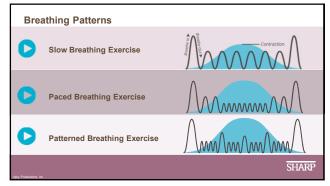




There's no "right way" to breathe

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Labor Positions Help a baby descend and turn into a more optimal position for birth Cause more efficient contractions Reduce the pain of contractions Help mom actively participate in her labor Provide a change of pace This upright position allows the baby to move



Suggest a variety of comfort measures (try one at a time) Rest when you can Nourish yourself Be the link between medical staff and Mom Don't take things personally	
Birth Companions 0:49	Find what works best for Mom
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Tips for Long Labor

- Rest if you can
 Change positions
 Change the atmosphere or environment
- Stay hydrated and nourished
- Support people may need a break; consider a back-up person
- Try new techniques



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After Lunch:

- Hospital Procedures
 Medications

- Unexpected Outcomes
 Cesarean
 Postpartum Recovery
 Newborn Procedures

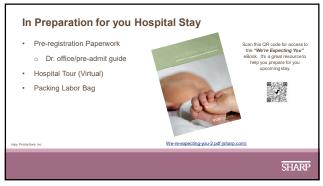


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Birth Preferences Plan Is a flexible roadmap of your desired labor and birth experience	
Birth Preference Ideas Who will be my support team? What positions and comfort rechniques would I like to use? Do I want to use pain medication? Will I breastfeed? What about circumcision and other newborn procedures?	



5

Informed Consent

- What is the reason for this procedure?
- What does the procedure involve?
- What are the risks or side effects associated with this procedure?
- What is the next step if the procedure fails?
- What are the natural alternatives to the procedure, including waiting?
- What are the risks associated with waiting or trying other alternatives?

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Induction of Labor

Starting contractions by artificial means to cause

Reasons to Induce:

- Pregnancy continues past the due date
- Your health or the baby's health is at risk
- Your water breaks and contractions do not start

If your body is already close to starting labor, there might be some nonmedical alternatives you can try.



Ask questions and discuss any concerns

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Induction & Augmentation Methods





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Induction of Labor

What Week is Considered Safe to Have Your Baby?

Greater than 39 weeks

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In the Last Few Weeks of Pregnancy

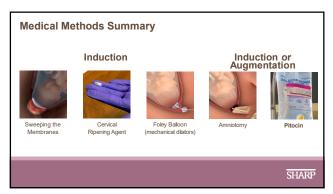
- Important organs are still developing and growing
- Your baby's hearing and vision are still developing
- During the last 6 weeks of pregnancy your baby's brain almost doubles in size

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IV Fluids

- Help maintain adequate blood pressure if anesthesia is used
- · Deliver Pitocin, antibiotics, or other medicines if needed
- Prevent or treat dehydration

Sip water or suck ice chips to help prevent dehydration!



A saline lock prepares you for an IV, but allows you to move around

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Monitoring

- Fetal monitoring is commonly used during labor
- External monitors track fetal heart rate changes and contraction patterns
- There are 2 types of internal monitors:

 - IUPC used for contraction monitoring
 Scalp electrode used for fetal heart-rate monitoring





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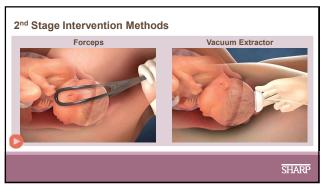
2nd Stage Interventions

- Assist the baby through the birth canal if the birthing person cannot push effectively
- Used if the baby needs to be born quickly

Using upright pushing positions and following your body's natural pushing urges may reduce your need for these interventions.



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Episiotomy

- Increases the size of the vaginal opening at birth
- A local anesthetic is injected before the procedure
- Does not substantially shorten the birth of the head
- The incision becomes infected more often, is more painful, and may extend farther than a natural tear



The episiotomy incision will either be made straight back or off to the side

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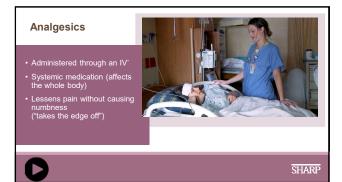
Non-Pharmalogical Pain Relief

- Breathing
- Visual Imagery
- Relaxation Exercise
- Massage
 Position Changes
- Birth Ball
- Shower
- Attention Focusing and Distraction
- Focal Point

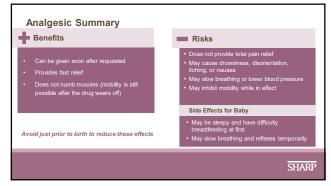


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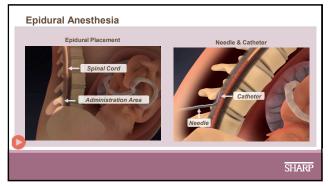
Epidural Anesthesia

- Administered by an anesthesiologist or a nurse anesthetist
- Regional anesthetic that numbs sensations in the uterus, abdomen, and lower back
- Women may still feel pressure with contractions and on the pelvic floor

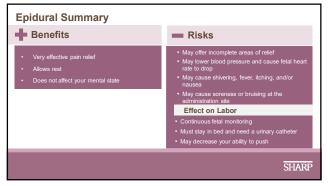


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We will resume in 10 minutes

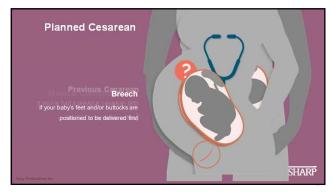
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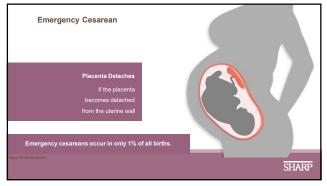


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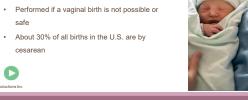






Cesarean Birth

- Surgical delivery of a baby through an incision in the abdomen and uterus
- cesarean



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Cesarean Preparation

- IV/medications placed, antibiotics & antacids
- Blood & heart pressure monitors
- · Urinary catheter inserted
- Skin prep with antiseptic scrub
- · Pubic hair clipping
- · Compression stockings
- · Drape is placed
- Room will be cold & lots of bright lights
- Additional staff that all have a specific purpose

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Cesarean Birth Anesthesia

Planned/unplanned cesarean:

- Epidural
- Spinal Block

Emergency cesarean:

- Existing epiduralGeneral anesthesia



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Family-Centered Cesareans

- Ask to have the screen lowered to see the birth
- Use prepared childbirth techniques to relax
- Have photos or video taken if permitted
- Hold or touch your baby while your surgery is being completed
- Ask if skin to skin is an option
- Breastfeed as soon as you can



Partners can bring the baby over to Mom

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Cesarean Recovery Post Anesthesia Care Unit

- How long in post anesthesia care unit (PACU)
- Baby is not separated from partner
- Skin-to-skin contact can begin immediately with mom and/or partner
- · Breastfeeding is initiated

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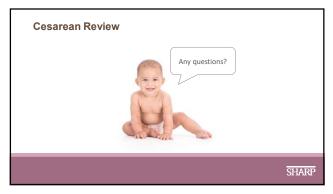
Cesarean Recovery During Hospital Stay

- Limited diet possibly liquid, based on MD
- Anesthesia side effects and pain management
- Knee high compression device reduces risk of blood clots, intermittent use.
- IV and catheter
- Mobility
- Pain management

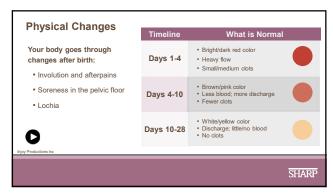
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Hospital Recovery Day 1

- · Rooming In
- · Increase in emotions/adrenaline
- · Increased discomfort
- Baby not born hungry, usually more sleepy
 - o Skin -2-Skin
- · Room Interruptions
 - Visitors and Staff



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Skin-to-Skin Signs of Infant Wellness

- Your baby's lips and tongue should be pink
- Watch for your baby's tummy to rise and fall with each breath
- When holding your baby, breastfeeding, or practicing skin-to-skin, always make sure you can see
 your baby's mouth and nose to ensure its breathing isn't blocked. You should notice your baby's
 back and tummy move with each breath

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Hospital Recovery Day 2

- Exhausted
- Lack of sleep
- Emotional/crying
- Increased discomfort
- · Learning newborn behavior
- o Second 24 hours of baby's life Family Home Care Class



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Hospital Discharge

- Family Home Care Class
- - Baby care planMom care plan



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Planning For the Help You Need When You Leave the Hospital

Do you have someone to help you when you go home?

A loving support network:

- Makes the first few months less overwhelming
- Allows you to spend more time with your baby
- Gives you more time for self care
 Ask for help... Start putting together your team!



Postpartum Warning Signs Call Your Healthcare Provider • Fever over 100.4°F or 38°C • Foul-smelling vaginal discharge • Increased uterine pain • Heavy bleeding • Pain or burning with urination • Lump, hard area, or pain in your breast • Red, tender, or painful area on your leg • Any other concern about your health

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Postpartum Hemorrhage Warning signs What is it? Heavy vaginal bleeding that does not slow or stop Heavy bleeding after Soaking through 1 or more pads within an hour or passing blood clots larger than a golf ball A rare but serious Drop in blood pressure or signs of shock (blurry vision, chills, clammy skin, fast heartbeat, confusion, dizziness, weakness, feeling faint) condition • Usually happens within 1 day after Nausea or vomiting birth, but can happen up to 12 weeks later Severe swelling and pain around the vagina or perineum SHARP

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What is it?	Warning signs
A condition that can develop within the first 48-72 hours after delivery In rare cases, can occur up to 4-6 weeks postpartum	Sudden swelling of face or limbs High blood pressure Nausea or vomiting Severe headache Abdominal pain, especially under the ribs on the right side Very little urine output Sudden shortness of breath
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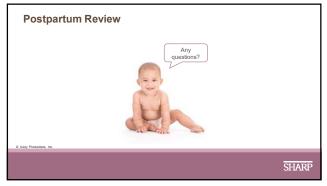












Breastfeeding Benefits

- Less likely to develop uterine, breast and ovarian cancers, may reduce heart disease. Helpful with weight loss.
- Environmentally Friendly
 - o Natural use of resources
- Helps reduce risk of obesity, diabetes, ear infections, allergies, asthma, SIDS, less risk of childhood leukemia and more
 - o Just one drop of colostrum has 3 million immune cells
- www.sharp.com/classes sign up for Breastfeeding Class

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First Feeding

- Your first milk is called colostrum
 - o Thick and golden in color
- Feeding within 60 minutes of birth is recommended
 - o Babies are born ready to breastfeed



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Holding your baby skin-to-skin for 2 hours after bird

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Hospital Resources

Sharp Mary Birch

- Family Home Care Class before leaving hospital
- Virtual Postpartum support group offered weekly
- New Beginnings Boutique
- Breastfeeding Support Group

Classes

- Baby Care Basics
- Breastfeeding
- Grandparenting

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