Accounting Basics 101 | Worksheet



Matching

Match the definition in Column A with the term in Column B.

Column A		Co	<u>lumn B</u>
	Every transaction is recorded as a debit or credit.	a.	Expense
	Money spent or used.	b.	Accounting
	The work of tracking financial transactions.	C.	Single-Entry Bookkeeping
	One entry is made for each transaction.	d.	Income
	Money earned or received.	e.	Double-Entry Bookkeeping

Multiple Choice

1. What is the purpose of accounting?

- a. To earn profits
- b. To manage finances effectively
- c. To advertise products
- d. To provide customer service

2. Which of the following is an example of an expense?

- a. Receiving an allowance
- b. Buying groceries
- c. Selling a product
- d. Receiving a gift

3. How does single-entry bookkeeping differ from double-entry bookkeeping?

- a. Double-entry bookkeeping provides a more accurate financial picture.
- b. Single-entry bookkeeping records transactions twice.
- c. Double-entry bookkeeping records transactions once.
- d. Single-entry bookkeeping is more complex.

4. What is the primary goal of double-entry bookkeeping?

- a. To record transactions in only one account
- b. To ensure every financial transaction is balanced
- c. To simplify financial record-keeping
- d. To generate more income for the business

Application

Think of the last few financial transactions you've had. Do some basic single-entry bookkeeping in the chart below. Start with two forms of income followed by two expenses. Calculate your ending balance.



Date	Transaction Description	Income	Expenses	Ending Balance		
Analyze your results. Are you spending more than you earn? Are there ways you can reduce you expenses while increasing your income? Describe your findings on the lines below, and make a plan to manage your finances effectively.						
						

Accounting Basics 101 | Answer Key

Matching

Match the definition in Column A with the term in Column B.

Column A

- e. Every transaction is recorded as a debit or credit.
- a. Money spent or used.
- b. The work of tracking financial transactions.
- c. One entry is made for each transaction.
- d. Money earned or received.

Multiple Choice

- 1. What is the purpose of accounting?
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 - d. To provide customer service
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- 3. How does single-entry bookkeeping differ from double-entry bookkeeping?
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- 4. What is the primary goal of double-entry bookkeeping?
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 - d. To generate more income for the business

Application

Check student responses.

Column B

- a. Expense
- b. Accounting
- c. Single-Entry Bookkeeping
- d. Income
- e. Double-Entry Bookkeeping