



## Matching

Match the definition in Column A with the term in Column B.

### Column A

- \_\_\_\_\_ Criminal activities carried out through electronic devices.
- \_\_\_\_\_ A computer virus that spreads from one computer to another.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Online scam that tricks people into revealing information.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Using computers to gain unauthorized access to data.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Pretending to be someone you aren't to access data.

### Column B

- a. Impersonation
- b. Cybercrimes
- c. Phishing
- d. Hacking
- e. Malware

## Multiple Choice

1. **Once a cybercriminal has your personal information, they can:**
  - a. Set up online accounts in your name and make purchases
  - b. Access your financial accounts
  - c. Extort you with personal information
  - d. All the above
2. **Which of the following is NOT a type of Malware?**
  - a. Spyware
  - b. Ninjas
  - c. Trojans
  - d. Ransomware
3. **What is the most common type of cybercrime?**
  - a. A phone call campaign
  - b. A bank account request
  - c. A direct deposit request
  - d. A phishing email campaign
4. **When a device is infected with malware, a cybercriminal can:**
  - a. Keep track of your activity
  - b. Lock you out of your device and demand a ransom
  - c. Use your device to carry out criminal acts
  - d. All the above

## Application

Reflect on what you've learned about cybercrimes and cybersecurity. Think about how you can personally contribute to online safety and be responsible digital citizens. Write down one specific action or a cybersecurity best practice you commit to following in your online activities.



## Cybercrimes & You | Answer Key

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- a. Pretending to be someone you aren't to access data.

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### Application

Check student responses to see if their pledges align with the objectives of the lesson.