

The Legislative Branch | Worksheet



The legislative branch, which consists of the Senate and the House of Representatives is collectively known as _____. Its main responsibility is to propose and pass bills into laws.

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



How many members a state has in the House of Representatives is determined by its _____. There are a total of 435 members.

The _____ presides over, or leads, the House of Representatives.



_____ has the power to pass articles of impeachment, the first stage of removing a president from office.

Members from either chamber can propose a bill

No term limits for members

THE SENATE



Every state, no matter the size of its population, is allotted _____ senators by the US Constitution. There are 100 senators in total.



If the Senate is voting on a bill, and the result is split 50/50, the _____ casts the deciding vote.

A _____ becomes a law with majority support of both houses of Congress and the signature of the president.



A _____ majority vote is needed from both chambers of Congress to override a president's veto.



The Legislative Branch | Answer Key



The legislative branch, which consists of the Senate and the House of Representatives is collectively known as **CONGRESS**. Its main responsibility is to propose and pass bills into laws.

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

How many members a state has in the House of Representatives is determined by its **POPULATION**. There are a total of 435 members.

The **SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE** presides over, or leads, the House of Representatives.



THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES has the power to pass articles of impeachment, the first stage of removing a president from office.

Members from either chamber can propose a bill

No term limits for members

THE SENATE

Every state, no matter the size of its population, is allotted **TWO** senators by the US Constitution. There are 100 senators in total.



If the Senate is voting on a bill, and the result is split 50/50, the **VICE PRESIDENT** casts the deciding vote.

A **BILL** becomes a law with majority support of both houses of Congress and the signature of the president.



A **TWO-THIRDS** majority vote is needed from both chambers of Congress to override a president's veto.