Welcome







Housekeeping:

This is a pre-recorded webinar. Therefore the chat button is disabled.

If you have any questions about this webinar please contact: Dr Tom Shurlock.

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Introductions





Dr. Tom ShurlockEquine Nutritionist
British Horse Feeds

The Beet Story

OUR BEET STORY

From field to bag



Our beet is grown in the UK



Delivered to the beet factory



Cleaned with water



Clean beet sliced in to strips







Pulp press and drying

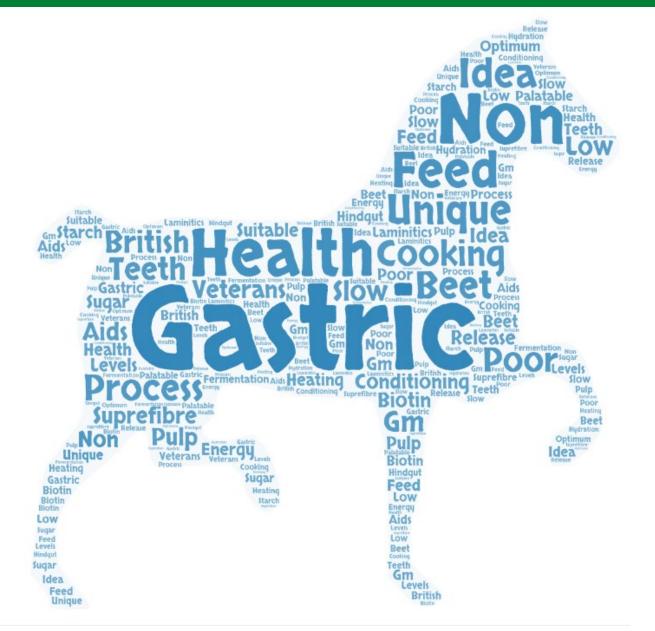


Beet delivered to the British Horse Feeds Mill



Our unique patented feeds are produced and bagged

The development of Fibre-Beet







Ulcers

 Constant acid secretion in the stomach

• If not "contained" free acid can:

 Lower pH of stomach contents to below 4.0

 Encourage growth of acidophilic bacteria, such as Heliobacter, that may allow necrosis of stomach wall where mucin lining has been compromised



Ulcers

- Constant acid secretion in the stomach
- If not "contained" free acid can impact;
 - Unprotected areas of the stomach where mucus layer is thin or absent:
 - Squamous area
 - Compromised parts of glandular region
- Mucus can be reinforced by dietary pectins in the presence of surfactants in pH range of 4-5





Ulcers

- Factors that can increase risk of ulceration:
 - Stress
 - Factors that restrict normal behavioural activity
 - Disrupts production of mucus
 - Breach of physical defence allowing acid burns
 - Exercise
 - Withdrawal of feed
 - Constricts stomach and forces acid up into squamous region
 - Acid burns of unprotected area
 - Feeding
 - · Disruption of continuous feeding
 - Use of starchy feeds
 - Low acid binding
 - Encourages microbial negative factors





Ulcers

- Nutritional actions to minimise risk
 - Inherent moisture of feed
 - Helps maintain saliva flow
 - Natural buffers
 - Reduce starch intake
 - Low ability to soak up acid
 - Promotes acidophilic microflora
 - Improve Acid Binding Capacity
 - High fibre diets
 - Beet pulp ABC@pH4 = 200-370meq/kg
 - Legumes ABC@pH4 = 280-640meq/kg
 - (Cereals ABC@pH4 = 70-100meq/kg)
 - Mucosa
 - Pectin can reinforce mucosa; structure alters @ pH4
 - Surfactants can help incorporate pectin into mucosa
 - Potential to extend into squamous region





Fibre-Beet; Characteristics for Gastric Support





Fibre-Beet; Characteristics for Gastric Support

What is Fibre-Beet?

- A complementary conditioning feed
- High fibre content
- Low starch/sugar (<10%)
- %ED 50% greater than forage
- Includes components that have complementary roles





- Speedi-Beet
- Lucerne
- Oat Fibre

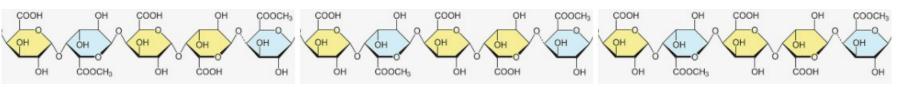




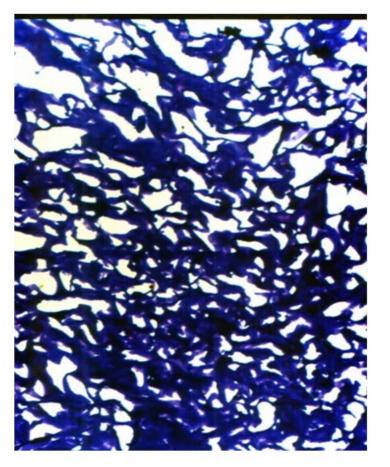


- Speedi-Beet
 - Beet Pulp
 - High levels of pectins rich in uronic acids
 - Moderate acid binding capacity
 - Favourable VFA release pattern
 - Prebiotic effect increase in hemicellulytic fermenters

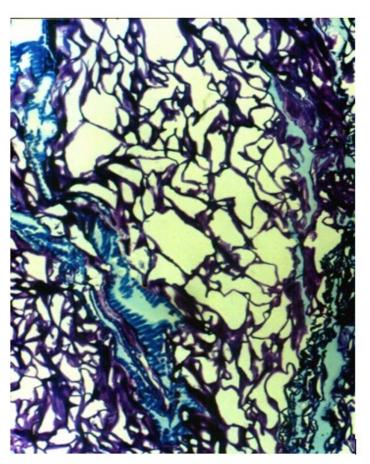




- Speedi-Beet
 - Micronized beet pulp
 - Disruption of cell wall material



Electron Microscope Image of Sugar Beet Pulp



Electron Microscope Image of Speedi-Beet

Speedi-Beet

- Micronized beet pulp
 - Disruption of cell wall material
 - Improved microbial activity increased surface area for physical contact & fermentation
 - Greater effective degradability both for Speedi-Beet & the fibre component of the entire diet
 - Mild protein denaturisation improved protein digestibility



Lucerne

- Palatable product
- High acid binding capacity
- Good amino acid profile potential for bioactive peptides
- Favourable VFA release pattern
- Interaction with beet fibre increases fermentability by 25% - Independent research



Oat Fibre

- High levels of surfactants/emulsifiers aids binding of pectins in gastric mucosal layer
- Enhances nitrogen digestibility
- Rich in β-glucans prebiotic/immunomodulatory function
- High in Tocotrienol (Vitamin E) antioxidants



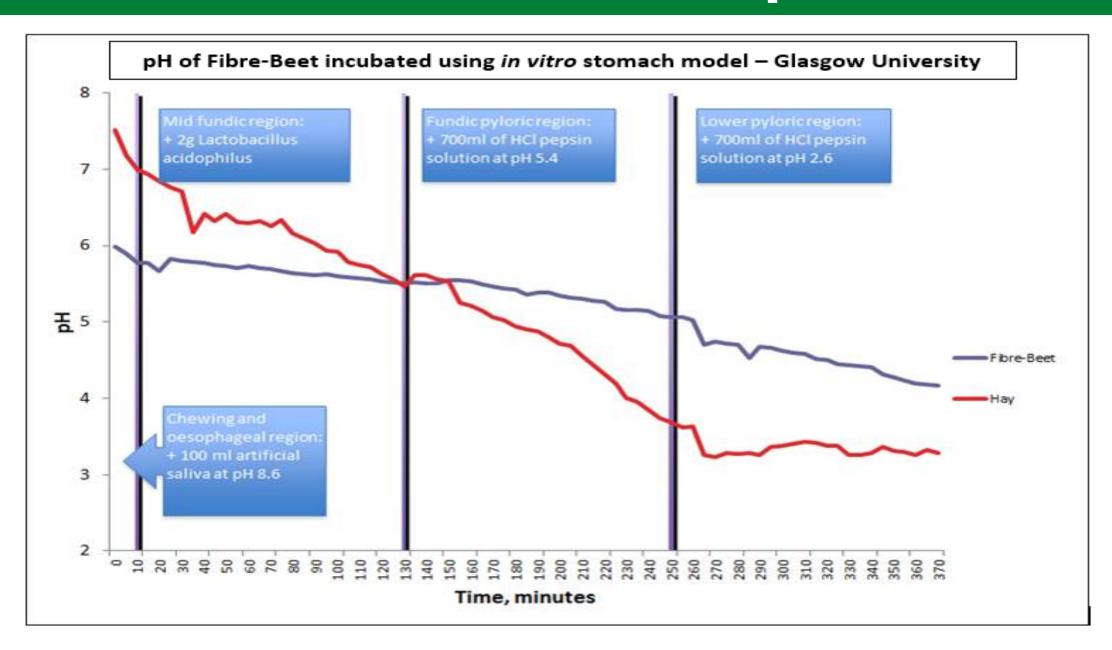


Fibre-Beet; Characteristics for Gastric Support Results to Date

- In vitro simulation of stomach
- On site scoping of ex-racehorses





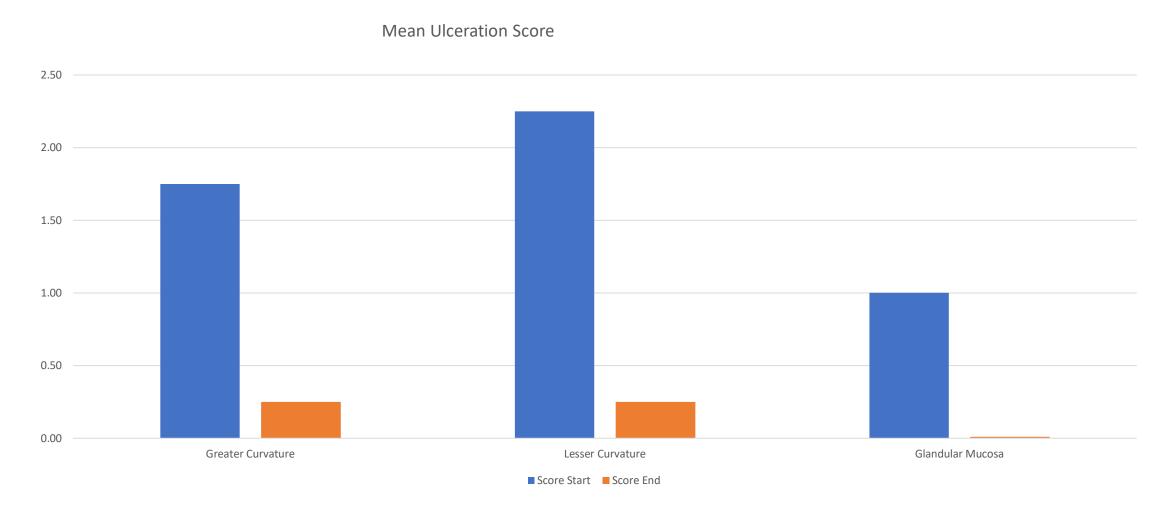


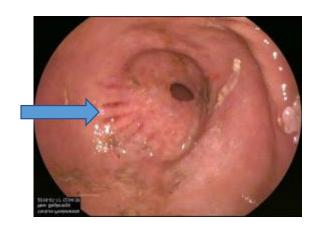
Work undertaken at New Beginnings on racehorses

- Scoping of animals to assess level of gastric ulceration
- Introduction of Fibre-Beet, alongside existing diet
- Re-scope at intervals over a 6 month period
- Ulcer scores given by specialist veterinary surgeon for;
- Greater Curvature
- Lesser Curvature
- Glandular Mucosa

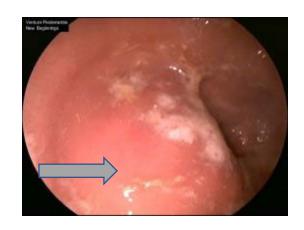


Summary of results:



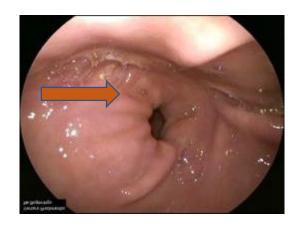


Linear regions of inflammation in the pyloric antrum



Small area of remaining inflammation in the pyloric antrum

'Venture Predementia' 7yo TB gelding



Normal

Feeding regime for compromised horses.

- Daily "dose" of Fibre-Beet dependant on feeding regime
- If provided as a supplement to existing regime:
 - 1kg of Fibre-Beet, soaked with 3l of water split into <u>at least</u> two meals

- If provided as an enteral recovery diet:
 - If sole feed, feed up to 7kg per day split into as many feeds as practical

Get a good Gut Feeling!

Gastric Ulcers are common in horses. A horse's stomach continually secretes acid, gastric ulcers can result when the horse is not eating regularly due to there being less fibre in their diet to neutralize the acid.

Fibre-Beet[™] is a carefully formulated combination of **Speedi-Beet**[™], alfalfa and biotin so is a superb conditioning feed suitable for equines prone to gastric ulcers as part of a balanced diet.





Suitable for equines prone to gastric ulcers as part of a balanced diet

Feed smart



THANK YOU