What Is Currency? | Worksheet



atc	

Match the definition in Column A with the term in Column B.

Column A		Column B	
	A system of money used by a society to buy and sell.	a.	Barter
	A system of money backed only by trust in the government.	b.	Currency
	A widely accepted medium of exchange.	C.	Dilution
	Reduction in the value of real money from fake currency.	d.	Fiat Money
·	Direct exchange of goods and labor.	e.	Money

Multiple Choice

- 1. Which of the following is NOT a basic requirement for the beginning of a currency?
 - a. It does not spoil
 - b. It does not smell
 - c. It can be used in large or small amounts
 - d. It can be easily carried and traded
- 2. What is the value of currency like beads or shells based on?
 - a. What they are made from
 - b. What they can be traded for
 - c. How good they taste
 - d. How beautiful they are
- 3. Where is official government-designated currency created?
 - a. At a mint
 - b. At the bank
 - c. You make your own
 - d. At the Fiat dealer
- 4. Why do you often need to exchange one kind of money for another when traveling abroad?
 - a. Because foreign money makes a great keepsake
 - b. Because you need to buy more goods and services
 - c. Because it is illegal to travel out of the country with money
 - d. Because money is often only good in its country of origin

Application

You're planning a trip to Rome! Calculate how many euros you'll get from exchanging the \$250 you're bringing with you. For purposes of this exercise, 1 US dollar (\$) is equal to 0.93 euros (€)

\$	X		=	€
----	---	--	---	---



What Is Currency? | Answer Key

Matching

Match the definition in Column A with the term in Column B.

Column A

- b. A system of money used by a society to buy and sell.
- d. A system of money backed only by trust in the government.
- e. A widely accepted medium of exchange.
- c. Reduction in the value of real money from fake currency.
- a. Direct exchange of goods and labor.

Column B

- a. Barter
- b. Currency
- c. Dilution
- d. Fiat Money
- e. Money

Multiple Choice

- 1. Which of the following is NOT a basic requirement for the beginning of a currency?
 - a. It does not spoil
 - b. It does not smell
 - c. It can be used in large or small amounts
 - d. It can be easily carried and traded
- 2. What is the value of currency like beads or shells based on?
 - a. What they are made from
 - b. What they can be traded for
 - c. How good they taste
 - d. How beautiful they are
- 3. Where is official government-designated currency created?
 - a. At a mint
 - b. At the bank
 - c. You make your own
 - d. At the Fiat dealer
- 4. Why do you often need to exchange one kind of money for another when traveling abroad?
 - a. Because foreign money makes a great keepsake
 - b. Because you need to buy more goods and services
 - c. Because it is illegal to travel out of the country with money
 - d. Because money is often only good in its country of origin

Application

You're planning a trip to Rome! Calculate how many euros you'll get from exchanging the \$250 you're bringing with you. For purposes of this exercise, 1 US dollar (\$) is equal to 0.93 euros (€).

\$250 x .93 = €232.50